

## 2. Chemistry is the study of matter

- Matter - anything that has a mass and volume.
- mass - number of particles that a substance contains. Weight describes how the particles are affected by gravity  
Mass never changes, weight changes
- density

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- volume - the amount of space the particles occupy
  - liquids - use a graduated cylinder
    - Unit: litres, millilitres
  - Solids - "length x width x height"  
Unit:  $\text{cm} \times \text{cm} \times \text{cm}$   
 $= \text{cm}^3$
  - Water - 1 gram occupies 1 ml of space

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### 3. Density

- Describes the amount of particles that occupies a certain amount of space

**floating** – things that have low density will float in stuff that has high density.

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**formula:**  $\text{Density} = \frac{\text{Mass (g)}}{\text{Volume}}$

**unit :**  $D = \frac{\text{g}}{\text{ml}}$  liquids

$D = \frac{\text{g}}{\text{cm}^3}$  solid

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# GUESS method

G - given

U - unknown

E - equation

S - solution

S - statement

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Ex. #1 on worksheet

$$G = V = 4 \text{ cm}^3 \quad m = 20 \text{ g}$$

$$U = D$$

$$E = D = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$S = D = \frac{20 \text{ g}}{4 \text{ cm}^3} \\ = 5 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

S = The density  
of the mineral  
sample is  
 $5 \text{ g/cm}^3$

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