SCH3U Charles Law Worksheet

- 1. Give the temperature-volume law both in words and in the form of an equation.
- 2. How is the volume of a gas affected by a decrease in temperature?
- 3. What would be the new volume if the temperature on 450 mL of gas is changed from 45°C to -5°C?
- 4. A sample of gas whose volume at 27°C is 0.127 L, is heated at constant pressure until its volume becomes 317 mL. What is the final temperature of the gas in Celsius and kelvin?
- 5. To make 300 mL of oxygen at 20.0°C change its volume to 250 mL, what must be done to the sample if its pressure and mass are to be held constant?
- 6. To what temperature must an ideal gas at 27°C be cooled to reduce its volume by 1/3?
- 7. From the data in the following questions calculate the missing quantity.

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a) V_1 = 22.4 L; T_1 = 0°C; T_2 = 91°C; V_2 = ? L
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- b) $V_1 = 125 \text{ mL}$; $T_1 = ?$; $T_2 = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_2 = 100 \text{ mL}$
- c) $V_1 = ? L$; $T_1 = 400 K$; $T_2 = 175 K$; $V_2 = 6.20 L$
- d) $V_1 = 250 \text{ mL}$; $T_1 = 298 \text{ K}$; $T_2 = ? \text{ K}$; $V_2 = 273 \text{ mL}$
- 8. A 50 cm³ sample of a gas in a syringe at 15°C is heated to 50°C and the syringe's piston is allowed to move outward against a constant atmospheric pressure. Calculate the new volume of the hot gas.
- 9. What is the final volume if 3.4 L of nitrogen gas at 400 K is cooled to 200 K and kept at the same pressure?
- 10. Determine the final volume of 20 L of a gas whose temperature changes from -73 $^{\circ}$ C to 327 $^{\circ}$ C if the pressure remains constant.
- 11. A partially filled plastic balloon contains 3.4 X 10³ m³ of helium gas at 5°C. The noon day sun heats this gas to 37°C. What is the volume of the balloon if atmospheric pressure remains constant?