

# BI and Big Data Analytics

## Assignment Word Count

BSc Information Systems Level 3

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## 1.0 Introduction

Hadoop MapReduce is a software framework for easily writing applications which process vast amounts of data (multi-terabyte data-sets) in-parallel on large clusters (thousands of nodes) of commodity hardware in a reliable, fault-tolerant manner.

A MapReduce job usually splits the input data-set into independent chunks which are processed by the map tasks in a completely parallel manner. The framework sorts the outputs of the maps, which are then input to the reduce tasks. Typically both the input and the output of the job are stored in a file-system. The framework takes care of scheduling tasks, monitoring them and re-executes the failed tasks.

### 1.1 Hadoop Map Reduce

MapReduce program executes in three stages, namely map stage, shuffle stage, and reduce stage.

**Map stage**- The text from the input text file is tokenized into words to form a key value pair with all the words present in the input text file. The key is the word from the input file and value is '1'.

**Shuffle stage**- The key-value pairs generated in the map phase are taken as input and then sorted in alphabetical order and map output from Mapper to Reducer.

**Reducer stage**- It takes the output of shuffle phase as input and then reduces the key-value pairs to unique keys with values added up.

## 2.0 Create WordCount Example in Hadoop MapReduce using Java Project with Eclipse

Steps:

1. Create java project and named it **WordCount**
2. Add the required Hadoop jars in the project.
3. Create **WordCount** class in the project.
4. Import the required libraries in **WordCount.java**

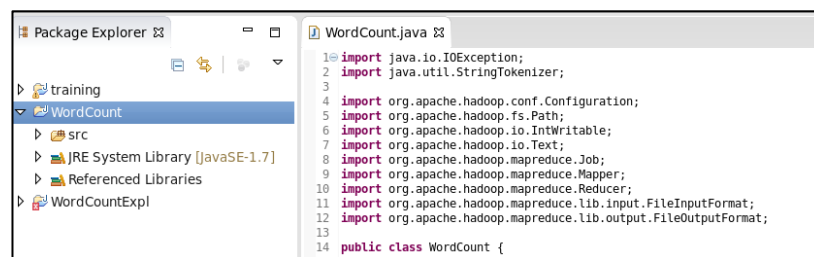


Figure 1: import libraries in WordCount.java

5. Create **TokenizerMapper** class which extends **Mapper** (super class) where the objects are passed in it.

**Mapper <Object, Text, Text, IntWritable>**,

Object, Text -> Input

Text, IntWritable (value 1) -> Output

6. Create **map** method within TokenizerMapper class which named the object address as a **key** and actual content as a **value** and it throws an IOException. Then convert the block of content to string and break them into a word.

```
13 public class WordCount {
14     public static class TokenizerMapper extends Mapper<Object, Text, Text, IntWritable>{
15
16         private final static IntWritable one = new IntWritable(1);
17         private Text word = new Text();
18
19         public void map(Object key, Text value, Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException{
20             StringTokenizer itr= new StringTokenizer(value.toString());
21             while (itr.hasMoreTokens()){
22                 word.set(itr.nextToken());
23                 context.write(word, one);
24             }
25         }
26     }
27 }
28
29 }
```

Figure 2: Tokenize Mapper Class

7. Create **IntSumReducer** class which extends **Reducer** (input will be output of the Mapper, output will be the word and its number of occurrences).
8. Create a method **reduce** which take Text as a key and iterate IntWritable and take it as the values.

**Iterable Function:**

Example: input: hello word hello word

Output before iterate: hello 1 word 1 hello 1 word 1

Output after iterate: hello 2 word 2

And create a for loop which iterate through each and every value and sums up the values and stored it in variable result (IntWritable).

```
public static class IntSumReducer extends Reducer<Text, IntWritable,Text, IntWritable>{
    private IntWritable result= new IntWritable();

    public void reduce(Text key, Iterable<IntWritable> values,Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException{
        int sum=0;
        for(IntWritable val : values){
            sum+=val.get();
        }
        result.set(sum);
        context.write(key, result);
    }
}
```

Figure 3: IntSumReducer class

9. Create the **main** method for the Wordcount. Create an object **conf** which take the class name '**WordCount**' of the driver class and set it as a jar in a job. Then set the mapper class, reducer class, output key and output value respectively. Set the input and output path to the job and save the job.

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception{
    Configuration conf = new Configuration();
    Job job= Job.getInstance(conf, "word count");
    job.setJarByClass(WordCount.class);
    job.setMapperClass(TokenMapper.class);
    job.setCombinerClass(IntSumReducer.class);
    job.setReducerClass(IntSumReducer.class);
    job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
    job.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
    FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(args[0]));
    FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(args[1]));
    System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 : 1);
}
```

Figure 4: main class

10. Export the WordCount project as a jar file. Location: /home/cloudera/

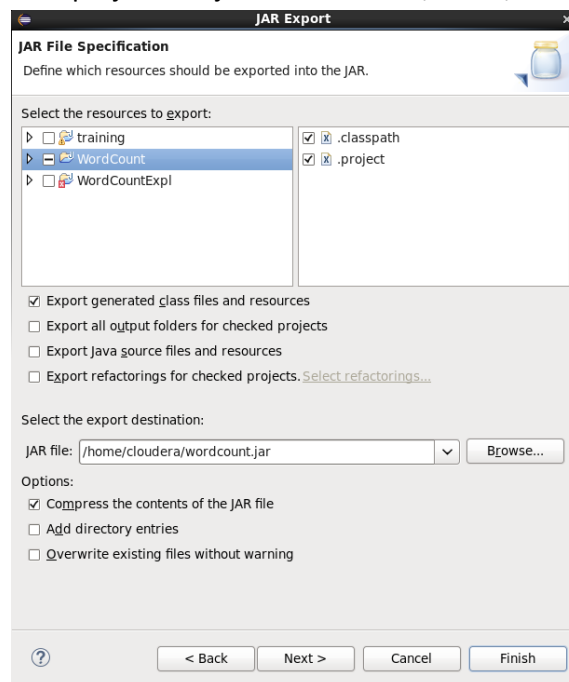


Figure 5: Export file as a jar

11. Open terminal, verify the file in the location.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ pwd
/home/cloudera
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ls
build          eclipse          kerberos        Templates
cloudera-manager enterprise-deployment.json lib              Videos
cm_api.py      express-deployment.json Music            WordCountExpInput.txt
Desktop        file0            parcels          wordcount.jar
```

Figure 6: verify file

12. Create an input file for MapReduce Program and save in location /home/cloudera/

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ cat > /home/cloudera/inputFile.txt
Apache Hadoop is a collection of open-source software utilities. Hadoop is an open source distributed processing framework
```

Figure 7: create input file

13. Create input directory in hdfs using command *hdfs dfs -mkdir /inputnew*.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -mkdir /inputnew
```

Figure 8: create input directory

14. Move the inputFile.txt to hdfs.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -put /home/cloudera/inputFile.txt /inputnew/
```

Figure 9: Move file to hdfs

15. View the file in hdfs.

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -cat /inputnew/inputFile.txt
Apache Hadoop is a collection of open-source software utilities. Hadoop is an open source distributed processing framework
```

Figure 10: View file in hdfs

16. Run MapReduce program.

Syntax: *hadoop jar /home/cloudera/wordcount.jar WordCount /inputnew/inputFile.txt /output\_new*

Output directory: output\_new

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop jar /home/cloudera/wordcount.jar WordCount /inputnew/inputFile.txt /output_new
20/02/20 00:14:16 INFO client.RMPProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at /0.0.0.0:8032
20/02/20 00:14:18 WARN mapreduce.JobResourceUploader: Hadoop command-line option parsing not performed. Implement the Tool interface and execute your application with ToolRunner to remedy this.
20/02/20 00:14:18 INFO input.FileInputFormat: Total input paths to process : 1
20/02/20 00:14:19 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: number of splits:1
20/02/20 00:14:19 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1581320671442_0001
```

Figure 11: Run map reduce program

17. View the output\_new directory

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -ls /output_new
Found 2 items
-rw-r--r--    1 cloudera supergroup          0 2020-02-20 00:15 /output_new/_SUCCESS
-rw-r--r--    1 cloudera supergroup       158 2020-02-20 00:15 /output_new/part-r-000000
```

Figure 12: View output\_new directory

18. Finally, view the output file.

Syntax: *hdfs dfs -cat/output\_new/part-r-00000*

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -cat /output_new/part-r-00000
Apache 1
Hadoop 2
Stopped 1
^Z 1
a 1
an 1
collection 1
distributed 1
framework 1
is 2
of 1
open 1
open-source 1
processing 1
software 1
source 1
utilities. 1
```

Figure 13: View output file