Practical_Machine_Learning_Human_Activity_Project

Venkat

8/11/2019

Overview

In this project, our goal is to use data from accelerometers on the belt, forearm, arm, and dumbell of 6 participants. They were asked to perform barbell lifts correctly and incorrectly in 5 different ways.

More information is available from the website here: http://groupware.les.inf.puc-rio.br/har (see the section on the Weight Lifting Exercise Dataset).

Data Processing

The data for this project come from this source: http://groupware.les.inf.puc-rio.br/har

###Load the data and alalyze

```
train_file="./data/pml-training.csv"
test_file="./data/pml-testing.csv"
train_url <- "http://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-training.csv"
test_url <- "http://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-testing.csv"
#check if file exists, else download it
if(!file.exists(train_file))
{
 download.file(train_url,train_file,method="auto")
}
if(!file.exists(test_file))
{
 download.file(test url,test file,method="auto")
##Load the data and Analyze
#train_data <- read.csv(train_file)</pre>
#head(train_data)
#dim(train_data)
#colnames(train_data)
## The data contains spaces, NA and DIV/O values. make them na
train_data <- read.csv(train_file, na.strings=c("", " ","#DIV/0!","NA"))</pre>
test_data <- read.csv(test_file, na.strings=c("", " ","#DIV/0!","NA"))</pre>
dim(train_data)
## [1] 19622
              160
#sapply(train_data, class)
str(head(train_data,10))
                   10 obs. of 160 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ X
                            : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ user_name
                             ## $ raw_timestamp_part_1
                            : int 1323084231 1323084231 1323084231 1323084232 1323084232 1323084232
```

```
: int 788290 808298 820366 120339 196328 304277 368296 440390 484323 484
## $ raw_timestamp_part_2
                           : Factor w/ 20 levels "02/12/2011 13:32",...: 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
## $ cvtd_timestamp
                          : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
## $ new window
                                11 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
## $ num_window
                           : int
## $ roll belt
                           : num
                                 1.41 1.41 1.42 1.48 1.48 1.45 1.42 1.42 1.43 1.45
## $ pitch_belt
                          : num 8.07 8.07 8.07 8.05 8.07 8.06 8.09 8.13 8.16 8.17
                                -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4
## $ yaw belt
                          : num
## $ total_accel_belt
                           : int
                                 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
##
   $ kurtosis_roll_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ kurtosis_picth_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ kurtosis_yaw_belt
                           : logi NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ skewness_roll_belt
                           : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ skewness_roll_belt.1
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ skewness_yaw_belt
                           : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ max_roll_belt
                           : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ max_picth_belt
                           : int
                                 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ max_yaw_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ min roll belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ min_pitch_belt
                          : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ min yaw belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ amplitude_roll_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ amplitude_pitch_belt
                          : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ amplitude_yaw_belt
                           : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                           : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ var total accel belt
## $ avg_roll_belt
                           : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ stddev_roll_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ var_roll_belt
                           : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ avg_pitch_belt
## $ stddev_pitch_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ var_pitch_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                                 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ avg_yaw_belt
                           : num
## $ stddev_yaw_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ var_yaw_belt
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ gyros_belt_x
                                : num
## $ gyros_belt_y
                                0 0 0 0 0.02 0 0 0 0
                          : num
## $ gyros_belt_z
                          : num -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.03 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 0
## $ accel belt x
                          : int
                                -21 -22 -20 -22 -21 -21 -22 -22 -20 -21
## $ accel_belt_y
                          : int
                                4 4 5 3 2 4 3 4 2 4
## $ accel_belt_z
                          : int
                                 22 22 23 21 24 21 21 21 24 22
## $ magnet_belt_x
                                -3 -7 -2 -6 -6 0 -4 -2 1 -3
                          : int
## $ magnet_belt_y
                          : int 599 608 600 604 600 603 599 603 602 609
## $ magnet_belt_z
                                -313 -311 -305 -310 -302 -312 -311 -313 -312 -308
                          : int
## $ roll arm
                          : num
                                ## $ pitch_arm
                          : num 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.1 22.1 22 21.9 21.8 21.7 21.6
## $ yaw_arm
                          : num
                                ## $ total_accel_arm
                                 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34
                          : int
## $ var_accel_arm
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ avg_roll_arm
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ stddev_roll_arm
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ var_roll_arm
                                NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                           : num
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ avg_pitch_arm
## $ stddev pitch arm
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ var_pitch_arm
                          : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## $ avg_yaw_arm
                           : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
```

```
NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
   $ stddev_yaw_arm
                            : num
##
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
   $ var_yaw_arm
                            : niim
                                   ##
   $ gyros arm x
                            : num
##
                                  0 -0.02 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03 -0.03 -0.03 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03
   $ gyros_arm_y
                            : num
##
   $ gyros_arm_z
                            : num
                                   -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 0.02 0 0 0 0 -0.02 -0.02
##
                                   $ accel arm x
                            : int
##
   $ accel arm y
                            : int
                                   109 110 110 111 111 111 111 111 109 110
##
   $ accel_arm_z
                            : int
                                   -123 -125 -126 -123 -123 -122 -125 -124 -122 -124
##
   $ magnet_arm_x
                            : int
                                   -368 -369 -368 -372 -374 -369 -373 -372 -369 -376
##
   $ magnet_arm_y
                            : int
                                   337 337 344 344 337 342 336 338 341 334
##
   $ magnet_arm_z
                            : int
                                   516 513 513 512 506 513 509 510 518 516
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ kurtosis_roll_arm
                            : num
##
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
   $ kurtosis_picth_arm
                            : num
   $ kurtosis_yaw_arm
##
                            : num
                                   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
   $ skewness_roll_arm
                            : num
##
   $ skewness_pitch_arm
                                   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                            : num
##
   $ skewness_yaw_arm
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                            : num
##
   $ max roll arm
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                            : num
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ max_picth_arm
                            : num
##
   $ max yaw arm
                            : int
                                   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ min_roll_arm
                            : num
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
  $ min_pitch_arm
                            : num
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ min_yaw_arm
                            : int
##
   $ amplitude roll arm
                            : num
                                   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ amplitude_pitch_arm
                            : num
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
   $ amplitude_yaw_arm
                            : int
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ roll_dumbbell
                                   13.1 13.1 12.9 13.4 13.4 ...
                            : num
##
   $ pitch_dumbbell
                            : num
                                   -70.5 -70.6 -70.3 -70.4 -70.4
##
   $ yaw_dumbbell
                            : num
                                  -84.9 -84.7 -85.1 -84.9 -84.9 ...
                           : num
##
   $ kurtosis_roll_dumbbell
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ kurtosis_picth_dumbbell : num
                                   NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ kurtosis_yaw_dumbbell
                            : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
##
   $ skewness_roll_dumbbell
                            : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ skewness_pitch_dumbbell : num
##
   $ skewness yaw dumbbell
                            : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
##
   $ max_roll_dumbbell
                            : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
  $ max picth dumbbell
                            : num
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ max_yaw_dumbbell
                            : num
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
   $ min_roll_dumbbell
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
                            : num
## $ min_pitch_dumbbell
                                  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
                            : num
  $ min yaw dumbbell
                            : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
##
   $ amplitude roll dumbbell : num NA NA
     [list output truncated]
```

Clean the data - remove identifying columns, zero value columns

After further looking at the data we see that the starting 7 columns are identifying and window columns. Also there are columns that are completely zero and will not contribute to the analysis.

```
train_data <- train_data[, -c(1:7)]
test_data <- test_data[, -c(1:7)]
dim(train_data)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 19622 153
```

```
### Now select the rows that has column sums greater then zero
train_data <- train_data[, colSums(is.na(train_data)) == 0]</pre>
dim(train data)
## [1] 19622
              53
test_data <- test_data[, colSums(is.na(test_data)) == 0]
dim(test_data)
## [1] 20 53
str(head(train_data,10))
                  10 obs. of 53 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ roll_belt
                       : num 1.41 1.41 1.42 1.48 1.48 1.45 1.42 1.42 1.43 1.45
                       : num 8.07 8.07 8.07 8.05 8.07 8.06 8.09 8.13 8.16 8.17
## $ pitch_belt
## $ yaw_belt
                              -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4 -94.4
                       : num
## $ total_accel_belt
                       : int
                              3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
## $ gyros_belt_x
                              : num
                              0 0 0 0 0.02 0 0 0 0
## $ gyros_belt_y
                       : num
## $ gyros_belt_z
                       : num
                              -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.03 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 0
## $ accel_belt_x
                       : int
                             -21 -22 -20 -22 -21 -21 -22 -22 -20 -21
## $ accel_belt_y
                             4 4 5 3 2 4 3 4 2 4
                       : int
## $ accel belt z
                              22 22 23 21 24 21 21 21 24 22
                       : int
                       : int
                             -3 -7 -2 -6 -6 0 -4 -2 1 -3
## $ magnet belt x
## $ magnet_belt_y
                       : int
                             599 608 600 604 600 603 599 603 602 609
## $ magnet_belt_z
                              -313 -311 -305 -310 -302 -312 -311 -313 -312 -308
                       : int
## $ roll_arm
                              : num
## $ pitch_arm
                       : num
                              22.5 22.5 22.5 22.1 22.1 22 21.9 21.8 21.7 21.6
## $ yaw arm
                       : num
                              ## $ total_accel_arm
                             34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34
                       : int
## $ gyros_arm_x
                       : num
                              ## $ gyros_arm_y
                              0 -0.02 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03 -0.03 -0.03 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03
                       : num
## $ gyros_arm_z
                       : num
                              -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 0.02 0 0 0 0 -0.02 -0.02
## $ accel_arm_x
                              : int
## $ accel_arm_y
                              109 110 110 111 111 111 111 111 109 110
                       : int
## $ accel_arm_z
                       : int
                              -123 -125 -126 -123 -123 -122 -125 -124 -122 -124
## $ magnet_arm_x
                       : int
                              -368 -369 -368 -372 -374 -369 -373 -372 -369 -376
## $ magnet_arm_y
                              337 337 344 344 337 342 336 338 341 334
                       : int
## $ magnet_arm_z
                       : int
                              516 513 513 512 506 513 509 510 518 516
## $ roll_dumbbell
                              13.1 13.1 12.9 13.4 13.4 ...
                       : num
                              -70.5 -70.6 -70.3 -70.4 -70.4 ...
## $ pitch dumbbell
                       : num
## $ yaw dumbbell
                              -84.9 -84.7 -85.1 -84.9 -84.9 ...
                       : num
## $ total_accel_dumbbell: int
                              37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37
## $ gyros_dumbbell_x
                       : num
                             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## $ gyros_dumbbell_y
                              -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02 -0.02
                       : num
                              0 0 0 -0.02 0 0 0 0 0 0
## $ gyros dumbbell z
                       : num
## $ accel_dumbbell_x
                              -234 -233 -232 -232 -233 -234 -232 -234 -232 -235
                       : int
## $ accel_dumbbell_y
                       : int
                              47 47 46 48 48 48 47 46 47 48
## $ accel_dumbbell_z
                       : int
                              -271 -269 -270 -269 -270 -269 -270 -272 -269 -270
## $ magnet_dumbbell_x
                              -559 -555 -561 -552 -554 -558 -551 -555 -549 -558
                       : int
## $ magnet_dumbbell_y
                              293 296 298 303 292 294 295 300 292 291
                       : int
## $ magnet_dumbbell_z
                              -65 -64 -63 -60 -68 -66 -70 -74 -65 -69
                       : num
## $ roll_forearm
                              28.4 28.3 28.3 28.1 28 27.9 27.9 27.8 27.7 27.7
                       : num
## $ pitch_forearm
                       : num
                              -63.9 -63.9 -63.9 -63.9 -63.9 -63.9 -63.8 -63.8 -63.8
```

Models/Algorithms

Partition the training sample data into training and test(cross validation) sets.

```
# create a partition with the training dataset
train_split <- createDataPartition(train_data$classe, p=0.7, list=FALSE)
train_df <- train_data[train_split , ]
validate_df <- train_data[-train_split , ]
## Dimension of Training data
dim(train_df)

## [1] 13737 53

## Dimensions of test/cross validation data
dim(validate_df)

## [1] 5885 53</pre>
```

Decision Tree Algorithm

Train the model on the train data

```
# install and load the rpart & plotting library
set.seed(117)
model_file <- "model_dt.RData"</pre>
if (!file.exists(model_file )) {
  ##How to avoid overfitting? By changing the minbucket size
  model_dt<- rpart(classe ~ ., data=train_df, method="class", minbucket=50)
  # Plot the tree using fancyRpartPlot command defined in rpart.plot package
  prp(model_dt)
  save(model_dt, file = model_file)
} else {
    load(file=model_file, verbose = TRUE)
}
## Loading objects:
##
    model_dt
#model dt
```

Validate the Decision Tree model and compute the accuracy using confusion matrix

```
# Using coinfusion matrix test the accuracy of the model
confusionMatrix(validate_dt, validate_df$classe)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
                Α
                     В
                          С
                               D
                                    Ε
## Prediction
                                   40
           A 1548
                   250
                         73
                             144
                                   78
##
           В
               42
                   650
                              45
                       112
           С
               40
                                   75
##
                   125
                        731
                              85
##
           D
               30
                    68
                         77
                             566
                                   62
##
           Ε
               14
                    46
                         33 124 827
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                 Accuracy: 0.7344
##
                   95% CI: (0.7229, 0.7457)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.2845
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.6612
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 2.2e-16
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                       Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
## Sensitivity
                         0.9247
                                  0.5707
                                           0.7125 0.58714
                                                             0.7643
## Specificity
                         0.8796
                                  0.9416
                                           0.9331 0.95184
                                                             0.9548
## Pos Pred Value
                         0.7533 0.7012
                                          0.6922 0.70486
                                                             0.7921
## Neg Pred Value
                         0.9671 0.9014
                                          0.9389 0.92168
                                                             0.9473
## Prevalence
                         0.2845
                                0.1935
                                           0.1743 0.16381
                                                             0.1839
## Detection Rate
                                           0.1242 0.09618
                                                             0.1405
                         0.2630 0.1105
## Detection Prevalence
                         0.3492 0.1575
                                           0.1794 0.13645
                                                             0.1774
## Balanced Accuracy
                         0.9022 0.7562
                                          0.8228 0.76949
                                                             0.8596
Generalized Boosted Model
```

validate_dt <- predict(model_dt, validate_df, type = "class")</pre>

Train the model on the train data

```
load(file=model_file, verbose = TRUE)
    #model_qbm$finalModel
}
## Loading objects:
     model_gbm
model_gbm$finalModel
## A gradient boosted model with multinomial loss function.
## 150 iterations were performed.
## There were 52 predictors of which 52 had non-zero influence.
Validate the boosted model and compute the accuracy using confusion matrix
validate_gbm <- predict(model_gbm, newdata=validate_df)</pre>
# Using coinfusion matrix test the accuracy of the model
confusionMatrix(validate_gbm, validate_df$classe)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
                 Α
                      В
                            C
                                 D
                                      Ε
##
            A 1658
                     26
                            1
                                 0
                                      4
##
            В
                13 1090
                           27
                                 3
                                      8
            С
                                30
##
                 3
                     22
                          990
                                      8
##
            D
                 0
                      1
                            6
                               928
                                     11
            Ε
##
                 0
                       0
                            2
                                 3 1051
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.9715
                    95% CI: (0.9669, 0.9756)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.2845
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.9639
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                         Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
## Sensitivity
                           0.9904
                                  0.9570
                                             0.9649
                                                       0.9627
                                                                0.9713
## Specificity
                           0.9926
                                    0.9893
                                             0.9870
                                                       0.9963
                                                                0.9990
                                                       0.9810
## Pos Pred Value
                           0.9816
                                    0.9553
                                             0.9402
                                                                0.9953
## Neg Pred Value
                           0.9962
                                    0.9897
                                             0.9925
                                                       0.9927
                                                                0.9936
                                                       0.1638
## Prevalence
                           0.2845
                                    0.1935
                                             0.1743
                                                                0.1839
## Detection Rate
                                    0.1852
                                             0.1682
                                                       0.1577
                                                                0.1786
                           0.2817
## Detection Prevalence
                           0.2870
                                    0.1939
                                             0.1789
                                                       0.1607
                                                                0.1794
```

Random Forest Algorithm

Balanced Accuracy

Random Forest Algorithm on the training data.

0.9915

0.9731

0.9760

0.9795

0.9852

```
model_file <- "model_rf.RData"</pre>
if (!file.exists(model_file )) {
    model_rf <- train(classe ~ ., data=train_df</pre>
                       , method="rf"
                       , preProcess = c("center", "scale") # normalising
                       , trControl = trainControl(method="cv"
                       , number=4 # Folds of training data
                       , verboseIter=TRUE)
               )
    save(model_rf, file = model_file)
} else {
    load(file=model_file, verbose = TRUE)
}
## Loading objects:
    model_rf
model_rf
## Random Forest
##
## 13737 samples
##
      52 predictor
       5 classes: 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E'
##
## Pre-processing: centered (52), scaled (52)
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (4 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 10303, 10303, 10303, 10302
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
    mtry Accuracy
                      Kappa
##
     2
           0.9890079 0.9860940
##
     27
           0.9888620 0.9859095
     52
           0.9842759 0.9801089
##
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was mtry = 2.
Test out model on the validation data
Now that we have a model trained on the train data, Evaluate the algorithm efficiency on the test dataset.
# prediction on Test dataset
predict_rf <- predict(model_rf, newdata=validate_df)</pre>
confusion_metrix <- confusionMatrix(predict_rf, validate_df$classe)</pre>
confusion_metrix
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
```

set.seed(117)

##

##

##

Reference

B 0 1137

A 1674

В

0

C

0

0 0

D

0

Ε

0

Prediction A

```
##
            C
                  0
                       2 1026
                                 9
##
            D
                 0
                       0
                            0
                               955
                                       0
            Ε
##
                            0
                                 0 1081
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                   Accuracy: 0.998
                     95% CI : (0.9964, 0.9989)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.2845
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                      Kappa: 0.9974
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                         Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
                           1.0000
                                     0.9982
                                              1.0000
                                                        0.9907
                                                                  0.9991
## Sensitivity
## Specificity
                           1.0000
                                     1.0000
                                              0.9975
                                                        1.0000
                                                                  1.0000
## Pos Pred Value
                           1.0000
                                     1.0000
                                              0.9884
                                                        1.0000
                                                                 1.0000
## Neg Pred Value
                           1.0000
                                     0.9996
                                              1.0000
                                                        0.9982
                                                                  0.9998
## Prevalence
                           0.2845
                                     0.1935
                                              0.1743
                                                        0.1638
                                                                  0.1839
## Detection Rate
                           0.2845
                                     0.1932
                                              0.1743
                                                        0.1623
                                                                  0.1837
## Detection Prevalence
                           0.2845
                                     0.1932
                                              0.1764
                                                        0.1623
                                                                  0.1837
## Balanced Accuracy
                           1.0000
                                     0.9991
                                              0.9988
                                                        0.9953
                                                                  0.9995
```

Generate the test Data Output

Now that we have a working model now, predict the classe for the test data supplied along with the exercise.

Here based on the comparision of the 3 algorithms provided, we are going to predict using the random forest, since it has the highest accuracy.

```
predict(model_rf, newdata=test_data)

## [1] B A B A A E D B A A B C B A E E A B B B

## Levels: A B C D E
```