

SECURITY ASSESSMENT REPORT

Target: sarral.io
Date: November 25, 2025
Scan ID: 17

Prepared by Sarral Scan

1. Executive Summary

Sarral Scan performed a comprehensive security assessment of **sarral.io** on 2025-11-25. The objective was to identify potential security vulnerabilities and provide recommendations for remediation.

Findings Summary

Severity	Count
Critical	0
High	2
Medium	4
Low	5
Info	3

2. Detailed Findings

1. Exposed 'pay' Subdomain

Severity: HIGH

Tool: Subfinder

Description:

The presence of 'pay.sarral.io' and 'www.pay.sarral.io' suggests a payment processing system. If not properly secured, this subdomain could be vulnerable to attacks targeting financial data, such as credit card information or transaction details.

Remediation:

Conduct a thorough security audit of the 'pay' subdomain, including penetration testing and vulnerability scanning. Ensure strong encryption is used for all data in transit and at rest. Implement multi-factor authentication and robust access controls. Regularly monitor for suspicious activity.

2. Payment Subdomain Security (pay.sarral.io)

Severity: HIGH

Tool: Assetfinder

Description:

The 'pay.sarral.io' subdomain likely handles sensitive payment information. Any vulnerabilities in this subdomain could lead to data breaches, financial loss, and reputational damage.

Remediation:

Conduct a thorough security audit of 'pay.sarral.io', including penetration testing and vulnerability scanning. Ensure that all payment processing components are PCI DSS compliant and that strong encryption and access controls are in place.

3. Lack of DNSSEC

Severity: MEDIUM

Tool: NSLookup

Description:

The domain sarral.io does not appear to be using DNSSEC. This makes it vulnerable to DNS spoofing and cache poisoning attacks, where attackers can redirect users to malicious websites by manipulating DNS records.

Remediation:

Implement DNSSEC for the sarral.io domain. This involves generating cryptographic keys, signing DNS records, and publishing the public key in the parent zone.

4. Potential for Subdomain Takeover

Severity: MEDIUM

Tool: Subfinder

Description:

If any of the subdomains are pointing to inactive or misconfigured cloud services (e.g., AWS S3 buckets, Azure Storage accounts, Heroku apps), they could be vulnerable to subdomain takeover. An attacker could claim the inactive service and host malicious content, potentially phishing users or damaging the organization's reputation.

Remediation:

Verify that all subdomains are actively pointing to valid and properly configured services. Regularly audit DNS records and cloud service configurations to identify and remove any orphaned or misconfigured subdomains. Implement preventative measures like DNS CAA records to restrict certificate issuance.

5. Outdated Software/Services on Subdomains

Severity: MEDIUM

Tool: Subfinder

Description:

Subdomains may be running outdated software or services with known vulnerabilities. This could provide attackers with an easy entry point into the organization's network.

Remediation:

Regularly scan all subdomains for outdated software and services. Implement a patch management process to ensure that all systems are up-to-date with the latest security patches. Consider using a vulnerability management system to automate the process of identifying and remediating

vulnerabilities.

6. Potential Subdomain Takeover (sophie.sarral.io)

Severity: MEDIUM

Tool: Assetfinder

Description:

The subdomain 'sophie.sarral.io' might be vulnerable to takeover if it's pointing to a service that is no longer in use or improperly configured. An attacker could claim this subdomain and host malicious content, potentially damaging the organization's reputation or launching phishing attacks.

Remediation:

Verify the DNS configuration of 'sophie.sarral.io'. If the subdomain is no longer in use, remove the DNS record. If it is in use, ensure the underlying service is properly configured and secured to prevent unauthorized access.

7. Lack of DNSSEC

Severity: LOW

Tool: Whois

Description:

DNSSEC is not enabled for the domain. This makes the domain potentially vulnerable to DNS spoofing and cache poisoning attacks, where attackers can redirect users to malicious websites.

Remediation:

Implement DNSSEC to digitally sign DNS records, ensuring their authenticity and integrity. This will help prevent DNS-based attacks.

8. Single A Record

Severity: LOW

Tool: NSLookup

Description:

The domain sarral.io resolves to a single IP address (159.89.216.111). This creates a single point of failure. If the server at this IP address becomes unavailable, the website will be inaccessible.

Remediation:

Implement redundancy by adding multiple A records pointing to different servers. Consider using a load balancer to distribute traffic across these servers.

9. Information Disclosure via Subdomain Enumeration

Severity: LOW**Tool:** Subfinder**Description:**

While not a direct vulnerability, the enumeration of subdomains provides attackers with valuable information about the organization's infrastructure and services. This information can be used to target specific systems or identify potential attack vectors.

Remediation:

Implement rate limiting and access controls to prevent excessive subdomain enumeration. Consider using a Content Security Policy (CSP) to restrict the sources from which the website can load resources, mitigating the impact of potential cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Regularly monitor for unusual DNS queries or network traffic that may indicate reconnaissance activity.

10. No Domains Found - Potential Information Gathering Failure

Severity: LOW**Tool:** Amass Passive**Description:**

The Amass passive scan failed to identify any domains or subdomains associated with the target. This could indicate a misconfiguration of the scan, an invalid target, or exceptionally strong privacy measures by the target organization. It prevents further vulnerability assessment.

Remediation:

Verify the target domain is correct and accessible. Review the Amass configuration to ensure proper settings and sufficient data sources are enabled. Consider running the scan with increased verbosity

for debugging. If the target is intentionally obscuring its infrastructure, consider alternative information gathering techniques.

11. Inconsistent Domain Configuration (sarral.io vs www.sarral.io)

Severity: LOW

Tool: Assetfinder

Description:

The presence of both 'sarral.io' and 'www.sarral.io' could lead to inconsistent configurations or potential misdirection. Users might access different content depending on which domain they use.

Remediation:

Ensure that either 'sarral.io' or 'www.sarral.io' is properly redirected to the other. Choose a preferred domain and implement a 301 redirect to ensure consistent user experience and SEO benefits.

12. WHOIS Privacy Protection

Severity: INFO

Tool: Whois

Description:

The domain uses a privacy service (Domains By Proxy, LLC) to mask the actual registrant's contact information. While this is a legitimate privacy measure, it can hinder investigations in cases of abuse or malicious activity, making it harder to identify the true owner.

Remediation:

Consider the trade-offs between privacy and transparency. While maintaining privacy, ensure that a clear and accessible abuse contact mechanism is in place and actively monitored. Law enforcement can still obtain the underlying information if needed.

13. Reliance on GoDaddy's Name Servers

Severity: INFO

Tool: Whois

Description:

The domain relies on GoDaddy's name servers (ns63.domaincontrol.com, ns64.domaincontrol.com). While GoDaddy is a reputable provider, relying solely on a single provider introduces a single point of failure. If GoDaddy experiences an outage, the domain's DNS resolution will be affected.

Remediation:

Consider using a geographically diverse set of name servers from multiple providers to improve redundancy and resilience against outages. This could involve using a secondary DNS provider.

14. Client EPP Status Locks

Severity: [INFO](#)

Tool: Whois

Description:

The domain has clientDeleteProhibited, clientRenewProhibited, clientTransferProhibited, and clientUpdateProhibited EPP statuses set. While these are security features to prevent unauthorized changes, they could also hinder legitimate administrative actions if the owner loses access to the registrar account.

Remediation:

Ensure that the domain owner has secure and reliable access to the registrar account. Document the process for unlocking the domain in case of emergencies or account recovery scenarios.

3. Appendix: Raw Tool Output

The following section contains raw output from the security tools used during the assessment.

Tool: Whois

```
Domain Name: sarral.io Registry Domain ID: REDACTED Registrar WHOIS Server:  
whois.godaddy.com Registrar URL: http://www.godaddy.com/domains/search.aspx?ci=8990  
Updated Date: 2025-10-27T23:25:06Z Creation Date: 2023-09-12T23:24:25Z Registry Expiry  
Date: 2026-09-12T23:24:25Z Registrar: GoDaddy.com, LLC Registrar IANA ID: 146 Registrar  
Abuse Contact Email: abuse@godaddy.com Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +1.4806242505  
Domain Status: clientDeleteProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientDeleteProhibited  
Domain Status: clientRenewProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientRenewProhibited Domain  
Status: clientTransferProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited Domain  
Status: clientUpdateProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientUpdateProhibited Registry  
Registrant ID: REDACTED Registrant Name: REDACTED Registrant Organization: Domains By  
Proxy, LLC Registrant Street: REDACTED Registrant City: REDACTED Registrant  
State/Province: Arizona Registrant Postal Code: REDACTED Registrant Country: US  
Registrant Phone: REDACTED Registrant Phone Ext: REDACTED Registrant Fax: REDACTED  
Registrant Fax Ext: REDACTED Registrant Email: REDACTED Registry Admin ID: REDACTED  
Admin Name: REDACTED Admin Organization: REDACTED Admin Street: REDACTED Admin City:  
REDACTED Admin State/Province: REDACTED Admin Postal Code: REDACTED Admin Country:  
REDACTED Admin Phone: REDACTED Admin Phone Ext: REDACTED Admin Fax: REDACTED Admin Fax  
Ext: REDACTED Admin Email: REDACTED Registry Tech ID: REDACTED Tech Name: REDACTED Tech  
Organization: REDACTED Tech Street: REDACTED Tech City: REDACTED Tech State/Province:  
REDACTED Tech Postal Code: REDACTED Tech Country: REDACTED Tech Phone: REDACTED Tech  
Phone Ext: REDACTED Tech Fax: REDACTED Tech Fax Ext: REDACTED Tech Email: REDACTED Name  
Server: ns63.domaincontrol.com Name Server: ns64.domaincontrol.com DNSSEC: unsigned URL  
of the ICANN Whois Inaccuracy Complaint Form: https://icann.org/wicf/ >>> Last update of  
WHOIS database: 2025-11-25T09:12:14Z <<< For more information on Whois status codes,  
please visit https://icann.org/epp Terms of Use: Access to WHOIS information is provided  
to assist persons in determining the contents of a domain name registration record in  
the registry database. The data in this record is provided by Identity Digital or the  
Registry Operator for informational purposes only, and accuracy is not guaranteed. This  
service is intended only for query-based access. You agree that you will use this data  
only for lawful purposes and that, under no circumstances will you use this data to (a)  
allow, enable, or otherwise support the transmission by e-mail, telephone, or facsimile  
of mass unsolicited, commercial advertising or solicitations to entities other than the  
data recipient's own existing customers; or (b) enable high volume, automated,  
electronic processes that send queries or data to the systems of Registry Operator, a  
Registrar, or Identity Digital except as reasonably necessary to register domain names  
or modify existing registrations. When using the Whois service, please consider the  
following: The Whois service is not a replacement for standard EPP commands to the SRS  
service. Whois is not considered authoritative for registered domain objects. The Whois  
service may be scheduled for downtime during production or OT&E; maintenance periods.  
Queries to the Whois services are throttled. If too many queries are received from a  
single IP address within a specified time, the service will begin to reject further  
queries for a period of time to prevent disruption of Whois service access. Abuse of the  
Whois system through data mining is mitigated by detecting and limiting bulk query  
access from single sources. Where applicable, the presence of a [Non-Public Data] tag  
indicates that such data is not made publicly available due to applicable data privacy  
laws or requirements. Should you wish to contact the registrant, please refer to the  
Whois records available through the registrar URL listed above. Access to non-public  
data may be provided, upon request, where it can be reasonably confirmed that the  
requester holds a specific legitimate interest and a proper legal basis for accessing  
the withheld data. Access to this data provided by Identity Digital can be requested by  
submitting a request via the form found at  
https://www.identity.digital/about/policies/whois-layered-access/. The Registrar of
```

Record identified in this output may have an RDDS service that can be queried for additional information on how to contact the Registrant, Admin, or Tech contact of the queried domain name. Identity Digital Inc. and Registry Operator reserve the right to modify these terms at any time. By submitting this query, you agree to abide by this policy.

Tool: NSLookup

Server: 10.77.145.30 Address: 10.77.145.30#53 Non-authoritative answer: Name: sarral.io
Address: 159.89.216.111

Tool: Subfinder

```
pay.sarral.io www.pay.sarral.io www.sarral.io sophie.sarral.io _ _ _ _ _ /  
/_ / _(_)_ _ _ / /_ _ _ / _ _ / _ / / / _ \ / / / _ \ / _ / \ / _ / ( ) / / /  
/_ / _ / / / / / / _ / / / _ / \ _ , _ / . _ / / / _ / _ / \ _ , _ / \ _ / _ /  
projectdiscovery.io [INF] Current subfinder version v2.6.0 (outdated) [INF] Loading  
provider config from /home/kali/.config/subfinder/provider-config.yaml [INF]  
Enumerating subdomains for sarral.io [INF] Found 4 subdomains for sarral.io in 11  
seconds 955 milliseconds
```

Tool: Amass Passive


```
[  
0.00% ? p/s0 / 1  
[  
0.00% ? p/s0 / 1  
[  
0.00% ? p/s ...[Truncated]
```

Tool: Assetfinder

```
sarral.io sarral.io www.sarral.io sophie.sarral.io pay.sarral.io www.pay.sarral.io
```

Tool: DNSx

```
[System] Command timed out.
```