

SARRAL SECURITY

vardhaman.org

Security Assessment Findings Report

Business Confidential

Date: November 28, 2025

Project: SAR-060

Version 1.0

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Disclaimer

A penetration test is considered a snapshot in time. The findings and recommendations reflect the information gathered during the assessment and not any changes or modifications made outside of that period.

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Finding Severity Ratings

The following table defines levels of severity and corresponding CVSS score range used throughout the document.

| Severity | CVSS V3 Range | Definition |
|---------------|---------------|---|
| Critical | 9.0-10.0 | Exploitation is straightforward and usually results in system-level compromise. |
| High | 7.0-8.9 | Exploitation is more difficult but could cause elevated privileges and data loss. |
| Moderate | 4.0-6.9 | Vulnerabilities exist but are not exploitable or require extra steps. |
| Low | 0.1-3.9 | Vulnerabilities are non-exploitable but reduce attack surface. |
| Informational | N/A | No vulnerability exists. Additional information provided. |

Executive Summary

Sarral Security evaluated vardhaman.org's security posture on November 28, 2025. The following sections provide a high-level overview of vulnerabilities discovered.

Testing Summary

The assessment evaluated the target's external network security posture. The team performed vulnerability scanning and reconnaissance to identify potential risks such as exposed services, misconfigurations, and sensitive information disclosure.

Vulnerability Summary & Report Card

| | | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| 1 | 4 | 13 | 15 | 4 |
| Critical | High | Moderate | Low | Informational |

| Finding | Severity | Recommendation |
|--|----------|---|
| SAR-001: CSD Subdomain Hosting Software Activators | Critical | Immediately remove all software activators and related content from csd.vardhaman.org. Conduct a thorough security audit of the server to ensure that it has not been compromised. |
| SAR-002: Exposed cPanel Interface | High | 1. Restrict access to cPanel interfaces to authorized IP addresses only using a firewall. 2. Enforce strong password policies for all cPanel accounts. 3. Implement multi-factor authentication (MFA) fo... |
| SAR-003: Exposed cPanel Interface | High | 1. Restrict access to cpanel.vardhaman.org to a limited set of trusted IP addresses using a firewall. 2. Ensure cPanel is running the latest version with all security patches applied. 3. Enforce stron... |
| SAR-004: Exposed cPanel Interface | High | 1. Ensure cPanel is only accessible via a VPN or whitelisted IP addresses. 2. Enforce strong password policies and multi-factor authentication for all cPanel accounts. 3. Regularly update cPanel to th... |
| SAR-005: Potentially Vulnerable Online Exam Platform | High | 1. Conduct a thorough security audit and penetration test of the online exam platform. 2. Ensure the platform is running the latest version with all security patches applied. 3. Implement strong authe... |
| SAR-006: Reliance on Third-Party CDN/Security Provider | Medium | Implement robust monitoring of Cloudflare's status and performance. Develop a contingency plan for Cloudflare outages, including potentially routing traffic directly to the origin server (if feasible ... |
| SAR-007: Vulnerable Webmail Interface | Medium | 1. Ensure the webmail software is up-to-date with the latest security patches. 2. Enforce strong password policies for all webmail accounts. 3. Implement multi-factor authentication (MFA) for all webm... |
| SAR-008: Insecure Online Exam Platform | Medium | 1. Conduct a thorough security audit and penetration test of the online exam platform. 2. Implement secure coding practices to prevent common web vulnerabilities such as SQL injection and XSS. 3. Enfo... |

| | | |
|--|--------|---|
| SAR-009: Exposed Webmail Interface | Medium | 1. Ensure the webmail software is running the latest version with all security patches applied. 2. Enforce strong password policies for all email accounts. 3. Implement two-factor authentication for all... |
| SAR-010: Exposed FTP Server | Medium | 1. Disable FTP entirely if possible and migrate to a more secure protocol like SFTP or FTPS. 2. If FTP is necessary, restrict access to a limited set of trusted IP addresses using a firewall. 3. Enfor... |
| SAR-011: Potential Vulnerabilities in Online Exam Portal | Medium | 1. Conduct a thorough security audit and penetration test of the online exam portal. 2. Ensure the portal is running the latest version of its software with all security patches applied. 3. Implement ... |
| SAR-012: Exposed Webmail Interface | Medium | 1. Ensure the webmail application is running the latest version with all security patches applied. 2. Enforce strong password policies and multi-factor authentication for all email accounts. 3. Imple... |
| SAR-013: Exposed Webdisk Interface | Medium | 1. Ensure the webdisk application is running the latest version with all security patches applied. 2. Enforce strong authentication and access controls for all webdisk accounts. 3. Regularly monitor w... |
| SAR-014: Mail Server Vulnerabilities | Medium | 1. Ensure the mail server software is running the latest version with all security patches applied. 2. Implement strong authentication and access controls. 3. Configure SPF, DKIM, and DMARC records to... |
| SAR-015: Missing Security Headers | Medium | Implement a consistent set of security headers across all subdomains. Specifically, enable HSTS with a long max-age, configure a strict CSP, set X-Frame-Options to 'DENY' or 'SAMEORIGIN', enable X-Con... |
| SAR-016: Exposed cPanel and Webmail Login Pages | Medium | Restrict access to cPanel and webmail login pages to specific IP addresses or networks. Implement multi-factor authentication (MFA) for all cPanel and webmail accounts. |
| SAR-017: Outdated PHP Version | Medium | Upgrade PHP to a supported version (e.g., PHP 8.1 or later) on the affected subdomains. Ensure that all PHP extensions are also updated. |
| SAR-018: SAC Subdomain Data Exposure | Medium | Review the data stored and displayed on sac.vardhaman.org. Implement measures to protect sensitive information, such as redacting phone numbers or limiting access to social media profiles. |

| | | |
|---|-----|---|
| SAR-019: Single Registrar Dependency | Low | Consider diversifying domain registration across multiple registrars for critical services. Implement strong account security measures (e.g., MFA) with the registrar. |
| SAR-020: Lack of DNSSEC | Low | Implement DNSSEC to digitally sign DNS records, ensuring their authenticity and integrity. This will prevent attackers from tampering with DNS responses and redirecting users to malicious sites. |
| SAR-021: Reliance on Cloudflare's Nameservers | Low | Develop a contingency plan for potential Cloudflare outages. This might involve having a secondary DNS provider ready to take over in case of an emergency. Regularly review Cloudflare's security advis... |
| SAR-022: Potential Information Disclosure | Low | 1. Review the subdomain naming convention and consider using more generic or less descriptive names where possible. 2. Educate employees about the risks of social engineering and phishing attacks. 3. ... |
| SAR-023: Potential Information Disclosure via 'localhost' | Low | 1. Investigate the purpose of 'localhost.vardhaman.org'. 2. If it's not needed, remove the DNS record. 3. If it's for internal testing, ensure it's properly isolated and not accessible from the public... |
| SAR-024: Information Disclosure via Subdomains | Low | 1. Review the necessity of each subdomain and consider consolidating services where possible. 2. Ensure that each subdomain has appropriate security measures in place. 3. Regularly monitor subdomains ... |
| SAR-025: TRACE Method Enabled | Low | Disable the TRACE HTTP method on all web servers. This can typically be done in the server configuration (e.g., Apache, Nginx). |
| SAR-026: Grievance Redressal SSL Handshake Failure | Low | Review the SSL/TLS configuration of the web server hosting grievance.redressal.vardhaman.org. Ensure that modern SSL/TLS protocols are enabled and that the server's cipher suite is properly configured... |
| SAR-027: Alumni Portal OTP Login | Low | Review the OTP login implementation to ensure it is secure. Implement rate limiting to prevent brute-force attacks. Consider adding additional security measures, such as CAPTCHA. |
| SAR-028: Grievance Redressal Cell on Main Domain | Low | Review the grievance redressal cell implementation to ensure it is secure. Implement rate limiting to prevent abuse. Consider adding additional security measures, such as CAPTCHA. |

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|---|------|---|
| SAR-029: Lack of HSTS on Mail Subdomain | Low | Enable HSTS on the mail.vardhaman.org subdomain with a long max-age and includeSubDomains directive. |
| SAR-030: SSL Handshake Failure | Low | Review the SSL/TLS configuration of the web server hosting grievance.redressal.vardhaman.org. Ensure that modern SSL/TLS protocols are enabled and that the server's cipher suite is properly configured... |
| SAR-031: 403 Forbidden on CDN and Assets | Low | Review the access control configuration of cdn.vardhaman.org and assets.vardhaman.org. Ensure that the necessary resources are accessible to the public. |
| SAR-032: 401 Unauthorized on cpcontacts, cpcalendars, and webdisk | Low | Review the authentication mechanisms for cpcontacts.vardhaman.org, cpcalendars.vardhaman.org, and webdisk.vardhaman.org. Ensure that strong passwords are required and that multi-factor authentication ... |
| SAR-033: 500 Internal Server Error | Low | Review the server logs for ece.vardhaman.org to identify the cause of the 500 Internal Server Error. Address the underlying issue to restore functionality. |
| SAR-034: Generic Subdomains - Need Further Investigation | Info | 1. Inventory all subdomains and document their purpose and functionality. 2. Conduct vulnerability scans on each subdomain. 3. Ensure each subdomain is properly secured with appropriate authentication... |
| SAR-035: Name Resolution Errors | Info | Verify the DNS records for www.nptel.vardhaman.org and www.onlineexam.vardhaman.org. Ensure that the A and AAAA records are correctly configured and point to the appropriate IP addresses. |
| SAR-036: Connection Refused | Info | Investigate the configuration of localhost.vardhaman.org. Ensure that the intended service is running and listening on the correct port. If the subdomain is not needed, consider removing it. |
| SAR-037: 404 Not Found on Resources | Info | Investigate the configuration of the affected subdomains. Ensure that the necessary resources are present and that the web server is properly configured to serve them. If the subdomains are not needed... |

Technical Findings

Finding SAR-001: CSD Subdomain Hosting Software Activators (Critical)

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|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The csd.vardhaman.org subdomain appears to be hosting links to software activators (e.g., KMSpico). This is a significant security risk, as these activators often contain malware or other malicious software. Hosting such content could damage the reputation of the organization and expose users to security threats. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: High |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Immediately remove all software activators and related content from csd.vardhaman.org. Conduct a thorough security audit of the server to ensure that it has not been compromised.

Finding SAR-002: Exposed cPanel Interface (High)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The subdomains 'cpanel.vardhaman.org', 'cpcalendars.vardhaman.org', and 'cpcontacts.vardhaman.org' suggest publicly accessible cPanel interfaces. If these interfaces are not properly secured with strong authentication and up-to-date software, they could be exploited by attackers to gain unauthorized access to the server and its data. Brute-force attacks, default credentials, and known cPanel vulnerabilities are potential attack vectors. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: High |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Subfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Restrict access to cPanel interfaces to authorized IP addresses only using a firewall.
2. Enforce strong password policies for all cPanel accounts.
3. Implement multi-factor authentication (MFA) for all cPanel accounts.
4. Keep cPanel software up-to-date with the latest security patches.
5. Regularly audit cPanel logs for suspicious activity.
6. Consider using a non-standard port for cPanel access.

Finding SAR-003: Exposed cPanel Interface (High)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The subdomain 'cpanel.vardhaman.org' is exposed. cPanel is a web hosting control panel, and exposing it directly to the internet without proper security measures (like strong authentication, rate limiting, and up-to-date software) can allow attackers to brute-force credentials, exploit vulnerabilities in cPanel itself, or gain unauthorized access to website files and databases. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: High |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Amass Passive |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Restrict access to cpanel.vardhaman.org to a limited set of trusted IP addresses using a firewall.
 2. Ensure cPanel is running the latest version with all security patches applied.
 3. Enforce strong password policies for all cPanel accounts.
 4. Implement two-factor authentication for all cPanel accounts.
 5. Regularly audit cPanel logs for suspicious activity.
-

Finding SAR-004: Exposed cPanel Interface (High)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The subdomain 'cpanel.vardhaman.org' suggests a publicly accessible cPanel interface. If not properly secured with strong authentication and access controls, it could allow unauthorized access to server management functionalities, leading to data breaches, website defacement, and complete server compromise. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: High |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Assetfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Ensure cPanel is only accessible via a VPN or whitelisted IP addresses.
 2. Enforce strong password policies and multi-factor authentication for all cPanel accounts.
 3. Regularly update cPanel to the latest version to patch known vulnerabilities.
 4. Implement rate limiting and brute-force protection mechanisms.
-

Finding SAR-005: Potentially Vulnerable Online Exam Platform (High)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The subdomain 'onlineexam.vardhaman.org' and 'www.onlineexam.vardhaman.org' indicates an online exam platform. This platform is a high-value target for attackers. Vulnerabilities could allow unauthorized access to exam questions, student data, and the ability to manipulate exam results. This could lead to academic dishonesty and reputational damage. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: High |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Assetfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Conduct a thorough security audit and penetration test of the online exam platform.
 2. Ensure the platform is running the latest version with all security patches applied.
 3. Implement strong authentication and access controls.
 4. Protect against common web vulnerabilities such as SQL injection and cross-site scripting (XSS).
 5. Implement robust logging and monitoring to detect suspicious activity.
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Finding SAR-006: Reliance on Third-Party CDN/Security Provider (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The domain vardhaman.org resolves to Cloudflare's IP addresses. This indicates the domain is likely using Cloudflare for CDN, security, or other services. While Cloudflare provides benefits, it also introduces a dependency. Outages or security breaches at Cloudflare could directly impact the availability and security of vardhaman.org. Furthermore, misconfiguration of Cloudflare settings could expose the origin server or introduce other vulnerabilities. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | NSLookup |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Implement robust monitoring of Cloudflare's status and performance. Develop a contingency plan for Cloudflare outages, including potentially routing traffic directly to the origin server (if feasible and secure). Regularly review and audit Cloudflare configurations to ensure they align with security best practices. Consider multi-CDN solutions for redundancy.

Finding SAR-007: Vulnerable Webmail Interface (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The 'webmail.vardhaman.org' subdomain indicates a publicly accessible webmail interface. Webmail interfaces are often targeted by attackers to gain access to user email accounts, which can then be used for phishing attacks, data theft, or further compromise of the network. Vulnerabilities in the webmail software itself, weak passwords, and lack of MFA can all contribute to this risk. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Subfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Ensure the webmail software is up-to-date with the latest security patches.
 2. Enforce strong password policies for all webmail accounts.
 3. Implement multi-factor authentication (MFA) for all webmail accounts.
 4. Regularly audit webmail logs for suspicious activity.
 5. Consider using a web application firewall (WAF) to protect the webmail interface from common attacks.
-

Finding SAR-008: Insecure Online Exam Platform (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The 'www.onlineexam.vardhaman.org' and 'onlineexam.vardhaman.org' subdomains suggest an online exam platform. If this platform is not properly secured, it could be vulnerable to various attacks, such as SQL injection, cross-site scripting (XSS), and authentication bypass. These vulnerabilities could allow attackers to access exam questions, manipulate scores, or gain unauthorized access to user accounts. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: High |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Subfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Conduct a thorough security audit and penetration test of the online exam platform.
 2. Implement secure coding practices to prevent common web vulnerabilities such as SQL injection and XSS.
 3. Enforce strong authentication and authorization mechanisms.
 4. Regularly monitor the platform for suspicious activity.
 5. Ensure data is encrypted both in transit and at rest.
-

Finding SAR-009: Exposed Webmail Interface (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The subdomain 'webmail.vardhaman.org' is exposed. This provides a direct entry point for attackers to attempt to gain access to user email accounts through brute-force attacks, credential stuffing, or exploiting vulnerabilities in the webmail software. Compromised email accounts can be used for phishing attacks, data theft, or further lateral movement within the network. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Amass Passive |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Ensure the webmail software is running the latest version with all security patches applied.
 2. Enforce strong password policies for all email accounts.
 3. Implement two-factor authentication for all email accounts.
 4. Implement rate limiting to prevent brute-force attacks.
 5. Regularly audit webmail logs for suspicious activity.
-

Finding SAR-010: Exposed FTP Server (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The subdomain 'ftp.vardhaman.org' is exposed. FTP (File Transfer Protocol) is an insecure protocol that transmits usernames and passwords in plaintext. If this server is actively used and not properly secured, attackers could intercept credentials and gain unauthorized access to files stored on the server. Even if anonymous access is enabled, it could be used to host malicious files. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Amass Passive |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Disable FTP entirely if possible and migrate to a more secure protocol like SFTP or FTPS.
 2. If FTP is necessary, restrict access to a limited set of trusted IP addresses using a firewall.
 3. Enforce strong password policies for all FTP accounts.
 4. Monitor FTP logs for suspicious activity.
 5. Consider disabling anonymous FTP access.
-

Finding SAR-011: Potential Vulnerabilities in Online Exam Portal (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The subdomains 'www.onlineexam.vardhaman.org' and 'onlineexam.vardhaman.org' indicate the presence of an online examination portal. These portals are often targets for attackers seeking to gain unauthorized access to exam content, manipulate results, or compromise student data. The security of this portal is critical. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Amass Passive |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Conduct a thorough security audit and penetration test of the online exam portal.
 2. Ensure the portal is running the latest version of its software with all security patches applied.
 3. Implement strong authentication and authorization mechanisms.
 4. Protect against common web vulnerabilities such as SQL injection and cross-site scripting (XSS).
 5. Regularly monitor the portal for suspicious activity.
-

Finding SAR-012: Exposed Webmail Interface (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The subdomain 'webmail.vardhaman.org' indicates a publicly accessible webmail interface. If vulnerable to exploits or brute-force attacks, attackers could gain access to user email accounts, potentially leading to sensitive information disclosure, phishing campaigns, and further compromise of internal systems. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Assetfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Ensure the webmail application is running the latest version with all security patches applied.
 2. Enforce strong password policies and multi-factor authentication for all email accounts.
 3. Implement rate limiting and brute-force protection mechanisms.
 4. Regularly monitor webmail logs for suspicious activity.
-

Finding SAR-013: Exposed Webdisk Interface (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The subdomain 'webdisk.vardhaman.org' suggests a publicly accessible webdisk interface. If not properly secured, unauthorized users could potentially access, modify, or delete files stored on the webdisk, leading to data loss, data breaches, and system instability. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Assetfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Ensure the webdisk application is running the latest version with all security patches applied.
 2. Enforce strong authentication and access controls for all webdisk accounts.
 3. Regularly monitor webdisk logs for suspicious activity.
 4. Consider disabling webdisk if it is not actively used.
-

Finding SAR-014: Mail Server Vulnerabilities (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The subdomain 'mail.vardhaman.org' indicates a mail server. Mail servers are often targeted by attackers to send spam, phishing emails, or to gain access to sensitive information. Vulnerabilities in the mail server software could be exploited to compromise the server. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Assetfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Ensure the mail server software is running the latest version with all security patches applied.
 2. Implement strong authentication and access controls.
 3. Configure SPF, DKIM, and DMARC records to prevent email spoofing.
 4. Regularly monitor mail server logs for suspicious activity.
-

Finding SAR-015: Missing Security Headers (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | Many subdomains lack essential security headers such as HSTS, CSP, X-Frame-Options, X-Content-Type-Options, Referrer-Policy, Permissions-Policy, and X-XSS-Protection. This makes the sites vulnerable to various attacks, including cross-site scripting (XSS), clickjacking, and man-in-the-middle (MITM) attacks. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: High Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Implement a consistent set of security headers across all subdomains. Specifically, enable HSTS with a long max-age, configure a strict CSP, set X-Frame-Options to 'DENY' or 'SAMEORIGIN', enable X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff, and set a restrictive Referrer-Policy and Permissions-Policy.

Finding SAR-016: Exposed cPanel and Webmail Login Pages (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The cpanel.vardhaman.org and webmail.vardhaman.org subdomains are directly accessible, potentially exposing the cPanel and webmail login interfaces to attackers. This increases the risk of brute-force attacks and credential stuffing. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: High |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Restrict access to cPanel and webmail login pages to specific IP addresses or networks. Implement multi-factor authentication (MFA) for all cPanel and webmail accounts.

Finding SAR-017: Outdated PHP Version (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The faculty.vardhaman.org and studentscorner.vardhaman.org subdomains are running PHP 5.6.40, which is an outdated and unsupported version. This version is likely to have known security vulnerabilities that could be exploited by attackers. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Upgrade PHP to a supported version (e.g., PHP 8.1 or later) on the affected subdomains. Ensure that all PHP extensions are also updated.

Finding SAR-018: SAC Subdomain Data Exposure (Medium)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The sac.vardhaman.org subdomain exposes a large number of phone numbers and social media profiles. This information could be used for social engineering attacks or other malicious purposes. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Review the data stored and displayed on sac.vardhaman.org. Implement measures to protect sensitive information, such as redacting phone numbers or limiting access to social media profiles.

Finding SAR-019: Single Registrar Dependency (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The domain is registered with a single registrar, PublicDomainRegistry.com. While not inherently a vulnerability, a compromise or outage at this registrar could impact the domain's availability and management. If the registrar experiences a security breach or goes offline, managing the domain (e.g., updating DNS records) could become difficult or impossible. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Whois |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Consider diversifying domain registration across multiple registrars for critical services. Implement strong account security measures (e.g., MFA) with the registrar.

Finding SAR-020: Lack of DNSSEC (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The domain is not using DNSSEC (Domain Name System Security Extensions). This means that DNS responses are not cryptographically signed, making the domain potentially vulnerable to DNS spoofing or cache poisoning attacks. An attacker could potentially redirect users to a malicious website by manipulating DNS records. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Whois |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Implement DNSSEC to digitally sign DNS records, ensuring their authenticity and integrity. This will prevent attackers from tampering with DNS responses and redirecting users to malicious sites.

Finding SAR-021: Reliance on Cloudflare's Nameservers (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The domain relies on Cloudflare's nameservers. While Cloudflare provides benefits like DDoS protection and CDN services, a widespread outage or compromise of Cloudflare's infrastructure could impact the domain's availability. This is a common practice, but it's important to acknowledge the dependency. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Medium |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Whois |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Develop a contingency plan for potential Cloudflare outages. This might involve having a secondary DNS provider ready to take over in case of an emergency. Regularly review Cloudflare's security advisories and implement recommended security measures.

Finding SAR-022: Potential Information Disclosure (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The subdomain naming convention (e.g., ece.vardhaman.org, cse.vardhaman.org, sac.vardhaman.org) reveals information about the organization's structure and departments. While not a direct vulnerability, this information could be used by attackers to target specific individuals or departments with phishing attacks or social engineering attempts. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Subfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Review the subdomain naming convention and consider using more generic or less descriptive names where possible.
 2. Educate employees about the risks of social engineering and phishing attacks.
 3. Implement email filtering and spam protection measures.
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Finding SAR-023: Potential Information Disclosure via 'localhost' (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The subdomain 'localhost.vardhaman.org' is unusual. While it likely resolves to 127.0.0.1, its presence in public DNS could indicate misconfiguration or internal testing environments being inadvertently exposed. It might reveal internal naming conventions or development practices. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Amass Passive |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Investigate the purpose of 'localhost.vardhaman.org'.
 2. If it's not needed, remove the DNS record.
 3. If it's for internal testing, ensure it's properly isolated and not accessible from the public internet.
-

Finding SAR-024: Information Disclosure via Subdomains (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The presence of subdomains like 'ece.vardhaman.org', 'cse.vardhaman.org', 'alumni.vardhaman.org', 'sac.vardhaman.org', 'iic.vardhaman.org', 'inf.vardhaman.org', 'csd.vardhaman.org', and 'csm.vardhaman.org' reveals information about the organization's structure and departments. While not directly exploitable, this information can be used by attackers for social engineering or targeted attacks. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Assetfinder |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Review the necessity of each subdomain and consider consolidating services where possible.
 2. Ensure that each subdomain has appropriate security measures in place.
 3. Regularly monitor subdomains for unauthorized changes or content.
-

Finding SAR-025: TRACE Method Enabled (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The TRACE HTTP method is enabled on several subdomains. This method can be used to conduct cross-site tracing (XST) attacks, potentially exposing sensitive information such as cookies. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Disable the TRACE HTTP method on all web servers. This can typically be done in the server configuration (e.g., Apache, Nginx).

Finding SAR-026: Grievance Redressal SSL Handshake Failure (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The grievance.redressal.vardhaman.org subdomain is experiencing SSL handshake failures, potentially due to outdated SSL/TLS protocols or misconfiguration. This could prevent users from accessing the site securely. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Review the SSL/TLS configuration of the web server hosting grievance.redressal.vardhaman.org. Ensure that modern SSL/TLS protocols are enabled and that the server's cipher suite is properly configured.

Finding SAR-027: Alumni Portal OTP Login (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The alumni portal offers OTP login, which is good, but the implementation should be reviewed to ensure it is secure and not vulnerable to bypass or brute-force attacks. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Review the OTP login implementation to ensure it is secure. Implement rate limiting to prevent brute-force attacks. Consider adding additional security measures, such as CAPTCHA.

Finding SAR-028: Grievance Redressal Cell on Main Domain (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The main vardhaman.org domain links to a grievance redressal cell, which is good for transparency, but the implementation should be reviewed to ensure it is secure and not vulnerable to abuse. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Review the grievance redressal cell implementation to ensure it is secure. Implement rate limiting to prevent abuse. Consider adding additional security measures, such as CAPTCHA.

Finding SAR-029: Lack of HSTS on Mail Subdomain (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The mail.vardhaman.org subdomain lacks HSTS, which means that users connecting to the mail server may be vulnerable to man-in-the-middle attacks. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Medium Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Enable HSTS on the mail.vardhaman.org subdomain with a long max-age and includeSubDomains directive.

Finding SAR-030: SSL Handshake Failure (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The grievance.redressal.vardhaman.org subdomain is experiencing SSL handshake failures, potentially due to outdated SSL/TLS protocols or misconfiguration. This could prevent users from accessing the site securely. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Review the SSL/TLS configuration of the web server hosting grievance.redressal.vardhaman.org. Ensure that modern SSL/TLS protocols are enabled and that the server's cipher suite is properly configured.

Finding SAR-031: 403 Forbidden on CDN and Assets (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The cdn.vardhaman.org and assets.vardhaman.org subdomains are returning 403 Forbidden errors, indicating that access to these resources is restricted. This could prevent the website from loading properly. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Review the access control configuration of cdn.vardhaman.org and assets.vardhaman.org. Ensure that the necessary resources are accessible to the public.

Finding SAR-032: 401 Unauthorized on cpcontacts, cpcalendars, and webdisk (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The cpcontacts.vardhaman.org, cpcalendars.vardhaman.org, and webdisk.vardhaman.org subdomains are returning 401 Unauthorized errors, indicating that authentication is required to access these resources. This is expected behavior, but the authentication mechanisms should be reviewed to ensure they are secure. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Review the authentication mechanisms for cpcontacts.vardhaman.org, cpcalendars.vardhaman.org, and webdisk.vardhaman.org. Ensure that strong passwords are required and that multi-factor authentication (MFA) is enabled where possible.

Finding SAR-033: 500 Internal Server Error (Low)

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Description: | The ece.vardhaman.org subdomain is returning a 500 Internal Server Error, indicating that there is a server-side error. This could be due to a misconfiguration, a software bug, or a resource exhaustion issue. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Review the server logs for ece.vardhaman.org to identify the cause of the 500 Internal Server Error. Address the underlying issue to restore functionality.

Finding SAR-034: Generic Subdomains - Need Further Investigation (Info)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | Subdomains like 'student.vardhaman.org', 'events.vardhaman.org', 'resources.vardhaman.org', 'login.vardhaman.org', 'results.vardhaman.org', 'ece.vardhaman.org', 'erp.vardhaman.org', 'courses.vardhaman.org', 'cse.vardhaman.org', 'alumni.vardhaman.org', 'faculty.vardhaman.org', 'video-lectures.vardhaman.org', 'conferences.vardhaman.org', 'cdn.vardhaman.org', 'cdc.vardhaman.org', 'go.vardhaman.org', 'inf.vardhaman.org', 'studentscorner.vardhaman.org', 'fdp.vardhaman.org', 'assets.vardhaman.org' require further investigation to determine their purpose and security posture. Each subdomain represents a potential attack surface. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | Amass Passive |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

1. Inventory all subdomains and document their purpose and functionality.
 2. Conduct vulnerability scans on each subdomain.
 3. Ensure each subdomain is properly secured with appropriate authentication, authorization, and access controls.
 4. Regularly monitor each subdomain for suspicious activity.
-

Finding SAR-035: Name Resolution Errors (Info)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The www.nptel.vardhaman.org and www.onlineexam.vardhaman.org subdomains are experiencing name resolution errors, indicating a potential DNS configuration issue. This could prevent users from accessing these sites. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Verify the DNS records for www.nptel.vardhaman.org and www.onlineexam.vardhaman.org. Ensure that the A and AAAA records are correctly configured and point to the appropriate IP addresses.

Finding SAR-036: Connection Refused (Info)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | The localhost.vardhaman.org subdomain is returning connection refused errors, indicating that there is no service listening on the specified port. This is likely due to a misconfiguration or an inactive service. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Investigate the configuration of localhost.vardhaman.org. Ensure that the intended service is running and listening on the correct port. If the subdomain is not needed, consider removing it.

Finding SAR-037: 404 Not Found on Resources (Info)

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Description: | Several subdomains (resources, ieee, ceta, erp, ortus, rice2016, fdp, courses) are returning 404 Not Found errors, indicating that the requested resources are not available. This could be due to misconfiguration or missing content. |
| Risk: | Likelihood: Low Impact: Low |
| System: | vardhaman.org |
| Tools Used: | WebScraperRecon |
| References: | N/A |

Remediation

Investigate the configuration of the affected subdomains. Ensure that the necessary resources are present and that the web server is properly configured to serve them. If the subdomains are not needed, consider removing them.
