Name	Period

GAS STOICHIOMETRY WORKSHEET

Please answer the following on <u>separate paper</u> using proper units and showing all work. Please note that these problems require a **balanced chemical equation**.

- 1. Carbon monoxide reacts with oxygen to produce carbon dioxide. If 1.0 L of carbon monoxide reacts with oxygen at STP,
 - a. how many liters of oxygen are required to react?
 - b. How many liters of carbon dioxide are produced?
- 2. Acetylene gas (C₂H₂) undergoes combustion to produce carbon dioxide and water vapor.
 - a. How many liters of C₂H₂ are required to produce 75.0 L of CO₂?
 - b. What volume of H₂O is produced?
 - c. What volume of O₂ is required?
- 3. If liquid carbon disulfide (CS₂) reacts with 450 mL of oxygen to produce the gases carbon dioxide and sulfur dioxide, what volume of each product is produced?
- 4. Assume that 5.60 L of hydrogen gas at STP reacts with copper (II) oxide according to the following balanced equation:

$$CuO(s) + H_2(g) \rightarrow Cu(s) + H_2O(g)$$

- a. How many moles of H₂ react?
- b. How many moles of copper are produced?
- c. How many grams of copper are produced?
- 5. Assume that 8.5 L of iodine gas (I_2) are produced at STP according to the following balanced equation:

$$2 \text{ KI (aq)} + \text{ Cl}_2 (g) \rightarrow 2 \text{ KCI (aq)} + \text{ I}_2 (g)$$

- a. How many moles of l_2 are produced?
- b. How many moles of KI were used?
- c. How many grams of KI were used?
- Solid iron (III) hydroxide decomposes to produce iron (III) oxide and water vapor. If 0.75 L of water vapor are produced at STP,
 - a. How many grams of iron (III) hydroxide were used?
 - b. How many grams of iron (III) oxide were produced?
- 7. Solid iron reacts with sulfuric acid (H₂SO₄) to produce iron (II) sulfate and hydrogen gas. If 650 mL of hydrogen gas are collected at STP, how many grams of iron (II) sulfate are also produced?

8. Assume that 13.5 grams of solid aluminum react with HCl according to the following balanced equation at STP:

$$2 \text{ Al (s)} + 6 \text{ HCl (aq)} \rightarrow 2 \text{ AlCl}_3 \text{ (aq)} + 3 \text{ H}_2 \text{ (g)}$$

- a. How many moles of Al react?
- b. How many moles of H₂ are produced?
- c. How many liters of H₂ are produced?
- 9. If air is 20.9% oxygen by volume,
 - a. How many liters of **air** are needed to complete the combustion of 25.0 L of octane vapor (C₈H₁₈) at STP?
 - b. What volume of each product is produced?

The following problems deal with reactions that do not occur at STP:

10. Ammonium sulfate, an important fertilizer, can be prepared by the reaction of ammonia with sulfuric acid according to the following balanced equation:

$$2 NH_3 (g) + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow (NH_4)_2SO_4 (aq)$$

Calculate the volume of NH₃ (in liters) needed at 20°C and 25.0 atm to react with 150 kg of H₂SO₄.

- 11. If 45.0 L of natural gas, which is essentially methane (CH₄), undergoes complete combustion at 730 mm Hg and 20°C, how many grams of each product are formed?
- 12. Fritz Haber, a German chemist, discovered a way to synthesize ammonia gas (NH₃) by combining hydrogen and nitrogen gases at extremely high temperatures and pressures.
 - a. Write the balanced equation for this reaction.
 - b. If 10 kg of nitrogen combines with excess hydrogen at 550°C and 250 atm, what volume of ammonia gas is produced?
- 13.A 3.25 gram sample of solid calcium carbide (CaC₂) reacts with water to produce acetylene gas (C₂H₂) and aqueous calcium hydroxide. If the acetylene was collected over water at 17°C and 740.0 mm Hg, how many milliliters of acetylene were produced?

ANSWERS TO PROBLEMS

Problem 1:

- a. 0.5 L O₂
- b. 1.0 L CO₂

Problem 2:

- a. $37.5 L C_2H_2$
- b. 37.5 L H₂O
- c. 93.75 L O₂

Problem 3:

 $CO_2 = 150 \text{ mL}, SO_2 = 300 \text{ mL}$

Problem 4:

- a. 0.25 mol H₂
- b. 0.25 mol Cu
- c. 15.88 Cu

Problem 5:

- a. 0.38 mol l₂
- b. 0.76 mol KI
- c. 126.2 g Kl

Problem 6:

- a. 2.35 g Fe(OH)₃
- b. 1.76 Fe₂O₃

Problem 7: 4.40 g FeSO₄

Problem 8:

- a. 0.5 mol Al
- b. 0.75 mol H₂
- c. 16.8 L H₂

Problem 9:

- a. 312.5 L O₂
- b. $CO_2 = 200 L$, $H_2O = 225 L$

Problem 10: 2945 L NH₃

Problem 11:

 $CO_2 = 79.2$ grams, $H_2O = 64.8$ grams

Problem 12:

- a. $3 H_2 + N_2 \rightarrow 2 NH_3$
- b. 193 liters NH₃

Problem 13: 1250 mL C₂H₂