Hindlegs

frontlegs

词汇量:8000-10000

1.自我介绍personal introduction

2.Read aloud 朗读句子

Content

Pronunciation

Fluency

尾音 -s -ed -ly

Aristocratic-peasant

Philanthropists

Record 名前动后

## 应对策略

A:时间分配：利用30-40s准备时间，快速阅读，了解大概含义。

B:背单词！（6级）

C:理解复杂句的意思和意群

D: 切忌过长停顿，一旦停顿超过3秒

E: 遇到不认识的词，跟着音标”浑水摸鱼”，宁可读错也不能卡住

F:RA部分虽然题目给出的是40秒的朗读时间，但是尽量在35秒以内完成。超过35秒的回答会被机器识别为朗读不流利。

# Repeat sentence

3-9s一句话，15s内重复出来

10-12

要求

1.-内容一样

2.-语音，语调一样

语调

-陈述句降调

-一般疑问句为升调，并列成分前面几个并列一直用升调，最后一个用降调

3.内容语序

-重点词缩略法/首字母法

-意群法

# 看图说话

35s讲完

-Content内容

-

1.map

DI 模板

开头（总）

This graph(the picture)(bar chart,line chart,pie chart etc) illustrates(shows,depicts, give information about…)+标题+年份+单位

主体（分）

As is evident in the bar chart(it is clear to see that, it is obvious to find that, obviously)

First of all(to begin with),we can see that…

Secondly(in the meanwhile, then), according to the graph…

Last but not the least, (in addition, also, what is more,…)

结尾（总）

Overall, In conclusion,in short ,in summary, in general, in nutshell, in general

-Line chart: 趋势，起始，最高，最低，终止点，未来趋势

-Bar/pie chart: **最大**，**最小**，作比较，有时间的话说中间的

Maps: Most areas in 地点/方位 are covered in 颜色，which represents(means/referred to)图标注释

Coclusion: I think further research is required to gain better understanding about 主题

In 1950, housing account for the most/rank the top /,while XXXXX accounted for

In 1950, over 70% of household expenditure went on for housing

Started from 600 in 1950,the rates for man witnessed/experienced a dramatical declined to somewhere around/approximated in 300 in 2000

Start from 1960, Reach its historical peak at 300 in 1975,followed by a lightly decrease to XXX by 2000

Movement(Verbs): UP

-Rose

-Went up

-Increased

-Grew

-Shot up

-surged

-rocketed

Movement(verbs):down

-Fell

-Declined

-Dropped

-Decreased

-Sank

-Went down

-Plunged

-Plummeted

Prepositions

Between ..and

Fell to/by

程度

Slightly

A little

A lot

Sharply

Suddenly

Steeply

Gently

Gradually

steadily

No movement

Remained steady

Were unchanged

Did not change

Remained constant

Remained stable

Stabilized

Levelled off

波动

-Zig-zagged

-fluctuated

-fluttered

-undulated

Tops and bottom

Reached a peak

Peaked

Reached their highest level

Fell to a low

Sank to a trough

Reached a bottom

## 5.Re-tell lecture 40s

3s看题-60s听题-10s间隔-40s答题

60s

1.不要逐字记，注意记要点（名词，动词词组，形容词，数字，年份）

2.听的时候注意理解段落中心（TOPIC）

3.把我逻辑关系(firstly, secondly, what is more)

4.开头和结尾一定要仔细听

5.注意疑问句

6.注意实验结论（”recent research shows that…”’sudies have shown that..’）

7.不需要听具体例子

10s

1.看笔记，找主题

-迅速划出笔记中有用信息，去除无法回忆起原文的笔记

2.排序关键信息

模板

The speaker was discussing TOPIC.

S/He firstly mentioned that 关键词1

S/He then talked about 关键词2

S/He also discussed the way in which 关键词3

In addition, S/he highlighted that 关键词4

S/He pointed out that 关键词5

Firstly/Lastly, S/he suggested that 关键词6

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MIR station