

Note: 2 out of 4 lab assignments will be graded and counted towards 20% of the course. Python is the **ONLY** accepted programming language for this course.

WARNING: disciplinary actions (zero mark for the lab, or immediate failure of the course, or academic warning from the university) will be taken for any plagiarism.

Due time: Friday, 6th April, 23:59PM through NTULearn -> MH1402 -> Labs -> LAB3 Submission. You may submit multiple times, only the last version counts. Indicate your Matric Number in all your submission files.

Task: Implementation of Binary Search Tree with the provided TreeNode class, it should support the following functions:

- **search(key):** given a key value, search through the tree, and return the node with such a “key” value; return None if not found.
- **insert(key):** create a new node with “key” value and insert it to the tree, one should search first for the location where it should be inserted to, followed by the insertion procedure.
- **delete(key):** delete the node with “key” value, do no deletion if no such node is found. For replacement:
 - the node does not have any child, no replacement is needed
 - the node has only one child, push the subtree rooted by the child one level up
 - the node has two children, replace it by the leftmost node in the right subtree (note the leftmost node may have a rightChild, which needs to be pushed up by one level also)

Note: if the root is changed in the process, the new root needs to be updated to the “root” variable of this class.

- **searchByRange(minimum, maximum):** return **the list of nodes** of key values in between [minimum, maximum] both inclusive. One can assume the given parameter has already enforced minimum \leq maximum. This function should first locate the node with the smallest possible key value such that key value \geq minimum, followed by looking for all elements by an in-order traversal until the key value of nodes are larger than maximum.