

# Quiz-7

**Due** Nov 13 at 11:59pm

**Points** 15

**Questions** 14

**Available** Nov 7 at 12am - Nov 13 at 11:59pm

**Time Limit** 20 Minutes

## Instructions

Topic: Chapter 19 - Generics

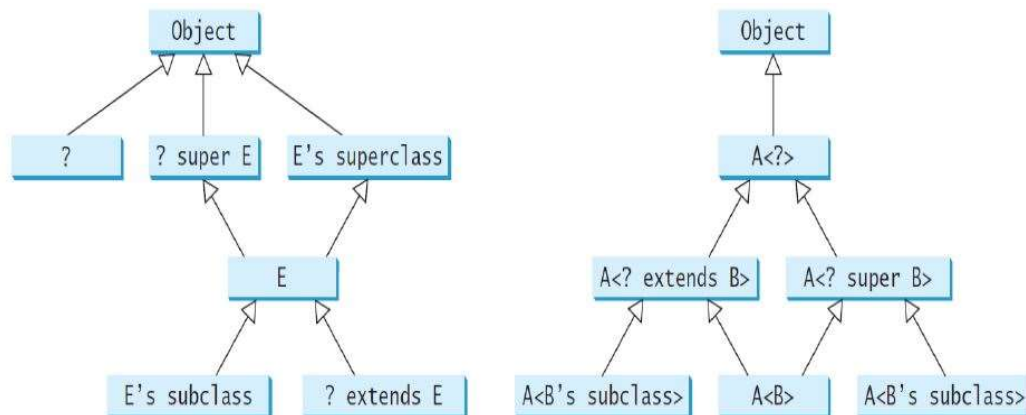
## Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	<a href="#">Attempt 1</a>	17 minutes	15 out of 15

Score for this quiz: **15** out of 15

Submitted Nov 13 at 9:34pm

This attempt took 17 minutes.



Consequently, in Java, if class E extends another class C, then:

1. an E object is-a C object
2. an E[] object is-a C[] object
3. an X<E> object is not an X<C> object

In the following, assume that Student extends Person and that Person has a getName() method.

```
1. import java.util.ArrayList;
2. Student[] studentArray = new Student[10];
3. Person[] personArray = new Person[10];
4. ArrayList<Student> studentList = new
   ArrayList<Student>();
5. ArrayList<Person> personList = new
   ArrayList<Person>();
6. public static void printNames(Person[]
   persons) {
7.     for (Person p : persons)
8.         System.out.println(p.getName());
9. }
10. public static <T> void addAll(ArrayList<T>
    list1, ArrayList<? super T> list2) {
11.     for (int i = 0; i < list1.size(); i++)
12.         list2.add(list1.get(i));
13. }
```

## Question 1

1 / 1 pts

Is the following permitted in Java? (see code 1 above)

```
personArray = studentArray;
```

Correct!

☒ True

☐ False

**Question 2****1 / 1 pts**

Is the following permitted in Java? (see code 1 above)

```
personList = studentList;
```

☐ True☒ False**Correct!****Question 3****1 / 1 pts**

Is the following permitted in Java? (see code 1 above)

```
printNames(personArray):
```

☒ True☐ False**Correct!****Question 4****1 / 1 pts**

Is the following permitted in Java? (see code 1 above)

```
printNames(studentArray);
```

☒ True☐ False**Correct!**

**Question 5****1 / 1 pts**

Is the following permitted in Java? (see code 1 above)

```
addAll(studentList, personList);
```

**Correct!**☒ True☐ False**Question 6****1 / 1 pts**

Is the following permitted in Java? (see code 1 above)

```
addAll(personList, studentList);
```

**Correct!**☐ True☒ False**Question 7****2 / 2 pts**

Suppose that we want to write a *generic* **printNames** method that will work for *both* **studentList** and **personList**. (see code 1 above)

Which of the following option(s) will work for the parameter of the printNames method?

1. `public static <T> void  
printNames( _____ ) {`
2. `for (Person p : persons)`

```
3.  
    System.out.println(p.getName());  
4. }
```

**Correct!**☒ ArrayList<? extends Person> persons**Correct!**☒ ArrayList<? super Student> persons☐ ArrayList<?> persons☐ ArrayList<Person> persons☐ ArrayList<Student> persons

For the following problems, suppose that we are writing a class:

```
1. public class  
    MyGenericStack<E>  
    {  
2.     ... various  
    members ...  
3. }
```

## Question 8

**1 / 1 pts**

In Java, the following declaration: (see code 2 above)

```
private E e;
```

**Correct!**☒ is permitted

- ☐ will result in a type safety warning
- ☐ will result in a compile-time error

**Question 9****1 / 1 pts**

In Java, the following declaration: (see code 2 above)

```
private E e = new E();
```

- ☐ is permitted
- ☐ will result in a type safety warning
- ☒ will result in a compile-time error

**Correct!****Question 10****1 / 1 pts**

In Java, the following declaration: (see code 2 above)

```
private E e = (E)new Object();
```

- ☐ is permitted
- ☒ will result in a type safety warning
- ☐ will result in a compile-time error

**Correct!****Question 11****1 / 1 pts**

In Java, the following declaration: (see code 2 above)

```
private java.util.ArrayList<E> list = new java.util.ArrayList<>();
```

**Correct!**

- ☒ is permitted
- ☐ will result in a type safety warning
- ☐ will result in a compile-time error

## Question 12

1 / 1 pts

In Java, the following declaration: (see code 2 above)

```
private E[] array;
```

**Correct!**

- ☒ is permitted
- ☐ will result in a type safety warning
- ☐ will result in a compile-time error

## Question 13

1 / 1 pts

In Java, the following declaration: (see code 2 above)

```
private E[] array = new E[10];
```

- ☐ is permitted
- ☐ will result in a type safety warning

**Correct!**

- ☒ will result in a compile-time error

**Question 14****1 / 1 pts**

In Java, the following declaration: (see code 2 above)

```
private E[] array = (E[])new Object[10];
```

- ☐ is permitted
- ☒ will result in a type safety warning
- ☐ will result in a compile-time error

**Correct!****Quiz Score: 15 out of 15**