CSCI 132: Basic Data Structures and Algorithms

Recursion (Part 2)

Reese Pearsall Fall 2023

Announcements

Lab 10 due on Thursday

No class on Friday

Counting number of characters

Count "X": "xooxo"
$$\rightarrow$$
 2
"xxxxx" \rightarrow 5
"abcdf" \rightarrow 0

Base Case:

Recursive Case:

Counting number of characters

Count "X": "xooxo"
$$\rightarrow$$
 2
"xxxxx" \rightarrow 5
"abcdf" \rightarrow 0

Base Case:

If we ever have a string length of 0, return 0

Recursive Case:

Look at the first character, if it is an "X" return 1 and recurse Look at the first character, if it is not an "X" return 0 and recurse

countX("oxxo")

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

countX("oxxo") 0 + countX("xxo")

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

```
countX("oxxo")

0 + countX("xxo")

1 + countX("xo")
```

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

```
countX("oxxo")

0 + countX("xxo")

1 + countX("xo")

1 + countX("o")
```

```
public static int countX(String str) {
   if(str.length() == 0){
      return 0;
   }
   if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
      return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
   }
   else{
      return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
   }
}
```

```
countX("oxxo")
      0 + countX("xxo")
           1 + countX("xo")
               1 + countX("o")
                    0 + countX("")
```

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

```
countX("oxxo")
      0 + countX("xxo")
           1 + countX("xo")
               1 + countX("o")
                    0 + countX("")
                            0
```

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

```
countX("oxxo")
      0 + countX("xxo")
           1 + countX("xo")
               1 + countX("o")
                    0 + 0
```

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

```
countX("oxxo")

0 + countX("xxo")

1 + countX("xo")

1 + 0
```

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

```
countX("oxxo")

0 + countX("xxo")

1 + countX("xo")

1 + 0
```

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

```
countX("oxxo")
0 + countX("xxo")
1 + 1
```

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

countX("oxxo")

$$0 + 2$$

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

Final answer = 2

```
public static int countX(String str) {
    if(str.length() == 0){
        return 0;
    }
    if(str.charAt(0) == 'x'){
        return 1 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
    else{
        return 0 + countX(str.substring(1));
    }
}
```

Recursion is a problem-solving technique that involves a <u>method</u> <u>calling itself</u> to solve some smaller problem

```
static int factorial(int n)
{
    if (n == 0)
        return 1;

    return n * factorial(n - 1);
}
```

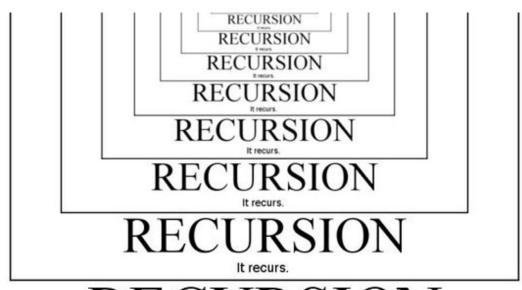
TOP DEFINITION

recursion

See recursion.

by Anonymous December 05, 2002





RECURSION

It recurs.

```
We can solve the factorial for
 static int factorial(int n)
                                                        n by solving smaller
                                                        problems (factorial of n-1)!
          if (n == 0)
                           (base case)
               return 1;
          return n * factorial(n - 1); (recursive case)
120
   factorial(5)
                   factorial(4)
                                  factorial(3)
Recursive solutions must have the two
following conditions:
                                                 factorial(2)
1. Base Case
                                                                 factorial(1)
2. Recursive Case
                                                                                 factorial(0)
```

Example #1: Star String

Write a method that will take a string S as an argument. This method should return the string, but with a star character (*) between matching characters

Base Case?

Recursive Case?

Example #1: Star String

Write a method that will take a string S as an argument. This method should return the string, but with a star character (*) between matching characters

Base Case?

If the length of the string is 1, return the current string (we can't go any smaller)

Recursive Case?

Look at the first two characters of the string. Return the first character (and a * if needed), call the method again, but pass it the string without the first character

Write a method that will take a string S as an argument. This method should return the string, but with a star character (*) between matching characters

```
public static String star_string(String s) {
 else {
    if(s.charAt(0) == s.charAt(1)) {
      return s.charAt(0) + "*" + star_string(s.substring(1));
se {
    else {
      return s.charAt(0) + star_string(s.substring(1));
```

Example #1: Star String

```
star_string("aabbcc")
       a + * + star_string("abbcc")
              a + star string("bbcc")
                    b + * + star string("bcc")
                           b + star_string("cc")
                                c + * + star string("c")
```

Example #1: Star String

$$a+*a+b+*+b+c+*c = a*ab*bc*c$$

Goal: Print contents of linked list using recursion

Base Case?

Recursive Case?

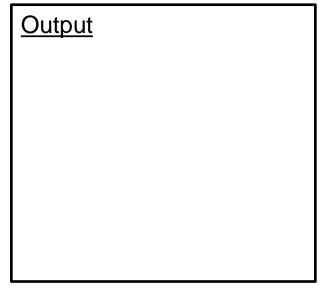
Goal: Print contents of linked list using recursion

Base Case?

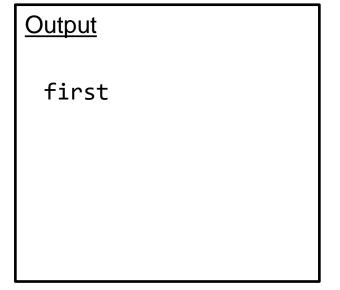
If the size of the LL is 1, print the only node

Recursive Case?

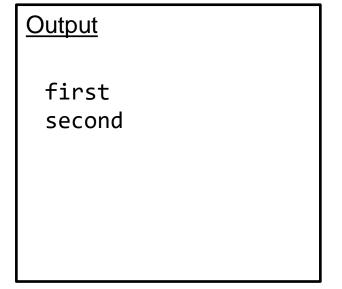
Remove head node, print it, and pass the new LL to the recursive method



```
public static void print_LL(LinkedList<String> 11) {
  if(ll.size() == 1) {
    System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
                                             Base Case
  else {
                                               Recursive
    System.out.println(11.removeFirst());
                                               Case
    print_LL(11);
print LL(
               first \rightarrow
                      second
     print LL(
                   second -
                             third 🗡
```



```
public static void print_LL(LinkedList<String> 11) {
  if(ll.size() == 1) {
    System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
                                             Base Case
  else {
                                               Recursive
    System.out.println(11.removeFirst());
                                               Case
   print_LL(11);
print LL(
               first \rightarrow
                      second
     print LL(
                   second -
                            third -
            print LL(
                           third 📂 fourth
```



```
public static void print_LL(LinkedList<String> 11) {
  if(ll.size() == 1) {
    System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
                                            Base Case
  else {
                                              Recursive
    System.out.println(11.removeFirst());
                                              Case
   print_LL(11);
print LL(
               first \rightarrow
                     second
     print_LL(
                   second -
                            third -
            print LL(
                          third  fourth
                   print LL(
```

Output first Second third

```
public static void print_LL(LinkedList<String> 11) {
  if(ll.size() == 1) {
   System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
                                           Base Case
  else {
                                             Recursive
   System.out.println(ll.removeFirst());
   print_LL(11);
print LL(
              first 👈
                     second
     print LL(
                  second -
                           third
            print LL(
                          third 🗡
                                 fourth
                   print LL(
```

Base case!!

Output first Second third

```
public static void print_LL(LinkedList<String> 11) {
  if(ll.size() == 1) {
    System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
                                             Base Case
  else {
                                              Recursive
    System.out.println(ll.removeFirst());
   print_LL(11);
print LL(
               first \rightarrow
                      second
     print LL(
                   second -
                            third
            print LL(
                           third -
                                  fourth
                    print LL(
```

Base case!!

```
public static void print_LL(LinkedList<String> 11) {
  if(ll.size() == 1) {
   System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
                                             Base Case
  else {
                                               Recursive
    System.out.println(ll.removeFirst());
   print_LL(11);
print LL(
               first \rightarrow
                      second
     print LL(
                   second -
                            third -
            print LL(
                           third  fourth
```

```
public static void print_LL(LinkedList<String> 11) {
  if(ll.size() == 1) {
    System.out.println(11.getFirst());
                                              Base Case
  else {
                                               Recursive
    System.out.println(ll.removeFirst());
    print_LL(11);
print LL(
               first \rightarrow
                      second
                                third
     print LL(
                   second -
                             third 🗡
                                     fourth
```

```
public static void print_LL(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(ll.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
   }
   Base Case
}
else {
   System.out.println(ll.removeFirst());
      Print_LL(ll);
   }
}
```

Output first Second

Third

fourth

Goal: Print contents of linked list in reverse order using recursion

Base Case?

Recursive Case?

Expected Output

fourth third second first

Goal: Print contents of linked list in reverse order using recursion

Base Case?

If the size of the LL is 1, print out the only node

Recursive Case?

Remove a node (but don't print it yet), call the recursive method and pass it the new LL. When method returns, print out the node we saved

Expected Output

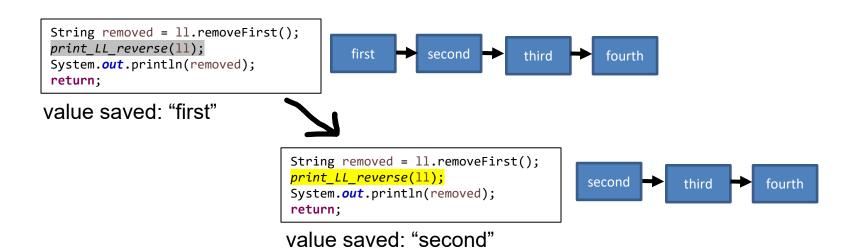
fourth third second first

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(ll.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = ll.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(ll);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```

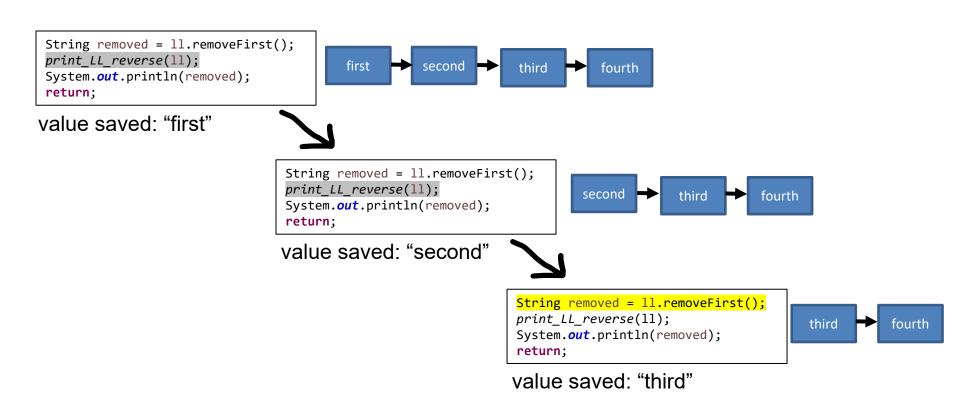
```
String removed = 11.removeFirst();
print_LL_reverse(11);
System.out.println(removed);
return;
first second third fourth
```

value saved: "first"

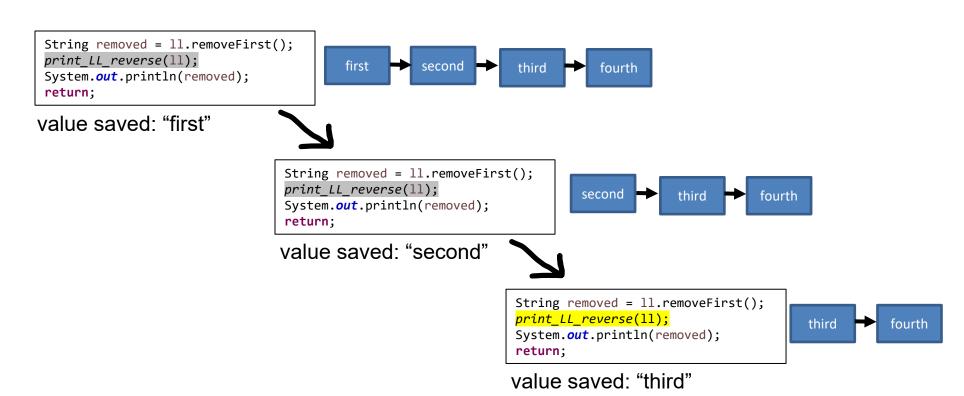
```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(ll.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = ll.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(ll);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```



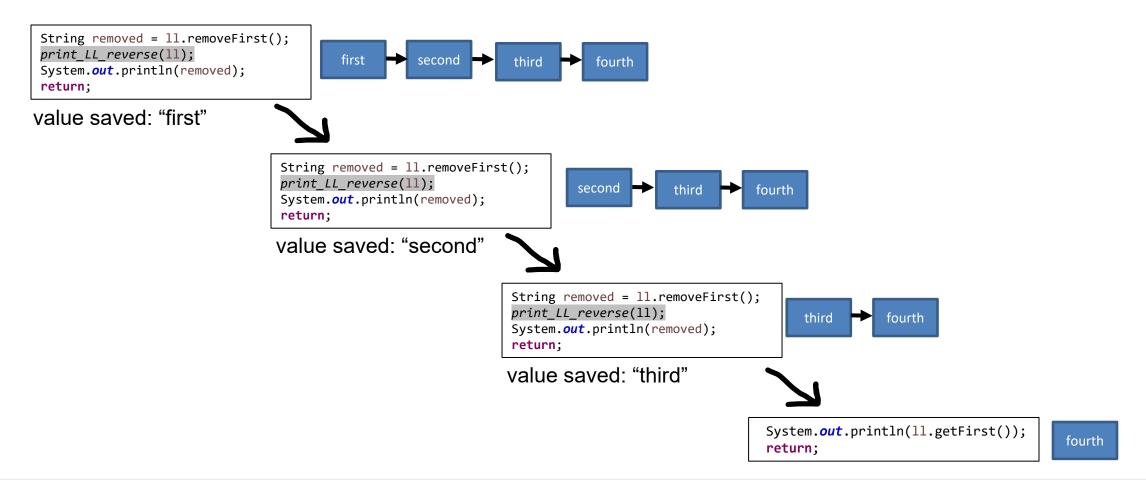
```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(ll.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = ll.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(ll);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```



```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(11.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(11.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = 11.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(11);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```



```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(11.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(11.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = 11.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(11);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```



```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
 if(ll.size() == 1) {
                                                                                                                           Output
   System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
   return;
 else {
   String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                                                                              fourth
   print_LL_reverse(11);
   System.out.println(removed);
   return;
     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
     print LL reverse(11);
                                              first
                                                        second -
                                                                     third
                                                                                fourth
     System.out.println(removed);
     return;
    value saved: "first"
                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                              second -
                                                                                          third
                                                                                                      fourth
                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                     return;
                                     value saved: "second"
                                                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                                                            third -
                                                                                                                       fourth
                                                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                                                     return;
                                                                    value saved: "third"
                                                                                                       System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
                                                                                                                                                fourth
                                                                                                       return;
```

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
 if(ll.size() == 1) {
                                                                                                                           Output
   System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
   return;
 else {
   String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                                                                              fourth
   print_LL_reverse(11);
   System.out.println(removed);
   return;
     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
     print LL reverse(11);
                                              first
                                                        second -
                                                                     third
                                                                                fourth
     System.out.println(removed);
     return;
    value saved: "first"
                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                              second -
                                                                                          third
                                                                                                      fourth
                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                     return;
                                     value saved: "second"
                                                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                                                            third -
                                                                                                                       fourth
                                                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                                                     return;
                                                                    value saved: "third"
                                                                                                       System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
                                                                                                                                                fourth
                                                                                                       return;
```

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
 if(ll.size() == 1) {
                                                                                                                           Output
   System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
   return;
 else {
   String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                                                                             fourth
   print_LL_reverse(11);
   System.out.println(removed);
   return;
     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
     print LL reverse(11);
                                              first
                                                        second -
                                                                     third
                                                                                fourth
     System.out.println(removed);
     return;
    value saved: "first"
                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                              second -
                                                                                          third
                                                                                                      fourth
                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                     return;
                                    value saved: "second"
                                                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                                                            third -
                                                                                                                       fourth
                                                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                                                     return;
                                                                    value saved: "third"
```

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
 if(ll.size() == 1) {
                                                                                                                           Output
   System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
   return;
 else {
   String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                                                                             fourth
   print_LL_reverse(11);
   System.out.println(removed);
   return;
     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
     print LL reverse(11);
                                              first
                                                        second -
                                                                     third
                                                                                fourth
     System.out.println(removed);
     return;
    value saved: "first"
                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                              second -
                                                                                          third
                                                                                                      fourth
                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                     return;
                                    value saved: "second"
                                                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                                                            third -
                                                                                                                       fourth
                                                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                                                     return;
                                                                    value saved: "third"
```

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
 if(ll.size() == 1) {
                                                                                                                          Output
   System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
   return;
 else {
   String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                                                                             fourth
   print_LL_reverse(11);
   System.out.println(removed);
                                                                                                                             third
   return;
     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
     print LL reverse(11);
                                             first
                                                       second -
                                                                    third
                                                                               fourth
     System.out.println(removed);
     return;
    value saved: "first"
                                     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                             second -
                                                                                          third
                                                                                                     fourth
                                     System.out.println(removed);
                                     return;
                                    value saved: "second"
                                                                    String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                                                    print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                                                            third -
                                                                                                                      fourth
                                                                    System.out.println(removed);
                                                                    return;
                                                                   value saved: "third"
```

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
 if(ll.size() == 1) {
   System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
   return;
 else {
   String removed = 11.removeFirst();
   print_LL_reverse(11);
   System.out.println(removed);
   return;
     String removed = 11.removeFirst();
     print_LL_reverse(11);
                                               first
                                                         second -
                                                                                  fourth
                                                                       third
     System.out.println(removed);
     return;
    value saved: "first"
                                      String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                      print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                                second -
                                                                                             third 🗡
                                      System.out.println(removed);
```

value saved: "second"

return;

Output fourth third

fourth

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(11.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = ll.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(ll);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```

```
String removed = 11.removeFirst();
 print_LL_reverse(11);
                                        first
                                                  second -
                                                                         fourth
                                                               third
 System.out.println(removed);
 return;
value saved: "first"
                                String removed = 11.removeFirst();
                                print_LL_reverse(11);
                                                                       second -
                                                                                    third -
                                                                                               fourth
                                System.out.println(removed);
                                return;
```

value saved: "second"

Output fourth third second

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(ll.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = ll.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(ll);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```

```
String removed = 11.removeFirst();
print_LL_reverse(11);
System.out.println(removed);
return;
first second third
```

value saved: "first"

Output fourth third second

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(ll.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = ll.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(ll);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```

```
String removed = ll.removeFirst();
print_LL_reverse(ll);
System.out.println(removed);
return;
first second third
```

value saved: "first"

Output fourth third second first

```
public static void print_LL_reverse(LinkedList<String> 11) {
   if(ll.size() == 1) {
      System.out.println(ll.getFirst());
      return;
   }
   else {
      String removed = ll.removeFirst();
      print_LL_reverse(ll);
      System.out.println(removed);
      return;
}
```

Output

fourth
third
second
first

