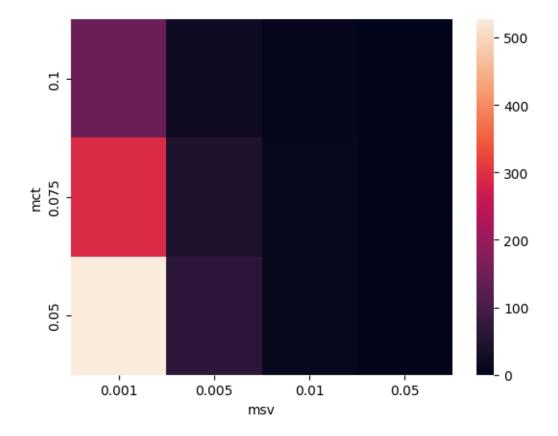
dm-1-asst-3

November 25, 2023

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
    import seaborn as sns
    from mlxtend.preprocessing import TransactionEncoder
    from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori, association_rules
    1. Association Rule Generation from Transaction Data
[2]: data = pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/dataset/Grocery_Items_14.csv')
[3]: Transaction = []
    for i in range(data.shape[0]):
        Transaction.append([str(data.values[i,j]) for j in range(data.shape[1]) if
      ⇔str(data.values[i,j]) != 'nan'])
[4]: te = TransactionEncoder()
    te_ary = te.fit(Transaction).transform(Transaction)
    df = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)
    (C)
[5]: | frequent_itemsets = apriori(df, min_support=0.01, use_colnames=True)
    rules = association_rules(frequent_itemsets, metric="confidence", u
      →min_threshold=0.1)
[6]: rules
              antecedents
[6]:
                                  consequents
                                               antecedent support
    0
                   (soda)
                           (other vegetables)
                                                         0.097250
    1
       (other vegetables)
                                 (whole milk)
                                                         0.121250
    2
              (rolls/buns)
                                  (whole milk)
                                                         0.109625
                                  (whole milk)
    3
                   (soda)
                                                         0.097250
    4
                 (yogurt)
                                 (whole milk)
                                                         0.085750
                            support confidence
       consequent support
                                                     lift leverage conviction \
    0
                                       0.121250 0.010250
                                                                       0.982281
    1
                 0.157875 0.014625
                                       0.120619 0.764013 -0.004517
                                                                       0.957633
    2
                 0.157875 0.014500
                                       0.132269
                                                 0.837809 -0.002807
                                                                       0.970491
    3
                 0.157875 0.011125
                                       0.114396 0.724598 -0.004228
                                                                       0.950905
```

```
4
                   0.157875 0.011625
                                          0.135569 0.858708 -0.001913
                                                                          0.974195
         zhangs_metric
      0
             -0.142807
             -0.260080
      1
      2
             -0.178594
      3
             -0.296280
      4
             -0.152523
     (D)
 [7]: msv = [0.001, 0.005, 0.01, 0.05]
      mct = [0.05, 0.075, 0.1]
 [8]: h_data = []
      for i in msv:
          for j in mct:
              frequent_itemsets = apriori(df, min_support=i, use_colnames=True)
              rules = association_rules(frequent_itemsets, metric="confidence", u
       →min_threshold=j)
              res = len(rules)
              h_data.append({'msv': i, 'mct': j, 'rules_count': res})
 [9]: heatdata = pd.DataFrame(h_data)
      heatdata = heatdata.pivot(index='mct', columns='msv', values='rules_count')
[10]: heatdata
[10]: msv
             0.001 0.005 0.010 0.050
     mct
      0.050
               527
                       60
                              12
                                       0
      0.075
               292
                              10
                       43
                                       0
      0.100
               144
                       22
                               5
                                       0
[11]: sns.heatmap(heatdata.sort_index(ascending=False))
[11]: <Axes: xlabel='msv', ylabel='mct'>
```



```
(\mathbf{E})
```

```
[12]: frequent_itemsets_2 = apriori(df, min_support=0.005, use_colnames=True)
rules_2 = association_rules(frequent_itemsets_2, metric="confidence",u
min_threshold=0.0)
```

```
[13]: rules_2.nlargest(1,'confidence')
```

```
[13]:
                               consequents antecedent support consequent support \
           antecedents
                        (other vegetables)
                                                      0.038125
                                                                           0.12125
     18 (frankfurter)
                   confidence
                                         leverage conviction
          support
                                   lift
                                                               zhangs_metric
     18 0.006125
                     0.160656
                              1.324996 0.001502
                                                     1.046948
                                                                    0.255003
```

2.Image Classification using CNN

```
[14]: import os import keras import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, Dense, MaxPool2D, Flatten, Dropout, □ →BatchNormalization, DepthwiseConv2D, InputLayer, GlobalAveragePooling2D
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.regularizers import 12
      from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
[15]: directory = "/kaggle/input/reena-dataset"
[16]: def images_labels(data_directory):
          Images_data = []
          labels_data = []
          classes = os.listdir(data_directory)
          for i in classes:
              for j in os.listdir(os.path.join(data_directory,i)):
                  Images_data.append(os.path.join(data_directory,i,j))
                  labels data.append(i)
          return([Images_data,labels_data])
[17]: def data_split(data, labels, train_size):
          train_imgs,test_imgs,train_label,test_label = train_test_split(data,
                                                                      labels,
       ⇔train_size=train_size,
                                                                      random state=10)
          return([train_imgs,test_imgs,train_label,test_label])
[18]: Images_data, labels_data = images_labels(directory)
      train imgs, test imgs, train label, test label = ____

data_split(Images_data,labels_data,0.8)

[19]: datagen = keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
[20]: train_data = datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
          pd.DataFrame({'file_paths': train_imgs, 'labels': train_label}),
          x_col='file_paths',
          y_col='labels',
          target_size=(256, 256),
          batch_size=32,
          class_mode='categorical',
      )
     Found 527 validated image filenames belonging to 4 classes.
[21]: test_data = datagen.flow_from_dataframe(
          pd.DataFrame({'file_paths': test_imgs, 'labels': test_label}),
          x_col='file_paths',
          y_col='labels',
          target_size=(256, 256),
          batch_size=32,
          class_mode='categorical',
```

```
)
```

Found 132 validated image filenames belonging to 4 classes.

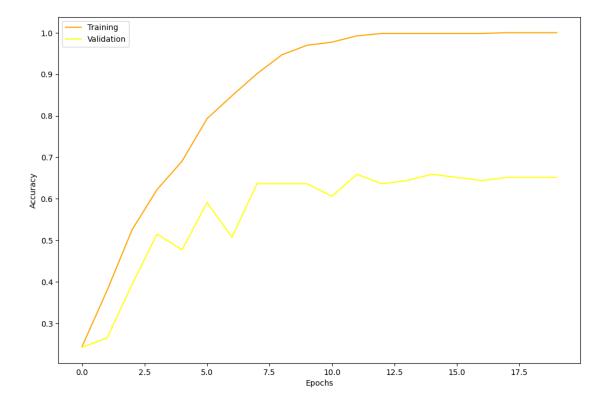
Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 254, 254, 8)	224
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2 D)</pre>	(None, 127, 127, 8)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 129032)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 16)	2064528
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 4)	68

Total params: 2064820 (7.88 MB)
Trainable params: 2064820 (7.88 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
accuracy: 0.5256 - val_loss: 1.2282 - val_accuracy: 0.3939
Epoch 4/20
accuracy: 0.6224 - val_loss: 1.1976 - val_accuracy: 0.5152
Epoch 5/20
accuracy: 0.6907 - val_loss: 1.3209 - val_accuracy: 0.4773
Epoch 6/20
17/17 [============ ] - 7s 408ms/step - loss: 0.6388 -
accuracy: 0.7932 - val_loss: 1.1764 - val_accuracy: 0.5909
Epoch 7/20
accuracy: 0.8482 - val_loss: 1.2553 - val_accuracy: 0.5076
accuracy: 0.9013 - val_loss: 1.1815 - val_accuracy: 0.6364
Epoch 9/20
17/17 [============ ] - 8s 439ms/step - loss: 0.2317 -
accuracy: 0.9469 - val_loss: 1.1707 - val_accuracy: 0.6364
Epoch 10/20
accuracy: 0.9696 - val_loss: 1.1616 - val_accuracy: 0.6364
Epoch 11/20
accuracy: 0.9772 - val_loss: 1.2087 - val_accuracy: 0.6061
Epoch 12/20
accuracy: 0.9924 - val_loss: 1.1887 - val_accuracy: 0.6591
Epoch 13/20
accuracy: 0.9981 - val_loss: 1.2497 - val_accuracy: 0.6364
Epoch 14/20
17/17 [============ ] - 7s 438ms/step - loss: 0.0348 -
accuracy: 0.9981 - val loss: 1.2645 - val accuracy: 0.6439
Epoch 15/20
17/17 [============= ] - 7s 404ms/step - loss: 0.0275 -
accuracy: 0.9981 - val_loss: 1.2805 - val_accuracy: 0.6591
Epoch 16/20
accuracy: 0.9981 - val_loss: 1.2952 - val_accuracy: 0.6515
Epoch 17/20
accuracy: 0.9981 - val_loss: 1.3430 - val_accuracy: 0.6439
Epoch 18/20
accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 1.3086 - val_accuracy: 0.6515
Epoch 19/20
```

[24]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7c35d8365e10>



Rowan Banner ID - 916462025

Hence b) Train the CNN using 2 other number of filters: 4 and 16 for the convolution layer (i) with all other parameters unchanged

```
[25]: cnn_2 = Sequential([
          Conv2D(4, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(256, 256, 3)),
          MaxPool2D(2, 2),
          Flatten(),
          Dense(16, activation='relu'),
          Dense(4, activation='softmax')
      cnn_2.compile(optimizer='adam',
                    loss='categorical_crossentropy',
                    metrics=['accuracy'])
      cnn_2.summary()
      train_2 = cnn_2.fit(train_data,
                         validation_data = test_data,
                         epochs = 20)
      accuracy = train_2.history['accuracy']
      val_accuracy = train_2.history['val_accuracy']
      epochs = range(len(accuracy))
      fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
      plt.plot(epochs,accuracy,c="orange",label="Training")
      plt.plot(epochs,val_accuracy,c="yellow",label="Validation")
      plt.xlabel("Epochs")
      plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
      plt.legend()
```

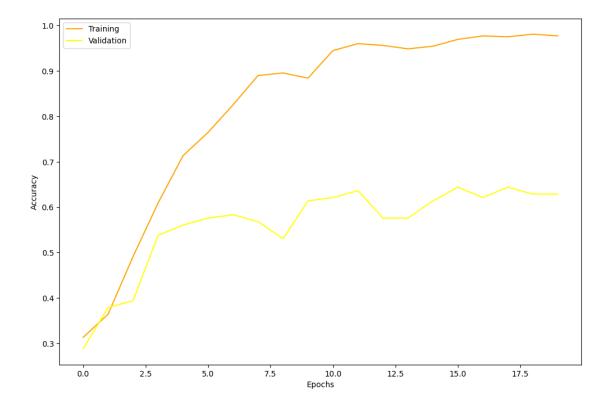
Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 254, 254, 4)	112
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None, 127, 127, 4)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 64516)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 16)	1032272
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 4)	68

Total params: 1032452 (3.94 MB)
Trainable params: 1032452 (3.94 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
Epoch 1/20
accuracy: 0.3131 - val_loss: 2.5318 - val_accuracy: 0.2879
Epoch 2/20
accuracy: 0.3643 - val_loss: 1.3328 - val_accuracy: 0.3788
Epoch 3/20
accuracy: 0.4915 - val_loss: 1.2162 - val_accuracy: 0.3939
Epoch 4/20
accuracy: 0.6091 - val_loss: 1.0551 - val_accuracy: 0.5379
Epoch 5/20
accuracy: 0.7135 - val_loss: 1.1207 - val_accuracy: 0.5606
Epoch 6/20
accuracy: 0.7647 - val_loss: 1.1818 - val_accuracy: 0.5758
Epoch 7/20
accuracy: 0.8254 - val_loss: 1.0963 - val_accuracy: 0.5833
Epoch 8/20
accuracy: 0.8899 - val_loss: 1.1906 - val_accuracy: 0.5682
Epoch 9/20
accuracy: 0.8956 - val_loss: 1.3541 - val_accuracy: 0.5303
accuracy: 0.8843 - val_loss: 1.2113 - val_accuracy: 0.6136
Epoch 11/20
17/17 [=========== ] - 6s 357ms/step - loss: 0.2910 -
accuracy: 0.9450 - val_loss: 1.1751 - val_accuracy: 0.6212
Epoch 12/20
accuracy: 0.9602 - val loss: 1.1755 - val accuracy: 0.6364
Epoch 13/20
accuracy: 0.9564 - val_loss: 1.2655 - val_accuracy: 0.5758
Epoch 14/20
accuracy: 0.9488 - val_loss: 1.2992 - val_accuracy: 0.5758
Epoch 15/20
17/17 [=========== ] - 6s 353ms/step - loss: 0.2067 -
accuracy: 0.9545 - val_loss: 1.2051 - val_accuracy: 0.6136
Epoch 16/20
```

[25]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7c35bcdaf2b0>



```
[26]: cnn_3 = Sequential([
          Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(256, 256, 3)),
          MaxPool2D(2, 2),
        Flatten(),
          Dense(16, activation='relu'),
          Dense(4, activation='softmax')
])
```

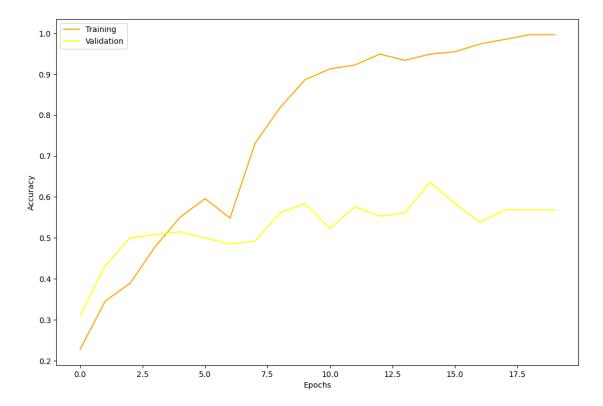
```
cnn_3.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
cnn_3.summary()
train_3 = cnn_3.fit(train_data,
                   validation_data = test_data,
                   epochs = 20)
accuracy = train_3.history['accuracy']
val_accuracy = train_3.history['val_accuracy']
epochs = range(len(accuracy))
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
plt.plot(epochs,accuracy,c="orange",label="Training")
plt.plot(epochs,val_accuracy,c="yellow",label="Validation")
plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.legend()
```

Model: "sequential_2"

Layer (type)	_	-		
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)		254, 254, 16)		
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None,	127, 127, 16)	0	
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None,	258064)	0	
dense_4 (Dense)	(None,	16)	4129040	
dense_5 (Dense)	(None,	4)	68	
Total params: 4129556 (15.75 MB) Trainable params: 4129556 (15.75 MB) Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)				
Epoch 1/20 17/17 [====================================	======	==] - 11s 590ms/ste	p - loss: 9.6415 -	
17/17 [====================================				

```
Epoch 3/20
accuracy: 0.3890 - val_loss: 1.1388 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
accuracy: 0.4782 - val_loss: 1.0898 - val_accuracy: 0.5076
17/17 [============= ] - 10s 563ms/step - loss: 0.9316 -
accuracy: 0.5503 - val_loss: 1.1747 - val_accuracy: 0.5152
Epoch 6/20
accuracy: 0.5958 - val_loss: 1.1144 - val_accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 7/20
17/17 [============ ] - 10s 569ms/step - loss: 0.8302 -
accuracy: 0.5484 - val_loss: 1.2669 - val_accuracy: 0.4848
Epoch 8/20
17/17 [=========== ] - 10s 587ms/step - loss: 0.6383 -
accuracy: 0.7306 - val_loss: 1.5191 - val_accuracy: 0.4924
Epoch 9/20
accuracy: 0.8178 - val_loss: 1.1894 - val_accuracy: 0.5606
Epoch 10/20
17/17 [============ ] - 10s 588ms/step - loss: 0.3937 -
accuracy: 0.8861 - val_loss: 1.1720 - val_accuracy: 0.5833
Epoch 11/20
accuracy: 0.9127 - val_loss: 1.3769 - val_accuracy: 0.5227
Epoch 12/20
17/17 [============= - - 10s 595ms/step - loss: 0.2662 -
accuracy: 0.9222 - val_loss: 1.2057 - val_accuracy: 0.5758
Epoch 13/20
accuracy: 0.9488 - val_loss: 1.4436 - val_accuracy: 0.5530
Epoch 14/20
accuracy: 0.9336 - val_loss: 1.4518 - val_accuracy: 0.5606
Epoch 15/20
accuracy: 0.9488 - val_loss: 1.2200 - val_accuracy: 0.6364
Epoch 16/20
accuracy: 0.9545 - val_loss: 1.4571 - val_accuracy: 0.5833
Epoch 17/20
17/17 [============ - - 10s 614ms/step - loss: 0.1189 -
accuracy: 0.9734 - val_loss: 1.6132 - val_accuracy: 0.5379
Epoch 18/20
accuracy: 0.9848 - val_loss: 1.5012 - val_accuracy: 0.5682
```

[26]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7c35bca1bd60>



On comparing the three models' accuracy graphs, cnn_1 is mostly ideal since it has reached an stable state after certain epochs, yet training accuracy is very high compared to validation accuracy so it also might be overfitting, same goes for cnn_2 model. where as the cnn_3 model is undefitting at first and overfitting later.