## **Unmasked Air Conduction Audiometry Test**

Client Name: QQQQBBBB DOB: 07/11/2014

Employer Name: Mineral Resources

Audiometric Officer Name:

Date of Audiometric Test: 27/11/2014 Test Centre: REDiMED

Here are the results of your hearing test and what they mean.

What is an audiogram?

An audiogram shows the softest level at which a person

can hear a range of different pure tones.

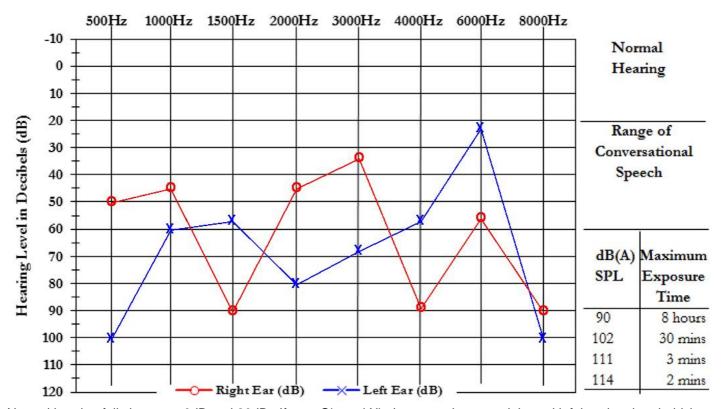
Here is your audiogram:

Hearing Level dB

| Frequency (Hz) | 500Hz | 1000Hz | 1500Hz | 2000Hz | 3000Hz | 4000Hz | 6000Hz | 8000Hz |
|----------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Right Ear (dB) | 50    | 45     | 90     | 45     | 34     | 89     | 56     | 90     |
| Left Ear (dB)  | 100   | 60     | 57     | 80     | 68     | 57     | 23     | 100    |

## Audiogram

## Frequency in Hertz (Hz)



Normal hearing falls between 0dB and 20dB. If your O's and X's (representing your right and left hearing thresholds) are within this range you are said to have normal hearing. If the thresholds are below the 20dB line you have some degree of hearing loss - the further down the chart the greater the degree of hearing loss.

Degrees of hearing loss are defined as:

Mild Loss: 25-45dB

Moderate Loss: 45-65dB

Severe Loss: 65-90dB

Profound Loss >90dB

All the major sounds of speech are in the 20dB to 60dB range. If your own hearing thresholds show some degree of hearing loss you may have difficulty hearing some speech sounds some of the time (and other environmental sounds as well). See your doctor or an audiologist for more information about your hearing.