HW Assignment 4

Due date: Thursday 31/3/2016

Question 1

The signal x(t) is a rectangle of size T_1 :

$$X(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & |t| < \frac{T_1}{2} \\ 0 & else \end{cases}$$

and $\tilde{x}(t)$ is it's periodic repetition with period $T_0 = \frac{3}{2}T_1$.

- 1. Sketch x(t) and $\tilde{x}(t)$.
- 2. Calculate $X(\omega)$ and sketch $|X(\omega)|$ in the range $|\omega| \le \frac{6\pi}{T_1}$.
- 3. Calculate the Fourier series coefficients d_n of $\tilde{x}(t)$, and sketch then for $-3 \le n \le 3$.
- 4. How can the Fourier series for a periodic function be obtained by using the Fourier transform of one period of the same function?

Question 2

For the following signals, calculate the Fourier transform and sketch the amplitude and phase:

- 1. $x(t) = \delta(t-5)$.
- 2. $x(t) = e^{(-1+2j)t}u(t)$.
- 3.
- $x_1(t) = rect(t)$.
- $x_2(t) = rect\left(\frac{t}{2\pi}\right)$
- Can you make any observation regarding $X_1(\omega), X_2(\omega)$ band widths (defined as the first frequency ω_0 where $X(\omega_0) = 0$)?

Question 3

1. Prove the following Fourier transform integration formula - for x(t) such that $Fourier\{x(t)\} = X(\omega)$:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau) d\tau \stackrel{\text{Fourier}}{\to} \frac{1}{j\omega} X(\omega) + \pi X(0) \delta(\omega)$$

Hints:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau) d\tau = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) \underbrace{u(t-\tau)}_{\text{step function}}.$$

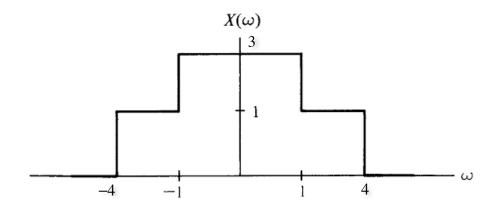
- fourier $\{u(t)\} = \lim_{a \to 0} fourier \{e^{-at}u(t)\}$.
- $\lim_{a\to 0} \left(\frac{a}{a^2+\omega^2}\right) \to \pi\delta(\omega)$
- 2. Prove the uncertainty property: $f(at) \rightarrow \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$.
- 3. Prove the complex conjugate property: $f^*(t) \rightarrow F^*(-\omega)$

Hints:

- $f(t) = \operatorname{Re}\{f(t)\} + i\operatorname{Im}\{f(t)\}.$
- $e^{-j\omega t} = \cos(\omega t) i\sin(\omega t)$.

Question 4

What is the time-domain representation x(t) of the function whose Fourier representation $X(\omega)$ is:



Plot the result (either by hand or using Matlab).

Question 5

The raised-cosine function is defined as

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 + \cos(at) & |t| < \frac{\pi}{a} \\ 0 & else \end{cases}$$

- 1. Calculate it's Fourier transform $X(\omega)$.
- 2. What is the Fourier transform of it's ramped version tx(t)?
- 3. Calculate $\frac{d}{dt}x(t)$ and it's Fourier transform.

Question 6

Consider a function f(t) whose Fourier transform is given by $F(\omega)$.

- 1. What is the inverse Fourier transform of f(t)?
- 2. What is the result of applying 3 consecutive Fourier transforms to $\,f(t)\,$?
- 3. What is the result of applying 4 consecutive Fourier transform to f(t)?