# Ptolemy: 平衡机器算法应用运行辅助工具

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Algorithm application operation assistant tool

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# 1 Ptolemy 介绍

Ptolemy 是一个算法应用运行管理辅助工具,目前主要提供算法结果收集与算法作业的监控工作。

Ptolemy 有下面几个特性:

高度自由化,可自定义 基于时序数据库存储信息,高性能。

以下主要是主体框架和基础套餐的设计说明

#### 1.1 主体框架

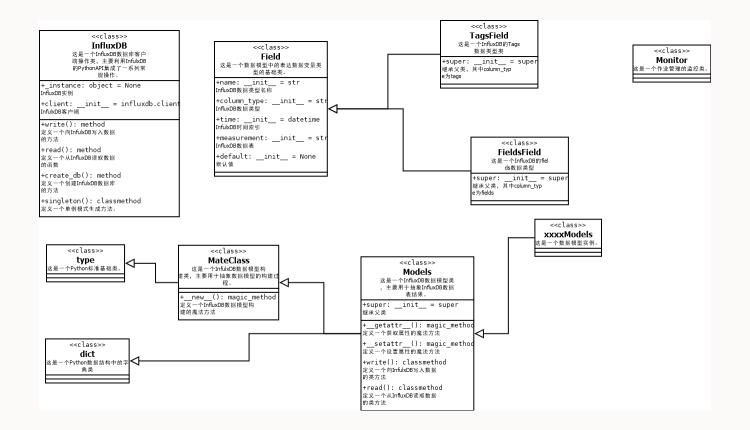
Ptolemy 充分利用 Python 动态语言特性,基于 InfluxDB 时序数据库的数据结构和高性能,封装了读写数据 API 和对象映射模型。主要涉及的技术有:

#### 1). InfluxDB

主要利用时序数据库的数据结构来存储算法应用作业和结果信息,读写速度快于常用数据库 100 到 1000 倍。

#### 2). *ORM*

主要利用 type 和构建技术基础方法,构建了 InfluxDB 的 ORM 模型,方便自由开发使用。



### 1.2 使用示例

Ptolemy 的 API 可分为两级,第一级主要是 InfluxDB 的读写数据操作封装,第二级主要是一个基于 InfluxDB 的对象映射模型。

代码示例:

```
from Ptolemy.influxdb_base import *
from Ptolemy.orm import *
import pandas as pd
'10.2.12.248', 8086, 'test', 'test', 'example'
host = '10.2.12.248'
port = 8086
user = 'test'
password = 'test'
database = 'example'
method = 'JSON'
### 连接数据库
InfluxDB_JSON = InfluxDB(host, port, user, password, database, method)
InfluxDB_Client = InfluxDB_JSON.get_client()
### 列出数据库
db_list = InfluxDB_Client.get_list_database()
print(db_list)
### 写入数据
json_body = [
 "measurement": "cpu_load_short",
```

```
"tags": {
  "host": "server04",
  "region": "us-west"
 },
 "time": "2009-11-10T23:00:00Z",
 "fields": {
  "value": 0.99
 }
}
write_result = InfluxDB_JSON.write_json(json_body)
print(write_result)
### 查询数据
query = 'select * from cpu_load_short'
query_result = InfluxDB_JSON.read_json(query = query)
print(query_result)
host = '10.2.12.248'
port = 8086
```

```
user = 'test'
password = 'test'
database = 'example1'
method = 'DataFrame'
protocol = 'line'
### 连接数据库
InfluxDB_DataFrame = InfluxDB(host,port,user,password,database,method)
InfluxDB_Client = InfluxDB_DataFrame.get_client()
### 列出数据库
db_list = InfluxDB_Client.get_list_database()
print(db_list)
df = pd.DataFrame(data=list(range(30)),
index=pd.date_range(start='2014-11-16',
periods = 30, freq = 'H'), columns = ['0'])
# ### 写入带标签的DataFrame
# InfluxDB_DataFrame.write_dataframe(df,'demo',
                    {'k1': 'v1', 'k2': 'v2'},'line')
#
### 查询数据
tmp_query = InfluxDB_DataFrame.read_dataframe("select * from demo")
print(tmp_query)
### 统一查询接口
tmp_1 = InfluxDB_DataFrame.query('select * from demo')
tmp_2 = InfluxDB_JSON.query('select * from cpu_load_short where value = 0.99')
print("-----")
points_1 = tmp_1.get_points()
```

```
for i in points_1:
print(i)
print("-----")
points_2 = tmp_2.get_points()
print(tmp_2)
### 构建数据模型基础类
class cpu_load_short(Models):
value = FieldsField(name = 'value',tag_key = False)
host = TagsField(name = 'host',tag_key = True)
region = TagsField(name = 'region', tag_key = True)
import pandas as pd
df = pd.DataFrame(data=list(range(30)),
index=pd.date_range(start='2014-11-16',
periods=30, freq='H'), columns=['0'])
```

```
dataframe = df
tag_dict = {'k1': 'v1', 'k2': 'v2'}
### 构建数据模型
cpu_load_short = cpu_load_short(value = 1.11, host = 'server05', region = 'us-test')
demo = demo()
### 连接InfluxDB数据库
host = '10.2.12.248'
port = 8086
user = 'test'
password = 'test'
database = 'example'
method = 'JSON'
InfluxDB_JSON = InfluxDB(host, port, user, password, database, method)
host = '10.2.12.248'
port = 8086
user = 'test'
password = 'test'
database = 'example1'
method = 'DataFrame'
protocol = 'line'
```

class demo(Models):

```
InfluxDB_DataFrame = InfluxDB(host, port, user, password, database, method)
### 保存数据模型种的数据
write_result_1= cpu_load_short.save_json(influxdb_obj = InfluxDB_JSON,save_time =
  '2009-11-10T23:00:00Z')
write_result_2 = demo.save_dataframe(influxdb_obj = InfluxDB_DataFrame)
print(write_result_1)
print(write_result_2)
### 查询数据结构表
query_result_1 = cpu_load_short.query(influxdb_obj = InfluxDB_JSON)
query_result_2 = demo.query(InfluxDB_DataFrame)
points_1 = query_result_1.get_points()
points_2 = query_result_2.get_points()
for i in points_1:
print(i)
for j in points_2:
print(j)
```