## Sol. of Assignment 1: Letting

$$x_1 = y_1, \ x_2 = \dot{y}_1, \ x_3 = y_2, \ x_4 = \dot{y}_2, \ u_1 = f_1, \ u_2 = f_2$$

the state-space model of (2) is given as

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \\ \dot{x}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{K_1+K}{M_1} - \frac{B_1+B}{M_1} & \frac{K}{M_1} & \frac{B}{M_1} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{K}{M_2} & \frac{B}{M_2} & -\frac{K+K_2}{M_2} - \frac{B+B_2}{M_2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{M_1} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{M_2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1(t) \\ u_2(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

with initial state  $x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1(0) & x_2(0) & x_3(0) & x_4(0) \end{bmatrix}^T$ . Furthermore, if it is assumed that  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  are measurable, then the output vector is given as

$$y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x(t).$$