

## 6.3B

# Solutions for 6.3A Extra Practice Questions: Concentration

Use concentration as a conversion factor to calculate the quantity requested in each question below. Communicate your problem-solving approach, including units and correct certainty.

1. Cow's milk contains 4.5 g of lactose per 100 mL of milk. What mass of lactose is present in 250 mL (one glass) of milk?

$$m_{\text{lactose}} = 250 \text{ mL} \times \frac{4.5 \text{ g}}{100 \text{ mL}} = 11 \text{ g}$$

2. A 10% W/V salt solution is used for making pickles. What mass of salt is present in 750 mL of this solution?

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = 750 \text{ mL} \times \frac{10 \text{ g}}{100 \text{ mL}} = 75 \text{ g}$$

3. A 250 mL measuring cup of cleaning solution contains 1.2 mol of dissolved ammonia. What is the molar concentration of this solution?

$$C_{\text{NH}_3} = \frac{1.2 \text{ mol}}{0.250 \text{ L}} = 4.8 \text{ mol/L}$$

4. Fish require a concentration of about 4.5 ppm (4.5 mg/L) of dissolved oxygen in water. What volume of water would contain 100 mg of oxygen?

$$v_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 100 \text{ mg} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{4.5 \text{ mg}} = 22 \text{ L}$$

5. What volume of concentrated, 14.6 mol/L phosphoric acid would contain 2.00 mol of solute?

$$v_{\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4} = 2.00 \text{ mol} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{14.6 \text{ mol}} = 0.137 \text{ L}$$

6. What mass of table salt is needed to prepare 1.20 L of 5.20 mol/L solution?

$$n_{\text{NaCl}} = 1.20 \text{ L} \times \frac{5.20 \text{ mol}}{1 \text{ L}} = 6.24 \text{ L}$$

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = 6.24 \text{ L} \times \frac{58.44 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 365 \text{ g}$$

7. What is the molar concentration of zinc nitrate if 94.2 g of solute is dissolved to make 2.00 L of solution?

$$n_{\text{Zn(NO}_3)_2} = 94.2 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{189.40 \text{ g}} = 0.497 \text{ mol}$$

$$C_{\text{Zn(NO}_3)_2} = \frac{0.497 \text{ mol}}{2.00 \text{ L}} = 0.249 \text{ mol/L}$$