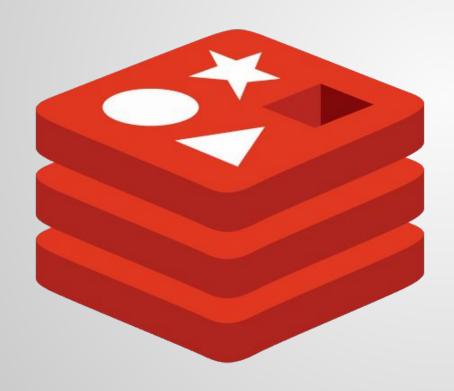
UPenn & Redis Workshop

Beats by Redis



Savannah Norem &

Justin Castilla



Savannah Norem

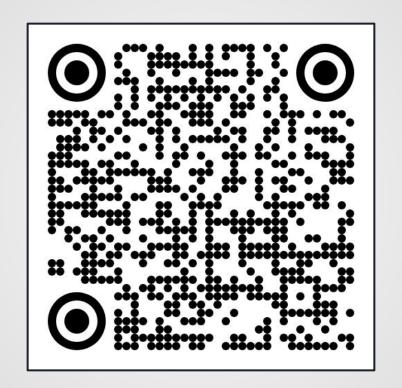
Developer Advocate, Redis



Justin Castilla

Developer Advocate, Redis

Workshop Repository



github.com/redislabs-training/beats-by-redis-edu

What Are We Doing Here?







Redis Capabilities We're Using





Streams





JSON



Search



Sorted Sets



Time Series

Which Redis To Use?

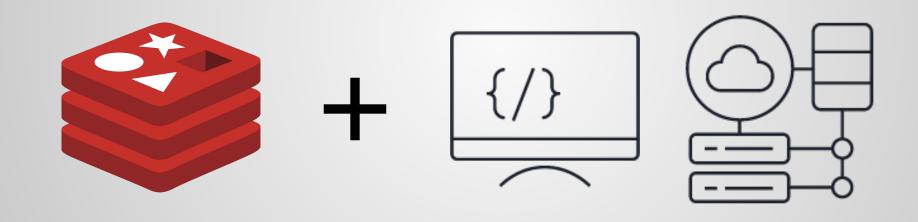
An Overview of Redis Installation Options

OSS Redis

- Has the data structures we know and love.
- Makes an excellent cache, database, or session store.
- Not so good at JSON.
- Searching can be difficult.
- Clustering requires a fair bit of work.

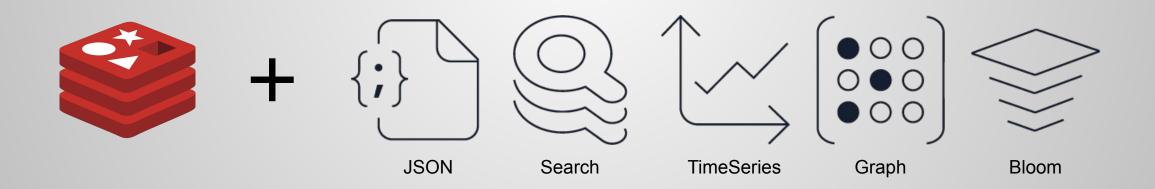


OSS Redis is Extensible



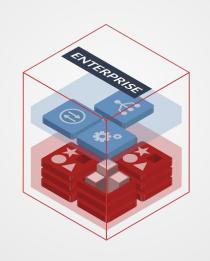
We've Implemented a Few

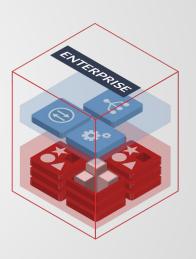


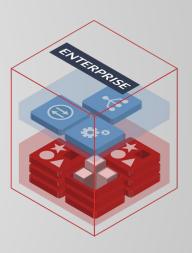


Redis Enterprise

- Includes all the Redis Stack capabilities.
- Takes care of clustering and high availability.
- Easy to use proxy hides the clustering details from us developers.
- On Prem (on your computers)
 or in the Cloud (on our
 computers.)





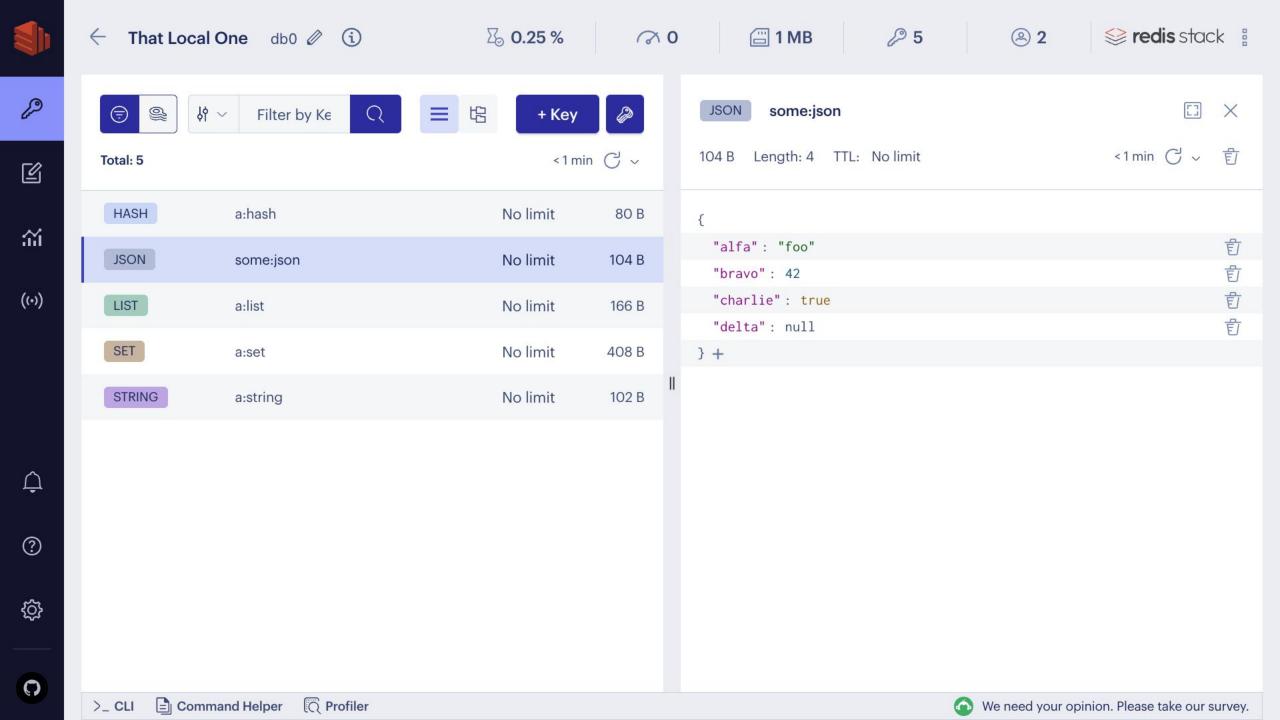


Docker



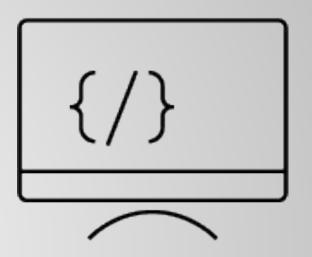






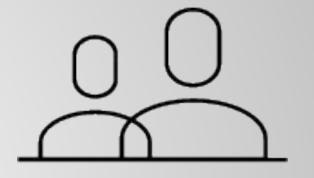
Demo

RedisInsight



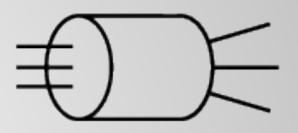
Try Out Redis Insight

Follow the instructions in 01-INSTALLATION.md



Capturing & Querying Events

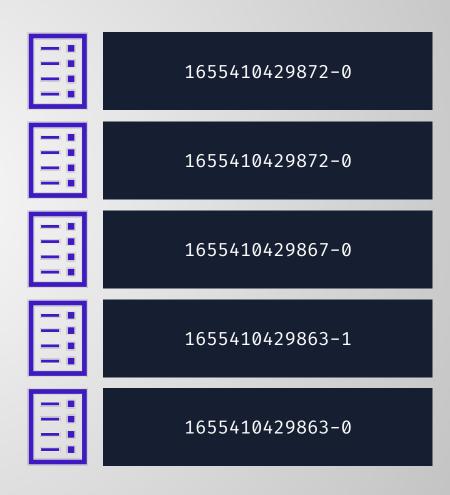
An Overview of Redis Streams



Introduction

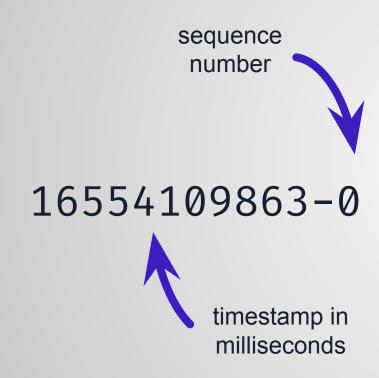
- Series of events containing data and indexed by an ID.
- Chronological by nature.
- Used to capture, monitor, and replay a series of events.
- Makes a decent queue.
- Makes a great microservice bus.











Key	Value
toAccount	5558675309
toAccountName	Always Watching H.O.A.
fromAccount	1580783161
fromAccountDescription	Justin Castilla, Esq.
amount	\$167.34
transactionDate	2023-04-27
transactionType	Authorized



Adding Events

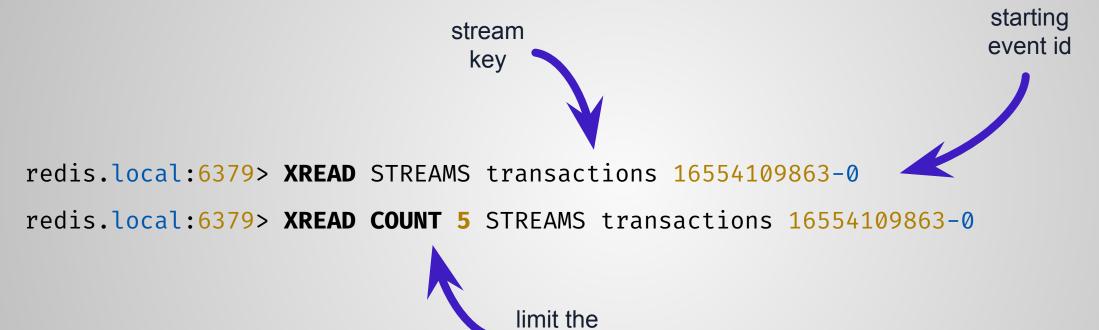


fromAccount 5558675309 toAccount 1580783161 transactionDate 2023-04-27 transactionType Authorized





Reading Events



return



Awaiting Events



redis.local:6379> XREAD BLOCK 1000 STREAMS transactions 16554109863-0

redis.local:6379> XREAD BLOCK 1000 STREAMS transactions \$





Other Commands

```
redis.local:6379> XRANGE transactions 0-0 16554109863-0
redis.local:6379> XDEL transactions 16554109863-0 16554109121-0 16554109121-1
redis.local:6379> XLEN transactions
redis.local:6379> XTRIM transactions MAXLEN 1000
redis.local:6379> XTRIM transactions MINID 16554109863-0
redis.local:6379> XTRIM transactions MAXLEN ~ 1000
redis.local:6379> XTRIM transactions MINID ~ 16554109863-0
```

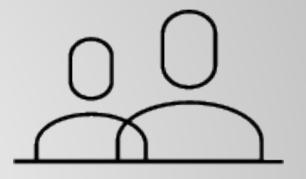
Demo

Redis Streams



Try Out Streams

Follow the instructions in 02-STREAMS.md



Storing JSON the Good Way

An Overview of RedisJSON



{**;**}

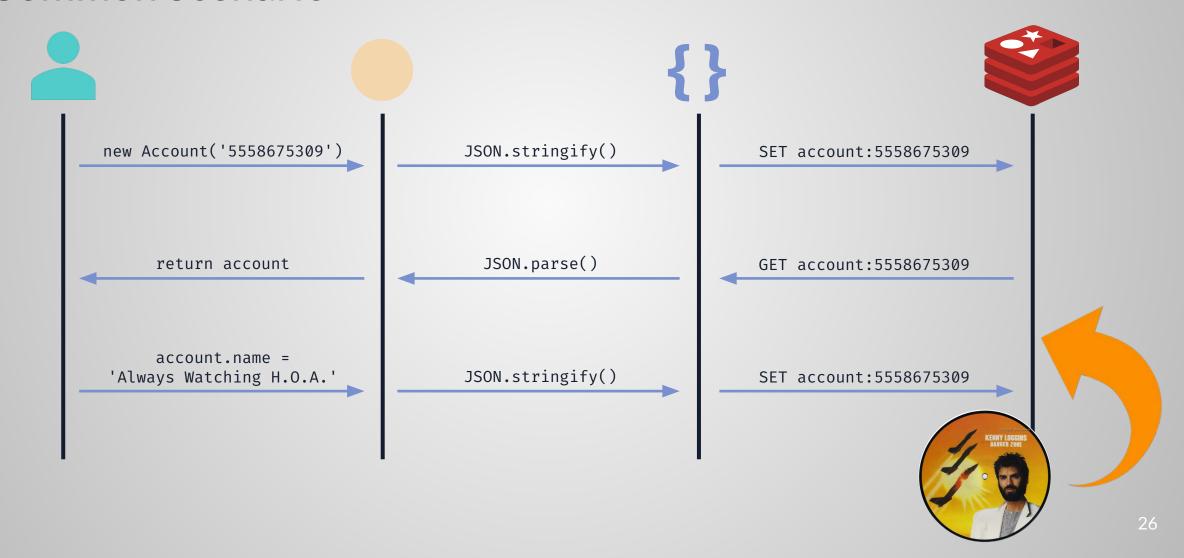
Introduction

- Store JSON in Redis as JSON.
- Query all or part of a document using JSONPath.
- Manipulate all or part of a document.
- All operations are atomic.

```
"type": "Authorized",
"date": "2023-04-27",
"amount": 167.34,
"to": {
  "account": "5558675309",
  "name": "Always Watching H.O.A."
"from": {
  "account": "1580783161",
  "name": "Justin Castilla, Esq."
```

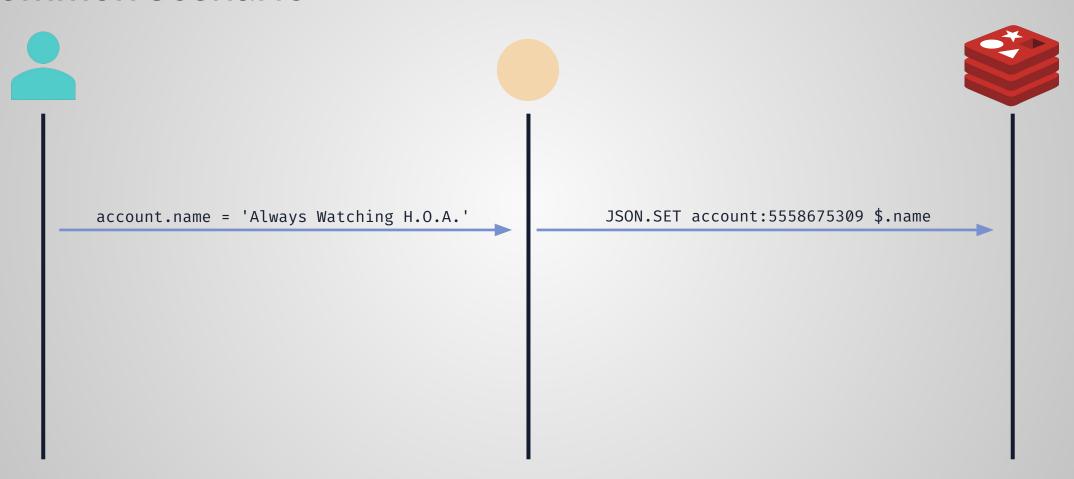


A Common Scenario





A Common Scenario



RedisJSON Writing JSON



```
JSON JSONPath JSON string
```

```
redis.local:6379> JSON.SET account:55558675309 $ '{"account":"5558675309"}'
redis.local:6379> JSON.SET account:5558675309 $.balance 167.34
redis.local:6379> JSON.SET account:5558675309 $.name '"Always Watching H.O.A."'
```





Reading JSON

```
redis.local:6379> JSON.GET account:5558675309
{
  "account": "5558675309",
  "balance": 167.34,
  "name": "Always Watching H.O.A."
redis.local:6379> JSON.GET account:5558675309 $
    "account": "5558675309",
    "balance": 167.34,
    "name": "Always Watching H.O.A."
```



Reading Using JSONPath

```
redis.local:6379> JSON.GET account:5558675309 $.name
  "Always Watching H.O.A."
redis.local:6379> JSON.GET account:5558675309 $.*
  "5558675309",
  167.34,
  "Always Watching H.O.A."
```



Reading Using Multiple JSONPaths

```
redis.local:6379> JSON.GET account:5558675309 $ $.name $.account
      "account": "5558675309",
      "balance": 167.34,
      "name": "Always Watching H.O.A."
  "$.name": [ "Always Watching H.O.A." ],
  "$.account": [ "5558675309" ]
```

RedisJSON Removing JSON



```
removes
                          document
                                                        removes
                                                       root node
redis.local:6379> JSON.DEL account:5558675309
redis.local:6379> JSON.DEL account:5558675309 $
redis.local:6379> JSON.DEL account:5558675309 $.name
                                                          removes
                                                           node
```

RedisJSON Other Commands



```
redis.local:6379> JSON.TYPE account:5558675309 $.balance
redis.local:6379> JSON.TOGGLE account:5558675309 $.overdrawn
redis.local:6379> JSON.ARRAPPEND account:5558675309 $.approvals JC GR TH
redis.local:6379> JSON.NUMINCRBY account:5558675309 $.balance 100
redis.local:6379> JSON.STRLEN account:5558675309 $.name
redis.local:6379> JSON.OBJKEYS account:5558675309 $
redis.local:6379> JSON.MGET account:5558675309 account:6365553226 $.balance
```

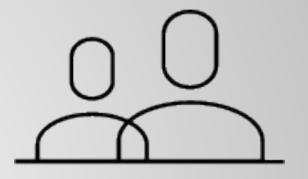
Demo

RedisJSON



Try Out RedisJSON

Follow the instructions in 03-REDIS-JSON.md



Searching & Querying

An Overview of RediSearch



Searching the Bad Way Brute Force





```
redis.local:6379> JSON.GET account:5558675309
redis.local:6379> KEYS account:*
redis.local:6379> SCAN * MATCH account:*
```

Searching the Hard Way

Maintaining Your Own Indices

redis.local:6379> SADD accounts:type:checking

5558675309 6365553226 2015551212

redis.local:6379> SADD accounts:type:savings

5558675310 6365553227 2015551213

redis.local:6379> SADD accounts:overdrawn:true

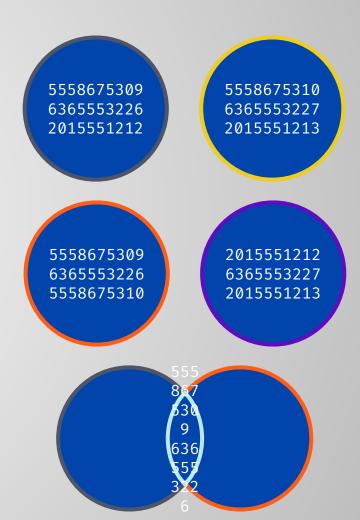
5558675309 6365553226 5558675310

redis.local:6379> SADD accounts:overdrawn:false

2015551212 6365553227 2015551213

redis.local:6379> SINTER accounts:overdrawn:true accounts:type:checking

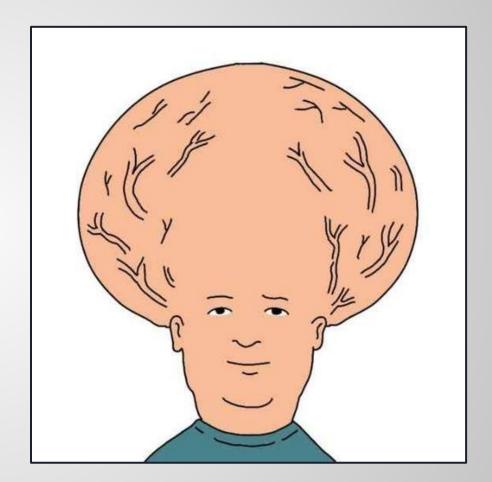




Searching the Smart Way

Introducing RediSearch

- Indexes JSON documents and Hashes.
- Provides full-text search and aggregation.
- Indices are updated automatically when data is updated.





RediSearch

Types of Fields















```
redis.local:6389> FT.CREATE account:index
                       ON JSON
                       PREFIX 1 account:
                                                                     returns
                       SCHEMA
                                                                   multiple items
                          $.description AS description TEXT
                          $.type AS type TAG
                          $.approvals[*] AS approvals TAG
                          $.balance AS balance NUMERIC
              returns
                          $.location AS location GEO
             single item
                                                              longitude first
                                                                in format
                                                              12.34,56.78
```

RediSearch



```
Searching
```

```
redis.local:6379> FT.SEARCH account:index "*"
redis.local:6379> FT.SEARCH account:index "@description:watch"
redis.local:6379> FT.SEARCH account:index "@approvals:{ JC | GR }"
redis.local:6379> FT.SEARCH account:index "@balance: -inf 100 ]"
redis.local:6379> FT.SEARCH account:index "@location:[ 12.34 56.78 10 mi ]"
redis.local:6379> FT.SEARCH account:index "
                     adescription:watching
                     approvals:{ JC | GR }
                     Obalance:[ -inf 100 ]
                     @location:[ 12.34 56.78 10 mi ]"
```





Other Useful Commands

```
redis.local:6379> FT. LIST
redis.local:6379> FT.INFO account:index
redis.local:6379> FT.DROPINDEX account:index
redis.local:6379> FT.AGGREGATE account:index "*"
                     GROUPBY 1 atype REDUCE COUNT 0 AS typeCount
redis.local:6379> FT.EXPLAIN account:index "
                     adescription:watching
                     approvals:{ JC | GR }
                     abalance:[ -inf 100 ]
                     @location:[ 12.34 56.78 10 mi ]"
```

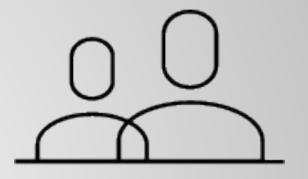
Demo

RediSearch



Try Out RediSearch

Follow the instructions in 04-REDISEARCH.md



Searching & JSON Made Easy

An Introduction to rediso M

Redis OM What's Redis OM



- A layer of abstraction over RediSearch & RedisJSON
- Available for Java, .NET, Node.js, and Python
- We'll cover Redis OM for Node.js

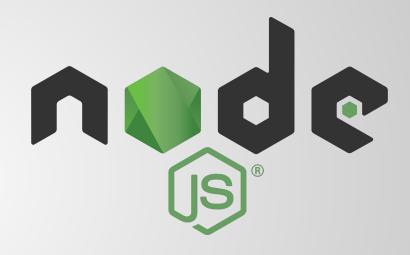
- Built on top of Node Redis
- Supports index creation using Schema
- Enables basic CRUD Operations using Repository
- Provides a fluent search interface using Search

Node Redis

What's Node Redis

- Official and supported Redis client for Node.js
- Supports RedisJSON, RediSearch and all the other Redis modules
- 1-to-1 mapping of Redis commands to JavaScript code





npm install redis

Node Redis Creating a Client



```
import { createClient } from 'redis'

const url = 'redis://alice:foobared@awesome.redis.server:6380'
const redis = createClient({ url })
```

Node Redis Redis URLs



```
redis://:foobared@awesome.redis.server:6380
redis://awesome.redis.server:6380
redis://awesome.redis.server
```

Node Redis Connecting to Redis



```
import { createClient } from 'redis'

const url = 'redis://alice:foobared@awesome.redis.server:6380'
const redis = createClient({ url })

redis.on('error', error ⇒ console.log('Redis Client Error', error))
await redis.connect()
```

Node Redis

Sending Commands to Redis

```
await redis.sAdd('accounts:type:checking',
    [ 5558675309, 6365553226, 2015551212 ])

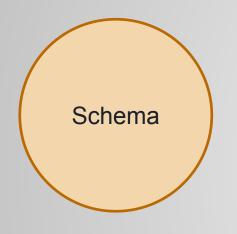
await redis.json.set('account:5558675309', '$', {
    account: '5558675309',
    name: 'Always Watching H.O.A.'
})

const names = await redis.json.get('foo', '$.name')
```



Redis OM Schema and Repository





- Defines the structure of your data
- Used to build indices for RediSearch
- Used to convert
 JavaScript types to and from Redis types



- Provides CRUD operations for your data
- Creates indices for search
- Initiates search using RediSearch



npm install redis-om@beta

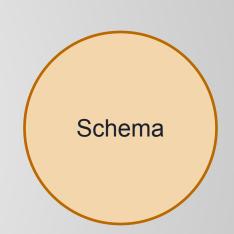
Schemas Creating a Schema

```
redis o M
```

```
const schema = new Schema('transaction', {
                                                maps to
                                                  TAG
           { type: 'string' },
  account:
  approvals: { type: 'string[]' },
  overdrawn: { type: 'boolean' },
                                            maps to
                                             TEXT
             { type: 'text' },
 memo:
             { type: 'number' },
  amount:
                                            maps to
             { type: 'date' },
  date:
                                           NUMERIC
            { type: 'point' }
  location:
                                   maps to
                                    GEO
```

prefixes keys

in Redis



Schemas JSONPath is Implied



```
const schema = new Schema('transaction', {
                                                                 note the
 account: { type: 'string', path: '$.account' },
                                                                  array
 approvals: { type: 'string[]', path: '$.approvals[*]' },
 overdrawn: { type: 'boolean', path: '$.overdrawn' },
           { type: 'text', path: '$.memo' },
 memo:
                              path: '$.amount' },
 amount: { type: 'number',
 date: { type: 'date', path: '$.date' },
 location: { type: 'point', path: '$.location' }
```

Schemas

redis o M

renamed

Can Be Mutated and Nested

```
const schema = new Schema('transaction', {
  account: { type: 'string', path: '$.accountNumber' },
  approvals: { type: 'string[]', path: '$.approvals[*].initials' },
  overdrawn: { type: 'boolean' },
                                path: '$.memo' },
            { type: 'text',
 memo:
                                                               of objects
                                path: '$.details.amount' },
            { type: 'number',
  amount:
                                path: '$.details.date' },
  date:
            { type: 'date',
                                                                      nested
                                                                      objects
                                path: '$.location' }
 location: { type: 'point',
```

Schemas Missing Fields

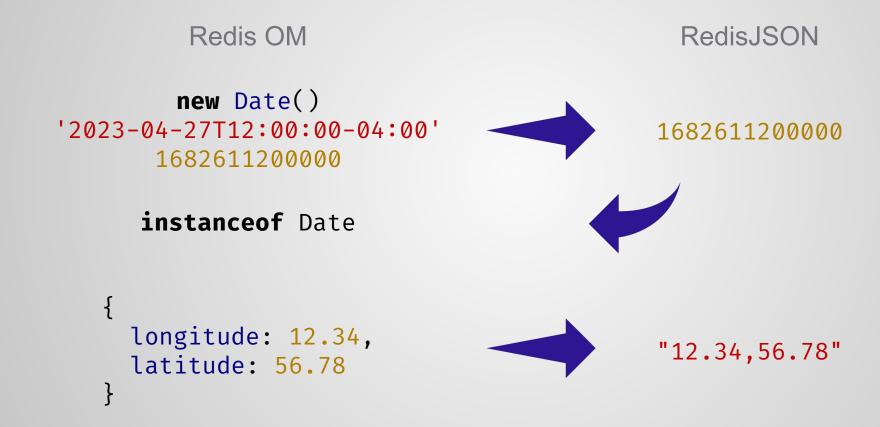




- Missing fields are saved but not indexed and converted to the extent possible
- Strings are Strings
- Numbers are Numbers
- Booleans are Booleans
- Dates & Points are special

Schemas If a Date or Point is Defined





Schemas If a Date or Point is Missing



```
Redis OM

new Date()

'2023-04-27T12:00:00-04:00'

1682611200000

{
longitude: 12.34,
latitude: 56.78
}

RedisJSON

1682611200000

'2023-04-27T12:00:00-04:00'

1682611200000

{
longitude: 12.34,
latitude: 56.78
}
```

Repositories

redis o M

Creating a Repository and Saving an Entity

```
const repository = new Repository(schema, redis)
let transaction = {
  account: "5158675309",
  approvals: [ "JC", "GR" ],
  overdrawn: false,
  memo: "Payment for watching",
  amount: 125.00,
  date: '2023-04-27',
  location: {
    longitude: 12.34,
    latitude: 56.78
transaction = await repository.save(transaction)
```

Repositories

redis o M

What's in an Entity?

```
transaction.account  // "5158675309"
transaction.approvals  // [ "JC", "GR" ]
transaction.overdrawn  // false
transaction.memo  // "Payment for watching"
transaction.amount  // 125.00
transaction.location  // { longitude: 12.34, latitude: 56.78 }
transaction.date  // instanceof Date
transaction[EntityId]  // "01FJYWEYRHYFT8YTEGQBABJ43J"
```

Can I Use My Own EntityID?

```
transaction = await repository.save("5558675309-90210", transaction)
```



Calling Save Again

```
transaction[EntityId] // "5558675309-90210"

transaction.approvals.push('PF')
transaction.memo = "Payment for watching, always watching"
transaction.amount = 250.0

transaction = await repository.save(transaction)
```

Saving an Entity with an EntityID does an upsert

Repositories



Fetching and Removing

```
const transaction = await repository.fetch("5558675309-90210")
```

await repository.remove("5558675309-90210")





Searching Finding All The Things

redis o M

creates (or recreates)

the index

await repository.createIndex()

```
redis.local:6389> FT.CREATE transaction:index
ON JSON
PREFIX 1 transaction:
SCHEMA
```

creates a Search instance

const transactions = await repository.search().return.all()

redis.local:6379> FT.SEARCH transaction:index "*"





Searching

Finding Specific Things

```
redis o M
```



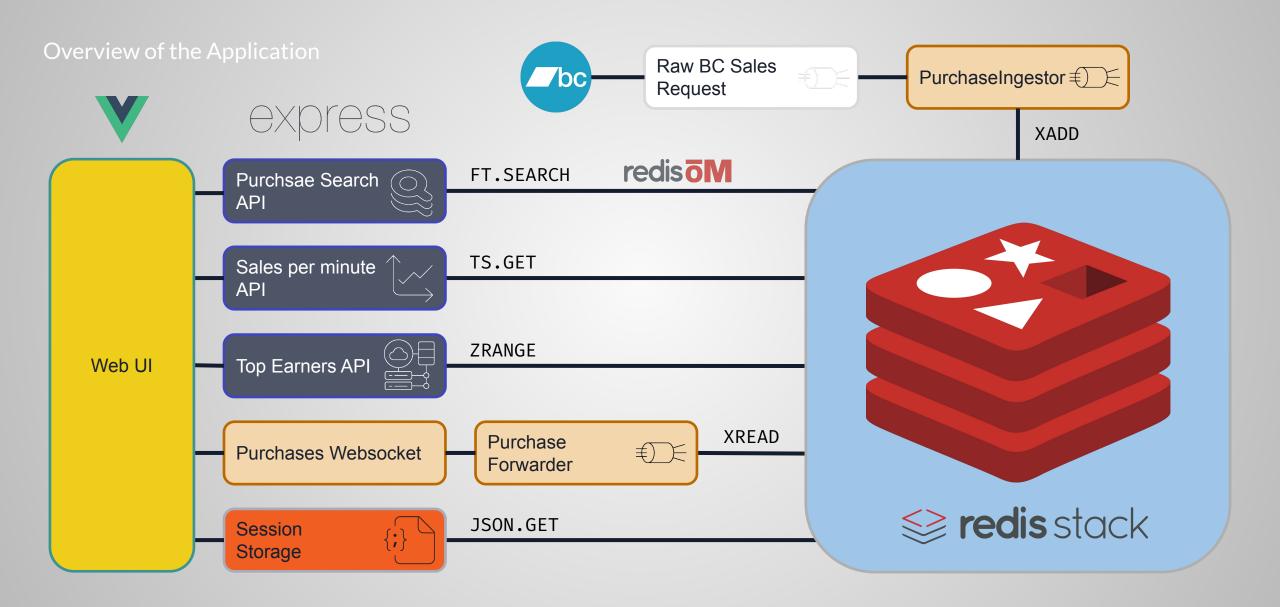
```
const transactions = await repository.search()
  .where('account').equals('5558675309')
                                           // string
    .and('amount').is.greaterThan(20.00)
                                           // number
    .and('overdrawn').is.false()
                                         // boolean
    .and('date').is.after('2023-04-27')
                                       // date
    .and('approvals').contains('JC')
                                     // string[]
    .and('memo').matches('watch')
                                    // full-text search
    .and('location').inRadius(
                                   // point
      circle \Rightarrow circle.origin(12.34, 56.78).radius(10).miles)
         .return.all()
```

Full documentation at github.com/redis/redis-om-node/.

Beats By Redis

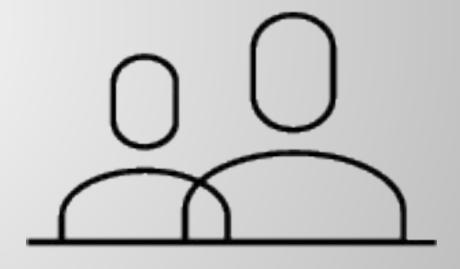
A Simple Application





Complete the Beats-By-Redis API

Follow the instructions in 05-BEATS-BY-REDIS.md



Connect, Learn, Explore



Redis Discord

discord.gg/redis



Redis University

university.redis.com



Redis Cloud

redis.com/try-free

Thank You!

savanna.norem@redis.com

justin.castilla@redis.com

