

1. (a) 构成线 (b) 构成面 (c) 构成  $R^3$

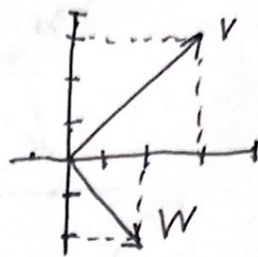
3.  $2V = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $V = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $2W = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $W = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$

5.  $u+v+w = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$2u+2v+w = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$W = cU + dV$   $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c-3d \\ 2c+d \\ 3c-2d \end{bmatrix}$

$c=1$   
 $d=-1$



6.  $(1, -1, 0)$   $cV + dW = (3, 3, -6)$   $(c, -2c+d, c-d) = (3, 3, -6)$

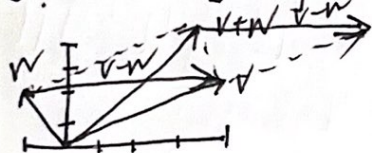
$\begin{cases} c=3 \\ -2c+d=3 \rightarrow d=9 \\ c-d=-6 \rightarrow d=9 \end{cases}$   $c=3, d=9$

$c'V + d'W = (3, 3, 6)$   $(c, -2c+d, c-d) = (3, 3, -6)$

$\begin{cases} c=3 \\ -2c+d=3 \rightarrow d=9 \\ c-d=6 \rightarrow d=-3 \end{cases}$

不存在, 矛盾

8.  $v-w = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$   $[v-w] + [v+w] = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$



12.  $ci + d(i+j) = (c+d, d, 0)$ ,  $c, d$  取遍所有值

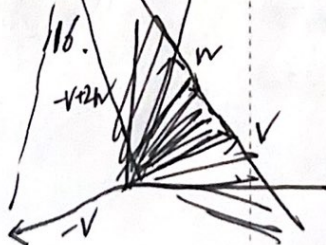
13.  $V = (0, 0)$  (b) 指向 8:00, 所有向量都能两两抵消, 只有指向 8:00 因为 2:00 的向量被消除而无法抵消

(c)  $V = (\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$ ,  $X = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, Y = \frac{1}{2}$

$cV + dW, c+d=1$

$cV + dW = cV + (1-c)W$   
 $= c(V+W) + W \rightarrow$  指向  $(V+W)$

14. 仍为  $(0, 0)$

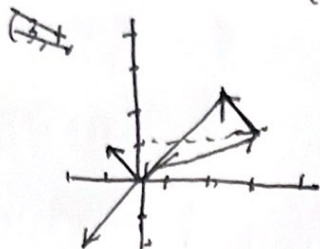


17.  $0 \leq c \leq 1, 0 \leq d \leq 1$

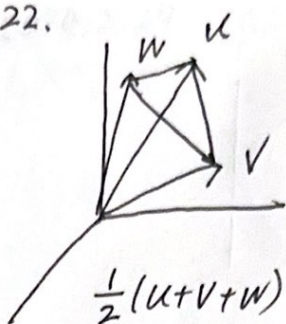
局限在  $V$  和  $W$  间



21.  $V - U + W - V + U - W = (0, 0, 0)$



22.



$$\frac{1}{2}(U+V+W) = \frac{1}{2}U + \frac{1}{2}V + \frac{1}{2}W$$

$\frac{1}{2} \times 3 > 1$ , 外. 部

23.  $U, V, W$  线性无关时, 可以组成任意向量;  $U, V, W$  组成线性相关

时, 即  $cU + dV = W$  时, 不行

24.  $CV$ , 即  $V$  所在的直线

2024.2.27 1.2

1.  $U \cdot V = -2 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 4 = 0$

$U \cdot W = -1 \cdot 6 + 1 \cdot 6 = 0$

$U \cdot (V+W) = -3 + 4 = 1$

$W \cdot V = 4 + 6 = 10$

2.  $\|U\| = 1, \|V\| = 5, \|W\| = \sqrt{5}$

$|U \cdot V| = 0 \leq \|U\| \|V\| = 5$  confirmed

$|V \cdot W| = 10 \leq \|V\| \|W\| = 5\sqrt{5}$

3.  $\frac{U}{\|U\|} = (0, 8, 0.6), \frac{V}{\|V\|} = (\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}, \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{5})$

$\cos \theta = \frac{U \cdot V}{\|U\| \|V\|} = \frac{4}{5\sqrt{5}} + \frac{6}{5\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2}{5\sqrt{5}}$

$W(1, 2), b_1(2, -1), b_2(-2, 1)$

$a(1, 2), c(-1, -2)$

4.  $U_1 = \frac{V}{\|V\|} = (\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}})$

$U_2 = \frac{W}{\|W\|} = (\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3})$

$U_1 = (\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}}), U_2 = (0, 2, -1)/\sqrt{5}$

5. (a)  $\cos \theta = \frac{U \cdot W}{\|U\| \|W\|} = \frac{1}{1 \times 2} = \frac{1}{2}, \theta = 60^\circ$

(b)  $\cos \theta = \frac{4-2-2}{\|V\| \|W\|} = 0, \theta = 90^\circ$

6. (a) X 错,  $V+W$  时成立,  $V$  与  $W$  可以是任意, 仅存垂直于  $U$  的平面

(b) 对,  $U \cdot V = 0, U \cdot W = 0, U \cdot (V+2W) = 0$

(c)  $\|U-V\|^2 = U^2 + V^2 - 2U \cdot V = 2 \therefore \|U-V\| = \sqrt{2}$

7.  $V \cdot W = V_1 W_1 + V_2 W_2 = 0$  即  $\frac{V_2 W_2}{V_1 W_1} = -1$

8.  $V \cdot W < 0, \theta > 90^\circ$



9.  $V(1, 0, -1), W(1, 0, 1), W(0, 1, 0)$



10.  $u=(0,0,1,-1)$ ,  $v=(0,0,-1,1)$ ,  $w=(1,1,1,1)$

11.  $\|v\|=3$ ,  $u=\frac{v}{3}=(\frac{1}{3}, \dots, \frac{1}{3})$ ,  $w=(1,1,0,0)$

12.  $\cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ,  $\cos \beta = 0$ ,  $\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

13.  $\|v+w\|^2 = v^2 + w^2 + 2vw = v \cdot v + w \cdot w + 2v \cdot w$   
 $(v+w) \cdot (v+w) = v(v+w) + w(v+w)$

14.

15.  $(v+w)^2 + (v-w)^2 = 2v^2 + 2w^2 + 2vw - 2vw = 2(v^2 + w^2)$

16.  $v=(1,2)$ ,  $w=(1,2)$   
 $S \leq \sqrt{5}(\dot{x} + \dot{y})$ ,  $\dot{x} + \dot{y} \geq 5$

17.  $\|v\|=5$ ,  $\|w\|=3$

$\|v-w\| = 25 + 9 - 2\|v\|\|w\|\cos \theta$

$\min = 34 - 2 \times 5 \times 3 = 4$

$\max = 64 = 8$

$\therefore \|v-w\|_{\min} = 2$ ,  $\|v-w\|_{\max} = 8$

$v-w \in [-5, 5]$

18.  $\cos \beta = \frac{w_1}{\|w\|}$ ,  $\sin \beta = \frac{w_2}{\|w\|}$

$\cos(\beta - \alpha) = \frac{v_1 w_1}{\|v\|\|w\|} + \frac{v_2 w_2}{\|v\|\|w\|} = \frac{vw}{\|v\|\|w\|}$

19.  $\|v+w\|^2 = v^2 + w^2 + 2vw \cos \theta \leq v^2 + w^2 + 2\|v\|\|w\|$   
 $= (\|v\| + \|w\|)^2$

2024.2.29 1.3

1.  $3S_1 + 4S_2 + 5S_3 = (3, 7, 12)$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 7 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} = b$

$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 7 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 7 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$

3.  $y_1 = c_1$ ,  $y_1 + y_2 = c_2$ ,  $y_1 + y_2 + y_3 = c_3$

$y_1 = c_1$ ,  $y_2 = c_2 - c_1$ ,  $y_3 = c_3 - c_2 + c_1 - c_1 = c_3 - c_2$

4.  $w_2 = \frac{w_1 + w_3}{2}$ , 相关

$w_2 - \frac{w_1 + w_3}{2} = 0$  不可约,  $Wx=0$  有非解

$x_1 = 1$ ,  $x_2 = -2$ ,  $x_3 = 1$

5.  $y_1 = [1, 2, 4]$ ,  $y_2 = [2, -4, 2]$

6.  $C=3$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $C_3 = C_1 - C_2$

$C=1$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $C_3 + C_1 = C_2$

$C=0$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 8 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $3C_2 = C_1 + C_3$   
 $3C_1 = C_1 + C_3$

8.  $x_1 = b_1$ ,  $x = b_1$

$x_1 + x_2 = b_2$ ,  $x_2 = b_2 + b_1$

$-x_2 + x_3 = b_3$ ,  $x_3 = b_3 + b_2 + b_1$

$-x_3 + x_4 = b_4$ ,  $x_4 = b_4 + b_3 + b_2 + b_1$

$x = A^{-1}b$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \\ b_4 \end{bmatrix} = Ab$

9.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = x_4 = 0$   
 $x = \begin{bmatrix} c \\ c \\ c \\ c \end{bmatrix}$