一、简介

这个是谷歌官方出的控件,使我们可以非常简单的做出列表装的一个控件,当然recyclerview的功能不止这些,它还可以做出瀑布流的效果,这是一个非常强大的控件,内部自带viewholder可以使我们非常简单的完成许多操作,正在一步一步取代listview这个控件,当然它也有一些小的缺点,那就是谷歌官方并没有直接给我写出它的点击事件的接口,但是这并难不倒我们,我们可以自己写一个回调的接口,实现点击事件,在这里我不仅要为大家介绍recyclerview的item的点击事件,还要为大家介绍,一个item中局部的点击事件,还有添加header、footer,还有添加不同类别的item的布局。可以说彻底的读懂了这篇文章,我们对recyclerview就有了一个新的认识了。

二、涉及到的知识点

- item的点击事件
- item里面内容的点击事件
- 为recycler view添加header和footer
- 为item添加不同的布局

三、实现代码

```
* Created by linSir on 16/7/24.管理地址界面的适配器
public class ManageAddressAdapter extends
RecyclerView.Adapter<RecyclerView.ViewHolder> {//在这里我们要继承自官方为我们写好的适配
   public OnTitleClickListener mListener;
   private List<AllAddress> mList; //用户列表
   public ManageAddressAdapter() {
       mList = new ArrayList<>();
   public void setList(List<AllAddress> list) {//从外界传入一个list
       mList.clear();
       mList.addAll(list);
       notifyDataSetChanged();
   }
   @override
   public RecyclerView.ViewHolder onCreateViewHolder(ViewGroup parent, int
viewType) {//重写方法,用上我们下面写好的viewHoler
ManageAddressViewHolder(LayoutInflater.from(parent.getContext()).inflate(R.layou
t.item_manage_address, parent, false));
   @Override public void onBindViewHolder(RecyclerView.ViewHolder holder, int
position) {//在这里我们将数据和控件绑定起来
```

```
ManageAddressViewHolder mHolder = (ManageAddressViewHolder) holder;
        mHolder.userName.setText(mList.get(position).getShipName());
        mHolder.userTel.setText(mList.get(position).getPhone());
        String address = mList.get(position).getProvince() + " " +
mList.get(position).getCity()
               + " " + mList.get(position).getArea() + " " +
mList.get(position).getDetail();
        mHolder.address.setText(address);
        mHolder._default.setOnClickListener(new
ClickListener(String.valueOf(position)));//在这里我们设置了点击事件
   }
   @Override public int getItemCount() {
        return mList.size();
   }
    public static class ManageAddressViewHolder extends RecyclerView.ViewHolder
{
        private TextView userName;
        private TextView userTel;
        private TextView address;
        private TextView _default;
        public ManageAddressViewHolder(View itemView) {
            super(itemView);
            userName = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.manage_userName);
            userTel = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.manage_userTel);
            address = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.manage_userAddress);
           _default = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.manage_default);
   }
   public class ClickListener implements View.OnClickListener {//在这里我们重写了点
击事件
        private String id;
        public ClickListener(String id) {
           this.id = id;
        @Override public void onClick(View view) {
           if (mListener != null) {
               mListener.onTitleClick(id);
        }
    }
    public void setOnTitleClickListener(OnTitleClickListener listener) {//自己写了
一个方法,用上我们的接口
```

```
mListener = listener;
}

public interface OnTitleClickListener {//自己写了一个点击事件的接口
void onTitleClick(String id);
}
```

通过以上的代码,我们已经为recyclerView里面的item里面的textview添加成功了点击事件,我们只需要在调用它的界面实现这个接口,然后重写点击事件的方法,就可以实现这个textview的点击事件了,下面我们一起看一下代码:

```
/**
* Created by linSir on 16/7/24.管理地址界面
public class ManageAddressActivity extends AppCompatActivity implements
ManageAddressAdapter.OnTitleClickListener {//实现上文我们写好的点击事件的接口
   private ManageAddressAdapter mAdapter;
   private List<AllAddress> list;
   @BindView(R.id.manage_address_recyclerView) RecyclerView mRecyclerView;
   @Override protected void onCreate(@Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_manage);
       ButterKnife.bind(this);
       list = new ArrayList<AllAddress>();
       mAdapter = new ManageAddressAdapter();
       LinearLayoutManager linearLayoutManager = new LinearLayoutManager(this);
       mAdapter.setOnTitleClickListener(this);//声明一下
       mRecyclerView.setAdapter(mAdapter);
       mRecyclerView.setLayoutManager(linearLayoutManager);//这里千万不要了为
recyclerview设置布局
   }
   @OnClick(R.id.back_manage_address)
   public void back() {
       finish();
   @OnClick(R.id.manage_add_address)
   public void add() {
       Intent intent = new Intent(ManageAddressActivity.this,
EditAddress.class);
       startActivity(intent);
   }
   @override
   protected void onResume() {
       super.onResume();
       final HttpResultListener<List<AllAddress>> listener;
```

```
listener = new HttpResultListener<List<AllAddress>>() {
           @override
           public void onSuccess(List<AllAddress> allAddresses) {
               Toast.makeText(ManageAddressActivity.this, "获取收货成功",
Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
               mAdapter.setList(allAddresses);
               list = allAddresses;
           }
           @override
           public void onError(Throwable e) {
               Log.i("lin", "----lin----> 获取收货地址失败 " + e.toString());
           }
       };
       ApiService5.getInstance().allAddress(listener, 1);
    }
   @Override public void onTitleClick(String id) {//这里便是我们重写了的点击事件
       Log.i("lin", "----lin----> onTitleClick 的 id " + id);
   }
}
```

以上的代码,我们实现了,为recyclerView的一个item中的textview添加的点击事件,下面我要为大家介绍一下,如何为recyclerView中item添加不同的布局文件,并且如何为item整个添加点击事件:

```
/**
* Created by lin_sir on 2016/7/7.部分商品的展示,的适配器
public class BuyerRecyclerAdapter extends
RecyclerView.Adapter<RecyclerView.ViewHolder> {
   public static final int FOOTER_TYPE = 0;//最后一个的类型
   public static final int HAS_IMG_TYPE = 1;//有图片的类型
   private List<FamousPageModel> dataList;
   private ProgressBar mProgress;
   private TextView mNoMore;
   public BuyerRecyclerAdapter() {
       dataList = new ArrayList<>();
   }
   public void addData(List<FamousPageModel> list) {
       dataList.addAll(list);
       notifyDataSetChanged();
   }
   @override
    public RecyclerView.ViewHolder onCreateViewHolder(ViewGroup parent, int
viewType) {
       if (viewType == FOOTER_TYPE) {
           return new
FooterItemViewHolder(LayoutInflater.from(parent.getContext()).inflate(R.layout.i
tem_footer, parent, false));
```

```
} else {
            return new
BuyerItemViewHolder(LayoutInflater.from(parent.getContext()).inflate(R.layout.it
em_buyer, parent, false));
       }
   }
   @override
   public void onBindViewHolder(RecyclerView.ViewHolder holder, int position) {
       int type = getItemViewType(position);
       if (type == FOOTER_TYPE) {
            bindFooterView((FooterItemViewHolder) holder);
       } else {
           bindView((BuyerItemViewHolder) holder, dataList.get(position));
       }
   }
   @override
   public int getItemViewType(int position) {
       if (position + 1 == getItemCount()) {
            return FOOTER_TYPE;
       } else {
            FamousPageModel news = dataList.get(position);
            return HAS_IMG_TYPE;
       }
   }
   private void bindView(BuyerItemViewHolder holder, FamousPageModel data) {
       String productName = data.getProductName();
       String[] products = productName.split(" ");
       if (products.length != 1) {
            productName = products[1] + " 等商品";
       }
       String count = data.getNum();
       int sum = 0;
       String[] counts = count.split(" ");
       if (counts.length == 2) {
            sum = Integer.parseInt(counts[0]) + Integer.parseInt(counts[1]);
            count = String.valueOf(sum);
       }
       if (counts.length == 3) {
            sum = Integer.parseInt(counts[0]) + Integer.parseInt(counts[1]) +
Integer.parseInt(counts[2]);
           count = String.valueOf(sum);
       }
       holder.count.setText(count);
       holder.goods_name.setText(productName);
       holder.price.setText(data.getTotal());
       if (data.getUser() != null) {
            holder.user_name.setText(data.getUser().getName());
       }
```

```
String imgUrl = data.getPicture();
        if (imgUrl != null) {
            ImageUtil.requestImg(BaseApplication.get().getAppContext(), imgUrl,
holder.img);
        }
//
Picasso.with(BaseApplication.get().getAppContext()).load(data.getPicture()).into
(holder.img);
   }
    @override
    public int getItemCount() {
        return dataList == null ? 0 : dataList.size() + 1;
    }
    public static class BuyerItemViewHolder extends RecyclerView.ViewHolder {
        private ImageView img;
        private TextView price;
        private TextView goods_name;
        private TextView count;
        private TextView user_name;
        public BuyerItemViewHolder(View itemView) {
            super(itemView);
            img = (ImageView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.iv_user_item_buyer2);
            price = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.tv_product_price);
            goods_name = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.tv_product_name);
            count = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.tv_product_number);
            user_name = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.tv_user_name);
       }
    }
    /**
     * 刷新列表
     */
    public void refreshList(List<FamousPageModel> list) {
        dataList.clear();
        dataList.addAll(list);
        notifyDataSetChanged();
    }
    /**
     * 加载更多
    */
    public void loadMoreList(List<FamousPageModel> list) {
        dataList.addAll(list);
        notifyDataSetChanged();
    }
```

```
/**
     * 显示没有更多
    public void showNoMore() {
        if (getItemCount() > 0) {
            if (mProgress != null && mNoMore != null) {
                mNoMore.setVisibility(View.VISIBLE);
                mProgress.setVisibility(View.GONE);
           }
       }
   }
   /**
    * 显示加载更多
    */
    public void showLoadMore() {
        if (mProgress != null && mNoMore != null) {
           mProgress.setVisibility(View.VISIBLE);
           mNoMore.setVisibility(View.GONE);
       }
   }
    private void bindFooterView(FooterItemViewHolder viewHolder) {
        mProgress = viewHolder.mProgress;
        mNoMore = viewHolder.tvNoMore;
   }
    public static class FooterItemViewHolder extends RecyclerView.ViewHolder {
        private ProgressBar mProgress;
        private TextView tvNoMore;
        public FooterItemViewHolder(View itemView) {
            super(itemView);
            mProgress = (ProgressBar)
itemView.findViewById(R.id.pb_footer_load_more);
            tvNoMore = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.tv_footer_no_more);
        }
   }
    /**
     * 获取点击的 item,如果是最后一个,则返回 null
    public FamousPageModel getClickItem(int position) {
        if (position < dataList.size()) {</pre>
            return dataList.get(position);
        } else {
            return null;
   }
}
```

在这里我们首先重写了getItemViewType,这里面我目前只写了两种类型,那就是带有图片的类型,和不带有图片的类型,并且我让不带图片的类型出现在了最后面,当然大家可以随意的设置,我们只需要根据它们的特征为他们分好类,然后根据不同的类型加载不同的布局文件即可。

```
/**
* Created by lin_sir on 2016/7/7. buyer界面
public class FragmentBuyer extends Fragment implements
SwipeRefreshLayout.OnRefreshListener {
    private static int CURRENT_PAGE = 1;
                                                                   //获取需要请求
的页号
    private RecyclerView recyclerView;
//recyclerview
    private BuyerRecyclerAdapter madapter;
                                                                   //适配器
    private List<FamousPageModel> mlist;
                                                                   //一个装载数据
的集合
    private LinearLayoutManager linearLayoutManager;
//linearLayoutManger
    private HttpResultListener<List<FamousPageModel>> listener;
                                                                   //数据请求的回
调接口
   private SwipeRefreshLayout refreshLayout;
                                                                   //下拉刷新控件
    private boolean isLoadMore;
                                                                   //是否加载更多
   @Nullable
    @override
    public View onCreateView(LayoutInflater inflater, @Nullable ViewGroup
container, @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        View view = inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_buyer, container, false);
        initviews(view);
        initListener();
        refreshData();
        ButterKnife.bind(this, view);
        return view;
   }
    private void initListener() {
        listener = new HttpResultListener<List<FamousPageModel>>() {
            @override
            public void onSuccess(List<FamousPageModel> list) {
               Log.i("lin", "----lin----> refresh success");
                refreshLayout.setRefreshing(false);
               if (isLoadMore) {
                   mlist = list;
                    madapter.loadMoreList(mlist);
                    madapter.notifyDataSetChanged();
                   madapter.showNoMore();
               } else {
                   mlist = list;
                    madapter.refreshList(list);
                   madapter.notifyDataSetChanged();
               }
            }
            @override
            public void onError(Throwable e) {
               Log.i("lin", "----lin----> refresh error " + e.toString());
```

```
refreshLayout.setRefreshing(false);
               madapter.showNoMore();
           }
       };
   }
   private void initviews(View view) {
       mlist = new ArrayList<>();
        refreshLayout = (SwipeRefreshLayout)
view.findViewById(R.id.refresh_news);
        recyclerView = (RecyclerView) view.findViewById(R.id.rv_buyer);
        refreshLayout.setColorSchemeResources(R.color.blue_500,
R.color.purple_500, R.color.green_500);
        refreshLayout.setOnRefreshListener(this);
       linearLayoutManager = new LinearLayoutManager(getActivity());
       linearLayoutManager.setOrientation(OrientationHelper.VERTICAL);
       madapter = new BuyerRecyclerAdapter();
       madapter.addData(mlist);
       recyclerView.setLayoutManager(linearLayoutManager);
        recyclerView.setAdapter(madapter);
        recyclerView.addOnScrollListener(new OnRecyclerScrollListener());
        recyclerView.addOnItemTouchListener(new
RecyclerItemClickListener(getActivity(), onItemClickListener));
   }
   /**
    * 刷新时,默认请求第一页的数据
   private void refreshData() {
        refreshLayout.setRefreshing(true);
       isLoadMore = false;
       CURRENT_PAGE = 1;
       requestData(1);
   }
   /**
    * 加载更多
    */
   private void loadMoreData() {
        refreshLayout.setRefreshing(false);// 加载更多与刷新不能同时存在
       isLoadMore = true;
       requestData(++CURRENT_PAGE);
   }
   public class OnRecyclerScrollListener extends RecyclerView.OnScrollListener
{
       int lastVisibleItem = 0;
       @override
       public void onScrollStateChanged(RecyclerView recyclerView, int newState)
{
            super.onScrollStateChanged(recyclerView, newState);
```

```
if (madapter != null && newState == RecyclerView.SCROLL_STATE_IDLE &&
lastVisibleItem + 1 == madapter.getItemCount()) {
               loadMoreData();
           }
        }
        @override
        public void onScrolled(RecyclerView recyclerView, int dx, int dy) {
            super.onScrolled(recyclerView, dx, dy);
           lastVisibleItem = linearLayoutManager.findLastVisibleItemPosition();
        }
   }
    /**
    * 请求数据
    */
    private void requestData(int page) {
       madapter.showLoadMore();
       ApiService2.getInstance().famous(listener, page);
   }
   @override
    public void onRefresh() {
        refreshData();
    private RecyclerItemClickListener.OnItemClickListener onItemClickListener =
new RecyclerItemClickListener.OnItemClickListener() {//这里我们便实现了点击事件
        @override
        public void onItemClick(View view, int position) {
            Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "您点击的是: " + position,
Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
        }
   };
   @OnClick(R.id.release_distance_buyer)
    public void release() {
        Intent intent = new Intent(getActivity(), ReleaseOrderActivity.class);
        startActivity(intent);
   }
   @Override public void onDestroy() {
        super.onDestroy();
   }
}
```

以上便是根据我最近做的项目粗略的整理了一下,recyclerview的简单用法,在这里我也用到了,下拉刷新,上拉加载更多,等等等等的方法,写这些也是为了让自己在以后遇到同样的需求的时候,可以很快的写出,如果大家也有这些小问题的可以和我一起交流。