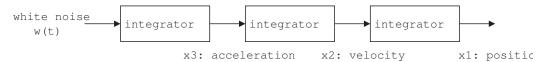
Lecture 6: Discrete Kalman filter - position estimation

Homework

A generic process model for vehicle movement is three integrators in cascade as shown in the following figure.



Let x(t) be defined by

$$x(t) \triangleq \left[\begin{array}{c} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \end{array} \right],$$

and the continuous process model is given by

$$\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bw(t)$$

where w(t) is a zero-mean white Gaussian process with variance q_1 . Suppose we measure movement of the vehicle every T=0.01 sec using an accelerometer whose measurement noise can be modelled as a zero-mean white Gaussian process with covariance R. Then we can write the discrete system model as follows:

$$x_{k+1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & T_1 & \frac{T_1^2}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & T_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x_k + w_k$$

$$z_k = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x_k + v_k$$

where w_k and v_k are zero-mean white Gaussian noises with covariance Q and R, respectively.

$$Q = 0.05 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{T_1^5}{20} & \frac{T_1^4}{8} & \frac{T_1^3}{6} \\ \frac{T_1^4}{8} & \frac{T_1^3}{3} & \frac{T_1^2}{2} \\ \frac{T_1^3}{6} & \frac{T_1^2}{2} & T_1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad R = 0.01$$

- (1) Do simulation to generate x_k and z_k with initial position 0.
- (2) With a Kalman filter, find \hat{x}_k from z_k . Assume that you know the exact initial position 0.
- (3) Draw plot of e_k , $P_k(1,1)$, $P_k(2,2)$, $P_k(3,3)$.