

# RS-MILP-01: Configure Optimization Problem from Contact Matrix

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## 1. Generate A matrix from contact chart

```
clear;
clc;

addpath('/Library/gurobi1300/macos_universal2/matlab')
savepath

addpath ~/Desktop/Redstone_MILP/RS_MILP_01_Config_MILP/
load('E0IR_48_SATs_4_Orbit_Planes_98_inc_7days_access_interval.mat','E0IR_access_interval')

% 기준 시각 정의

T = E0IR_access_interval;

t0 = datetime(2030, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 'TimeZone', 'UTC');

% --- Source / Target을 string으로 통일 ---
src = string(T.Source);
tgt = string(T.Target);

% --- Ground 번호 추출 ---
gTok = regexp(src, 'Ground[_\s]*Point[_\s]*(\d+)', 'tokens', 'once');
groundNum = cellfun(@(c) str2double(c{1}), gTok);

% --- Satellite 번호 추출 ---
sTok = regexp(tgt, '(?i)SAT[^\s-]*[0-9]*(\d+)', 'tokens', 'once');
satNum = cellfun(@(c) str2double(c{1}), sTok);

% --- Start / End → datetime ---
st = T.StartTime;
en = T.EndTime;

if ~isdatetime(st)
    st = datetime(string(st), 'InputFormat', 'dd-MMM-yyyy HH:mm:ss');
```

```

end
if ~isdatetime(en)
    en = datetime(string(en), 'InputFormat','dd-MMM-yyyy HH:mm:ss');
end

% --- 중간 시각 ---
midTime = st + (en - st)/2;

% --- 기준 시각 대비 초(second) 차이 → integer ---
timeSec = seconds(midTime - t0);
timeSec = double(round(timeSec)); % 정수화 (필요시 floor / ceil로 변경 가능)

contact_index = (1:length(st))';

% --- 최종 3-column matrix ---
A_matrix = [double(satNum), double(groundNum), timeSec, contact_index];

A_matrix = sortrows(A_matrix, 3);

A_matrix = A_matrix(1:200,:);
Original_A = T(A_matrix(:,4),:);

```

## 2. Extract Key parameters from A matrix

```

t = A_matrix(:,3);

% Satellite Cadence Constraint
tau = 15;

% Number of SATs
p = 48;

% Number of GSs
q = 54;

% Total number of contact
N = length(A_matrix(:,1));

% Number of contact for each SAT
S_i_vec = zeros(p,1);

for sat_index = 1:p
    S_i_vec(sat_index) = nnz(A_matrix(:,1) == sat_index);
end

```

```

% Number of contact for each GS
G_j_vec = zeros(q,1);
for gs_index = 1:q
    G_j_vec(gs_index) = nnz(A_matrix(:,2) == gs_index);
end

```

### 3. Selection matrix generation from given constant parameters

#### 3.1. $E_{S_i}^1$ : Selection matrix from A-matrix to each satellite's contact sequence

```

E1_Si = struct();

for i = 1:p
    E1_Si_mat = zeros(S_i_vec(i),N);

    a_i = find(A_matrix(:,1) == i);

    for j = 1:length(a_i)
        E1_Si_mat(j, a_i(j)) = 1;
    end

    E1_Si.(['sat',num2str(i)]) = E1_Si_mat;
end

```

#### 3.2. $E_{S_{i,x}}^2, E_{S_{i,t}}^2$ : Selection matrix for $\Delta t$ of each satellite from $|S_i|$

```

E2_Si_x = struct();

for i = 1:p
    E2_Si_x_mat = [];
    for alpha = 1:S_i_vec(i)-1
        E2_Si_x_alpha = zeros(S_i_vec(i)-alpha, S_i_vec(i));
        E2_Si_x_alpha(:,alpha) = 1;
        for beta = alpha+1:S_i_vec(i)
            E2_Si_x_alpha(beta-alpha,beta) = 1;
        end
        E2_Si_x_mat = [E2_Si_x_mat;E2_Si_x_alpha];
    end
    if isempty(E2_Si_x_mat)
        E2_Si_x_mat = 0;
    end
end

```

```

end
E2_Si_x.(['sat',num2str(i)]) = E2_Si_x_mat;
end

E2_Si_t = struct();

for i = 1:p
    E2_Si_t_mat = [];
    for alpha = 1:S_i_vec(i)-1
        E2_Si_t_alpha = zeros(S_i_vec(i)-alpha, S_i_vec(i));
        E2_Si_t_alpha(:,alpha) = -1;
        for beta = alpha+1:S_i_vec(i)
            E2_Si_t_alpha(beta-alpha,beta) = 1;
        end
        E2_Si_t_mat = [E2_Si_t_mat;E2_Si_t_alpha];
    end
    if isempty(E2_Si_t_mat)
        E2_Si_t_mat = 0;
    end
    E2_Si_t.(['sat',num2str(i)]) = E2_Si_t_mat;
end

```

### 3.3. $E_{G_j}^1$ : Selection matrix from A-matrix to each Ground Point's revisit sequence

```

E1_Gj = struct();

for j = 1:q
    E1_Gj_mat = zeros(G_j_vec(j)+2, N+2);

    E1_Gj_mat(1,1) = 1;
    b_j = find(A_matrix(:,2) == j);

    for alpha = 1:length(b_j)
        E1_Gj_mat(alpha+1, b_j(alpha)+1) = 1;
    end
    E1_Gj_mat(G_j_vec(j)+2, N+2) = 1;
    E1_Gj.(['gs', num2str(j)]) = E1_Gj_mat;
end

```

### 3.4. $E_{G_{j,x}}^2, E_{G_{j,t}}^2$ : Selection matrix for $\Delta t$ of each GS from $|G_j|$

```

E2_Gj_x = struct();

for j = 1:q

```

```

E2_Gj_x_mat = [];
for alpha = 1:G_j_vec(j)+1
    E2_Gj_x_alpha = zeros(G_j_vec(j)+2-alpha, G_j_vec(j)+2);
    E2_Gj_x_alpha(:,alpha) = 1;
    for beta = alpha+1:G_j_vec(j)+2
        if alpha + 1 <= beta-1
            E2_Gj_x_alpha(beta-alpha, alpha+1:beta-1) = -1;
        end
        E2_Gj_x_alpha(beta-alpha,beta) = 1;
    end
    E2_Gj_x_mat = [E2_Gj_x_mat;E2_Gj_x_alpha];
end
if isempty(E2_Gj_x_mat)
    E2_Gj_x_mat = 0;
end
E2_Gj_x.(['gs',num2str(j)]) = E2_Gj_x_mat;
end

E2_Gj_t = struct();

for j = 1:q
    E2_Gj_t_mat = [];
    for alpha = 1:G_j_vec(j)+1
        E2_Gj_t_alpha = zeros(G_j_vec(j)+2-alpha, G_j_vec(j)+2);
        E2_Gj_t_alpha(:,alpha) = -1;
        for beta = alpha+1:G_j_vec(j)+2
            E2_Gj_t_alpha(beta-alpha,beta) = 1;
        end
        E2_Gj_t_mat = [E2_Gj_t_mat;E2_Gj_t_alpha];
    end
    if isempty(E2_Gj_t_mat)
        E2_Gj_t_mat = 0;
    end
    E2_Gj_t.(['gs',num2str(j)]) = E2_Gj_t_mat;
end

```

## 4. Derivation of $A, b, C, d, E, f, G$ revisit time problem to MILP

### 4.1 $A, b$ for $L_1$ problem

```

A = [];
b_mat = [];
for i = 1:p
    if isempty(E1_Si.(['sat', num2str(i)]))
        continue;
    end

```

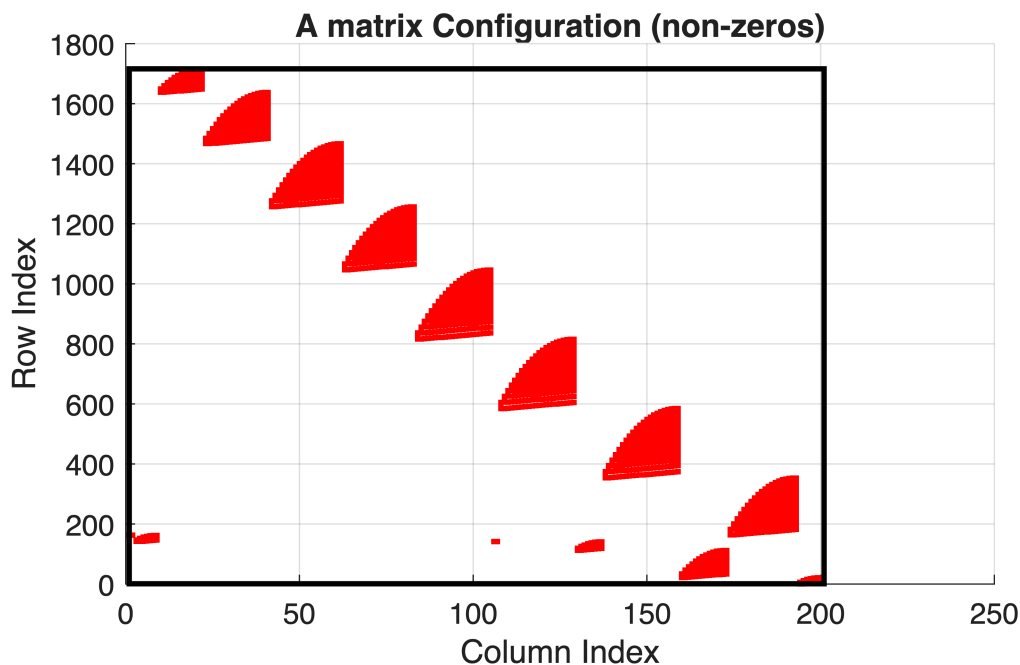
```

A_i = E2_Si_x.(['sat', num2str(i)]) * E1_Si.(['sat', num2str(i)]);
A = [A;A_i];
b_i_mat = E2_Si_t.(['sat', num2str(i)]) * E1_Si.(['sat', num2str(i)]);
b_mat = [b_mat; b_i_mat];
end

b = ones(length(b_mat(:,1)),1) + 1/tau * b_mat * A_matrix(:,3);

[A_row, A_col] = find(A==1);
figure;
hold on
scatter(A_col,A_row,'r','.')
rectangle('Position',[1 1 max(A_col), max(A_row)], ...
          'EdgeColor','k', ...
          'LineWidth',2);
title('A matrix Configuration (non-
zeros)','FontSize',12,'FontWeight','bold')
xlabel('Column Index')
ylabel('Row Index')
grid on

```

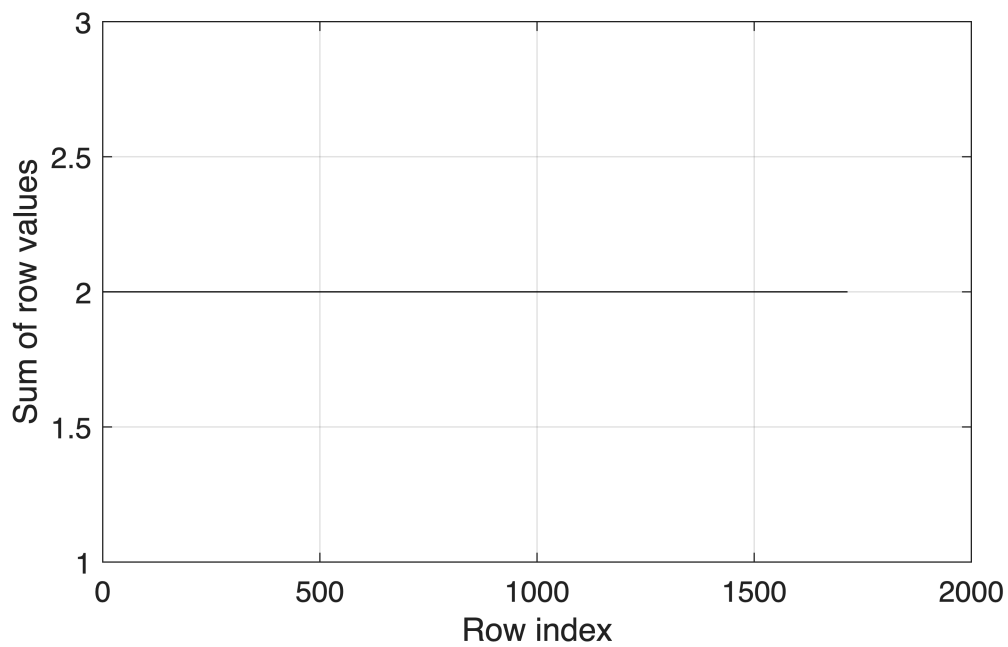


```

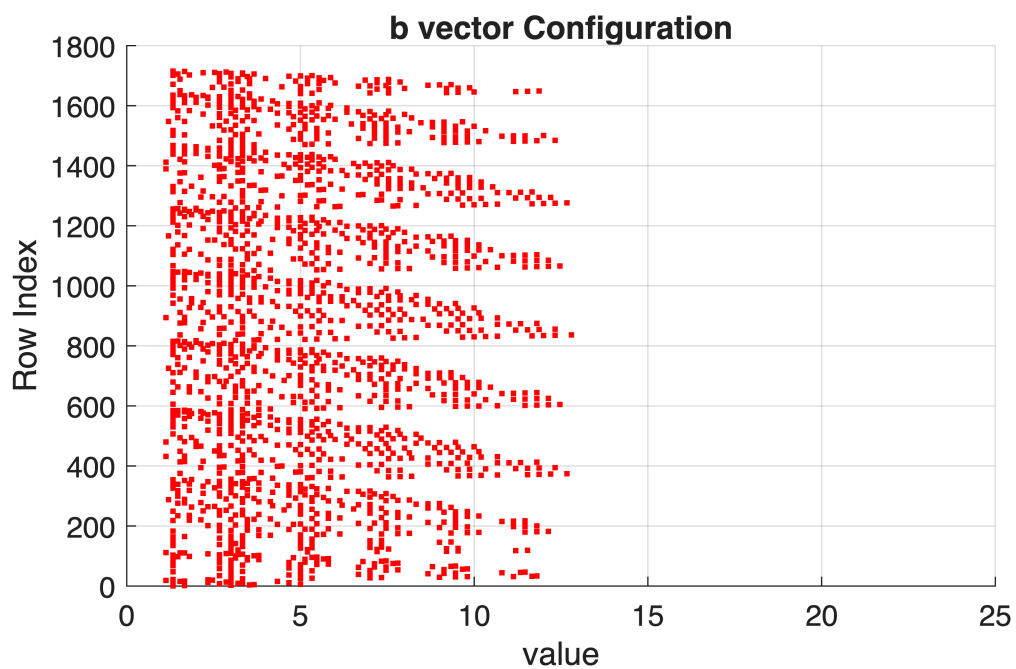
row_sum = sum(A, 2);           % 각 row의 합 (N×1)

figure;
plot(row_sum, '-k');           % x축은 자동으로 row index (1:N)
grid on
xlabel('Row index')
ylabel('Sum of row values')

```



```
figure;
scatter(b,1:length(b),'r','.')
title('b vector Configuration','FontSize',12,'FontWeight','bold')
xlabel('value')
ylabel('Row Index')
xlim([0,25])
grid on
```



## 4.2 $C, d$ for $L_\infty$ problem

```
C = [];  
d = [];  
  
t = A_matrix(:,3); % (N×1) time vector in seconds (already  
prepared)  
t_aug = [min(A_matrix(:,3)); t; max(A_matrix(:,3))+1]; % (N+2 × 1)  
  
for j = 1:q  
    key = ['gs', num2str(j)];  
  
    if isempty(E1_Gj.(key))  
        continue;  
    end  
  
    % --- shorthand ---  
    E1 = E1_Gj.(key); % selection matrix for this ground  
    E2x = E2_Gj_x.(key);  
    E2t = E2_Gj_t.(key);  
  
    % =====  
    % Build C_j (constant)  
    % =====  
    % D_j = diag( E2t*E1 * t_aug ) (vector -> diagonal matrix)  
    Dj_vec = (E2t * E1) * t_aug; % (#rows_j × 1)  
    Dj = spdiags(Dj_vec, 0, length(Dj_vec), length(Dj_vec)); % sparse diag  
    is safer  
  
    % P = [0_{1×N}; I_{N×N}; 0_{1×N}] -> (N+2 × N)  
    N = length(t);  
    P = [zeros(1,N); speye(N); zeros(1,N)];  
  
    % C_j = D_j * (E2x*E1) * P  
    Cj = Dj * (E2x * E1) * P;  
  
    % =====  
    % Build d_j (constant)  
    % =====  
    % v = [1; 0_{N×1}; 1] - 1 = [0; -1...; 0]  
    v = [1; zeros(N,1); 1]; % (N+2 × 1)  
  
    % d_j = D_j * (E2x*E1) * v  
    dj = Dj * ((E2x * E1) * v - ones(length(Dj(:,1)),1));  
  
    % --- stack ---  
    C = [C; Cj];  
    d = [d; dj];  
  
end
```



```

% [C_row, C_col] = find(C~=0);
%
% figure;
% scatter(C_row, C_col,'r','.')
% grid on

```

### 4.3 $E, f, G$ for $L_2$ Optimization problem

```

% =====
% Build E, f, G (2nd image)
% =====

E = [];
F = [];

t = A_matrix(:,3); % (N×1)
N = length(t);

t_aug = [min(t); t; max(t)+1]; % (N+2 × 1), same as your code

% P = [0_{1×N}; I_N; 0_{1×N}] → (N+2 × N)
P = [zeros(1,N); speye(N); zeros(1,N)];

% this is the (N+2 × 1) vector [1; 0_N; 1]
one_aug = [1; zeros(N,1); 1];

% For G, we will build the stacked matrix Bt = [E2t*E1; ...] first
(optional),
% or directly build gvec = Bt*t_aug.
gvec = []; % = Bt * t_aug (will be stacked across j)

for j = 1:q
    key = ['gs', num2str(j)];

    if isempty(E1_Gj.(key))
        continue;
    end

    % --- shorthand ---
    E1 = E1_Gj.(key); % selection matrix for this ground
    E2x = E2_Gj_x.(key);
    E2t = E2_Gj_t.(key);

    % Common blocks
    Sx = (E2x * E1); % (#rows_j × (N+2))

```

```

St = (E2t * E1);          % (#rows_j × (N+2))

% -----
% E_j = Sx * P      (constant)
% -----
Ej = Sx;                  % (#rows_j × N)
E  = [E; Ej];

% -----
% f_j = Sx]
% -----
Fj = Sx;                  % (#rows_j × 1)
F  = [F; Fj];

% -----
% gvec_j = St * t_aug
% -----
gvec_j = St * t_aug;      % (#rows_j × 1)
gvec    = [gvec; gvec_j];

end

E = E * P;
f_vector = F * one_aug;

% -----
% G = gvec * gvec'
% -----
% WARNING: this can be very large/dense if gvec is long.
% If you only need y'*G*y, note that y'*(gvec*gvec')*y = (gvec'*y)^2.
G = gvec' * gvec;        % (M×M)

% [E_row, E_col] = find(E~=0);
%
% figure;
% scatter(E_row, E_col, 'r', '.');
% grid on
% imagesc(G); colorbar; axis equal tight;
% title('Heatmap of G');

```

## 5. Optimization Problem (MILP)

```

L1_flag = 1;
L_infty_flag = 0;
L2_flag = 1;

```

```
L2_flag_relaxed = 0;
```

## 5.1. $L_1$ revisit time problem to MILP

```
if L1_flag == 1

%% Given: A (m×N), b (m×1), N (scalar)
% Goal: max 1^T x s.t. A x <= b, x in {0,1}^N

% ----- 1) Dimensions / sanity checks -----
[m, nA] = size(A);
assert(nA == N, 'A must have N columns. ');
assert(isvector(b) && length(b) == m, 'b must be m×1 to match A. ');

b = b(:); % force column vector
Aineq = A;
bineq = b;

% ----- 2) Convert max to min -----
% intlinprog solves: min f'*x
f = -ones(N,1); % minimize -sum(x) == maximize sum(x)

% ----- 3) Binary variable settings -----
intcon = 1:N; % all variables are integer
lb = zeros(N,1);
ub = ones(N,1);

% (Optional) If you truly want "binary", keep intcon + bounds [0,1].
% Alternatively, you can also set intcon and bounds; that's standard.

% ----- 4) Solve MILP -----
% opts = optimoptions('intlinprog', ...
%     'Display','iter', ...
%     'Heuristics','advanced', ...
%     'CutGeneration','advanced');

[x_opt_L1, fval, exitflag, output] = intlinprog( ...
    f, intcon, Aineq, bineq, [], [], lb, ub);
% ----- 5) Recover maximization objective -----
max_onesTx = -fval; % because f = -1
x_opt_L1 = round(x_opt_L1); % safety: should already be integer

% ----- 6) Quick checks -----
viol = Aineq*x_opt_L1 - bineq;
max_viol = max(viol);

row_index_L1 = x_opt_L1 .* A_matrix(:,4);
row_index_L1 = row_index_L1(row_index_L1 ~= 0);
```

```

Original_A_L1 = T(row_index_L1,:);
A_matrix_L1 = A_matrix(x_opt_L1 == 1,:);

fprintf('Exitflag: %d\n', exitflag);
fprintf('Objective (max 1^T x): %.0f\n', max_onesTx);
fprintf('Max constraint violation: %.3e\n', max_viol);
end

```

Running HiGHS 1.7.1: Copyright (c) 2024 HiGHS under MIT licence terms

Coefficient ranges:

```

Matrix [1e+00, 1e+00]
Cost   [1e+00, 1e+00]
Bound  [1e+00, 1e+00]
RHS    [1e+00, 1e+01]

```

Presolving model

```

200 rows, 187 cols, 400 nonzeros 0s
72 rows, 157 cols, 211 nonzeros 0s
49 rows, 89 cols, 98 nonzeros 0s
5 rows, 10 cols, 10 nonzeros 0s
Objective function is integral with scale 1

```

Solving MIP model with:

```

5 rows
10 cols (10 binary, 0 integer, 0 implied int., 0 continuous)
10 nonzeros

```

Nodes		B&B Tree		Objective Bounds		Gap	Dynamic Constraints		
Proc.	InQueue	Leaves	Expl.	BestBound	BestSol		Cuts	InLp	Confl.
0	0	0	0.00%	-91	inf	inf	0	0	0

Solving report

```

Status          Optimal
Primal bound    -91
Dual bound      -91
Gap             0% (tolerance: 0.01%)
Solution status feasible
                -91 (objective)
                0 (bound viol.)
                0 (int. viol.)
                0 (row viol.)
Timing          0.01 (total)
                0.00 (presolve)
                0.00 (postsolve)
Nodes           1
LP iterations    5 (total)
                0 (strong br.)
                0 (separation)
                0 (heuristics)

```

최적해를 구했습니다.

목적 함수 값이 최적 값의 격차 허용오차 options.AbsoluteGapTolerance = 1e-06 내에 있기 때문에 Intlinprog가 루트 노드에서  
Exitflag: 1  
Objective (max 1^T x): 91  
Max constraint violation: 5.329e-14

## 5.2 $L_\infty$ revisit time problem to MILP

```

% Using MATLAB

% if L_infty_flag == 1
% %
% % % Given:
% % A (m×N), b (m×1)
% % C (q×N), d (q×1)
% % N (scalar)
%
% % ----- sanity -----
% [m, nA] = size(A);
% assert(nA == N, 'A must have N columns.');
```

$b = b(:)$ ; assert(length(b) == m, 'b must be m×1.');

```

%
% [q, nC] = size(C);
% assert(nC == N, 'C must have N columns.');
```

$d = d(:)$ ; assert(length(d) == q, 'd must be q×1.');

```

%
% % ----- decision variables -----
% % z = [x; R]  -> length N+1
% nvar = N + 1;
%
% % Objective: min R  => f = [0...0, 1]
% f = [zeros(N,1); 1];
%
% % Integer constraints: x binary, R continuous
% intcon = 1:N;
%
% % Bounds
% lb = [zeros(N,1); 0];      % R >= 0 (필요 없으면 -Inf로 바뀌도 됨)
% ub = [ones(N,1); Inf];
%
% % ----- Build inequalities Aineq*z <= bineq -----
% % 1) Ax <= b  -> [A, 0] [x;R] <= b
% A1 = [A, zeros(m,1)];
% b1 = b;
%
% % 2) Cx - R*1 <= -d  -> [C, -1] [x;R] <= -d   (각 row마다 -R)
% A2 = [C, -ones(q,1)];
% b2 = -d;
%
% Aineq = [A1; A2];
% bineq = [b1; b2];
%
% % (No equality constraints)
% Aeq = [];
% beq = [];
%
% % ----- Solve -----
% % opts = optimoptions('intlinprog', ...
```

```

%% 'Display','iter', ...
%% 'Heuristics','advanced', ...
%% 'CutGeneration','advanced');
%
% [z_opt, fval, exitflag, output] = intlinprog( ...
%     f, intcon, Aineq, bineq, Aeq, beq, lb, ub);
%% ----- Parse solution -----
% x_opt_L_inf = round(z_opt(1:N)); % binary
% R_opt = z_opt(N+1); % optimal R
%
%
% row_index_L_inf = x_opt_L_inf .* A_matrix(:,4);
% row_index_L_inf = row_index_L_inf(row_index_L_inf ~=0);
% Original_A_L_inf = T(row_index_L_inf,:);
% A_matrix_L_inf = A_matrix(x_opt_L_inf == 1,:);
%
%
%
%% ----- Feasibility check -----
% viol1 = A*x_opt_L_inf - b;
% viol2 = C*x_opt_L_inf + d - R_opt*ones(q,1); % should be <= 0
% fprintf('Exitflag: %d\n', exitflag);
% fprintf('R_opt: %.6f\n', R_opt);
% fprintf('max(Ax-b): %.3e\n', max(viol1));
% fprintf('max(Cx+d-R): %.3e\n', max(viol2));
% end

```

% Using Gurobi

```

if L_infty_flag == 1

%% Given:
% A (m×N), b (m×1)
% C (q×N), d (q×1)
% N (scalar)

% ----- sanity -----
[m, nA] = size(A);
assert(nA == N, 'A must have N columns.');
```

b = b(:); assert(length(b) == m, 'b must be m×1.');

```

[q, nC] = size(C);
assert(nC == N, 'C must have N columns.');
```

d = d(:); assert(length(d) == q, 'd must be q×1.');

```

% ----- decision variables -----
% z = [x; R] -> length N+1
nvar = N + 1;

```

```

% ----- Build Gurobi model -----
model = struct();

% Constraints:
% 1)  $Ax \leq b \rightarrow [A, 0] z \leq b$ 
A1 = [A, sparse(m,1)];
rhs1 = b;
sense1 = repmat('<', m, 1);

% 2)  $Cx - R \cdot 1 \leq -d \rightarrow [C, -1] z \leq -d$ 
A2 = [C, -ones(q,1)];
rhs2 = -d;
sense2 = repmat('<', q, 1);

model.A      = sparse([A1; A2]);
model.rhs    = [rhs1; rhs2];
model.sense  = [sense1; sense2];

% Objective:  $\min R \Rightarrow \text{obj} = [0 \dots 0, 1]$ 
model.obj = [zeros(N,1); 1];
model.modelsense = 'min';

% Variable types: x binary, R continuous
model.vtype = [repmat('B', 1, N), 'C'];

% Bounds:  $0 \leq x \leq 1, R \geq 0$ 
model.lb = [zeros(N,1); 0];
model.ub = [ones(N,1); inf];

% ----- Solve -----
params = struct();
params.OutputFlag = 1; % 1: show log, 0: silent
% params.MIPGap = 1e-4; % optional

result = gurobi(model, params);

% ----- Parse solution -----
if ~isfield(result, 'x') || isempty(result.x)
    error('Gurobi failed. Status: %s', result.status);
end

z_opt = result.x;

x_opt_L_inf = round(z_opt(1:N)); % binary
R_opt = z_opt(N+1);

row_index_L_inf = x_opt_L_inf .* A_matrix(:,4);
row_index_L_inf = row_index_L_inf(row_index_L_inf ~= 0);

Original_A_L_inf = T(row_index_L_inf,:);

```

```

A_matrix_L_inf = A_matrix(x_opt_L_inf == 1,:);

% ----- Feasibility check -----
viol1 = A*x_opt_L_inf - b;
viol2 = C*x_opt_L_inf + d - R_opt*ones(q,1); % should be <= 0

fprintf('Gurobi status: %s\n', result.status);
fprintf('R_opt: %.6f\n', R_opt);
fprintf('max(Ax-b): %.3e\n', max(viol1));
fprintf('max(Cx+d-R): %.3e\n', max(viol2));

end

```

### 5.3 $L_2$ revisit time problem to MIQP

```

if L2_flag == 1
% 사용 예:
params = struct();
params.OutputFlag = 1;
params.MIPGap = 1e-4;
% params.NonConvex = 2; % G가 PSD가 아닐 수도 있으면 켜세요.

res = solve_miqp_gurobi(A, b, E, f_vector, gvec, params);

x_sol = res.x_bin;
y_sol = res.y;

x_opt_L2 = x_sol; % binary
row_index_L2 = x_opt_L2 .* A_matrix(:,4);
row_index_L2 = row_index_L2(row_index_L2 ~= 0);

Original_A_L2 = T(row_index_L2,:);
A_matrix_L2 = A_matrix(x_opt_L2 == 1,:);

end

```

```

Set parameter Username
Set parameter LicenseID to value 2767696
Academic license - for non-commercial use only - expires 2027-01-20
Gurobi Optimizer version 13.0.0 build v13.0.0rc1 (mac64[arm] - Darwin 24.6.0 24G90)

CPU model: Apple M3
Thread count: 8 physical cores, 8 logical processors, using up to 8 threads

Optimize a model with 2507 rows, 992 columns and 6513 nonzeros (Min)
Model fingerprint: 0x866db247
Model has 791 linear objective coefficients

```



Model has 791 quadratic objective terms  
Variable types: 792 continuous, 200 integer (200 binary)  
Coefficient statistics:  
Matrix range [1e+00, 1e+00]  
Objective range [2e+00, 4e+07]  
QObjective range [4e+00, 8e+07]  
Bounds range [1e+00, 2e+00]  
RHS range [1e+00, 1e+01]  
Found heuristic solution: objective 1.838484e+10  
Presolve removed 1735 rows and 108 columns  
Presolve time: 0.18s  
Presolved: 772 rows, 884 columns, 3111 nonzeros  
Presolved model has 684 quadratic objective terms  
Found heuristic solution: objective 1.694799e+10  
Variable types: 684 continuous, 200 integer (200 binary)  
Found heuristic solution: objective 1.691897e+10

Root relaxation: objective 7.716385e+08, 536 iterations, 0.00 seconds (0.00 work units)

Nodes		Current Node			Objective Bounds		Gap	Work	
Expl	Unexpl	Obj	Depth	IntInf	Incumbent	BestBd		It/Node	Time
	0	0	7.7164e+08	0	200	1.6919e+10	7.7164e+08	95.4%	0s
H	0	0				2.627342e+09	7.7164e+08	70.6%	0s
H	0	0				2.626593e+09	1.1804e+09	55.1%	0s
	0	0	1.1804e+09	0	188	2.6266e+09	1.1804e+09	55.1%	0s
	0	0	1.2007e+09	0	191	2.6266e+09	1.2007e+09	54.3%	0s
	0	0	1.2008e+09	0	191	2.6266e+09	1.2008e+09	54.3%	0s
	0	0	1.3342e+09	0	192	2.6266e+09	1.3342e+09	49.2%	0s
	0	0	1.3399e+09	0	193	2.6266e+09	1.3399e+09	49.0%	0s
	0	0	1.3402e+09	0	193	2.6266e+09	1.3402e+09	49.0%	0s
	0	0	1.4153e+09	0	187	2.6266e+09	1.4153e+09	46.1%	0s
	0	0	1.4215e+09	0	192	2.6266e+09	1.4215e+09	45.9%	0s
	0	0	1.4222e+09	0	193	2.6266e+09	1.4222e+09	45.9%	0s
	0	0	1.4222e+09	0	193	2.6266e+09	1.4222e+09	45.9%	0s
	0	0	1.4581e+09	0	197	2.6266e+09	1.4581e+09	44.5%	0s
	0	0	1.4629e+09	0	195	2.6266e+09	1.4629e+09	44.3%	0s
H	0	0				2.626545e+09	1.4637e+09	44.3%	0s
	0	0	1.4637e+09	0	195	2.6265e+09	1.4637e+09	44.3%	0s
	0	0	1.4639e+09	0	195	2.6265e+09	1.4639e+09	44.3%	0s
H	0	0				2.626251e+09	1.4702e+09	44.0%	0s
	0	0	1.4702e+09	0	198	2.6263e+09	1.4702e+09	44.0%	0s
H	0	0				2.620101e+09	1.4744e+09	43.7%	0s
	0	0	1.4744e+09	0	198	2.6201e+09	1.4744e+09	43.7%	0s
H	0	0				2.619759e+09	1.4744e+09	43.7%	0s
H	0	0				2.615961e+09	1.4744e+09	43.6%	0s
	0	0	1.4744e+09	0	194	2.6160e+09	1.4744e+09	43.6%	0s
	0	0	1.4760e+09	0	194	2.6160e+09	1.4760e+09	43.6%	0s
	0	2	1.4778e+09	0	194	2.6160e+09	1.4778e+09	43.5%	0s
H	220	237				2.614780e+09	1.4898e+09	43.0%	20.5 0s
H	225	237				2.606920e+09	1.4898e+09	42.9%	20.6 0s
H	293	332				2.606833e+09	1.4898e+09	42.9%	21.8 0s
H	319	332				2.606601e+09	1.4898e+09	42.8%	22.4 0s
H	582	644				2.606277e+09	1.4898e+09	42.8%	24.6 1s
H	589	644				2.604971e+09	1.4898e+09	42.8%	24.7 1s
H	625	644				2.604865e+09	1.4898e+09	42.8%	24.8 1s
H	732	797				2.603367e+09	1.4898e+09	42.8%	23.8 1s
H	764	797				2.597880e+09	1.4898e+09	42.7%	23.6 1s
H	884	936				2.596545e+09	1.4898e+09	42.6%	23.6 1s
H	993	1088				2.596332e+09	1.4898e+09	42.6%	23.7 1s
H	1213	1337				2.595835e+09	1.4898e+09	42.6%	22.5 1s
H	1479	1584				2.595831e+09	1.4898e+09	42.6%	20.9 1s
H	1492	1584				2.586837e+09	1.4898e+09	42.4%	20.9 1s
H	1702	1663				2.585106e+09	1.4898e+09	42.4%	20.2 1s

H 1765	1729				2.585068e+09	1.4898e+09	42.4%	20.1	1s
H 1793	1642				2.511264e+09	1.4898e+09	40.7%	20.3	2s
	1865	2.5113e+09	129	144	2.5113e+09	1.7751e+09	29.3%	21.4	5s
H 2594	2156				2.498223e+09	1.8028e+09	27.8%	23.1	5s
* 2850	2237		98		2.378721e+09	1.8028e+09	24.2%	22.7	5s
* 3146	2167		104		2.374074e+09	1.8193e+09	23.4%	22.2	5s
H 3267	2196				2.365712e+09	1.8193e+09	23.1%	22.4	5s
H 3739	2540				2.365546e+09	1.8193e+09	23.1%	22.3	5s
H 3862	2419				2.349568e+09	1.8193e+09	22.6%	22.2	5s
* 4131	2574		100		2.310483e+09	1.8193e+09	21.3%	21.8	5s
H 4321	2436				2.309858e+09	1.8193e+09	21.2%	21.4	5s
H 4424	2322				2.300374e+09	1.8193e+09	20.9%	21.2	5s
H 4439	2229				2.295166e+09	1.8193e+09	20.7%	21.2	5s
H 4523	2126				2.273661e+09	1.8193e+09	20.0%	21.3	5s
H 4533	2068				2.272064e+09	1.8193e+09	19.9%	21.3	5s
H 4715	2159				2.262443e+09	1.8254e+09	19.3%	21.2	5s
H 4879	2196				2.256562e+09	1.8409e+09	18.4%	21.3	5s
H 4996	2276				2.251149e+09	1.8409e+09	18.2%	21.5	6s
H 5004	2147				2.235142e+09	1.8409e+09	17.6%	21.5	6s
H 5716	2792				2.234997e+09	1.8409e+09	17.6%	21.7	6s
H 6647	3645				2.234810e+09	1.8409e+09	17.6%	21.6	6s
H 6812	3515				2.223416e+09	1.8409e+09	17.2%	21.6	6s
H 7847	4305				2.221282e+09	1.8533e+09	16.6%	21.7	6s
H 7848	4304				2.221174e+09	1.8533e+09	16.6%	21.7	6s
H10015	6040				2.220988e+09	1.8651e+09	16.0%	21.9	7s
14440	10090	1.9510e+09	34	118	2.2210e+09	1.8777e+09	15.5%	22.2	16s
29221	21113	2.1743e+09	64	194	2.2210e+09	1.8968e+09	14.6%	22.2	41s
44021	25015	2.2017e+09	59	78	2.2210e+09	2.0912e+09	5.84%	21.5	45s
67284	29365	cutoff	68		2.2210e+09	2.1433e+09	3.50%	23.1	50s
95426	30088	2.1883e+09	67	49	2.2210e+09	2.1557e+09	2.94%	24.4	55s
123024	30856	2.2087e+09	73	33	2.2210e+09	2.1627e+09	2.63%	25.5	60s
150900	39208	cutoff	77		2.2210e+09	2.1672e+09	2.42%	26.1	65s
178915	46310	2.2064e+09	69	27	2.2210e+09	2.1705e+09	2.27%	26.5	70s
205035	52682	2.1951e+09	68	47	2.2210e+09	2.1732e+09	2.15%	26.8	75s
232565	58710	2.1878e+09	69	38	2.2210e+09	2.1755e+09	2.05%	27.0	80s
262221	64933	2.1932e+09	67	52	2.2210e+09	2.1778e+09	1.95%	27.1	85s
291280	70444	2.2199e+09	74	37	2.2210e+09	2.1796e+09	1.86%	27.3	90s
315483	74513	2.2077e+09	64	49	2.2210e+09	2.1811e+09	1.80%	27.3	95s
343412	78704	2.2023e+09	67	42	2.2210e+09	2.1825e+09	1.73%	27.4	100s
372429	82977	2.2019e+09	68	44	2.2210e+09	2.1840e+09	1.67%	27.5	105s
402227	86823	2.1950e+09	69	36	2.2210e+09	2.1854e+09	1.60%	27.5	110s
432003	90231	cutoff	72		2.2210e+09	2.1865e+09	1.55%	27.5	115s
459976	93141	2.2099e+09	65	44	2.2210e+09	2.1876e+09	1.50%	27.5	120s
489925	95604	2.2025e+09	67	51	2.2210e+09	2.1887e+09	1.45%	27.5	125s
520041	97843	cutoff	69		2.2210e+09	2.1897e+09	1.41%	27.4	130s
548783	99553	cutoff	74		2.2210e+09	2.1907e+09	1.37%	27.4	135s
576796	101011	2.2088e+09	69	38	2.2210e+09	2.1915e+09	1.33%	27.4	140s
607377	102129	2.2015e+09	76	25	2.2210e+09	2.1925e+09	1.28%	27.3	145s
637488	102982	2.2005e+09	70	31	2.2210e+09	2.1933e+09	1.25%	27.3	150s
664063	103288	2.2051e+09	70	34	2.2210e+09	2.1941e+09	1.21%	27.2	155s
694055	103397	2.2090e+09	69	32	2.2210e+09	2.1949e+09	1.17%	27.2	160s
725149	103453	2.2164e+09	76	31	2.2210e+09	2.1958e+09	1.14%	27.1	165s
752929	103015	2.1982e+09	67	50	2.2210e+09	2.1965e+09	1.10%	27.1	170s
783979	102312	cutoff	80		2.2210e+09	2.1973e+09	1.07%	27.0	175s
815128	101393	cutoff	76		2.2210e+09	2.1980e+09	1.03%	26.9	180s
847244	100107	2.2145e+09	80	21	2.2210e+09	2.1988e+09	1.00%	26.8	185s
875396	98676	cutoff	74		2.2210e+09	2.1995e+09	0.97%	26.8	190s
908619	96675	2.2145e+09	70	38	2.2210e+09	2.2004e+09	0.93%	26.7	195s
941988	94404	2.2199e+09	67	44	2.2210e+09	2.2012e+09	0.89%	26.6	200s
975495	91982	2.2124e+09	70	45	2.2210e+09	2.2020e+09	0.85%	26.5	205s
1006683	89330	cutoff	74		2.2210e+09	2.2028e+09	0.82%	26.4	210s
1035019	86837	2.2145e+09	72	34	2.2210e+09	2.2035e+09	0.79%	26.3	215s
1066184	83542	cutoff	76		2.2210e+09	2.2043e+09	0.75%	26.2	220s
1101582	79522	cutoff	76		2.2210e+09	2.2052e+09	0.71%	26.1	225s

1134947	75230	cutoff	77		2.2210e+09	2.2061e+09	0.67%	25.9	230s
1167689	70692	cutoff	68		2.2210e+09	2.2070e+09	0.63%	25.8	235s
1206181	64647	cutoff	80		2.2210e+09	2.2082e+09	0.58%	25.7	240s
1245431	57495	2.2118e+09	80	20	2.2210e+09	2.2095e+09	0.52%	25.5	245s
1287249	47545	cutoff	71		2.2210e+09	2.2111e+09	0.44%	25.3	250s
1331336	33826	2.2207e+09	71	30	2.2210e+09	2.2132e+09	0.35%	25.1	255s
1383561	8535	cutoff	73		2.2210e+09	2.2179e+09	0.14%	24.7	260s

Cutting planes:

Gomory: 36  
MIR: 56  
Mixing: 1  
Flow cover: 314  
Inf proof: 9  
RLT: 21

Explored 1394392 nodes (34200976 simplex iterations) in 260.67 seconds (373.94 work units)  
Thread count was 8 (of 8 available processors)

Solution count 10: 2.22099e+09 2.2211e+09 2.22117e+09 ... 2.25656e+09

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)

Best objective 2.220987800000e+09, best bound 2.220987800000e+09, gap 0.0000%

```
function result = solve_miqp_gurobi(A, b, E, f, gvec, params)
% Solve MIQP with Gurobi (MATLAB interface):
%
% min || gvec .* (y - 1) ||_2 (implemented as squared norm)
% s.t. A x <= b, x in {0,1}^N
%      y >= E x + f
%      0 <= y <= 2
%
% Decision variables: z = [x; y]
%
% Notes:
% - We minimize the squared norm: (y-1)' diag(g.^2) (y-1)
% This is equivalent to minimizing the norm since sqrt(.) is monotone.
% - Quadratic form in Gurobi: (1/2) z'Qz + c'z

if nargin < 6 || isempty(params)
    params = struct();
end

% ----- sizes -----
N = size(A, 2);
M = size(E, 1);

% ----- checks -----
assert(size(A,1) == numel(b), 'A and b size mismatch');
assert(size(E,2) == N, 'E must be MxN');
assert(numel(f) == M, 'f must be length M');
assert(numel(gvec) == M, 'gvec must be length M');
```

```

b = b(:);
f = f(:);
g = gvec(:);

% =====
% Constraints
% =====
% (i)  $A x \leq b$ 
A1 = [A, sparse(size(A,1), M)];
rhs1 = b;
sense1 = repmat('<', size(A,1), 1);

% (ii)  $y \geq E x + f \Leftrightarrow (-E)x + I*y \geq f$ 
A2 = [-E, speye(M)];
rhs2 = f;
sense2 = repmat('>', M, 1);

model = struct();
model.A = sparse([A1; A2]);
model.rhs = [rhs1; rhs2];
model.sense = [sense1; sense2];

% =====
% Objective (squared norm)
% =====
% objective =  $(y-1)' D (y-1)$ ,  $D = \text{diag}(g.^2)$ 
% Expand:  $y' D y - 2*(g.^2)' y + \text{const}$ 
D = spdiags(g.^2, 0, M, M);

% Gurobi uses:  $(1/2) z' Q z + c' z$ 
Q = sparse(N+M, N+M);
Q(N+1:N+M, N+1:N+M) = 2 * D; % so  $(1/2)*y'(2D)y = y'Dy$ 
model.Q = Q;

c = zeros(N+M,1);
c(N+1:N+M) = -2*(g.^2); % linear term in y
model.obj = c;

model.modelsense = 'min';

% =====
% Variable types & bounds
% =====
model.vtype = [repmat('B', 1, N), repmat('C', 1, M)];

% Bounds:  $x$  in  $[0,1]$  via binary;  $y$  in  $[1,2]$ 
model.lb = [zeros(N,1); ones(M,1)];
model.ub = [ones(N,1); 2*ones(M,1)];

% =====

```

```

% Params defaults
% =====
if ~isfield(params, 'OutputFlag'); params.OutputFlag = 1; end
if ~isfield(params, 'MIPGap');      params.MIPGap      = 1e-4; end
% Convex QP이면 NonConvex 설정 불필요 (Q PSD)

% ----- solve -----
result = gurobi(model, params);

% ----- unpack -----
if isfield(result, 'x') && ~isempty(result.x)
    z = result.x;
    result.x_bin = z(1:N);
    result.y      = z(N+1:N+M);

    % objective value (squared norm, without constant)
    diff = result.y - 1;
    result.obj_sq = sum((g .* diff).^2);
    result.obj     = sqrt(max(result.obj_sq, 0));
end
end

```

## 5.4 $L_2$ revisit time problem to Relaxed QP

```

if L2_flag_relaxed == 1
    params = struct();
    params.OutputFlag = 1;
    params.MIPGap = 1e-4;
    % params.NonConvex = 2; % G가 PSD가 아닐 수도 있으면 켜세요.

    res = solve_qp_gurobi(A, b, E, f_vector, gvec, params);
end

function result = solve_qp_gurobi(A, b, E, f, gvec, params)
% Solve the relaxed problem as a convex QP with Gurobi (MATLAB interface):
%
%   min    || gvec .* (y - 1) ||_2    (implemented as squared norm)
%   s.t.    A x <= b
%           y >= E x + f
%           0 <= x <= 1
%           0 <= y <= 2
%
% Decision variables: z = [x; y]
%
% Objective in quadratic form:
%   (y-1)' diag(g.^2) (y-1) = y' D y - 2 (g.^2)' y + const
% Gurobi uses: (1/2) z'Qz + obj'z

if nargin < 6 || isempty(params)

```

```

    params = struct();
end

% ----- sizes -----
N = size(A, 2);
M = size(E, 1);

% ----- checks -----
assert(size(A,1) == numel(b), 'A and b size mismatch');
assert(size(E,2) == N, 'E must be MxN');
assert(numel(f) == M, 'f must be length M');
assert(numel(gvec) == M, 'gvec must be length M');

b = b(:);
f = f(:);
g = gvec(:);

% =====
% Constraints
% =====
% (i)  $A x \leq b$ 
A1 = [A, sparse(size(A,1), M)];
rhs1 = b;
sense1 = repmat('<', size(A,1), 1);

% (ii)  $y \geq E x + f \Leftrightarrow (-E)x + I*y \geq f$ 
A2 = [-E, speye(M)];
rhs2 = f;
sense2 = repmat('>', M, 1);

model = struct();
model.A = sparse([A1; A2]);
model.rhs = [rhs1; rhs2];
model.sense = [sense1; sense2];

% =====
% Objective (squared norm)
% =====
%  $D = \text{diag}(g.^2)$ 
D = spdiags(g.^2, 0, M, M);

% Build Q for  $z=[x;y]$ 
Q = sparse(N+M, N+M);
Q(N+1:N+M, N+1:N+M) = 2 * D; % so  $(1/2)*y'(2D)y = y'Dy$ 
model.Q = Q;

% Linear term:  $-2*(g.^2)' y$ 
obj = zeros(N+M,1);
obj(N+1:N+M) = -2*(g.^2);
model.obj = obj;

```

```

model.modelsense = 'min';

% =====
% Variable types & bounds
% =====
% Relax x to continuous: both x and y are continuous
model.vtype = repmat('C', 1, N+M);

% Bounds
model.lb = [zeros(N,1); ones(M,1)];
model.ub = [ones(N,1); 2*ones(M,1)];

% ---- (옵션) y 하한을 1로 두고 싶으면 아래 두 줄로 교체 ----
% model.lb = [zeros(N,1); ones(M,1)];
% model.ub = [ones(N,1); 2*ones(M,1)];

% =====
% Params defaults
% =====
if ~isfield(params, 'OutputFlag'); params.OutputFlag = 1; end

% Convex QP이면 NonConvex 필요 없음.
% 혹시 g에 NaN/Inf가 있거나 Q가 비정상인 경우만 점검.

% ----- solve -----
result = gurobi(model, params);

% ----- unpack -----
if isfield(result, 'x') && ~isempty(result.x)
    z = result.x;
    result.x_relaxed = z(1:N);
    result.y          = z(N+1:N+M);

    diff = result.y - 1;
    result.obj_sq = sum((g .* diff).^2);
    result.obj     = sqrt(max(result.obj_sq, 0));
end
end

```

## 6.0 Original Revisit Time Status Result

```

t_start = t0 + seconds(min(A_matrix(:,3)));
t_end   = t0 + seconds(max(A_matrix(:,3))+1);

```

```

% Extract Ground Point Tables
T = Original_A;

% Source 열에서 고유 값 추출
sources = unique(T.Source);

% Revisit Time Matrix (Min / Max / Mean) 생성
Revisit_Matrix = zeros(length(sources),3);
revisit_time_vector_combined = [];

% 각각의 Source 별로 테이블을 분리하여 저장
for i = 1:length(sources)
    src = sources{i};

    % Source 값이 같은 행들만 추출
    subTable = T(strcmp(T.Source, src), :);
    subTable_sorted = sortrows(subTable,4,"ascend");

    % 동적으로 변수 생성 (예: Ground_Point_1_Table)
    varName = sprintf('%s_Table', src);
    % assignin('base', varName, subTable_sorted);
    contact_tables.(sprintf('%s_Table', src)) = subTable_sorted;

    % 기존 row에 start 및 endtime 추가
    row0 = subTable_sorted(1,:);

    % -----
    % 윗줄 (t_start)
    % -----
    row_top = row0;
    row_top.IntervalNumber = NaN;      % 필요 없으면 NaN
    row_top.StartTime = t_start;
    row_top.EndTime    = t_start;
    row_top.Duration   = 0;
    row_top.StartOrbit = 0;
    row_top.EndOrbit   = 0;

    % -----
    % 아랫줄 (t_end)
    % -----
    row_bottom = row0;
    row_bottom.IntervalNumber = NaN;
    row_bottom.StartTime = t_end;
    row_bottom.EndTime   = t_end;
    row_bottom.Duration  = 0;
    row_bottom.StartOrbit = 0;
    row_bottom.EndOrbit  = 0;

```



```

% -----
% 위 + 기존 + 아래 결합
% -----
subTable_sorted = [row_top; subTable_sorted; row_bottom];

% Initialize Revisit Time Vector
revisit_time_vector = zeros(height(subTable_sorted)-1,1);

for revisit_time_index = 1:length(revisit_time_vector)
    revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index)
= seconds(table2array(subTable_sorted(revisit_time_index+1,4))-
table2array(subTable_sorted(revisit_time_index,5)));

    if revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index) < 0
        revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index) = 0;
    end
    revisit_vectors.(sprintf('%s_revisit_time_vec', src)) =
revisit_time_vector;
end

% 생성된 Revisit Time Vector의 Min / Max / Mean 값을 Revisit Time
Matrix에 저장
Revisit_Matrix(i,1) = min(revisit_time_vector);
Revisit_Matrix(i,2) = max(revisit_time_vector);

% 재방문 주기의 평균을 구할때는 재방문 주기가 0인 데이터 포인트를 모두 제외하였음
revisit_time_vector = revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_vector~=0);

Revisit_Matrix(i,3) = mean(revisit_time_vector);
revisit_time_vector_combined =
[revisit_time_vector_combined;revisit_time_vector];
revisit_time_vector_info.(['source' num2str(i)]) =
revisit_time_vector;
end

% Revisit Time Matrix의 값을 그래프로 출력
x = 1:length(Revisit_Matrix(:,1));
min_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,1))/3600;
max_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,2))/3600;
mean_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,3))/3600;
output_data = [mean_value, min_value, max_value];

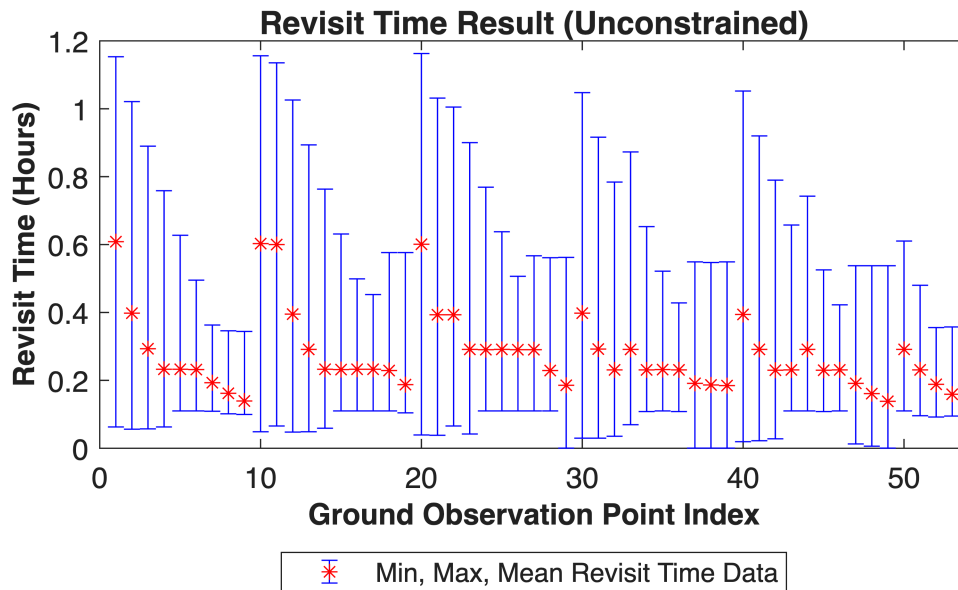
figure;
errorbar(x, mean_value, mean_value-min_value, max_value-
mean_value, '*', 'LineStyle','none', 'color','b', 'MarkerEdgeColor','r')
t = title('Revisit Time Result
(Unconstrained)', 'FontSize',12, 'FontWeight','bold');
xlabel('Ground Observation Point
Index', 'FontSize',11, 'FontWeight','bold')

```

```

ylabel('Revisit Time (Hours)','FontSize',11,'FontWeight','bold')
legend('Min, Max, Mean Revisit Time Data','Location','southoutside')
xlim([-1, length(Revisit_Matrix(:,1))+1])

```



## 6.1 L1 Revisit Time Status Result

```

if L1_flag == 1

A_matrix_result = A_matrix;

active_satellites = unique(A_matrix_result(:,1));
cadence_matrix_original = zeros(length(active_satellites),4);

for index = 1:length(active_satellites)
    sat_index = active_satellites(index);
    % satellite_cadence_info.(['sat',num2str(sat_index)]) =
A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) == sat_index,:);
    satellite_cadence = A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) ==
sat_index,:);
    cadence_info = zeros(length(satellite_cadence(:,1))-1,1);
    for i = 1:length(cadence_info(:,1))
        cadence_info(i) = satellite_cadence(i+1,3) -
satellite_cadence(i,3);
    end

    if isscalar(satellite_cadence(:,1))
        continue;
    end
end

```

```

        cadence_matrix_original(index,:) = [sat_index, max(cadence_info),
min(cadence_info), mean(cadence_info)];
    end

A_matrix_result = A_matrix_L1;

active_satellites = unique(A_matrix_result(:,1));
cadence_matrix_L1 = zeros(length(active_satellites),4);

    for index = 1:length(active_satellites)
        sat_index = active_satellites(index);
        % satellite_cadence_info.(['sat',num2str(sat_index)]) =
A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) == sat_index,:);
        satellite_cadence = A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) ==
sat_index,:);
        cadence_info = zeros(length(satellite_cadence(:,1))-1,1);

        if isscalar(satellite_cadence(:,1))
            continue;
        end

        for i = 1:length(cadence_info(:,1))
            cadence_info(i) = satellite_cadence(i+1,3) -
satellite_cadence(i,3);
        end

        cadence_matrix_L1(index,:) = [sat_index, max(cadence_info),
min(cadence_info), mean(cadence_info)];
    end

figure;
hold on
scatter(cadence_matrix_original(:,1),cadence_matrix_original(:,3),'o','red')
scatter(cadence_matrix_L1(:,1),cadence_matrix_L1(:,3),'*','blue')
title('Satellite Operation Minimum Cadence for
L1','FontSize',12,'FontWeight','bold')
xlabel('Satellite No.')
ylabel('Operation Cadence (sec)')
legend('Unconstrained','L1')
grid on

% Extract Ground Point Tables
T = Original_A_L1;

% Source 열에서 고유 값 추출
sources = unique(T.Source);

```

```

% Revisit Time Matrix (Min / Max / Mean) 생성
Revisit_Matrix = zeros(length(sources),3);
revisit_time_vector_combined = [];

% 각각의 Source 별로 테이블을 분리하여 저장
for i = 1:length(sources)
    src = sources{i};

    % Source 값이 같은 행들만 추출
    subTable = T(strcmp(T.Source, src), :);
    subTable_sorted = sortrows(subTable,4,"ascend");

    % 동적으로 변수 생성 (예: Ground_Point_1_Table)
    varName = sprintf('%s_Table', src);
    % assignin('base', varName, subTable_sorted);
    contact_tables.(sprintf('%s_Table', src)) = subTable_sorted;

    % 기존 row에 start 및 endtime 추가
    row0 = subTable_sorted(1,:);

    % -----
    % 윗줄 (t_start)
    % -----
    row_top = row0;
    row_top.IntervalNumber = NaN;      % 필요 없으면 NaN
    row_top.StartTime = t_start;
    row_top.EndTime    = t_start;
    row_top.Duration   = 0;
    row_top.StartOrbit = 0;
    row_top.EndOrbit   = 0;

    % -----
    % 아랫줄 (t_end)
    % -----
    row_bottom = row0;
    row_bottom.IntervalNumber = NaN;
    row_bottom.StartTime = t_end;
    row_bottom.EndTime   = t_end;
    row_bottom.Duration  = 0;
    row_bottom.StartOrbit = 0;
    row_bottom.EndOrbit  = 0;

    % -----
    % 위 + 기존 + 아래 결합
    % -----
    subTable_sorted = [row_top; subTable_sorted; row_bottom];

    % Initialize Revisit Time Vector
    revisit_time_vector = zeros(height(subTable_sorted)-1,1);

```

```

        for revisit_time_index = 1:length(revisit_time_vector)
            revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index)
= seconds(table2array(subTable_sorted(revisit_time_index+1,4))-
table2array(subTable_sorted(revisit_time_index,5)));

            if revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index) < 0
                revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index) = 0;
            end
            revisit_vectors.(sprintf('%s_revisit_time_vec', src)) =
revisit_time_vector;
        end

        % 생성된 Revisit Time Vector의 Min / Max / Mean 값을 Revisit Time
Matrix에 저장
        Revisit_Matrix(i,1) = min(revisit_time_vector);
        Revisit_Matrix(i,2) = max(revisit_time_vector);

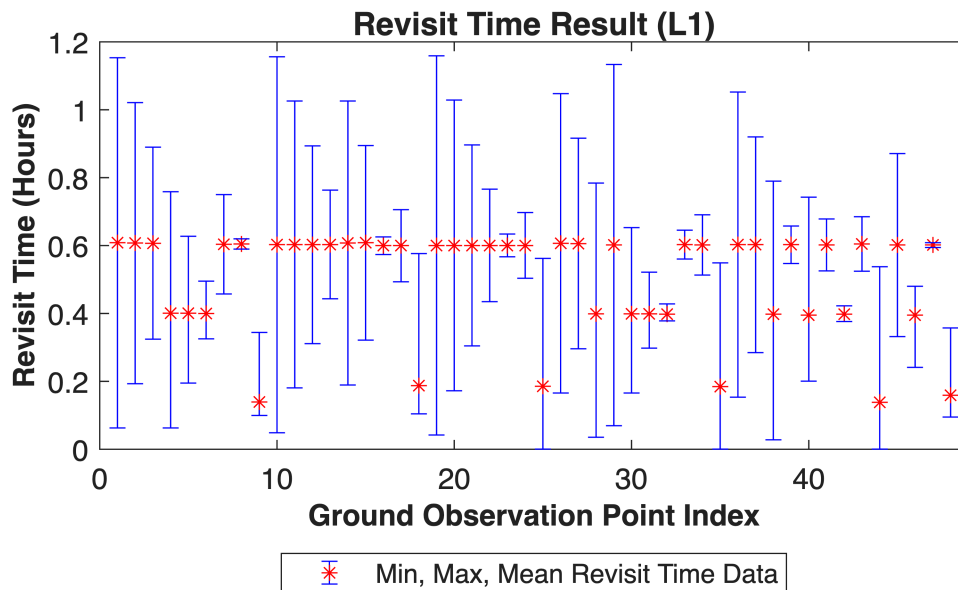
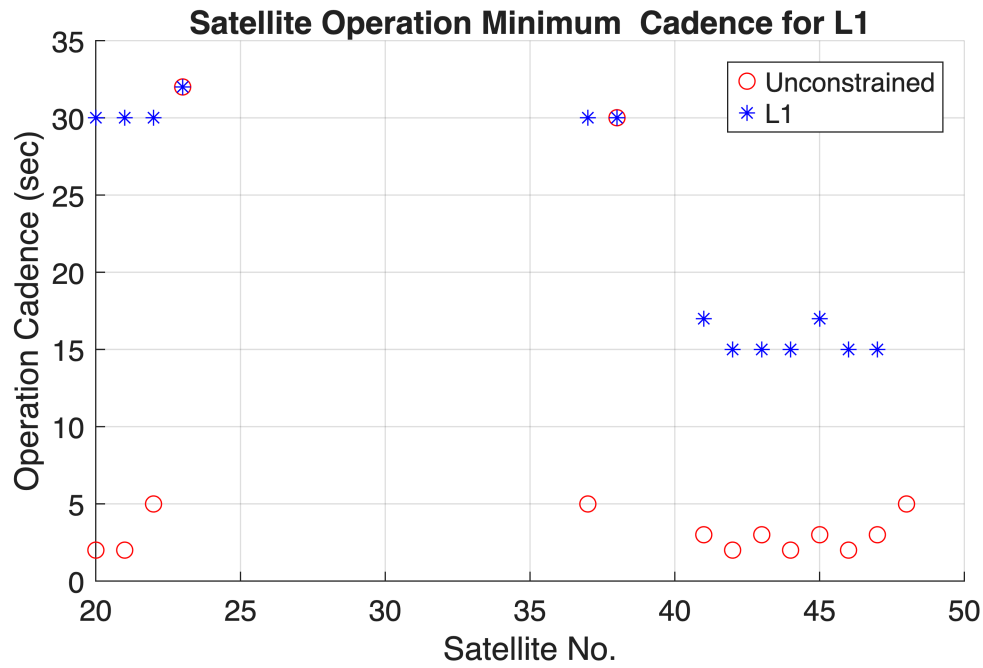
        % 재방문 주기의 평균을 구할때는 재방문 주기가 0인 데이터 포인트를 모두 제외하였음
        revisit_time_vector = revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_vector~=0);

        Revisit_Matrix(i,3) = mean(revisit_time_vector);
        revisit_time_vector_combined =
[revisit_time_vector_combined;revisit_time_vector];
        revisit_time_vector_info.(['source' num2str(i)]) =
revisit_time_vector;
    end

    % Revisit Time Matrix의 값을 그래프로 출력
    x = 1:length(Revisit_Matrix(:,1));
    min_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,1))/3600;
    max_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,2))/3600;
    mean_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,3))/3600;
    output_data = [mean_value, min_value, max_value];

    figure;
    errorbar(x, mean_value, mean_value-min_value, max_value-
mean_value, '*', 'LineStyle','none', 'color','b', 'MarkerEdgeColor','r')
    t = title('Revisit Time Result (L1)', 'FontSize',12, 'FontWeight','bold');
    xlabel('Ground Observation Point
Index', 'FontSize',11, 'FontWeight','bold')
    ylabel('Revisit Time (Hours)', 'FontSize',11, 'FontWeight','bold')
    legend('Min, Max, Mean Revisit Time Data', 'Location','southoutside')
    xlim([-1, length(Revisit_Matrix(:,1))+1])
end

```



## 6.2 L\_infty Revisit Time Status Result

```

if L_infty_flag == 1
    A_matrix_result = A_matrix;
    active_satellites = unique(A_matrix_result(:,1));

```

```

cadence_matrix_original = zeros(length(active_satellites),4);

    for index = 1:length(active_satellites)
        sat_index = active_satellites(index);
        % satellite_cadence_info.(['sat',num2str(sat_index)]) =
A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) == sat_index,:);
        satellite_cadence = A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) ==
sat_index,:);
        cadence_info = zeros(length(satellite_cadence(:,1))-1,1);
        for i = 1:length(cadence_info(:,1))
            cadence_info(i) = satellite_cadence(i+1,3) -
satellite_cadence(i,3);
        end

        if isscalar(satellite_cadence(:,1))
            continue;
        end

        cadence_matrix_original(index,:) = [sat_index, max(cadence_info),
min(cadence_info), mean(cadence_info)];
    end

A_matrix_result = A_matrix_L_inf;

active_satellites = unique(A_matrix_result(:,1));
cadence_matrix_L_inf = zeros(length(active_satellites),4);

    for index = 1:length(active_satellites)
        sat_index = active_satellites(index);
        % satellite_cadence_info.(['sat',num2str(sat_index)]) =
A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) == sat_index,:);
        satellite_cadence = A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) ==
sat_index,:);

        if isscalar(satellite_cadence(:,1))
            continue;
        end

        cadence_info = zeros(length(satellite_cadence(:,1))-1,1);
        for i = 1:length(cadence_info(:,1))
            cadence_info(i) = satellite_cadence(i+1,3) -
satellite_cadence(i,3);
        end

        cadence_matrix_L_inf(index,:) = [sat_index, max(cadence_info),
min(cadence_info), mean(cadence_info)];
    end

```

```

cadence_matrix_L_inf = cadence_matrix_L_inf(cadence_matrix_L_inf(:,3)~=0,:);

figure;
hold on
scatter(cadence_matrix_original(:,1),cadence_matrix_original(:,3),'o','red')
scatter(cadence_matrix_L_inf(:,1),cadence_matrix_L_inf(:,3),'*','blue')
title('Satellite Operation Minimum Cadence for L
infty','FontSize',12,'FontWeight','bold')
legend('Unconstrained','L infty')
xlabel('Satellite No.')
ylabel('Operation Cadence (sec)')
grid on

% Extract Ground Point Tables
T = Original_A_L_inf;

% Source 열에서 고유 값 추출
sources = unique(T.Source);

% Revisit Time Matrix (Min / Max / Mean) 생성
Revisit_Matrix = zeros(length(sources),3);
revisit_time_vector_combined = [];

% 각각의 Source 별로 테이블을 분리하여 저장
for i = 1:length(sources)
    src = sources{i};

    % Source 값이 같은 행들만 추출
    subTable = T(strcmp(T.Source, src), :);
    subTable_sorted = sortrows(subTable,4,"ascend");

    % 동적으로 변수 생성 (예: Ground_Point_1_Table)
    varName = sprintf('%s_Table', src);
    % assignin('base', varName, subTable_sorted);
    contact_tables.(sprintf('%s_Table', src)) = subTable_sorted;

    % 기존 row에 start 및 endtime 추가
    row0 = subTable_sorted(1,:);

    % -----
    % 윗줄 (t_start)
    % -----
    row_top = row0;
    row_top.IntervalNumber = NaN;           % 필요 없으면 NaN
    row_top.StartTime = t_start;
    row_top.EndTime = t_start;

```



```

row_top.Duration = 0;
row_top.StartOrbit = 0;
row_top.EndOrbit = 0;

% -----
% 아랫줄 (t_end)
% -----
row_bottom = row0;
row_bottom.IntervalNumber = NaN;
row_bottom.StartTime = t_end;
row_bottom.EndTime = t_end;
row_bottom.Duration = 0;
row_bottom.StartOrbit = 0;
row_bottom.EndOrbit = 0;

% -----
% 위 + 기존 + 아래 결합
% -----
subTable_sorted = [row_top; subTable_sorted; row_bottom];

% Initialize Revisit Time Vector
revisit_time_vector = zeros(height(subTable_sorted)-1,1);

for revisit_time_index = 1:length(revisit_time_vector)
    revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index)
= seconds(table2array(subTable_sorted(revisit_time_index+1,4))-
table2array(subTable_sorted(revisit_time_index,5)));

    if revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index) < 0
        revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index) = 0;
    end
    revisit_vectors.(sprintf('%s_revisit_time_vec', src)) =
revisit_time_vector;
end

% 생성된 Revisit Time Vector의 Min / Max / Mean 값을 Revisit Time
Matrix에 저장
Revisit_Matrix(i,1) = min(revisit_time_vector);
Revisit_Matrix(i,2) = max(revisit_time_vector);

% 재방문 주기의 평균을 구할때는 재방문 주기가 0인 데이터 포인트를 모두 제외하였음
revisit_time_vector = revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_vector~=0);

Revisit_Matrix(i,3) = mean(revisit_time_vector);
revisit_time_vector_combined =
[revisit_time_vector_combined;revisit_time_vector];
revisit_time_vector_info.(['source' num2str(i)]) =
revisit_time_vector;
end

```

```

% Revisit Time Matrix의 값을 그래프로 출력
x = 1:length(Revisit_Matrix(:,1));
min_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,1))/3600;
max_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,2))/3600;
mean_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,3))/3600;
output_data = [mean_value, min_value, max_value];

figure;
errorbar(x, mean_value, mean_value-min_value, max_value-
mean_value, '*', 'LineStyle', 'none', 'color', 'b', 'MarkerEdgeColor', 'r')
t = title('Revisit Time Result (L
infty)', 'FontSize', 12, 'FontWeight', 'bold');
xlabel('Ground Observation Point
Index', 'FontSize', 11, 'FontWeight', 'bold')
ylabel('Revisit Time (Hours)', 'FontSize', 11, 'FontWeight', 'bold')
legend('Min, Max, Mean Revisit Time Data', 'Location', 'southoutside')
xlim([-1, length(Revisit_Matrix(:,1))+1])
end

```

## 6.2 L2 Revisit Time Status Result

```

if L2_flag == 1

A_matrix_result = A_matrix;

active_satellites = unique(A_matrix_result(:,1));
cadence_matrix_original = zeros(length(active_satellites),4);

for index = 1:length(active_satellites)
    sat_index = active_satellites(index);
    % satellite_cadence_info.(['sat',num2str(sat_index)]) =
A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) == sat_index,:);
    satellite_cadence = A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) ==
sat_index,:);
    cadence_info = zeros(length(satellite_cadence(:,1))-1,1);
    for i = 1:length(cadence_info(:,1))
        cadence_info(i) = satellite_cadence(i+1,3) -
satellite_cadence(i,3);
    end

    if isscalar(satellite_cadence(:,1))
        continue;
    end

    cadence_matrix_original(index,:) = [sat_index, max(cadence_info),
min(cadence_info), mean(cadence_info)];
end

```

```

A_matrix_result = A_matrix_L2;

active_satellites = unique(A_matrix_result(:,1));
cadence_matrix_L2 = zeros(length(active_satellites),4);

for index = 1:length(active_satellites)
    sat_index = active_satellites(index);
    % satellite_cadence_info.(['sat',num2str(sat_index)]) =
A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) == sat_index,:);
    satellite_cadence = A_matrix_result(A_matrix_result(:,1) ==
sat_index,:);

    if isscalar(satellite_cadence(:,1))
        continue;
    end

    cadence_info = zeros(length(satellite_cadence(:,1))-1,1);
    for i = 1:length(cadence_info(:,1))
        cadence_info(i) = satellite_cadence(i+1,3) -
satellite_cadence(i,3);
    end

    cadence_matrix_L2(index,:) = [sat_index, max(cadence_info),
min(cadence_info), mean(cadence_info)];
end

cadence_matrix_L2 = cadence_matrix_L2(cadence_matrix_L2(:,3)~=0,:);

figure;
hold on
scatter(cadence_matrix_original(:,1),cadence_matrix_original(:,3),'o','red')
scatter(cadence_matrix_L2(:,1),cadence_matrix_L2(:,3),'*','blue')
title('Satellite Operation Minimum Cadence for
L2','FontSize',12,'FontWeight','bold')
legend('Unconstrained','L2')
xlabel('Satellite No.')
ylabel('Operation Cadence (sec)')
grid on

% Extract Ground Point Tables
T = Original_A_L2;

% Source 열에서 고유 값 추출
sources = unique(T.Source);

% Revisit Time Matrix (Min / Max / Mean) 생성

```

```

Revisit_Matrix = zeros(length(sources),3);
revisit_time_vector_combined = [];

% 각각의 Source 별로 테이블을 분리하여 저장
for i = 1:length(sources)
    src = sources{i};

    % Source 값이 같은 행들만 추출
    subTable = T(strcmp(T.Source, src), :);
    subTable_sorted = sortrows(subTable,4,"ascend");

    % 동적으로 변수 생성 (예: Ground_Point_1_Table)
    varName = sprintf('%s_Table', src);
    % assignin('base', varName, subTable_sorted);
    contact_tables.(sprintf('%s_Table', src)) = subTable_sorted;

    % 기존 row에 start 및 endtime 추가
    row0 = subTable_sorted(1,:);

    % -----
    % 윗줄 (t_start)
    % -----
    row_top = row0;
    row_top.IntervalNumber = NaN;      % 필요 없으면 NaN
    row_top.StartTime = t_start;
    row_top.EndTime    = t_start;
    row_top.Duration   = 0;
    row_top.StartOrbit = 0;
    row_top.EndOrbit   = 0;

    % -----
    % 아랫줄 (t_end)
    % -----
    row_bottom = row0;
    row_bottom.IntervalNumber = NaN;
    row_bottom.StartTime = t_end;
    row_bottom.EndTime    = t_end;
    row_bottom.Duration   = 0;
    row_bottom.StartOrbit = 0;
    row_bottom.EndOrbit   = 0;

    % -----
    % 위 + 기존 + 아래 결합
    % -----
    subTable_sorted = [row_top; subTable_sorted; row_bottom];

    % Initialize Revisit Time Vector
    revisit_time_vector = zeros(height(subTable_sorted)-1,1);

```

```

        for revisit_time_index = 1:length(revisit_time_vector)
            revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index)
= seconds(table2array(subTable_sorted(revisit_time_index+1,4))-
table2array(subTable_sorted(revisit_time_index,5)));

            if revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index) < 0
                revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_index) = 0;
            end
            revisit_vectors.(sprintf('%s_revisit_time_vec', src)) =
revisit_time_vector;
        end

        % 생성된 Revisit Time Vector의 Min / Max / Mean 값을 Revisit Time
Matrix에 저장
        Revisit_Matrix(i,1) = min(revisit_time_vector);
        Revisit_Matrix(i,2) = max(revisit_time_vector);

        % 재방문 주기의 평균을 구할때는 재방문 주기가 0인 데이터 포인트를 모두 제외하였음
        revisit_time_vector = revisit_time_vector(revisit_time_vector~=0);

        Revisit_Matrix(i,3) = mean(revisit_time_vector);
        revisit_time_vector_combined =
[revisit_time_vector_combined;revisit_time_vector];
        revisit_time_vector_info.(['source' num2str(i)]) =
revisit_time_vector;
    end

    % Revisit Time Matrix의 값을 그래프로 출력
    x = 1:length(Revisit_Matrix(:,1));
    min_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,1))/3600;
    max_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,2))/3600;
    mean_value = (Revisit_Matrix(:,3))/3600;
    output_data = [mean_value, min_value, max_value];

    figure;
    errorbar(x, mean_value, mean_value-min_value, max_value-
mean_value, '*', 'LineStyle', 'none', 'color', 'b', 'MarkerEdgeColor', 'r')
    t = title('Revisit Time Result (L2)', 'FontSize', 12, 'FontWeight', 'bold');
    xlabel('Ground Observation Point
Index', 'FontSize', 11, 'FontWeight', 'bold')
    ylabel('Revisit Time (Hours)', 'FontSize', 11, 'FontWeight', 'bold')
    legend('Min, Max, Mean Revisit Time Data', 'Location', 'southoutside')
    xlim([-1, length(Revisit_Matrix(:,1))+1])
end

```

