**Text Summarization Using Natural Language Processing for Books**

**A PROJECT REPORT**

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*Under the guidance of*

**MS.GOUTHAMI**

(M.E., Department of Computer Science and Engineering)

*in fulfillment for the award of the degree*

**BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY**

*in*

**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

*of*

****

**FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**

**SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY RAMAPURAM CAMPUS, CHENNAI -600089**

**MAY 2020**

**SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (Deemed to be University U/S 3 of UGC Act, 1956)**

**BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this project report titled -

**“Text Summarization Using Natural Language Processing for Books**

**”**

is the bonafide work of

**Akhil Sanker (RA1811026020035), Melvin Abraham (RA1811026020029),**

**K. Prasath (RA1811026020061), D Raj Praneeth (RA1811026020058)**

who carried out the project work under my supervision. Certified further, that to the best of my knowledge the work reported herein does not form any other project report or dissertation on the basis of which a degree or award was conferred on an occasion on this or any other candidate.

SIGNATURE SIGNATURE

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**Assistant Professor, Professor and Head**

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Submitted for the project viva-voce held on 10-11-2020 at SRM Institute of Science and Technology , Ramapuram Campus, Chennai -600089.

**INTERNAL EXAMINER EXTERNAL EXAMINER**

**SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY RAMAPURAM, CHENNAI - 89**

**DECLARATION**

We hereby declare that the entire work contained in this project report titled “**Text Summarization Using Natural Language Processing for Books**”

has been carried out by **:**

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**K. Prasath (RA1811026020061), D Raj Praneeth (RA1811026020058)** at

SRM Institute of Science and Technology, Ramapuram Campus, Chennai 600089,

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**Place: Chennai**

**Date: 10-11-2020**

Department of Computer Science and Engineering 

**SRM Institute of Science & Technology**

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To be completed by the student for all assessments

**Degree/ Course : B.Tech / Computer Science Engineering(AI & ML)**

**Student Name : Akhil Sanker , Melvin Abraham , K Prasath , D Raj Praneeth**

**Registration Number: RA1811026020035, RA1811026020029, RA1811026020061, RA1811026020058**

**Title of Work : TEXT SUMMARIZATION USING NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING FOR BOOKS**

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**ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

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**ABSTRACT**

Over the Past Years, many books have been written, many documents have been published online and it still goes on as we speak.

There is an enormous amount of textual material, and it is only growing every single day.

Think of the internet, comprised of web pages, news articles, status updates, blogs and so much more. The data is unstructured and the best that we can do to navigate it is to use search and skim the results.

There is a great need to reduce much of this text data to shorter, focused summaries that capture the salient details, both so we can navigate it more effectively as well as check whether the larger documents contain the information that we are looking for.

We cannot possibly create summaries of all of the text manually; there is a great need for automatic methods.

1. Summaries reduce reading time.
2. When researching documents, summaries make the selection process easier.
3. Automatic summarization improves the effectiveness of indexing.
4. Automatic summarization algorithms are less biased than human summarizers.
5. Personalized summaries are useful in question-answering systems as they provide personalized information.
6. Using automatic or semi-automatic summarization systems enables commercial abstract services to increase the number of texts they are able to process.

we have focused on analyzing and pre- processing data sets as well as the deployment of the Stacked LSTM models with attention for the purpose of Getting an Apt Summary for our documents.

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**Problem Statement:**

As of late, there has been a blast in the measure of text data from an assortment of sources.

This volume of text is a priceless source of information and knowledge, which should be effectively summarized to be useful.

In this problem, the main objective is to automatic text summarization are described below for lighting more about processes. With the dramatic growth of the Internet, people are overwhelmed by the tremendous amount of online information and documents.

This expanding availability of documents has demanded exhaustive research in automatic text summarization. Now days many research is going on for text summarization. Because of increasing information in the internet, these kinds of research are gaining more and more attention among the researchers.

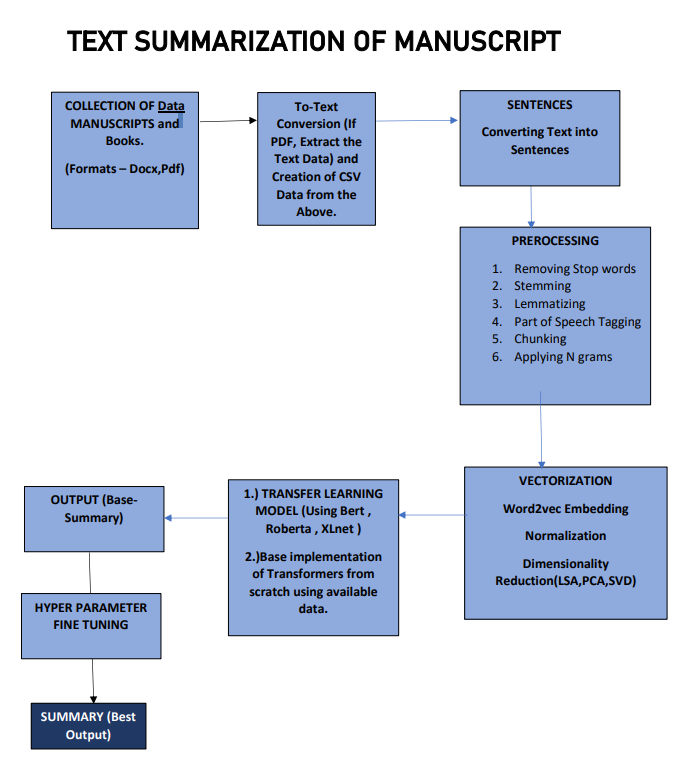
Extractive text summarization generates a summary by extracting proper set of sentences from a document or multiple documents by deep learning. The whole concept is to reduce or minimize the valuable information present in the documents.

The procedure can be manipulated Neural Networks with the help of Specific model namely Stacked LSTM , it also uses a mechanism of Attention algorithm for better efficiency by removing redundant sentences.

**Literature Survey:**

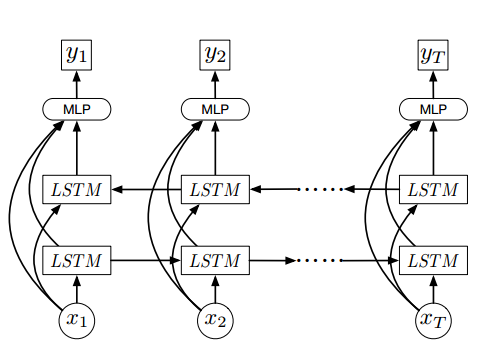
|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Reference Paper TITLE and AUTHOR** | **Concept and Algorithms** | **Advantages** | **Drawbacks** |
| **Text Summarization Techniques: SVM versus Neural Networks**  Shang Gaoa, Jawad Attari, Ken Barker | -Text Summarization using two models and comparing their performances !  -SVM vs Neural networks , because both are good at non-linear data and at large scale.  -Find applicable corpus =>Extract features=>assign predictor class=>train and validate =>compare | -SVM is faster than Neural network  -Neural network is a bit efficient compared to SVM.  -When moved from normal MLP to Transformer models such as Bert , significant improvements were found  -Helps to find the best approach | -Time consuming and Computational  -Lack of Good Corpuses.  -Might not be the perfect one (real time) , Example as when taken into something more complex such as medicine , we might never know . |
| **Extractive Summarization using Continuous Vector Space Models**  Olof Mogren, Devdatt Dubhashi, Mikael Kageb ˚ | -Focuses on notion of similarity of sentences .  -Embeddings are created and mapped into latent space  -tf-idf , vector distance , cosine-similarity are used | -Improve the existing models by applying better techniques.  -Compare DeepNN, RNN,Autoencoders .  -State of the Art Performance achieved | -Highly Time consuming & Computationally costly  -Word embedding Approach is comparatively slower and high dimensional as embeddings itself will take a huge time. |
| **Sequence GAN for long Text Summarization**  Hao Xu, Yanan Cao, Yanbing Liu | Triple RNN as Discriminator and Encoder Decoder as Generative.  Attention mechanism  RNN  Encoder Decoder Architecture.  Positional Encoding | ( seq2seq model achieves sota  it uses Most Likekihood Estimation (MLE) principle for training, which suffers from exposure bias.    GAN in machine translation using ANMT. Double Attention machanism.  Compare LexRank,abs- baseline atttention-based seq2seq model,abs+INRNN by introducing attention  in encoder,abs+ enahnced version of abs,DeepRL,ANMT.  ATRNN - 41.565 IN DAILY MAIL Corpus and 31.40% in NLPCC corpus | the generated summaries consist of repeating phrases.  our model is still a supervised learning one relying on high-quality training datasets which is scarce.  we will study an unsupervised or semi-supervised framework which can be applied to the text summarization task. |
| **PEGASUS: Pre-training with Extracted Gap-sentences for Abstractive Summarization**  Jingqing Zhang \* 1 Yao Zhao \* 2 Mohammad Saleh 2 Peter J. Liu 2 | Sparse Attention mechanism.  MLM (Masked Language Model)  Transformer | evaluated PEGASUS model on 12 downstream./test data summarization tasks spanning news, science, stories, instructions, emails, patents, and legislative bills.  Experiments demonstrate it achieves state-of-the-art performance on all 12 downstream datasets measured by ROUGE scores..  model was able to adapt to unseen summarization datasets very quickly | Need Large Corpus of text data for pre-training objective.  Other than that no any drawbacks because it latest paper released in july 2020 overcomes all the drawback of previous bird-pagasus.  Need indepth understanding of transformer and its architecture to implemention..  Of course really high computation speed . |
| **Multi documents on text summarization techniques**  **Author:** Chintan Shah and Anjali G Jivani | Graph  LSA  Term frequency  Cluster | New approaches can be made and developed with the help of NLP and Linguistic apperances which can help us to get better summary | By using exiting techniques approaches there will be more time consuming and effort towards will be more |
| **A Survey on Automatic Text Summarization**  **Authors:-**  D.Das , AFT MArtins | -Uses Naïve bayes  -Decision Trees  -Hidden Markov Models  -Non Linear Models | -Compares Performance and decides which one is the best among these. | -it is diffcult to replicate or extend the broader domains in abstractive summarization |
| **Improving performance of Text Summarization**  **Authors:**  S.A.Babara  Pallavi D.Patil | - This model makes use of fuzzy logic extraction approach for text summarization.  - Performs Latent Semantic Analysis (LSA) as opposed to performing direct word matching.  - Has high recall and precision significance test with manual evaluation results | - Can extract hidden semantic relations between concepts in a text unlike the traditional methods.  - Accurately captures semantic contents in sentences with the help of latent semantic analysis. |  |
| **Automatic summarising: the state of the art**  **Author:**  Karen Spark Jones | - content is extracted from the original data, but the extracted content is not modified in any way.  - Abstraction transforms the extracted content by paraphrasing sections of the source document, to condense a text much more strongly. | - Works Instantly. Reading the entire article, dissecting it and separating the important ideas from the raw text takes time and effort  - Can work with any languages without the need for manual intervention | - Automatic summarization is a complex task that consists of several sub-tasks.  - Each of the sub-tasks directly affects the ability to generate high quality summaries. |

**Architecture Diagram:**



**METHODOLOGY :**

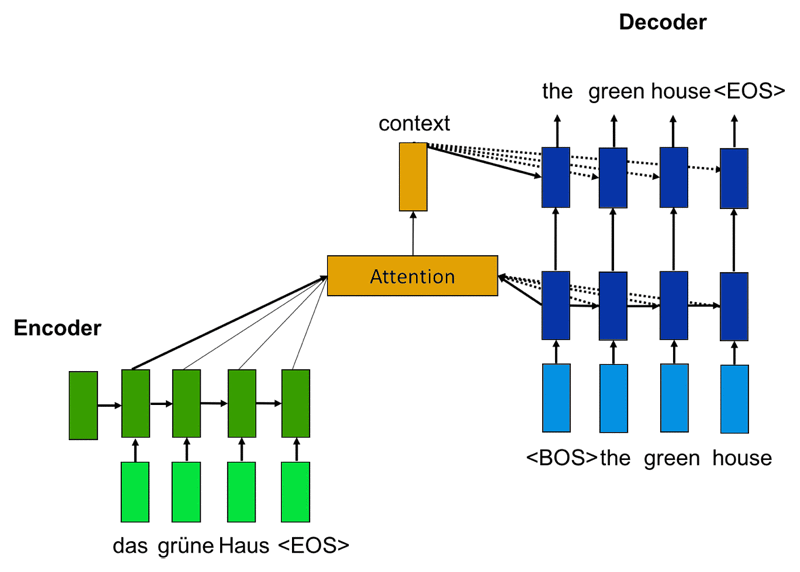
The approach that this document proposes, uses a Specific neural network architecture of stacked LSTM , along with attention model implementation. It ensures that the results we get are the best ones so far.



The above diagram Represents Stacked LSTM , along with this , Attention Algorithm has been implemented.

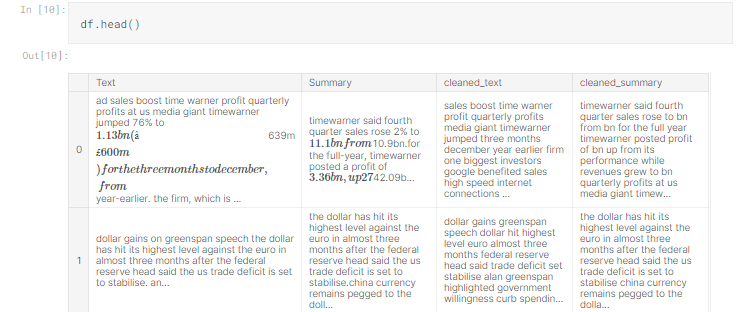
The data was obtained from various different sources and the model was trained.

There was a shuffling of data from different sources , hence huge variance is shown. Imbalance issues have been solved using techniques such as SMOTE.

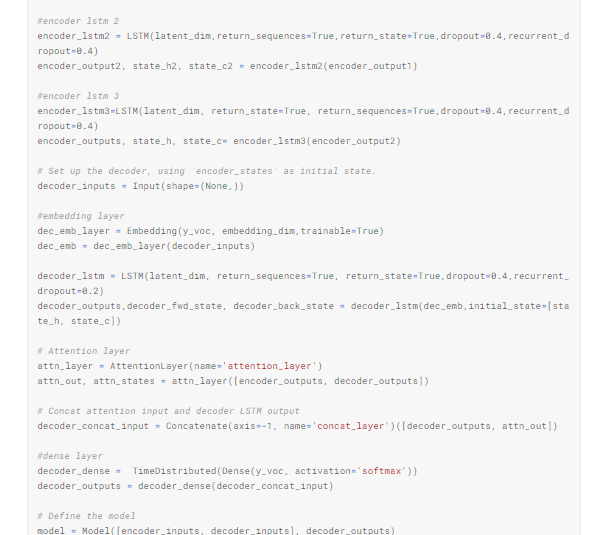


**Application Programming:**

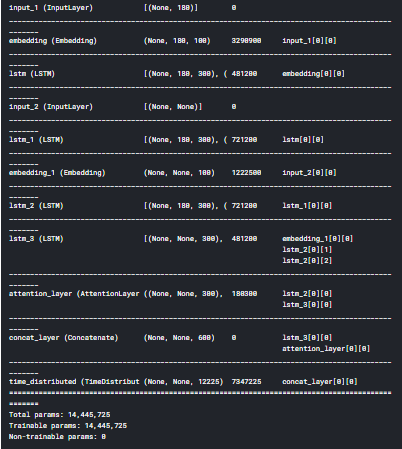
So we made use Jupyter Notebook Environment to implement our sought out code and program, it took some real time and we can hence show the coding details as follows , the following runs on kaggle kernel as we lack the resources :



The model is represented by the following code:

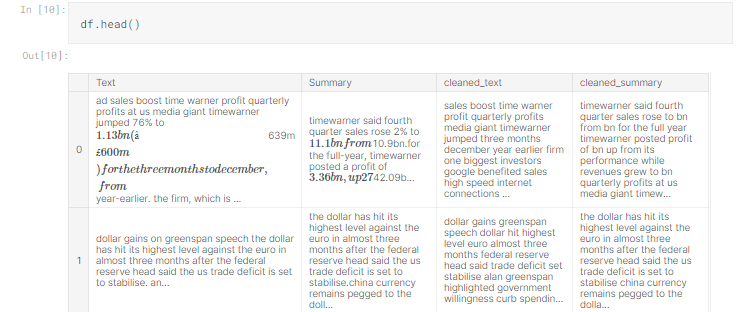


The final Model is:



**Application Output Screenshots:**

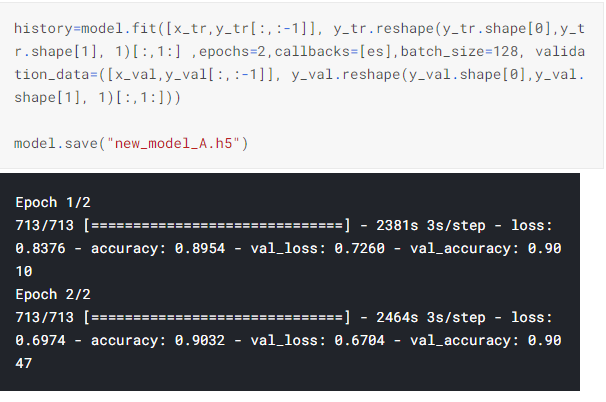
Head of the Input:



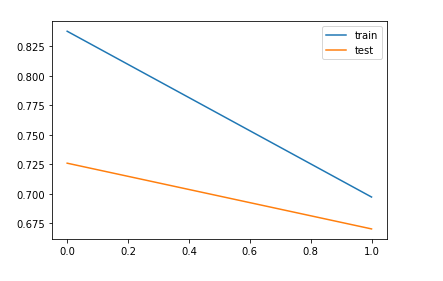
Vocabulary Size:



The Evaluation of Accuracies :



Validation**:**



Output:



**References:**

Paper 1

[https://www.researchgate.net/publication/221237689\_Text\_summarization\_techniques\_SVM\_versus\_neural\_networks](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/221237689_Text_summarization_techniques_SVM_versus_neural_networks%20%20)

Paper 2

<https://www.aclweb.org/anthology/W14-1504/>

Paper 3

<https://www.researchgate.net/publication/329740404_Sequence_Generative_Adversarial_Network_for_Long_Text_Summarization>

Paper 4

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.08777>

Paper 5

<https://www.researchgate.net/publication/310596578_Literature_Study_on_Multi-document_Text_Summarization_Techniques>

Paper 6 <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/228989228_A_survey_on_automatic_text_summarization>

**Conclusion:**

We have described the a study that explores extractive summarization using Neural Networks and abstractive summarization using seq-seq LSTM stacked model.

We used multiple Stacked - LSTM . Representation capacity is increased by using this model. Experiments on the given data is by using these two techniques which outperforms several previously proposed models.

In addition to it , we’ve used attention mechanism to improve the outputs of our model.