

Online Home Automation Control System

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List of Symbols & Abbreviations

Table 1: List of Symbols & Abbreviations

Symbols & Abbreviations	Meaning
UI	User Interface
API	Application programming Interface
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output
IDE	Integrated Development Environment
LED	Light Emitting Diode
REST	Representational State Transfer
SDLC	Software Development Life Cycle
SQL	Structured Query Language

Abstract & Keywords

The aim for this project is to control lights, air conditioners, television or any other home appliance regardless of the person's location. The methodology is simple: an android app will send controlling requests to a web server. Raspberry Pi will be getting all the new requests from the server, processing it accordingly and controlling the hardware components connected to it. Such a system will allow someone in the United States to turn the lights in their house in Saudi Arabia on. However, an active connection to the internet must be present all the time.

Table 2: Keywords

Keyword	Definition
Raspberry Pi	low cost, credit-card sized computer[1].
Linear solenoid	type of electromagnetic actuator that converts an electrical signal into a magnetic field producing a linear motion[2].

1 Introduction

1.1 Problem statement & Significance

With the recent very rapid progress in technology and automation, there has become a need for remote control of almost all possible aspects of living, especially the house appliances that surround us, because of how easy it makes the modern humans life and how much it allows them to focus on their main work and be more productive instead of doing these remotely controlled tasks for themselves, and simply, of how convenient it is. Examples we have already encountered and used in our daily lives include using apps to control a cleaning robot or adjust the heating in the house or even make coffee or switch the house lights on or off. For the latter, there have been many applications that can do that, however they all work locally and there hasnt been one yet that uses the internet so it can be used remotely from outside the house to control the lights. It is necessary for an application like that to exist, as a service like this would be important for many people, like, for example, working moms who are outside the house and want to switch the lights on at a certain time to wake their children up, or pet owners who need to have UV lights switched on for their pets at certain times of the day but cant do so immediately and so on. However, the main challenge in creating a device to solve this problem is where the idea of IoT (Internet of

Things) comes in; learning how to control this device through the Internet from afar, rather than being controlled by infrared rays locally as is the case with most similar applications.

1.2 Proposed Solution

The created app should enable the user, by clicking on the appropriate buttons, to control a physical apparatus in the building where the lights are and have the lights turn on or off accordingly. This will be done by designing and creating an Android application, then using a small laptop, called Raspberry Pi, to control a small piece that will be pushed forward (on command) to switch the light on or off, the API is a web application hosted on a server.

1.2.1 Aims

At the end of this project, we intend to achieve the following aims:

- Learn how to design a mobile application using previously learned and new knowledge
- Learn how to invoke a web API and use it in our application
- Learn Python programming language to control Raspberry Pi
- Learn Flask web micro-framework

1.2.2 Goals

At the end of this project, we expect to deliver:

- An Android application with a user friendly, simple, clear interface with buttons to control a LED and linear solenoid.
- A physical apparatus composed of the Raspberry Pi connected to and controlling the piece.
- A web application following REST architecture, managing user requests and Raspberry Pi's responses.

1.3 Project Domain & Limitation

1.3.1 Domain

Although the application will be available for all kinds of users to use, we expect that the ones who would make the most use of it would be employees who have long working hours and would need to be able to remotely control appliances in their homes, especially lights.

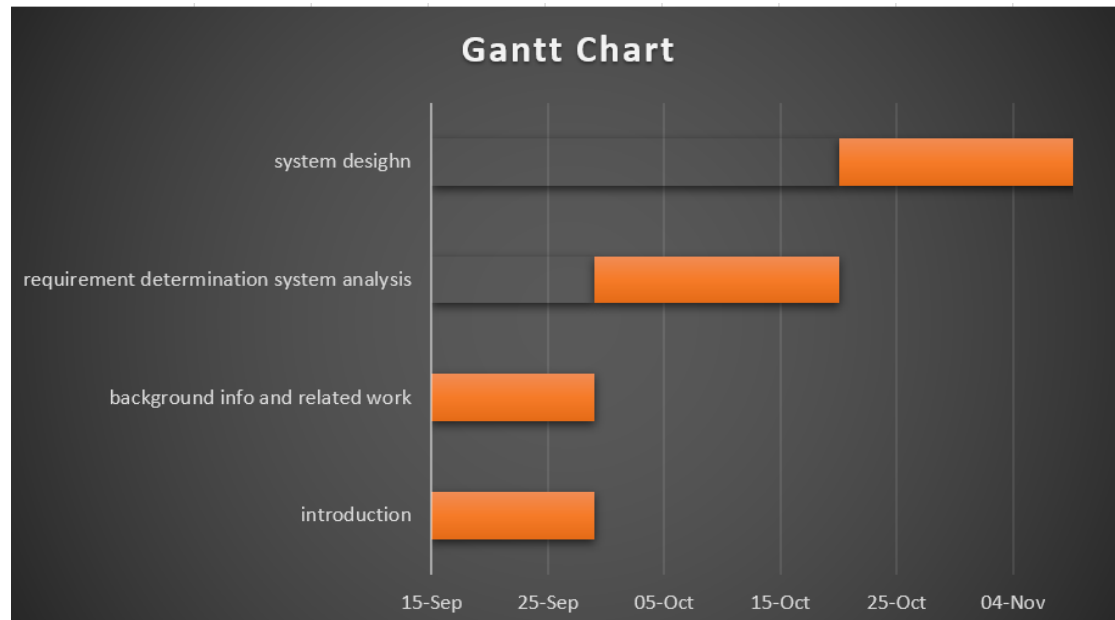
The critical piece in all of this application would be the linear solenoid actuator i.e. the small electrically controlled piece that would be placed very close to the light switch and would, on command, spring forward to press on the switch to turn it on or off.

1.3.2 Limitation

The main limitation of the application is that it will be able to control only a limited type of home appliance, which is the lights. A much more advanced application would be able to control most of the other appliances, such as controlling an Air conditioner if the owner is outside, or a timer controlled coffee maker.

1.4 Gantt Chart

Figure 1.1: Gantt Chart



2 Background Information & Related Work

2.1 Background Information

2.1.1 IoT

2.1.2 Hardware

- **Raspberry Pi:** a small general purpose computer. All hardware components will be connected to it. An active connection to the internet is needed for it to fetch data from the server.
- **Ubuntu Web Server:** hosts the web application. Digital Ocean servers were chosen for this project.
- **LED:** since the hardware components controlled depends heavily on the user needs, this project main aim will be controlling a small LED. LED stands for light-emitting diode. Basically a small light source.
- **Linear Solenoid:** once the LED works, linear solenoid will be installed for demonstrating the idea. It is a small component that generates a linear motion. It will be used to press in anything, such as lights, TV remote, and coffee machine.

2.1.3 Programming Languages & Frameworks

- **Python:** raspberry pi can be controlled by either c++ or python. Python was chosen because a REST API can be made using it fast.
 - **GPIO:** a library for controlling any hardware component connected to the GPIO pins.
 - **Flask:** a lightweight framework to build web applications.
- **Java:** mobile application are made in a native way with either swift or java.
 - **Android:** a framework for making android apps.
 - **Retrofit:** type-safe HTTP client for Android and Java. It will be used to send and receive commands and status from the web server.
- **PostgreSQL:** an open-source RDBMS. It will be installed on the server.

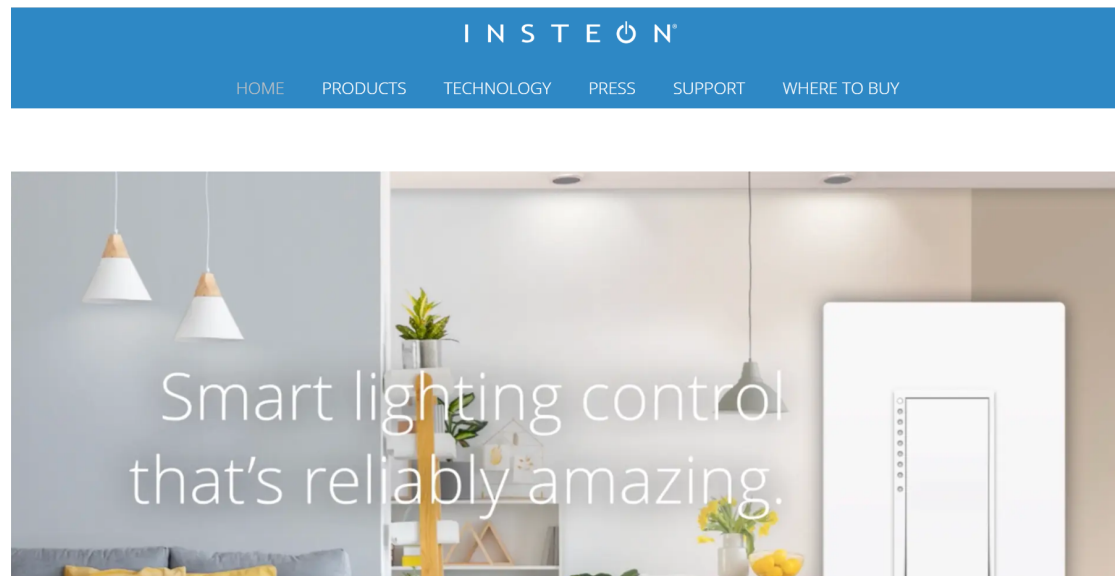
2.1.4 SDLC Model

Incremental model will be used in this project. This model is a process of software development where requirements are broken down into multiple standalone modules of software development cycle. Incremental development is done in steps from analysis design, implementation, testing / verification, maintenance[3]. The reason this model was chosen is the pieces will be installed, tested and connected to the system gradually. First a LED, then a linear solenoid and so on.

2.2 Related Work

2.2.1 Insteon - Insteon Hub

Figure 2.1: Related Work: Insteon



Insteon Hub is a simple and straightforward device that connects you to your home from any smartphone or tablet, anywhere in the world. Control Insteon light bulbs, wall switches, outlets, and thermostats at home or remotely and receive instant email or push notification alerts from motion, door and window, water leak, and smoke sensors while you're away[4].

- **Advantage:**

1. Control Multiple Devices Simultaneously with a Basic Scene.
2. Create Schedules to Turn Your Lights On and Off at Specific Times.
3. Automatically Turn Lights On and Off with Sensors.

4. Monitor Your Home with Email or Push Notification Alerts.

- **Disadvantage:**

1. Hub setup takes a couple of minutes and a few moments per light switch, sensor.
2. Its need to connect it to power and your home's internet router so if the internet die all devices need to start over again.
3. fixed the hub take more cost than its original price.
4. There is no database save/restore. You have to recreate all the devices, scenes, schedules if its replaced.

2.2.2 Wink - Wink Hub 2

Figure 2.2: Related Work: Wink



Wink Hub 2 is the worlds first smart home hub created for the mainstream consumer. With industry-leading smart home protocol support, enhanced connectivity features, and a sleek design, Wink Hub 2 brings hundreds of products from best-in-class brands together for a simple, intuitive experience[5].

- **Advantage:**

1. Support Different platforms such as iOS or Android.
2. Once you've created an account, Wink has the ability to recognize the products within Wink Bright, guide you through a few simple steps, and then you're ready to go.
3. Wink works with Cortana Microsofts voice assistant and Amazon Alexa.

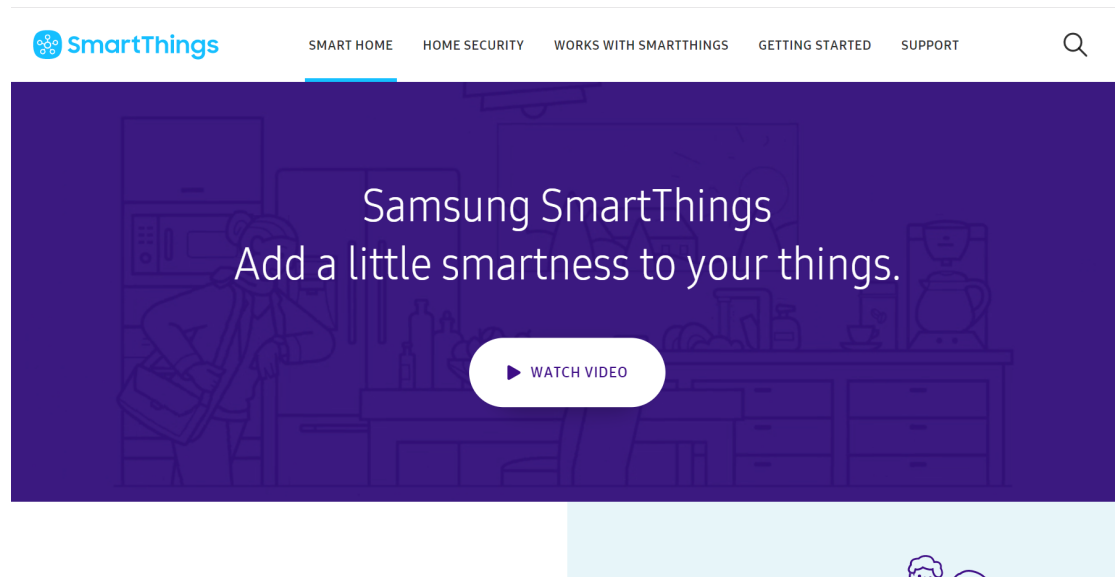
4. One Important features in wink, its can see what youre spending even before the bill arrives.

- **Disadvantage:**

1. One major problem with the Wink 2 hub is that the device sometimes loses connectivity and must be reset in order for it to connect again.
2. Wink app doesn't always let you access other devices' full features.
3. High price.
4. Takes 14 days to arrive.

2.2.3 Samsung Smart Things Hub

Figure 2.3: Related Work: Samsung



Smart things hub Connect wirelessly with a wide range of smart devices and make them work together[6].

- **Advantage:**

1. Monitor and control connected devices in your home using a single SmartThings app for iPhone or Android.
2. Manage connected devices in your home with SmartThings Routines for Good Morning, Goodbye, Good Night, and more.
3. Receive alerts from connected devices when theres unexpected activity in your home.

- **Disadvantage:**

1. Some compatible components may not work as efficiently or smoothly as you want them to, which may be inconvenient.
2. Some users report it stops working at times.
3. Difficult to upgrade from older hub.
4. In US Only.

2.3 Proposed & Similar System Comparison

Table 2.1: Proposed & Similar System Comparison

	Raspberry Pi	Insteon	Wink hub 2	Samsung (smart things)
design				
Works With Wi-Fi	yes	yes	yes	yes
Parts Price	very cheap	expensive	very expensive	expensive
Price	25\$	80\$	99\$	70\$
Installation & Configuration Difficulty	hard to install but doesn't take time to reinstall and configure	easy to install and hardly takes any time setting up even if you change your home	easy to install and hardly takes any time setting up even if you change your home	easy to install and hardly takes any time setting up even if you change your home

References

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- [2] “Linear solenoid actuator.” https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/io/io_6.html.
- [3] “Incremental model in sdlc: Use, advantage & disadvantage.” <https://www.guru99.com/what-is-incremental-model-in-sdlc-advantages-disadvantages.html>.
- [4] “Insteon.” <https://www.insteon.com/>.
- [5] “Wink — about us.” <https://www.wink.com/about/>.
- [6] “Smartthings. add a little smartness to your things..” <https://www.smartthings.com/>.