立体の容積および諸数値

V=容積、S=表面積、As=側面積、Ab=底面積、X=底面より重心までの距離			
寸 法	容積および諸数値	寸 法	容積および諸数値
正方体	V=a ³	正多角形	V= A₅h
x a	S=6a ² $A_s=4d^2$ $x=\frac{a}{2}$ $d=\sqrt{3}a=1.7321a$	a=辺長 n=辺数 A _b =底面積	S= $2A_b$ +nha A_s = nha $x = \frac{h}{2}$
長方体	V=abh	円柱 中空円柱	$V = \pi r^2 h = A_s h$ $V = \pi h (R^2 - r^2)$
G A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	S=2(ab+ah+bh) A_s =2h(a+b) $x=\frac{h}{2}$ $d=\sqrt{a^2+b^2+h^2}$	G N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	$S= 2\pi r(r+h) = \pi ht(2R-t)$ $A_s= 2\pi rh$ $x=\frac{h}{2} = \pi ht(2r+t)$ $x=\frac{h}{2}$
1.7321a	V=2.598a ² h S=5.1963a ² +6ah A ₅ =6ah $x=\frac{h}{2}$ $d=\sqrt{h^2+4a^2}$	截頭円柱	$V = \pi R^{2} \frac{h_{1} + h_{2}}{2}$ $A_{s} = \pi R(h_{1} + h_{2})$ $D = \sqrt{4R^{2} + (h_{2} - h_{1})^{2}}$
円垂	$V = \frac{\pi R^2 h}{3}$ $A_s = \pi R \ell$ $\ell = \sqrt{R^2 + h^2}$ $x = \frac{h}{4}$	截頭角垂 Ab1 Ab	$V = \frac{h}{3} (A_b + A_{b1} + \sqrt{A_b A_{b1}})$ $A_b = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} a^2 = 2.598a^2$ $x = \frac{h}{4} \frac{A_b + 2\sqrt{A_b A_{b1}} + 3A_{b1}}{A_b + \sqrt{A_b A_{b1}} + A_b}$
截頭円垂	$V = \frac{\pi h}{3} (R^2 + Rr + r^2)$ $= \frac{h}{4} (\pi a^2 + \frac{1}{3} \pi b^2)$ $A_s = \pi \ell a, a = R + r$ $b = R - r, \ell = \sqrt{b^2 + h^2}$ $x = \frac{h}{4} \frac{R^2 + 2Rr + 3r^2}{R^2 + Rr + r^2}$	方光体	$V = \frac{h}{6} ((2a+a_1)b+(2a_1+a)b_1)$ $= \frac{h}{6} (ab+(a+a_1)(b+b_1)+a_1b_1)$ $x = \frac{h}{2} \frac{ab+ab_1+a_1b+3a_1b_1}{2ab+ab_1+a_1b+2a_1b_1}$
角垂 Abl _a a	$V = \frac{Abh}{3}$ $A_b = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}a^2 = 2.598a^2$ $x = \frac{h}{4}$	円環	$V= 2\pi^{2}Rr^{2}=19.739Rr^{2}$ $= \frac{1}{4}\pi^{2}Dd^{2}=2.4674Dd^{2}$ $S= 4\pi^{2}Rr=39.478Rr$ $= \pi^{2}Dd=9.8696Dd$
球	$V = \frac{4\pi r^{3}}{3} = 4.188790205r^{3}$ $= \frac{\pi d^{3}}{6} = 0.523598776d^{3}$ $S = 4\pi r^{2} = \pi d^{2}$ $r = 3\sqrt{\frac{3V}{4\pi}} = 0.620351 \ 3\sqrt{V} = \frac{d}{2}$	球状の楔形	$V = \frac{2\pi r^2 h}{3}$ = 2.0943951024r ² h $S = \pi r (2h+a)$ = $\frac{3}{8} (2r-h)$
欠球	$V = \frac{\pi h}{6} (3a^{2} + h^{2}) = \frac{\pi h^{2}}{3} (3r - h)$ $A_{s} = 2\pi V h = \pi (a^{2} + h^{2})$ $a^{2} = h (2r - h)$ $x = \frac{3(2r - h)^{2}}{4(3r - h)}$	In a	$V = \frac{\pi h}{6} (3a^{2} + 3b^{2} + h^{2})$ $A_{s} = 2\pi rh$ $r^{2} = a^{2} + \left(\frac{a^{2} - b^{2} - h^{2}}{2h}\right)^{2}$