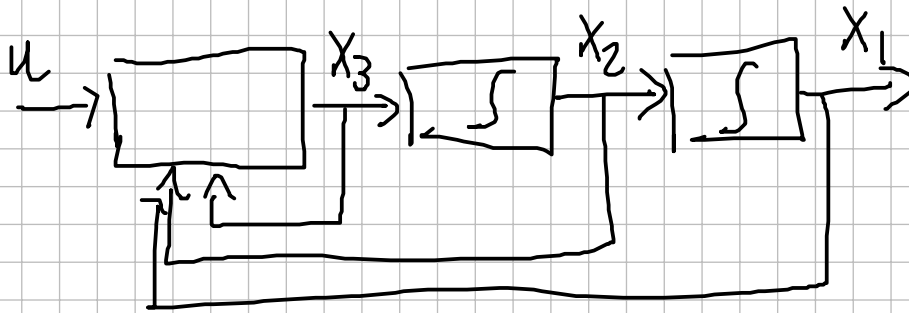


$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = f_1(x_2, x_1)$$



$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = x_3$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = f(x, u)$$

$$c_1 \|x\|^2 \leq V(x) \leq c_2 \|x\|^2$$

$$V(x) = x' P x, \quad D_0 := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : \|x\| < r_0\}$$

$$\dot{f}(x) = \frac{Ax + \sigma(x)x}{\|x\|}$$

$$\dot{V} = \dot{x}' P x + x' P \dot{x} = \underbrace{(x' A' + x' \sigma(x)')}_{} P x + x' P (Ax + \sigma(x)x)$$

$$= \underbrace{x' (A' P + P A)}_{-Q=Q^T > 0} x + \underbrace{x' \sigma(x)' P x + x' P \sigma(x) x}_{\Delta} x$$

$$P = P' > 0 : A' P + P A = -Q \quad \begin{matrix} \exists Q \\ \Downarrow \\ A \text{ is Hurwitz} \end{matrix}$$

$P(Q)$

$$= -x' Q x + \Delta < 0 \text{ in } 0 \text{ (re } \|x\| < r_0)$$

$$\dot{V} \leq -x' Q x + x' (\sigma(x)' P + P \sigma(x)) x$$

$$\leq -\lambda_{\min}(Q) \|x\|^2 + \sqrt{2 \|x\|^2 \lambda_{\max}(P) \cdot L}$$

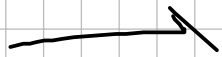
$$\leq -\|x\|^2 \left(\lambda_{\min}(Q) - 2 \lambda_{\max}(P) \cdot L \right) < 0$$

$$L = \sup_{x \in B(0)} \|\sigma(x)\|$$

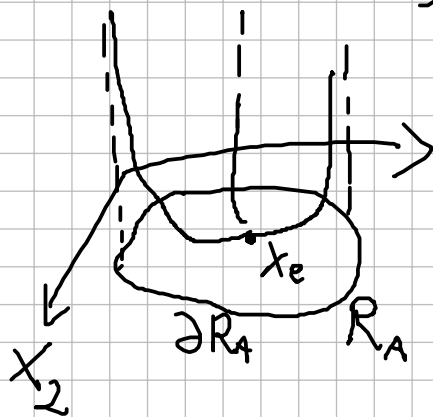
$$K_3 > 0 \text{ in } B(0)$$

$$\dot{V} \leq -K_3 \|x\|^2$$

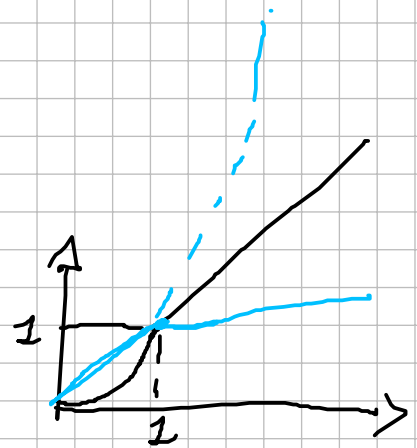
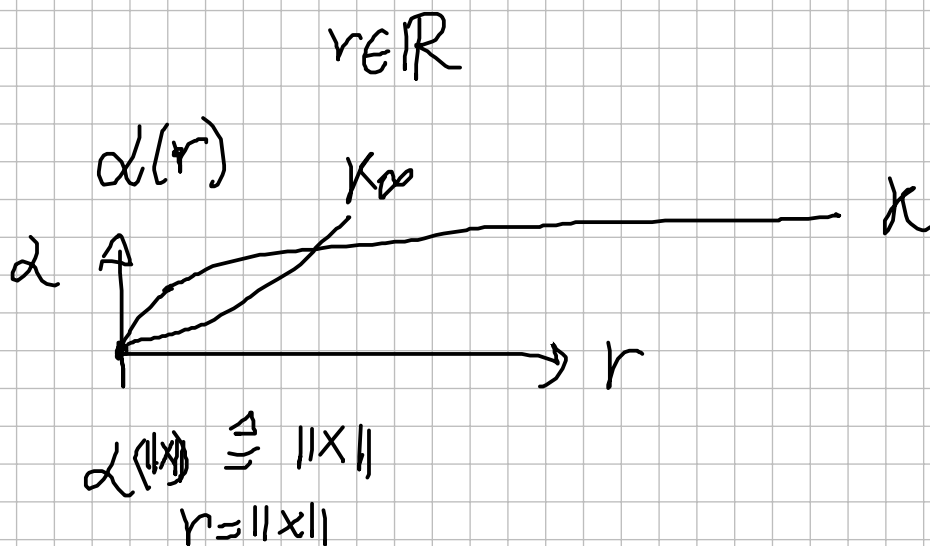
$$\|X(t)\| \leq \delta_1 \|X_0\| e^{-\frac{k_3}{2c_2} t} = \delta_1 \|X_0\| e^{-\lambda t}$$



$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} f(x) \leq -\underbrace{10.1 \|X\|}_{W(x)} \quad \forall x \in R_A$$



x_1
 f locally Lyp.



$$\|X(t)\| \leq \underbrace{C_0 \|X_0\|}_{\substack{\text{||} \triangleright K \text{ L} \\ \beta(\|X_0\|, t) \\ r \text{ ||} s}} e^{-\lambda t} \quad \lambda > 0$$

$t \rightarrow +\infty$

