

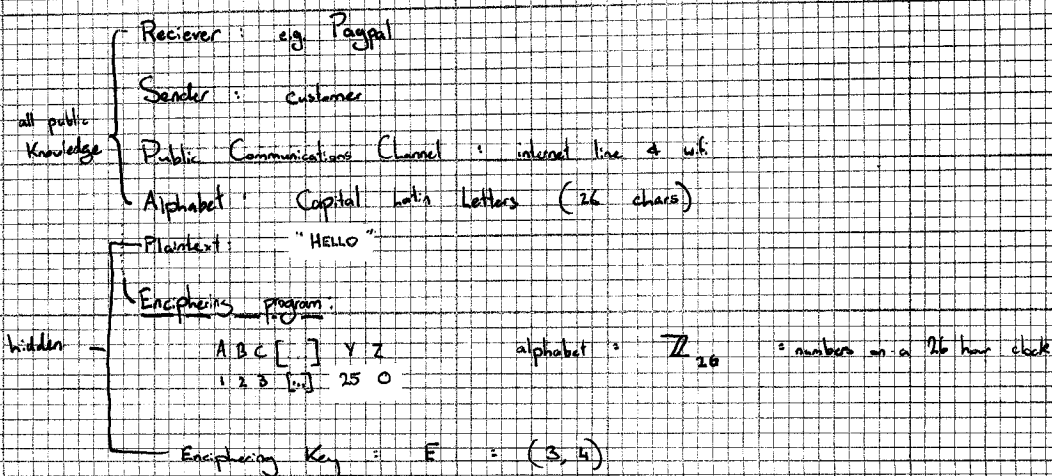
enigma machine \rightarrow cipher keys were rotor positions

modern comms tech \rightarrow long integer

Basic Assumptions

- Enciphering & deciphering programs are public knowledge
- Keys are kept secret
- Enciphered message will be intercepted

First example (note: oversimplified)



ENCIPHERING PROGRAM:

$$f_E: \mathbb{Z}_{26} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{26}, \quad n \mapsto 3n + 4$$

$\hookrightarrow \alpha n + b$, where α and b are given by E

HELLO
 $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$
 8 5 12 12 15

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 (3(8)+4), (3(5)+4), (3(12)+4), (3(12)+4), (3(15)+4) \\
 28 \quad 19 \quad 40 \quad 40 \quad 59 \quad \rightarrow \text{[mod 26]} \\
 \equiv 2 \quad 19 \quad 14 \quad 14 \quad 23 \quad \text{mod 26} \\
 \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\
 B \quad S \quad N \quad N \quad W
 \end{array}$$

ENCIPHERED TEXT: BSNNW
 (ciphertext)

DECIPHERING KEY: D - some pair of integers. (α, β)

Deciphering function: $f_D: \mathbb{Z}_{26} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{26}, \quad n \mapsto \alpha n + \beta$

MA 190 IN THIS EXAMPLE WITH $E: (3, 4)$, what should $D: (d, \beta)$ be?

Encrypt

$$n \mapsto \overbrace{3n + 4}^m$$

Decrypt

$$m \mapsto (m - 4) 3^{-1} \pmod{26}$$

$$\equiv 9(m - 4) \pmod{26}$$

$$f_D(m) \equiv 3^{-1}(m - 4) \pmod{26}$$

$$\equiv 9m - 10 \pmod{26}$$

$$\equiv 9m + 16 \pmod{26}$$

$$\therefore D(9, 16)$$

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↳ gonna put up a podcast about the homework later.

Problem

(note, 0, not @)

You intercept the following ciphertext - "OH7F86BB46R3627026BB9"

And you know the following

1) 37-letter alphabet

↳ 0: 1, 2, [...], 9, A=10, B=11, [...], Z=35, ...

(... is space)

2) An affine cryptosystem is used on single-letter message units with $E(\alpha, \beta)$

$$x \mapsto \alpha x + \beta \pmod{37}$$

3) plaintext ends with pqz

$$\begin{aligned} 7 &\mapsto 9 \\ 0 &\mapsto B \end{aligned}$$

Enciphering Function:

$$x \mapsto \alpha x + \beta \pmod{37}$$

$$0 \mapsto \alpha \cdot 0 + \beta \pmod{37} = B$$

$$11 = \beta$$

$$7 \mapsto \alpha \cdot 7 + 11 \pmod{37} = 9$$

$$7\alpha \equiv 35 \pmod{37}$$

EUCLIDEAN ALGORITHM: $\alpha = 7^{-1} \cdot -2 \pmod{37}$

$$\begin{aligned} 37 &= 5 \cdot 7 + 2 \\ 7 &= 3 \cdot 2 + 1 \end{aligned} \quad \swarrow \text{gcd}$$

$$1 = 7 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$1 = 7 - 3(37 - 5 \cdot 7)$$

$$1 = 16 \cdot 7 - 3 \cdot 37$$

$$1 = 16 \cdot 7 \pmod{37} \rightarrow 7^{-1} \pmod{37} = 16$$

$$\alpha = 7^{-1} \cdot -2$$

$$\alpha = 16 \cdot -2$$

$$\alpha = -32 \equiv 5 \pmod{37}$$

$$[E(5, 11)]$$

$$E: x \mapsto 5x + 11$$

$$D: y \mapsto (y - 11) \cdot 5^{-1}$$

$$y \mapsto (y - 11) \cdot 15$$

$$\hookrightarrow 15y - 12 = 15x + 20$$

$$[D(15, 20)]$$

$$\begin{aligned} 37 &= 7 \cdot 5 + 2 \\ 5 &= 2 \cdot 2 + 1 \end{aligned} \quad \swarrow \text{gcd}$$

$$1 = 5 - 2 \cdot 2$$

$$1 = 5 - 2(37 - 7 \cdot 5)$$

$$1 = 15 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 37$$

$$5^{-1} \equiv 15 \pmod{37}$$

ciphertext: OH7F86BB46R3627026BB9

$$\downarrow$$

$$15 \cdot 24 + 20$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$= 15 \cdot 24$$

$$= 360$$

$$= 360 - 12$$