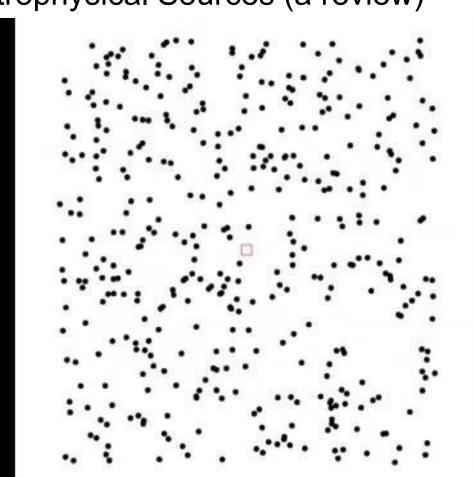
Detecting Gravitational Waves on Earth

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12 October 2019 Compton Lectures University of Chicago

Gravitational Waves and Astrophysical Sources (a review)

Gravitational waves change the physical distances between objects by stretching and squeezing the space between them.



Gravitational Waves and Astrophysical Sources (a review)

Why are Astrophysical Objects needed?

Dimensional analysis:

$$h \sim \frac{G}{c^2} \left(\frac{m}{D}\right) \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^n$$

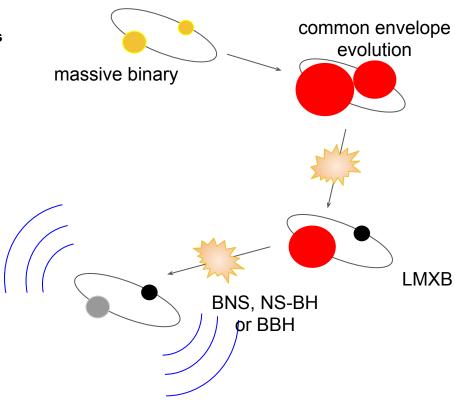
$$\sim 5 \times 10^{-22} \left(\frac{m}{M_{\odot}}\right) \left(\frac{100 \,\mathrm{Mpc}}{D}\right) \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^n$$

Possible Sources

Compact Binary Coalescences

Binary systems containing Black Holes and Neutron Stars

isolated evolution



Possible Sources

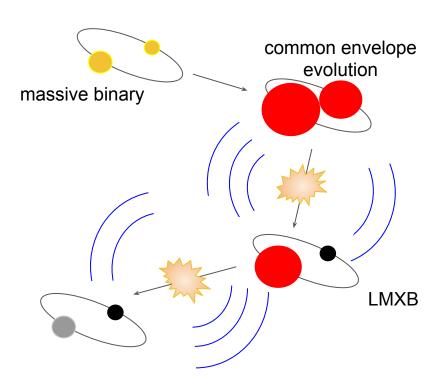
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Binary systems containing Black Holes and Neutron Stars

Bursts

- Core-Collapse SuperNova (CCSN)
- General "other stuff"

isolated evolution



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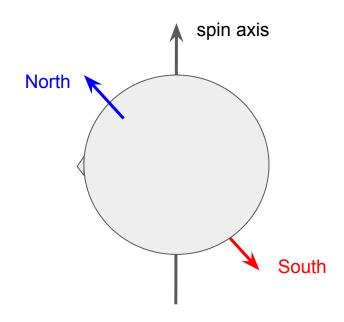
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Continuous Sources

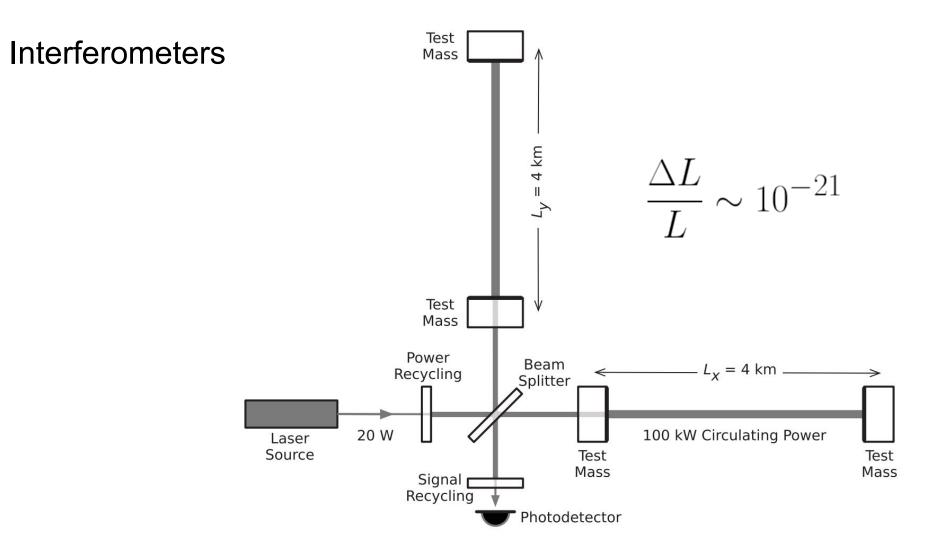
Pulsars

Stochastic Sources

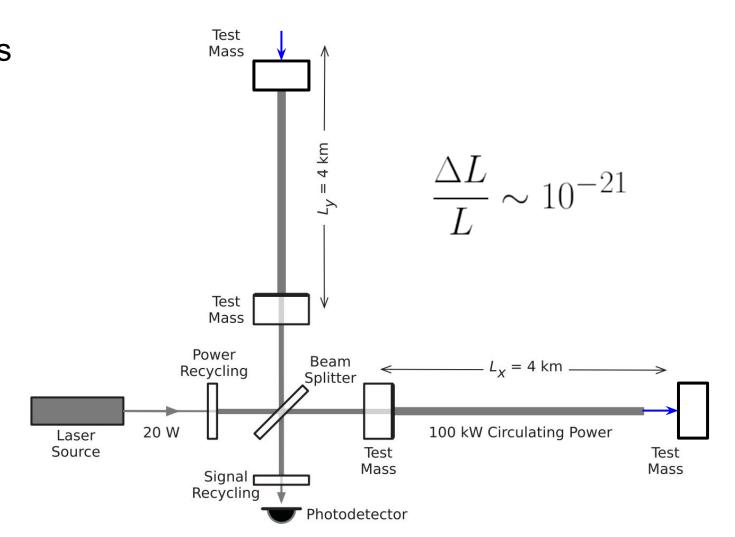
- Unresolved sources
- Primordial backgrounds

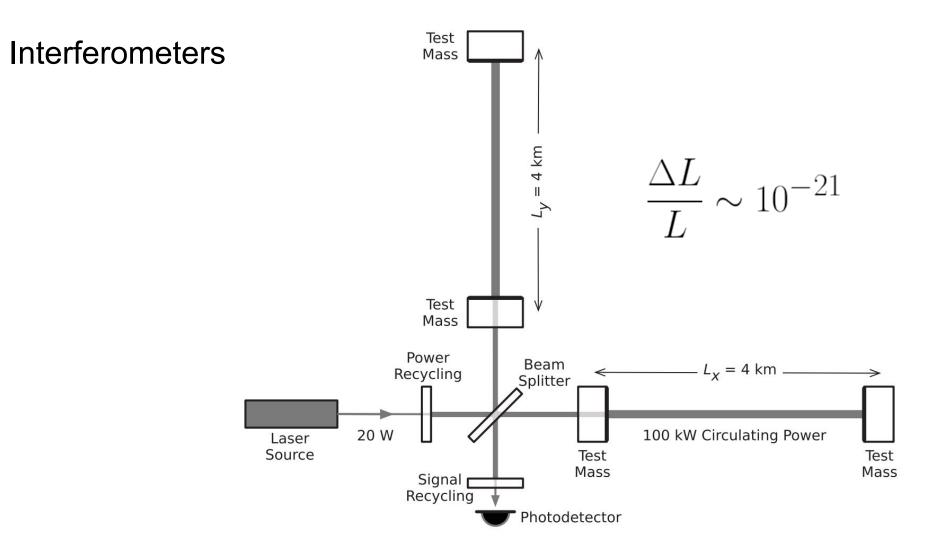


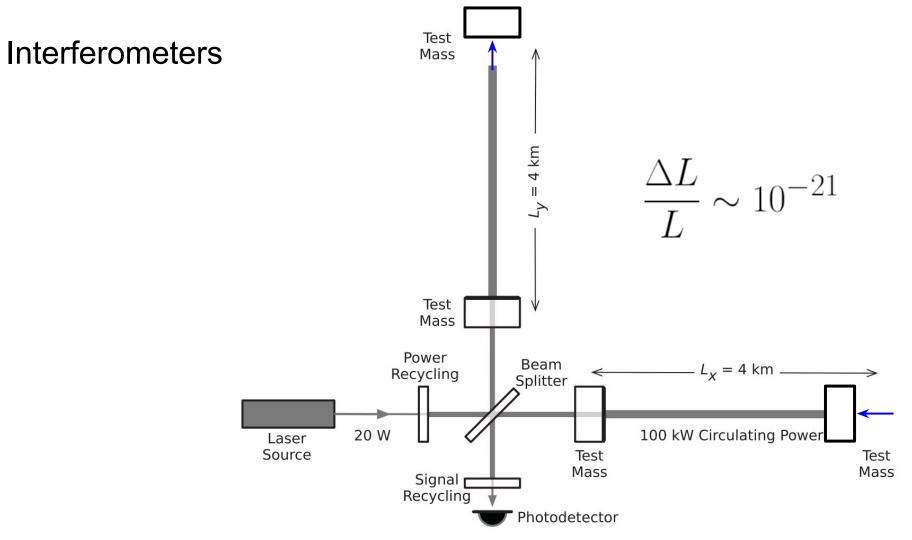
must be a perfect sphere to ~ 1 part in 10,000



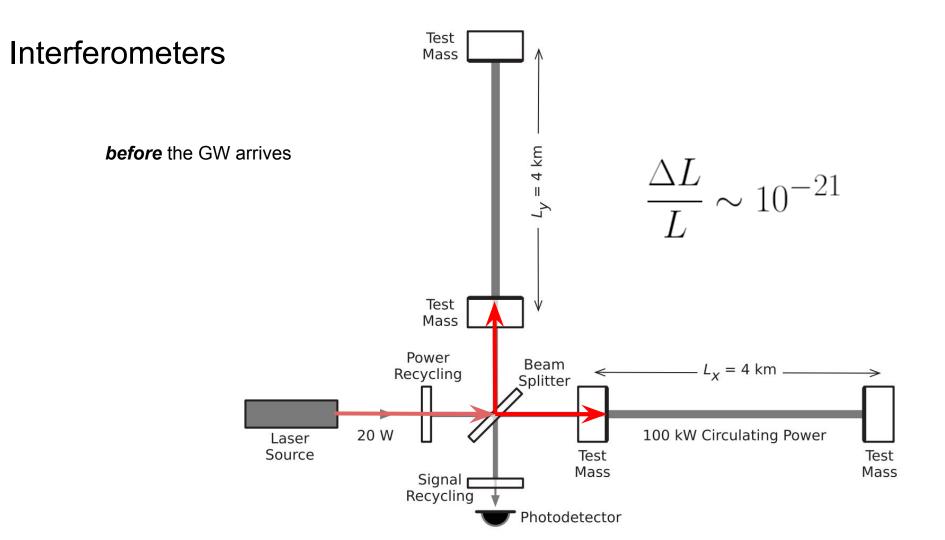
Interferometers

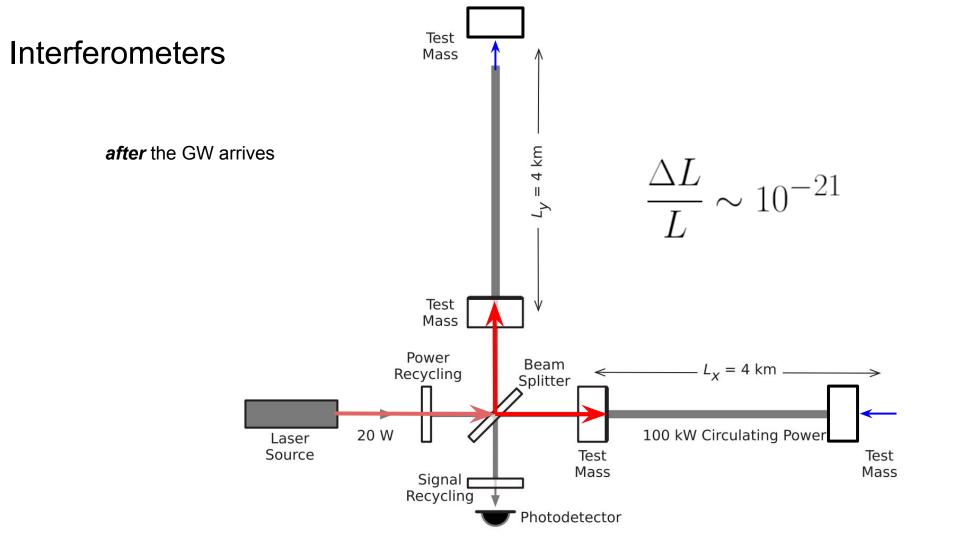


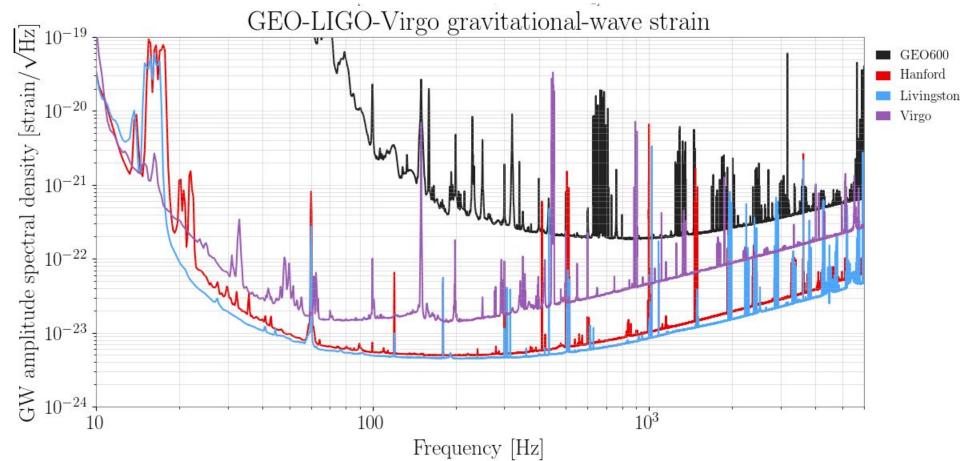










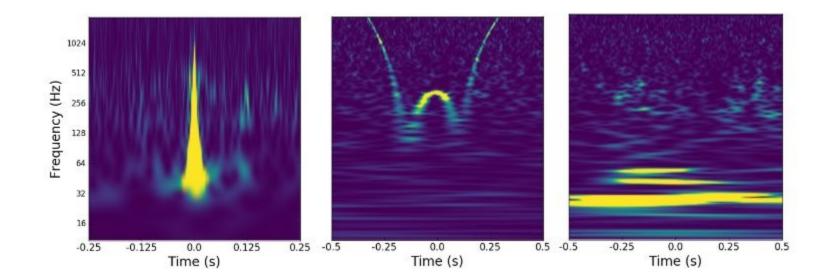


What noise sources could disturb our measurements?

Magnetic fields?
High winds/storms?
Dust/gas in the laser's path?
Defects in the mirrors?
Domino's Pizza?

Often called "Glitches"

- Typically shorter but louder than Gaussian noise
- May not be random, i.e. may have predictable time-domain waveforms



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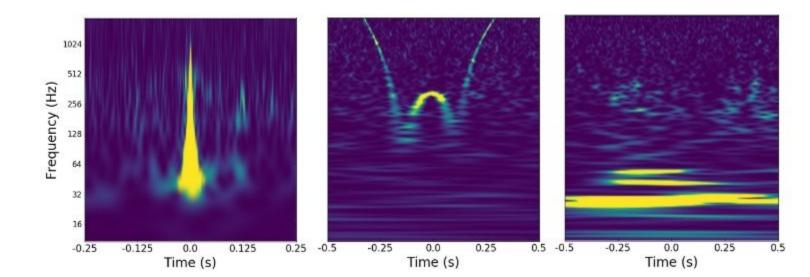
gravity SDY!

Thirsty ravens?
Cutting Down Trees?
Wiggling Surfaces?
Radio Frequency Interference?
Domino's Pizza?
else?

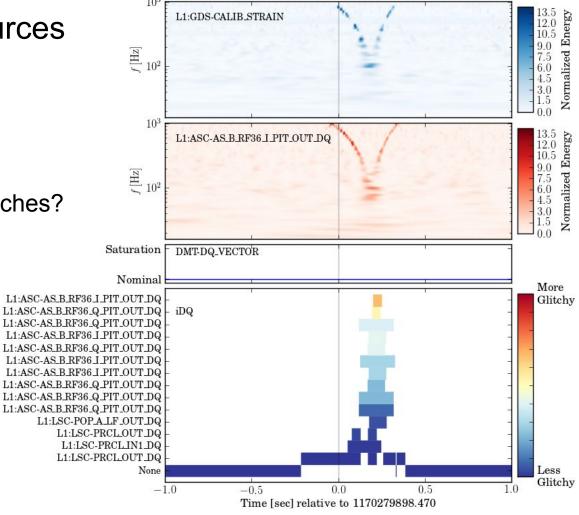
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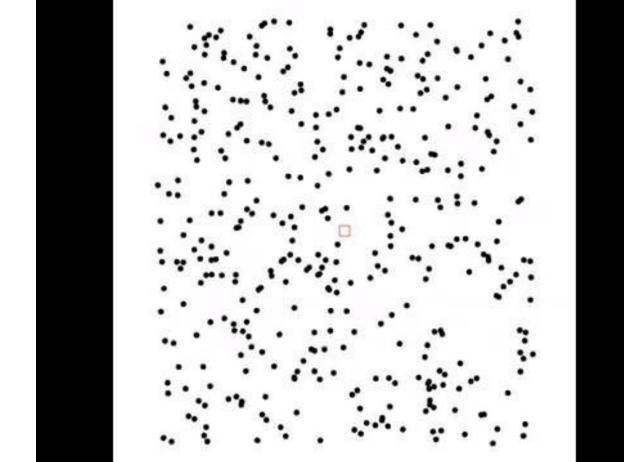
How do we identify and remove glitches?



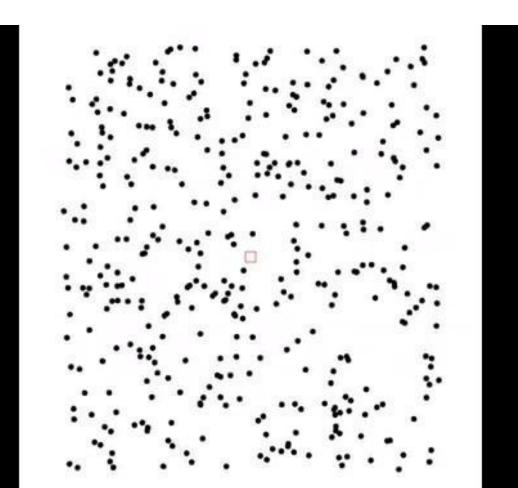
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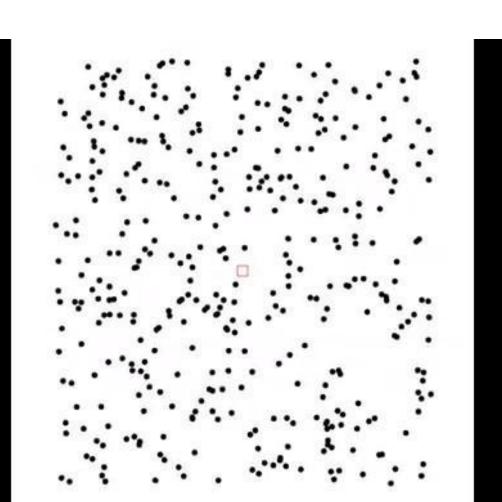
Whistle



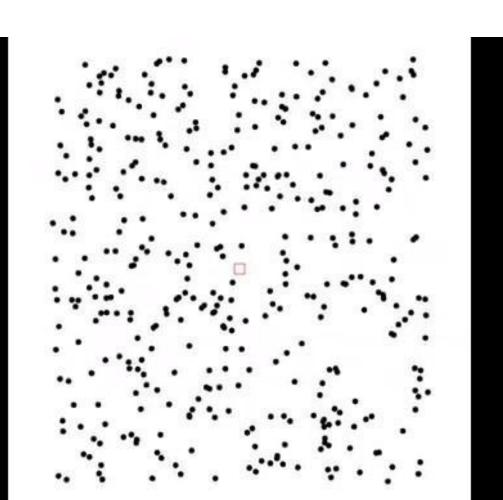
- LISA
 - LIGO in space



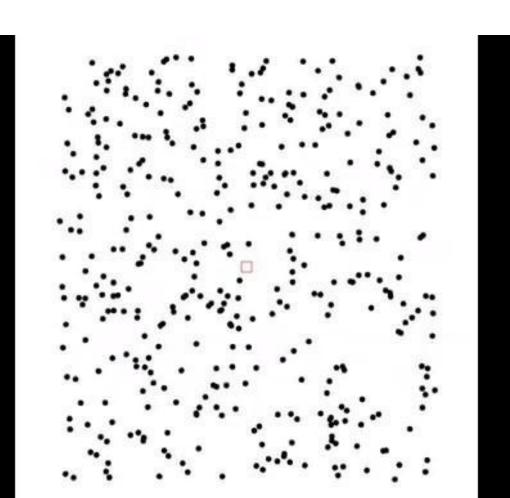
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- Pulsar Timing Arrays
 - even bigger timing measurements



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- Atom Interferometers
 - Other types of flying clocks



- LISA
 - LIGO in space
- Pulsar Timing Arrays
 - even bigger timing measurements
- Atom Interferometers
 - Other types of *flying clocks*
- Resonating bar detectors
 - o ringing a bell



Next time

Searching for Gravitational Waves in Noisy Detector Data

- Search techniques
- Establishing detection confidence
- Parameter estimation

Suggested Reading

- Gravitational Wave Detection: Principles and Practice (https://dcc.ligo.org/LIGO-P1100131/public).
- If light waves are stretched by gravitational waves, how can we use light as a ruler to detect gravitational waves? American Journal of Physics, 65, 501 (1997).
- <u>Public LIGO-Virgo Summary Pages</u>. https://www.gw-openscience.org/detector_status/
- <u>Thirsty The Raven.</u> https://humansofligo.blogspot.com/2018/10/thirsty-raven.html
- Gravity Spy. https://www.zooniverse.org/projects/zooniverse/gravity-spy