Public Health Strategies to Prevent Disease [section 3.2 pages 102 - 109]

- 1. What is a vaccine?
- 2. What are the two benefits of the influenza vaccine?
- 3. What are the contributions of the three levels in government to develop public health strategies?
- 4. Name the prevention programs administered in Ontario.
- 5. What does the saying, "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" mean to you?
- 6. Define the term Immunization.
- 7. What argument is there for not getting vaccinated? How are the rights of the individual compared to that of society?
- 8. What is the difference between HIV and AIDS?
- 9. What is important about the HPV?
- 10. What are some beneficial aspects of the following public health strategies:
 - a. Smoke Free Ontario
 - b. Healthy Lifestyles Outdoors
 - c. Cancer Screening
 - d. DNA Screening
- 11. What are the arguments against DNA screening?
- 12. How are personal choice, public programs and education connected in terms of public health strategies?

Social and Ethical Issues in Systems Biology [section 3.3 pages 112 – 118]

- 1. Why is there such a need for organs in Canada?
- 2. What organs can a human being donate while still alive?
- 3. Summarizing fig 3.30 pg 114, how does gene therapy work?
- 4. Define the following terms:
 - a. Cloning
 - b. Grafting
 - c. Reproductive cloning
 - d. Gene cloning
 - e. Therapeutic cloning
- 5. What is a transgenic organism?
- 6. What are four benefits to transgenic organisms?
- 7. What is the difference between artificial insemination and in vitro fertilization?