Understand frequencies of words and word pairs

Alexander Alexandrov Friday, May 06, 2016

The first step in building a predictive model for text is understanding the distribution and relationship between the words, tokens, and phrases in the text. The goal of this task is to understand the basic relationships you observe in the data and prepare to build your first linguistic models.

Questions to consider:

- 1. Some words are more frequent than others what are the distributions of word frequencies?
- 2. What are the frequencies of 2-grams and 3-grams in the dataset?
- 3. How many unique words do you need in a frequency sorted dictionary to cover 50% of all word instances in the language? 90%?
- 4. How do you evaluate how many of the words come from foreign languages?
- 5. Can you think of a way to increase the coverage identifying words that may not be in the corpora or using a smaller number of words in the dictionary to cover the same number of phrases?

```
## Loading required package: NLP
```

Load and clean english corpus:

```
set.seed(123)
corpus <- ReadAndCleanCorpus("./data/en_US/", prob=0.001)</pre>
```

Compute term's frequencies:

```
doc.term.matrix <- as.matrix(DocumentTermMatrix(corpus))
term.freq <- colSums(doc.term.matrix)
term.freq <- sort(term.freq, decreasing=TRUE)
head(term.freq)

## just like one get will can
## 240 229 220 211 209 202</pre>
```

Show top100 terms:

```
## Loading required package: RColorBrewer
```

```
wordcloud(names(term.freq)[1:100], term.freq[1:100])
```

thing home youre something work show going ∕happy_{–usa} went getting hope thats thanks ever let got aroundlol feelbetter help sure ive"wantwe to lot many really thank two please wait said house