http://cypat.guru/index.php/Linux Hardening

- Forensics
- Updates
 - Open "software and updates"
 - Check all for "Ubuntu software" and "other software"
 - Select important and recommended updates in "updates"
 - Select most frequent option in "updates"
 - Use "software updater" to update
- Users
 - USERS: sudo nano /etc/passwd
 - Disable/enable user (including root)
 - DISABLE: sudo passwd -l [user]
 - Alternatives:
 - In /etc/passwd change /bin/bash to /bin/nologin
 - In /etc/passwd add * or ! before x
 - Use chage -E [date prior to today] [user]
 - ENABLE: sudo passwd -u [user]
 - DELETE ROOT: passwd -d root
 - Remove unauthorized users and delete their files using GUI
 - Disable quest user
 - sudo nano /etc/lightdm/lightdm.conf
 - ADD AT END: allow-quest=false
 - sudo restart lightdm OR sudo service lightdm restart
 - Edit sudoers
 - sudo nano /etc/sudoers
 - [group/user] FROM WHERE=(AS WHO) CAN RUN WHAT
 - ALIASES: [type]_Alias [NAME] = [item], [item]...
 - /etc/sudoers.d directory exists. Bad command -> ALL ALL = NOPASSWD:
 ALL
 - Add Notes Later: Dangerous Sudoers File
 - Groups
 - /etc/group
 - May have hidden users
 - Everyone should have unique UID and only root has UID 0
 - Admins in admin (admin != adm?) and sudo group

Password Policy

- Complexity
 - sudo nano /etc/pam.d/common-password
 - password [success=1 default=ignore] pam_unix.so obscure sha512
 remember=5 minlen=14
 - sudo apt-get install libpam-pwquality
 - password requisite pam_pwquality.so retry=3 <u>retry=3 minlen=12</u> <u>maxrepeat=3 difok=3 ucredit=-1 lcredit=-1 dcredit=-1 ocredit=-1</u> reject username enforce for root

- sudo nano /etc/pam.d/common-auth
 - auth [success=1 default=ignore] pam_unix.so nullok_secure onerr=fail deny=5 unlock_time=1800
- Disable auto login
 - sudo nano /etc/lightdm/lightdm.conf
 - Remove autologin line
 - Restart to take effect
- Expiration
 - sudo nano /etc/login.defs
 - Aging controls (for new users)
 - PASS MAX DAYS 30
 - PASS MIN DAYS 0
 - PASS WARN AGE 7
 - Aging controls (existing users)
 - sudo chage [option] <days> <username>
- Change password to \$3cureP@ssword2020: sudo passwd [user]

- Files

- Find Non-Work Media Files
 - find . -type f -name "*.[extension]"
 - grep -n -R [string to search within files] .
 - /home
 - png, jpg, jpeg, mov, gif, mp3, mp4, wav, avi
 - Open with xdg-open [file]
- Secure Permissions
 - r=4, w=2, x=1
 - Secure permissions for these files/directories:
 - chmod 700 /root
 - chmod 700 /var/log/audit
 - chmod 740 /etc/rc.d/init.d/iptables
 - chmod 740 /sbin/iptables
 - chmod -R 700 /etc/skel
 - chmod 600 /etc/rsyslog.conf
 - chmod 640 /etc/security/access.conf
 - chmod 600 /etc/sysctl.conf
 - chmod 755 /home
 - chmod 644 /etc/passwd AND chown root:root passwd
 - chmod 600 /etc/shadow AND chown root:[root/admin group] shadow
 - Add Notes Later: Verify SSL Certificate Checksum Binary Files

Programs

- apt-cache for info on available packages, apt-get to manage packages
- Check installed packages: sudo dpkg --get-selections
- Check installed services (kernel modules):
 - service --status-all
 - systemctl -r --type service --all

- Is /etc/init.d
- List startup services: initctl list
- Uninstall software: sudo apt-get purge --auto-remove [software]
- List running processes:
 - LIST: ps -aux | less
 - DYNAMIC LIST: top
 - TREE: pstree
 - SEARCH BY NAME: pgrep [name]
- Kill Process: kill(all) -9 [id OR name]
- Update Linux: sudo apt-get update THEN sudo apt-get upgrade
- sudo netstat -tulpn
- Sudo apt list --installed
 - apt-get remove ftp cups apache samba avahi
 - Surround w/ *
- Ubuntu Software

- Malware

- Rootkits
 - sudo apt-get install chkrootkit
 - sudo chkrootkit
- Malware
 - Install ISPProtect:
 - sudo apt-get install php-cli
 - sudo mkdir -p /usr/local/ispprotect
 - sudo chown -R root:root /usr/local/ispprotect
 - sudo chmod -R 750 /usr/local/ispprotect
 - sudo cd /usr/local/ispprotect
 - sudo wget http://www.ispprotect.com/download/ispp_scan.tar.gz
 - sudo tar xzf ispp scan.tar.gz
 - sudo rm -f ispp scan.tar.gz
 - sudo In -s /usr/local/ispprotect/ispp_scan /usr/local/bin/ispp_scan
 - sudo ispp scan
- Backdoors
 - apt-get remove [netcat, nc, netcat-openbsd, openbsd]

- Firewall (ufw)

- sudo ufw enable
- INFO: sudo ufw status verbose && sudo ufw show raw
- RULES: sudo ufw [delete (optional-deletes rule)] [allow/deny] [port]/[protocol (optional)]
 - ALLOW: ssh, http, https
- SERVICE RULES
 - LIST: less /etc/services
 - sudo ufw [allow/deny] [service]
- sudo ufw logging full
- sudo ufw default deny incoming

sudo ufw default allow outgoing

- Bash History

- Clear history:
 - history -c
 - history -w
- Don't write to history:
 - echo "HISTFILESIZE=0" >> ~/.bash profile
 - echo 'set +o history' >> /etc/profile

- Firefox

- "Strict" setting
- "Do not track" = always
- Check Delete cookies and site data when Firefox is closed
- Never remember history
- Clear history
- Uncheck all in "Address bar"
- Block everything in "Permissions"
- Uncheck everything in "Firefox data collection and Use"
- Check all in "Security"
- Ask for certificates every time and check OCSP
- Make firefox default browser
- Update firefox
- Manage addons
- about:config in address bar
 - Browser.privatebrowsing.autostart = true
 - Browser.safebrowsing.phishing.enabled = false
 - Browser.safebrowsing.malware.enabled = false
 - Browser.startup.homepage = startpage.com
 - Browser.startup.page = 0
 - datareporting.healthreport.uploadEnabled = false
 - dom.event.clipboardevents.enabled = false
 - dom.storage.enabled = false
 - Geo.enabled = false
 - Media.peerconnection.enabled = false
 - network.cookie.cookieBehavior = 1
 - network.cookie.lifetimePolicy = 2
 - network.dns.disablePrefetch = true
 - network.http.sendRefererHeader = 0
 - network.http.sendSecureXSiteReferrer = false
 - Network.prefetch-next = false
 - Privacy.donottrackheader.enabled = true
 - Privacy.donottrackheader.value = 1
 - Privacy.trackingprotection.enabled = true
 - Toolkit.telemetry.enabled = false

- /etc/ssh/sshd_config
 - PermitRootLogin no
 - DenyUsers root
 - AllowGroups admin (if normal users don't need to ssh)

- Sysctl

Load with "sudo sysctl -p /etc/sysctl.conf"

- Auditing (Audit Daemon / auditd)

- apt-get install auditd audispd-plugins
- List rules: sudo auditctl -l
- Make rule: sudo auditctl -a exit,always -F path=[file path to audit] -F perm=[r,w,x (execute),a (attribute change)]
- Check file events: ausearch -f [file path to check]
 - Check what the syscall means: ausyscall [architecture using uname -m]
 [call #]
- sudo nano /etc/audit/audit.rules
 - -b 1024
 - -a exit, always -S unlink -S rmdir
 - -a exit, always -S stime.*
 - -a exit, always -S setrlimit.*
 - -w /var/www -p wa
 - -w /etc/group -p wa
 - -w /etc/passwd -p wa
 - -w /etc/shadow -p wa
 - -w /etc/sudoers -p wa
 - -e 2

- Random tips (not required)

- Reset password
 - Hold shift on boot to access grub menu
 - Boot in recovery mode and select root
 - Get write access: mount -rw -o remount /
 - passwd [user]
 - Exit and select resume in recovery menu
- Disable IPv6
 - sudo nano /etc/sysctl.conf
 - Add at bottom:
 - net.ipv6.conf.all.disable ipv6 = 1
 - net.ipv6.conf.default.disable ipv6 = 1
 - net.ipv6.conf.lo.disable_ipv6 = 1
- /etc/hosts is like DNS; can block websites using 127.0.0.1 as address