

Section 1.1 – Cell Biology

Levels of Organization

Atoms and molecules

★ Cells

★ Tissues

★ Organs

★ Organ systems

Organism

Population

Community

Ecosystem

Biome

Biosphere

Prokaryotic Cells

- Considered the first cells
- Very primitive cells
- No membrane bound nucleus or organelles
- Can carry out most cellular functions but not as efficient
- Exist today, we know them as bacteria

Eukaryotic Cells

- Highly organized cells
- Have membrane bound nucleus and organelles
- Perform cellular functions in specialized structures
- Are found in animals, plants, protists (single cell organisms) and fungi
- Many types of specialized cells

The Model cell:

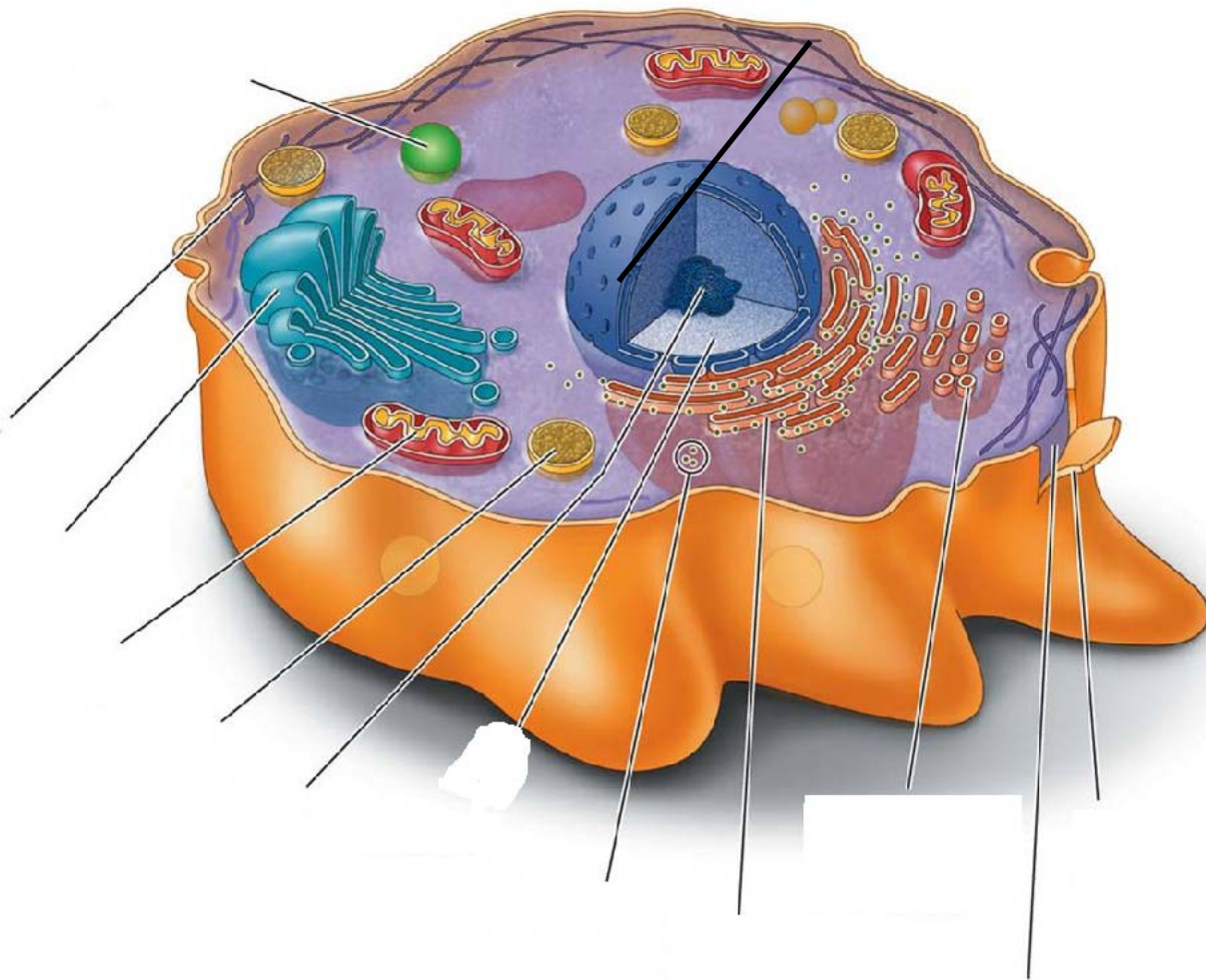
STRUCTURE OF AN ANIMAL CELL

Use the provided word bank to label the structure of the provided animal cell.

Nucleolus
Cytoskeleton
Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum
Nuclear Envelope

Ribosome
Golgi Apparatus
Lysosome
Vesicle

Mitochondria
Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum
Cell Membrane
Cytosol



STRUCTURE OF A PLANT CELL

Use the provided word bank to label the structure of the provided a plant cell.

Nucleolus
Cytoskeleton
Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum
Nuclear Envelope

Ribosome
Golgi Apparatus
Lysosome
Vesicle

Mitochondria
Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum
Cell Membrane
Cytosol



Make a Table in your notebook

Organelle -spelling counts	Function -use proper terminology	Appearance (Make a diagram)	Life process or analogy of what it does -something that you can remember

Life Processes

- Intake of nutrients
- Movement
- Growth
- Response to stimuli
- Exchange of gases
- Waste removal
- Reproduction
- etcetera

QUESTIONS:

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