

# EXPERT LEVEL DEBUGGING

JAMES MITCHELL | SHG MELBOURNE

[04/10/22]



# CALL STACK CORRUPTION

Call Stack	
	Name
⇒	00000000fa2a10cd()
	00007ffb0000000b()
	0000000000000011()

Path	Optimized	User Code	Symbol Status	Symbol File
C:\Users\jamitchell\source\repos...	N/A	Yes	Symbols loaded.	C:\Users\jamitchell\sourc...

# DISCLAIMER

- The examples in this talk will be using
  - C++
  - Visual Studio
  - Windows 10
  - X86-64 architecture
- Other platforms, debuggers and languages will differ slightly.

# AGENDA

- x86-64 assembly introduction
- Demo: Call stack corruption

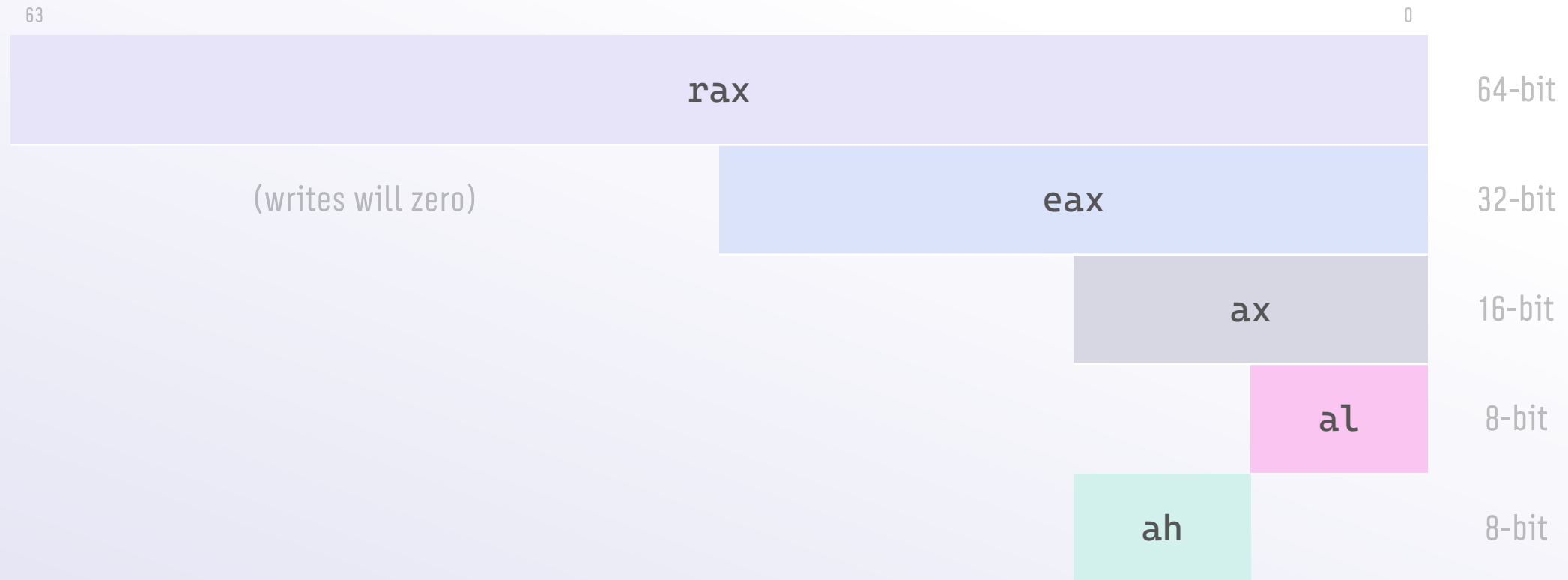
# X86-64 ASSEMBLY

## INTRODUCTION

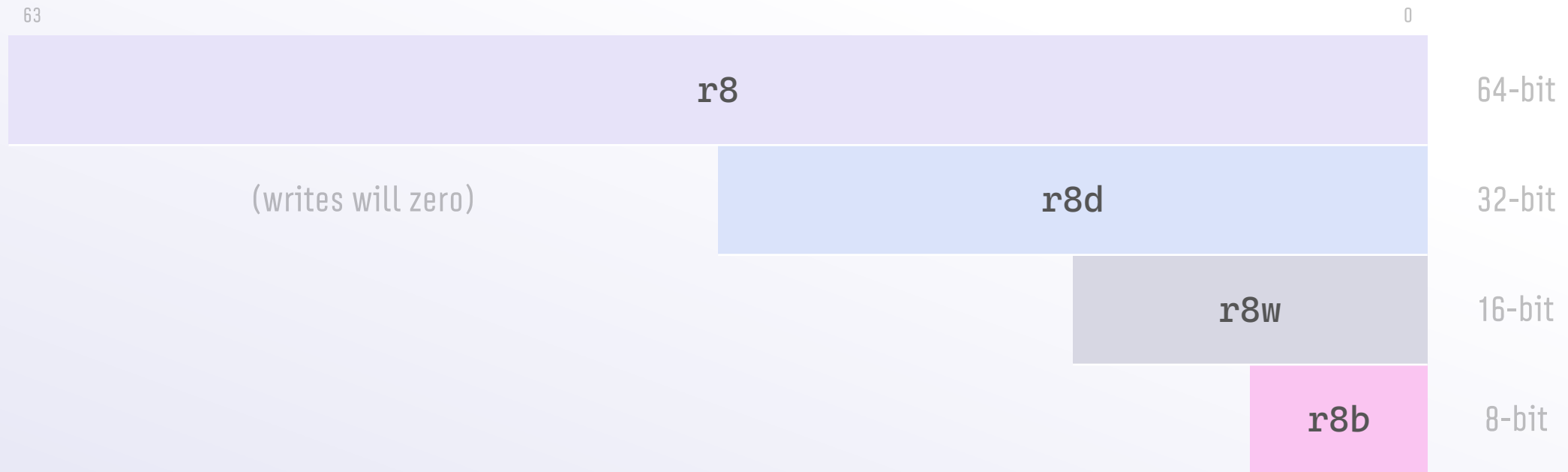
# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : REGISTERS

- `rax, rbx, rcx, rdx, rsp, rbp, rsi, rdi, r8-r15` are general purpose registers
- `xmm0-xmm15` are SSE registers (used for floating point operating also)
- `rip` is the instruction pointer
- Windows calling conventions
  - `rcx, rdx, r8, r9` are arguments the rest go on the stack
  - `rax` is the return value
  - `rax, rcx, rdx, r8-r11, xmm0-xmm5` are volatile (Can be changed by the called function)
  - `rbx, rbp, rdi, rsi, rsp, r12-r15, xmm6-xmm15` are non-volatile (Cannot be changed by the called function)

# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : REGISTERS



# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : REGISTERS





# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : INSTRUCTIONS

```
op  
op dest  
op dest, src  
op dest, src1, src2
```

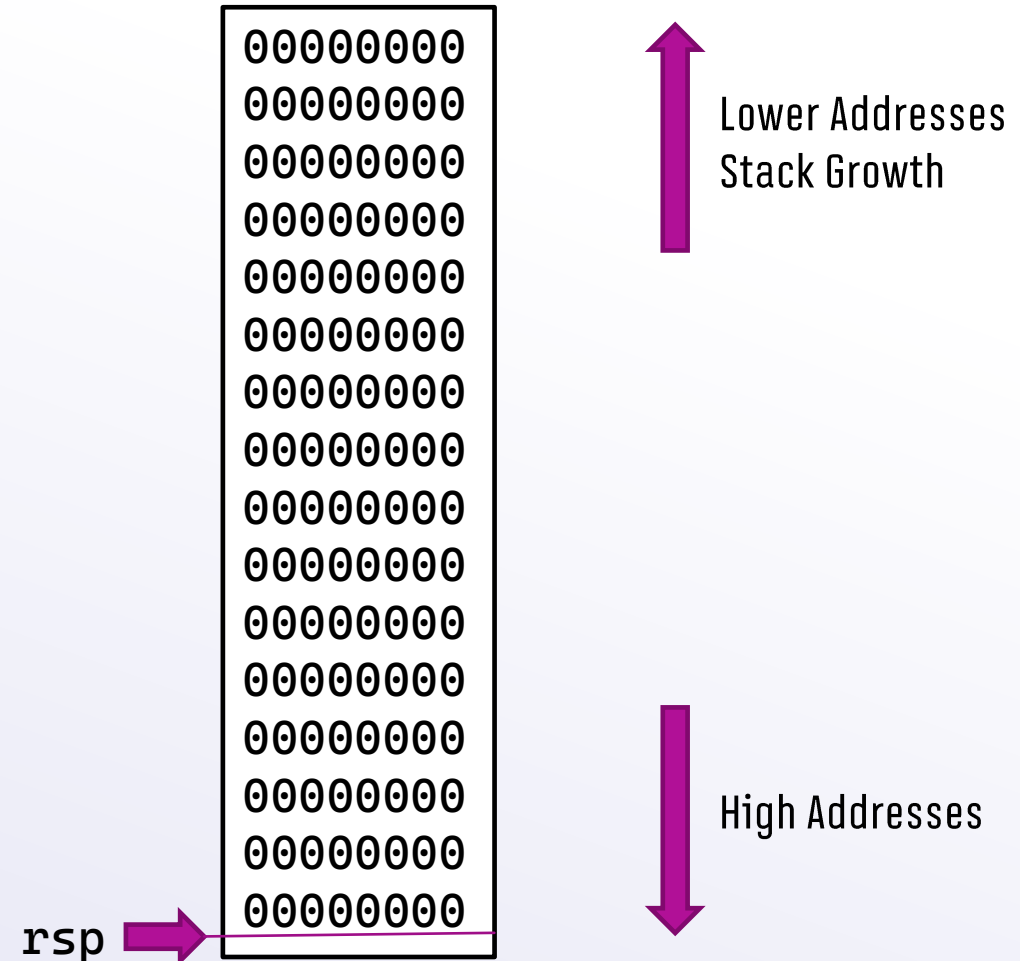
**NOTE:**  
Intel Assembly Syntax

- op is an operation (e.g. call, ret, add, sub, etc)
- dest and src are operands which can be
  - Registers (e.g. rax)
  - Immediate values (e.g. 30h)
  - Memory addresses (e.g. [myvar], [rsp + 30h], [rdx + rbx \* 8])
    - May be prefixed with data type sizes (e.g. DWORD PTR, QWORD PTR)

# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

→ `push 10h`  
`pop rax`  
...

rax 00000000



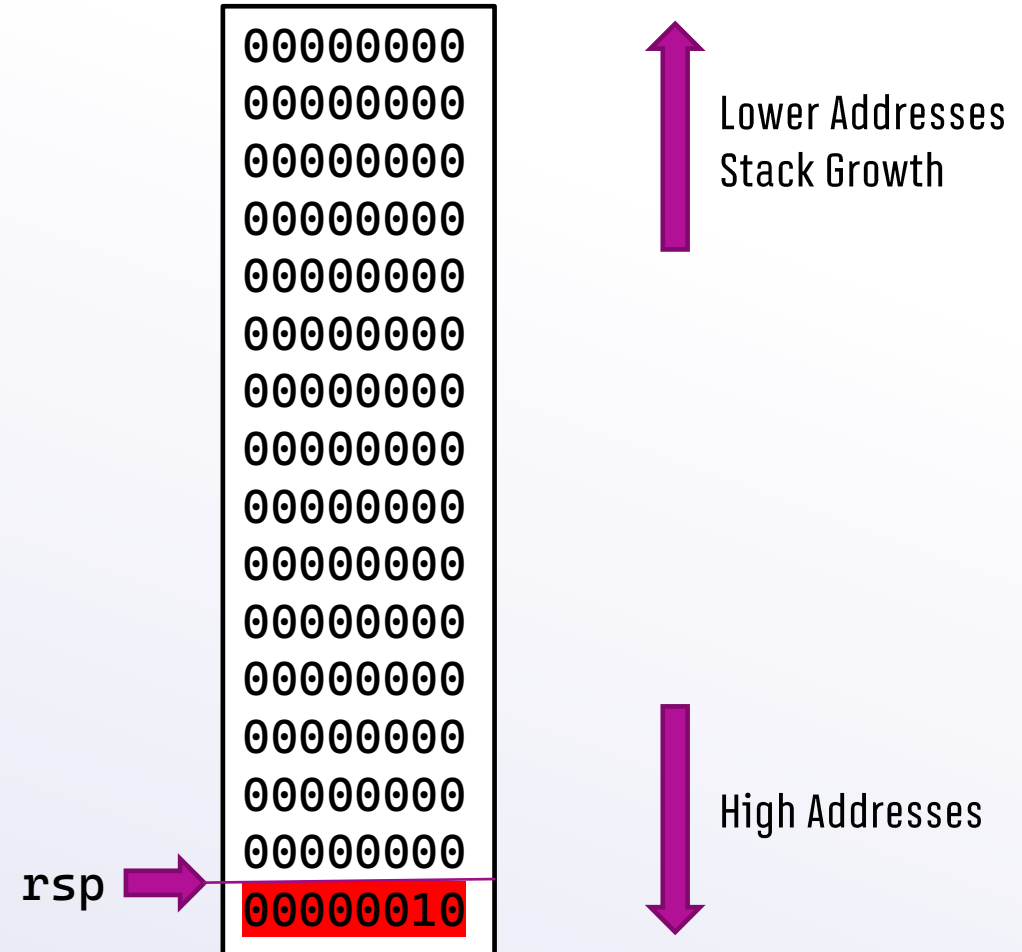
## NOTE:

Using 32-bits in this example for ease of reading, 64-bit acts the same.

# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

→  
push 10h  
pop rax  
...

rax 00000000

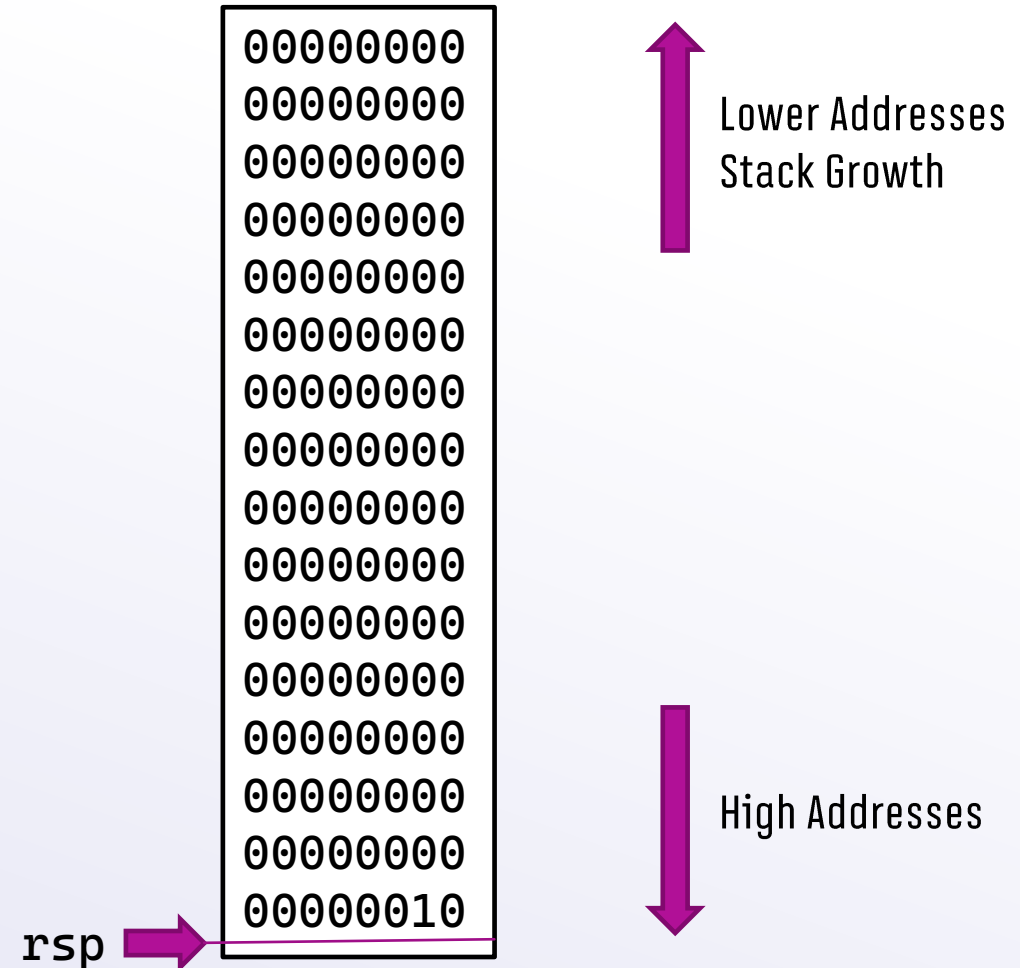


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for ease of reading, 64-bit acts  
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# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

→  
push 10h  
pop rax  
...


rax 00000010



## NOTE:

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# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK



```
example():  
; prolog - Setup stack-frame  
push rbx  
sub rsp, 24h  
...  
; epilog - Exit stack-frame  
add rsp, 24h  
pop rbx  
ret
```

rax 00000000

rsp



00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000
00000000

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Lower Addresses  
Stack Growth



High Addresses



# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

example():

...

```
; Write stack variables
```

```
mov dword ptr [rsp+4h], 10h
```

```
; Read stack variables
```

```
mov rax, dword ptr [rsp+4h]
```

rax	00000000
-----	----------

00000000

rsp

[illegible]

**NOTE:**

Using 32-bits in this example for ease of reading, 64-bit acts the same.

## Lower Addresses

## Stack Growth

## High Addresses

# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

example():

...

```
; Write stack variables
```

```
mov dword ptr [myvar], 10h
```

```
; Read stack variables
```

```
mov rax, dword ptr [myvar]
```

rax	00000000
-----	----------

**NOTE:**

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for ease of reading, 64-bit acts  
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## Lower Addresses

## Stack Growth

## High Addresses

# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

```
example():  
; Call:  
; 1. Pushes an address to return to  
; 2. Jumps to function  
7F000000 call example2 (7F000010h)  
7F000004 mov rax, 10h  
...  
  
example2():  
; Ret:  
; 1. Pops a return address  
; 2. Jumps to that function  
7F000010 ret
```

rax	00000000
-----	----------

```
rip | 7F0000000
```

rsp

[illegible]

**NOTE:**

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## Lower Addresses Stack Growth

## High Addresses



# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

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example():  
; Call:  
; 1. Pushes an address to return to  
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7F000000 call example2 (7F000010h)  
7F000004 mov rax, 10h  
...  
  
example2():  
; Ret:  
; 1. Pops a return address  
; 2. Jumps to that function  
7F000010 ret
```

rax 00000000

rip 7F000010

rsp

00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
7F000004  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000

## NOTE:

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Lower Addresses  
Stack Growth

High Addresses

# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

```
example():  
; Call:  
; 1. Pushes an address to return to  
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7F000000 call example2 (7F000010h)  
7F000004 mov rax, 10h  
...  
  
example2():  
; Ret:  
; 1. Pops a return address  
; 2. Jumps to that function  
7F000010 ret
```

rax 00000000

rip 7F000004

rsp

00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
7F000004  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000  
00000000

## NOTE:

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Lower Addresses  
Stack Growth

High Addresses

# X86-64 ASSEMBLY : THE STACK

- For Windows x86-64 ABI
  - The stack is always aligned at 16-byte boundaries (except inside the prolog)
  - 32-bytes reserved parameter stack or home area, after the return address
    - Callee controlled
    - Typically used to store non-volatile registers

# DEMO: CALL STACK CORRUPTION

# CALL STACK CORRUPTION

```
void zero_number(int index)
{
    int numbers[] = { 1,2,3,4 };

    numbers[index] = 0;

    for (int num : numbers)
    {
        std::cout << num << '\n';
    }
}
```

# CALL STACK CORRUPTION

```
void zero_number(int index)
{
```

```
    push    rbx
    sub     rsp,40h
    mov     rax,qword ptr [00007FF65E2F5000h]
    xor     rax,rsp
    mov     qword ptr [rsp+30h],rax
```

```
    int numbers[] = { 1,2,3,4 };
```

```
    movdqa  xmm0,xmmword ptr [00007FF65E2F32E0h]
```

```
    numbers[index] = 0;
```

```
    for (int num : numbers)
```

```
    {
        lea     rbx,[rsp+20h]
```

```
        movsxd  rax,ecx
```

```
        movdqu  xmmword ptr [rsp+20h],xmm0
```

```
        mov     dword ptr [rsp+rax*4+20h],0
```

```
        nop     dword ptr [rax]
```

```
        nop     word ptr [rax+rax+0000000000000000h]
```

```
    {
```

```
        std::cout << num << '\n';
```

```
    mov     edx,dword ptr [rbx]
    mov     rcx,qword ptr [00007FF65E2F3080h]
    call    qword ptr [00007FF65E2F3090h]
    mov     rcx,rax
    call    00007FF65E2F1200
```

```
    lea     rax,[rsp+30h]
    add     rbx,4
    cmp     rbx,rax
    jne     00007FF65E2F1040
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
    mov     rcx,qword ptr [rsp+30h]
    xor     rcx,rsp
    call    00007FF65E2F1590
```

```
    add     rsp,40h
    pop     rbx
    ret
```

# CALL STACK CORRUPTION

```
void zero_number(int index)
{
    int numbers[] = { 1,2,3,4 };

    numbers[index] = 0;

    for (int num : numbers)
    {
        std::cout << num << '\n';
    }
}
```

Stack  
frame

Stack offset	Purpose	
rsp+00h	home	
rsp+08h	home	
rsp+10h	home	
rsp+18h	home	
rsp+20h	numbers[0]	numbers[1]
rsp+28h	numbers[2]	numbers[3]
rsp+30h	numbers[4]	numbers[5]
rsp+38h	numbers[6]	numbers[7]
rsp+40h	numbers[8]	numbers[9]
rsp+48h	numbers[10]	numbers[11]

# CALL STACK CORRUPTION

## LIVE DEMO TIME

Let's pray to the demo god's that it crashes



QUESTIONS?

# THANKS

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[04/10/22]

