VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT

on

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Submitted by

MADHUSOODAN REDDY(1BM21CS099)

Under the Guidance of Prof. Sneha S Bagalkot Assistant Professor, BMSCE

in partial fulfilment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Autonomous Institution under VTU)

BENGALURU-560019

November 2023-February 2024

B. M. S. College of Engineering,

Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "Artificial Intelligence" carried out by Madhusoodan Reddy(1BM21CS099), who is bonafide student of B. M. S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfilment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2023-24.

The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of **Artificial Intelligence- (22CS5PCAIN)** work prescribed for the said degree.

Prof. Sneha S Bagalkot Dr. Jyothi Nayak

Assistant professor Professor and Head

Department of CSE Department of CSE

BMSCE, Bengaluru BMSCE, Bengaluru

B. M. S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



DECLARATION

I, Madhusoodan Reddy (1BM21CS099), student of 5th Semester, B.E, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, B. M. S. College of Engineering, Bangalore, here by declare that, this lab report entitled " **Artificial Intelligence**" has been carried out by me under the guidance of **Prof. Sneha S Bagalkot**, Assistant Professor, Department of CSE, B. M. S. College of Engineering, Bangalore during the academic semester November-2023-February-2024.

I also declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the development reported here is not from part of any other report by any other students.

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Implementation of tic tac toe

```
# Create a 3x3 tic tac toe board of "" strings for each value
board = [' '] * 9
# Create a function to display your board
def display_board(board):
  print(f" {board[0]} | {board[1]} | {board[2]} ")
  print("---+---")
  print(f" {board[3]} | {board[4]} | {board[5]} ")
  print("---+---")
  print(f" {board[6]} | {board[7]} | {board[8]} ")
#Create a function to check if anyone won, Use marks "X" or "O"
def check_win(player_mark, board):
  win = [f'\{player\_mark\}'] * 3
  return board[:3] == win or board[3:6] == win or board[6:9] == win or \
     [board[0], board[4], board[8]] == win or [board[2], board[4], board[6]] == win or \
     [board[0], board[3], board[6]] == win or [board[1], board[4], board[7]] == win or
[board[2], board[5], board[8]] == win
def check_draw(board):
  return '' not in board
# Create a Function that makes a copy of the board
def board_copy(board):
  new_board = []
```

```
for c in board:
     new_board += c
  return new_board
def test_win_move(move, player_mark, board):
  copy = board_copy(board)
  copy[move] = player_mark
  return check_win(player_mark, copy)
def win_strategy(board):
  if board[4] == ' ':
     return 4
  for i in [0, 2, 6, 8]:
     if board[i] == ' ':
       return i
  for i in [1, 3, 5, 7]:
     if board[i] == ' ':
       return i
def get_agent_move(board):
  for i in range(9):
     if board[i] == ' ' and test_win_move(i, 'X', board):
       return i
  for i in range(9):
     if board[i] == ' ' and test_win_move(i, 'O', board):
       return i
  return win_strategy(board)
def tictactoe():
  playing = True
```

```
while playing:
  in_game = True
  board = [' '] * 9
  print('Would you like to go first or second? (1/2)')
  choice = input()
  player_marker = 'O' if choice == '1' else 'X'
  display_board(board)
  while in_game:
    print('\n')
    if player_marker == 'O':
       print('Player move: (0-8)')
       move = int(input())
       if board[move] != ' ':
         print('Invalid move')
         continue
    else:
       move = get_agent_move(board)
    board[move] = player_marker
    if check_win(player_marker,board):
       in_game = False
       display_board(board)
       if player_marker == 'O':
         print('O won')
       else:
         print('X won')
       break
    if check_draw(board):
       in_game = False
       display_board(board)
```

```
print('The game was a draw.')
break
display_board(board)
if player_marker == 'O':
    player_marker = 'X'
else:
    player_marker = 'O'
print('Continue playing? (y/n)')
ans = input()
if ans not in 'yY':
    playing = False

# Play!!!
tictactoe()
```

```
PS C:\Users\Hp\Desktop\Madhusoodan\lab.py"
Would you like to go first or second? (1/2)
Player move: (0-8)
0 | |
 | x |
Player move: (0-8)
0 | |
0 | X |
0 | |
0 | X |
```

```
Player move: (0-8)
0 | X | 0
o | x |
x | |
Player move: (0-8)
7
0 | X | 0
o | x |
x | 0 |
0 | X | 0
0 | X |
x | 0 | x
Player move: (0-8)
0 | X | 0
 0 | X | 0
x | 0 | x
The game was a draw.
Continue playing? (y/n)
```

8 Puzzle Breadth First Search Algorithm

```
#import numpy as np
#import pandas as pd
import os
def gen(state, m, b):
  temp = state.copy()
  if m == 'd':
     temp[b + 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 3]
  elif m == 'u':
     temp[b - 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 3]
  elif m == 'l':
     temp[b - 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 1]
  elif m == 'r':
     temp[b + 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 1]
  return temp # Return the modified state
def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
  b = state.index(0)
  d = []
  if b not in [0, 1, 2]:
     d.append('u')
  if b not in [6, 7, 8]:
     d.append('d')
  if b not in [0, 3, 6]:
```

```
d.append('l')
  if b not in [2, 5, 8]:
     d.append('r')
  pos_moves_it_can = []
  for i in d:
     pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state, i, b))
  return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can not in
visited_states]
def bfs(src, target):
  queue = []
  queue.append(src)
  exp = []
  while len(queue) > 0:
     source = queue.pop(0)
     exp.append(source)
     print(source[0],'|',source[1],'|',source[2])
     print(source[3],'|',source[4],'|', source[5])
     print(source[6],'|', source[7],'|',source[8])
     print()
     if source == target:
       print("success")
       return
```

```
poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source, exp)

for move in poss_moves_to_do:

if move not in exp and move not in queue:

queue.append(move)

src = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 0, 7, 8]

target = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 0]

bfs(src, target)
```

8 Puzzle Iterative deepening search algorithm

```
def id_dfs(puzzle, goal, get_moves):
  import itertools
#get_moves -> possible_moves
  def dfs(route, depth):
     if depth == 0:
       return
     if route[-1] == goal:
       return route
     for move in get_moves(route[-1]):
       if move not in route:
          next_route = dfs(route + [move], depth - 1)
          if next_route:
             return next_route
  for depth in itertools.count():
     route = dfs([puzzle], depth)
     if route:
       return route
def possible_moves(state):
  b = state.index(0) \# ) indicates White space -> so b has index of it.
  d = [] # direction
  if b not in [0, 1, 2]:
     d.append('u')
  if b not in [6, 7, 8]:
     d.append('d')
```

```
if b not in [0, 3, 6]:
     d.append('l')
  if b not in [2, 5, 8]:
     d.append('r')
  pos_moves = []
  for i in d:
     pos_moves.append(generate(state, i, b))
  return pos_moves
def generate(state, m, b):
  temp = state.copy()
  if m == 'd':
     temp[b + 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 3]
  if m == 'u':
     temp[b - 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 3]
  if m == 'l':
     temp[b - 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 1]
  if m == 'r':
     temp[b + 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 1]
  return temp
# calling ID-DFS
initial = [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 6, 7, 5, 8]
goal = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 0]
route = id_dfs(initial, goal, possible_moves)
```

```
if route:
    print("Success!! It is possible to solve 8 Puzzle problem")
    print("Path:", route)
else:
    print("Failed to find a solution")
```

```
PS C:\Users\Hp\Desktop\Madhusoodan> python -u "c:\Users\Hp\Desktop\Madhusoodan\lab.py"
Success!! It is possible to solve 8 Puzzle problem
Path: [[1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 6, 7, 5, 8], [1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 6, 7, 5, 8], [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 8], [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 0]]
PS C:\Users\Hp\Desktop\Madhusoodan>
```

8 Puzzle A* algorithm

```
class Node:
  def __init__(self,data,level,fval):
     """ Initialize the node with the data, level of the node and the calculated fvalue """
     self.data = data
     self.level = level
     self.fval = fval
  def generate_child(self):
     """ Generate child nodes from the given node by moving the blank space
       either in the four directions {up,down,left,right} """
     x,y = self.find(self.data,'_')
     """ val_list contains position values for moving the blank space in either of
       the 4 directions [up,down,left,right] respectively. """
     val_list = [[x,y-1],[x,y+1],[x-1,y],[x+1,y]]
     children = []
     for i in val list:
       child = self.shuffle(self.data,x,y,i[0],i[1])
       if child is not None:
          child_node = Node(child,self.level+1,0)
          children.append(child_node)
     return children
  def shuffle(self,puz,x1,y1,x2,y2):
     """ Move the blank space in the given direction and if the position value are out
       of limits the return None """
     if x2 \ge 0 and x2 < len(self.data) and y2 \ge 0 and y2 < len(self.data):
       temp_puz = []
```

```
temp_puz = self.copy(puz)
       temp = temp_puz[x2][y2]
       temp_puz[x2][y2] = temp_puz[x1][y1]
       temp_puz[x1][y1] = temp
       return temp_puz
     else:
       return None
  def copy(self,root):
    """ Copy function to create a similar matrix of the given node"""
     temp = []
     for i in root:
       t = []
       for j in i:
          t.append(j)
       temp.append(t)
    return temp
  def find(self,puz,x):
     """ Specifically used to find the position of the blank space """
    for i in range(0,len(self.data)):
       for j in range(0,len(self.data)):
          if puz[i][j] == x:
            return i,j
class Puzzle:
  def __init__(self,size):
    """ Initialize the puzzle size by the specified size, open and closed lists to empty """
     self.n = size
```

```
self.open = []
  self.closed = []
def accept(self):
  """ Accepts the puzzle from the user """
  puz = []
  for i in range(0,self.n):
     temp = input().split(" ")
     puz.append(temp)
  return puz
def f(self,start,goal):
  """ Heuristic Function to calculate hueristic value f(x) = h(x) + g(x) """
  return self.h(start.data,goal)+start.level
def h(self,start,goal):
  """ Calculates the different between the given puzzles """
  temp = 0
  for i in range(0,self.n):
     for j in range(0,self.n):
       if start[i][j] != goal[i][j] and start[i][j] != '_':
          temp += 1
  return temp
def process(self):
  """ Accept Start and Goal Puzzle state"""
  print("Enter the start state matrix \n")
  start = self.accept()
  print("Enter the goal state matrix \n")
```

```
goal = self.accept()
     start = Node(start, 0, 0)
     start.fval = self.f(start,goal)
     """ Put the start node in the open list"""
     self.open.append(start)
     print("\n\n")
     while True:
       cur = self.open[0]
       print("")
        print(" | ")
        print(" | ")
        print(" \\'/ \n")
        for i in cur.data:
          for j in i:
             print(j,end=" ")
          print("")
       """ If the difference between current and goal node is 0 we have reached the goal
node"""
       if(self.h(cur.data,goal) == 0):
          break
        for i in cur.generate_child():
          i.fval = self.f(i,goal)
          self.open.append(i)
        self.closed.append(cur)
        del self.open[0]
       """ sort the opne list based on f value """
        self.open.sort(key = lambda x:x.fval,reverse=False)
```

```
puz = Puzzle(3)
puz.process()
```

Vacuum Cleaner

```
def clean_room(room_name, is_dirty):
  if is_dirty:
    print(f"Cleaning {room_name} (Room was dirty)")
    print(f"{room_name} is now clean.")
    return 0 # Updated status after cleaning
  else:
    print(f"{room_name} is already clean.")
    return 0 # Status remains clean
def main():
  rooms = ["Room 1", "Room 2"]
  room_statuses = []
  for room in rooms:
    status = int(input(f"Enter clean status for {room} (1 for dirty, 0 for clean): "))
    room_statuses.append((room, status))
  print(room_statuses)
  for i, (room, status) in enumerate(room_statuses):
    room_statuses[i] = (room,clean_room(room, status)) # Update status after cleaning
  print(f"Returning to {rooms[0]} to check if it has become dirty again:")
  room_statuses[0]= (rooms[0], clean_room(rooms[0], room_statuses[0][1])) # Checking
Room 1 after cleaning all rooms
  print(f"{rooms[0]} is {'dirty' if room_statuses[0][1] else 'clean'} after checking.")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
main()
```

```
Enter clean status for Room 1 (1 for dirty, 0 for clean): 1
Enter clean status for Room 2 (1 for dirty, 0 for clean): 1
[('Room 1', 1), ('Room 2', 1)]
Cleaning Room 1 (Room was dirty)
Room 1 is now clean.
Cleaning Room 2 (Room was dirty)
Room 2 is now clean.
Returning to Room 1 to check if it has become dirty again:
Room 1 is already clean.
Room 1 is clean after checking.
```

Knowledge base entailment

Code

from sympy import symbols, And, Not, Implies, satisfiable

```
def create_knowledge_base():
  # Define propositional symbols
  p = symbols('p')
  q = symbols('q')
  r = symbols('r')
  # Define knowledge base using logical statements
  knowledge\_base = And(
     Implies(p, q), # If p then q
     Implies(q, r), # If q then r
    Not(r) # Not r
  )
  return knowledge_base
def query_entails(knowledge_base, query):
  # Check if the knowledge base entails the query
  entailment = satisfiable(And(knowledge_base, Not(query)))
  # If there is no satisfying assignment, then the query is entailed
  return not entailment
if __name__ == "__main__":
  # Create the knowledge base
  kb = create_knowledge_base()
```

```
# Define a query
query = symbols('p')

# Check if the query entails the knowledge base
result = query_entails(kb, query)

# Display the results
print("Knowledge Base:", kb)
print("Query:", query)
print("Query entails Knowledge Base:", result)
```

```
Knowledge Base: ~r & (Implies(p, q)) & (Implies(q, r))
Query: p
Query entails Knowledge Base: False
```

Knowledge base resolution

```
import re
def main(rules, goal):
  rules = rules.split(' ')
  steps = resolve(rules, goal)
  print('\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t')
  print('-' * 30)
  i = 1
  for step in steps:
     print(f' \{i\} \t \{step\} \t \{steps[step]\} \t')
     i += 1
def negate(term):
  return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]
def reverse(clause):
  if len(clause) > 2:
     t = split_terms(clause)
     return f'\{t[1]\}v\{t[0]\}'
  return "
def split_terms(rule):
  exp = '(\sim *[PQRS])'
  terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
  return terms
split_terms('~PvR')
```

```
def contradiction(goal, clause):
  contradictions = [f'\{goal\}v\{negate(goal)\}', f'\{negate(goal)\}v\{goal\}']
  return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions
def resolve(rules, goal):
  temp = rules.copy()
  temp += [negate(goal)]
  steps = dict()
  for rule in temp:
     steps[rule] = 'Given.'
  steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
  i = 0
  while i < len(temp):
     n = len(temp)
     j = (i + 1) \% n
     clauses = []
     while j != i:
        terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
        terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
        for c in terms1:
           if negate(c) in terms2:
              t1 = [t \text{ for } t \text{ in terms } 1 \text{ if } t != c]
              t2 = [t \text{ for } t \text{ in terms } 2 \text{ if } t != negate(c)]
              gen = t1 + t2
              if len(gen) == 2:
                if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                   clauses += [f'\{gen[0]\}v\{gen[1]\}']
                else:
                   if contradiction(goal,f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}'):
```

```
temp.append(f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}')
                     steps["] = f"Resolved \{temp[i]\} and \{temp[j]\} to \{temp[-1]\}, which is in
turn null. \
                     \nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true.
Hence, {goal} is true."
                     return steps
             elif len(gen) == 1:
               clauses += [f'\{gen[0]\}']
             else:
               if contradiction(goal,f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}'):
                  temp.append(f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}')
                  steps["] = f"Resolved \{temp[i]\} and \{temp[j]\} to \{temp[-1]\}, which is in
turn null. \
                  \nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence,
{goal} is true."
                  return steps
        for clause in clauses:
          if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
             temp.append(clause)
             steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.'
       j = (j + 1) \% n
     i += 1
  return steps
rules = 'Rv \sim P Rv \sim Q \sim RvP \sim RvQ' \#(P \wedge Q) <=>R : (Rv \sim P)v(Rv \sim Q) \wedge (\sim RvP) \wedge (\sim RvQ)
goal = 'R'
main(rules, goal)
```

Step	p Clause Derivation		
1.	Rv∼P	Given.	
2.	Rv~Q	Given.	
3.	~RvP	Given.	
4.	~RvQ	Given.	
5.	~R	Negated conclusion.	
6.		Resolved Rv~P and ~RvP to Rv~R, which is in turn null.	
A contradiction is found when ∼R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.			

Unification

Code

```
import re
def getAttributes(expression):
  expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
  expression = "(".join(expression)
  expression = expression[:-1]
  expression = re.split("(?<!\(.),(?!.\))", expression)
  return expression
def getInitialPredicate(expression):
  return expression.split("(")[0]
def isConstant(char):
  return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1
def isVariable(char):
  return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
  attributes = getAttributes(exp)
  for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
     if val == old:
       attributes[index] = new
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
  return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
```

def apply(exp, substitutions):

```
for substitution in substitutions:
     new, old = substitution
     exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
  return exp
def checkOccurs(var, exp):
  if exp.find(var) == -1:
     return False
  return True
def getFirstPart(expression):
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  return attributes[0]
def getRemainingPart(expression):
  predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression) \\
  attributes = getAttributes(expression)
  newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
  return newExpression
def unify(exp1, exp2):
  if exp1 == exp2:
     return []
  if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
     if exp1 != exp2:
       return False
```

```
if isConstant(exp1):
  return [(exp1, exp2)]
if isConstant(exp2):
  return [(exp2, exp1)]
if is Variable(exp1):
  if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):
     return False
  else:
     return [(exp2, exp1)]
if is Variable(exp2):
  if checkOccurs(exp2, exp1):
     return False
  else:
     return [(exp1, exp2)]
if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
  print("Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified")
  return False
attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
  return False
head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
```

```
if not initial Substitution:
     return False
  if attributeCount1 == 1:
     return initialSubstitution
  tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
  tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)
  if initialSubstitution != []:
     tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
     tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)
  remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
  if not remaining Substitution:
     return False
  initialSubstitution.extend(remainingSubstitution)
  return initialSubstitution
exp1 = "knows(A,x)"
exp2 = "knows(y,Y)"
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)
```

PS C:\Users\Hp\Desktop\Madhusoodan> python -u "c:\Users\Hp\Desktop\Madhusoodan\lab.py"
Substitutions:
[('A', 'y'), ('Y', 'x')]
PS C:\Users\Hp\Desktop\Madhusoodan>

FOL to CNF

```
def getAttributes(string):
  expr = ' ([^{\wedge})] + )'
  matches = re.findall(expr, string)
  return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]
def getPredicates(string):
  expr = '[a-z\sim]+\([A-Za-z,]+\)'
  return re.findall(expr, string)
def Skolemization(statement):
  SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'\{chr(c)\}' \text{ for } c \text{ in range}(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
  matches = re.findall('[\exists].', statement)
  for match in matches[::-1]:
     statement = statement.replace(match, ")
     for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
        attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
        if ".join(attributes).islower():
          statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
  return statement
import re
def fol_to_cnf(fol):
  statement = fol.replace("=>", "-")
  expr = ' ([ ( [ ^ ] ] + ) ) '
  statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
  for i, s in enumerate(statements):
```

```
if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
    statements[i] += ']'

for s in statements:
    statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
    while '-' in statement:
    i = statement.index('-')
    br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
        new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + '|' + statement[i+1:]
    statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0 else new_statement
    return Skolemization(statement)

print(fol_to_cnf("bird(x)=>~fly(x)"))
print(fol_to_cnf("∃x[bird(x)=>~fly(x)]"))
```

Forward Chaining

```
import re
def isVariable(x):
  return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()
def getAttributes(string):
  expr = ' ([^{\wedge})] + )'
  matches = re.findall(expr, string)
  return matches
def getPredicates(string):
  expr = '([a-z\sim]+)\backslash([^{\&}]+\backslash)'
  return re.findall(expr, string)
class Fact:
  def __init__(self, expression):
     self.expression = expression
     predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
     self.predicate = predicate
     self.params = params
     self.result = any(self.getConstants())
  def splitExpression(self, expression):
     predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
     params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('()').split(',')
     return [predicate, params]
```

```
def getResult(self):
     return self.result
  def getConstants(self):
     return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]
  def getVariables(self):
     return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]
  def substitute(self, constants):
     c = constants.copy()
     f = f'' \{ self.predicate \} (\{ ', '.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in \} \} ) \}
self.params])})"
     return Fact(f)
class Implication:
  def __init__(self, expression):
     self.expression = expression
     l = expression.split('=>')
     self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
     self.rhs = Fact(l[1])
  def evaluate(self, facts):
     constants = \{\}
     new_lhs = []
     for fact in facts:
        for val in self.lhs:
          if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
             for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                if v:
                  constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
```

```
new_lhs.append(fact)
     predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
     for key in constants:
        if constants[key]:
          attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
     expr = f'{predicate}{attributes}'
     return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None
class KB:
  def __init__(self):
     self.facts = set()
     self.implications = set()
  def tell(self, e):
     if '=>' in e:
        self.implications.add(Implication(e))
     else:
        self.facts.add(Fact(e))
     for i in self.implications:
        res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
        if res:
          self.facts.add(res)
  def query(self, e):
     facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
     i = 1
     print(f'Querying {e}:')
     for f in facts:
        if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
          print(f'\setminus t\{i\}, \{f\}')
```

```
def display(self):
    print("All facts: ")
    for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f\t{i+1}. {f}')

kb = KB()
kb.tell('missile(x)=>weapon(x)')
kb.tell('missile(M1)')
kb.tell('enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)')
kb.tell('american(West)')
kb.tell('enemy(Nono,America)')
kb.tell('owns(Nono,M1)')
kb.tell('missile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)')
kb.tell('american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)=>criminal(x)')
kb.query('criminal(x)')
```

i += 1