CSCI 127: Joy and Beauty of Data

Lecture 13: OOP

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https://reesep.github.io/classes/127/main.html

Announcements

Lab 8 due **tomorrow** (Tuesday 11:59 PM)

• After today, you will be able to finish it

Program 4 due Tuesday Jan 5 @ 11:59 PM

Hoping to have that posted tonight

No class on Thursday or Friday



When I meet my instructor on campus and they don't speak on 2X speed



Meme Credit: Kai

Object Oriented Programming

So far, we have used **procedural programming** to solve problems. We have written **functions** that do things

Now, we will talk about a different way to solve problems...

Object Oriented Programming (OOP) is a paradigm of solving problems using objects, which represent something

The objects we create usually have data (states/attributes) and behaviors (methods)

There are many different kinds of cars...



There are many different kinds of cars...

However, all cars share similar features



There are many different kinds of cars...

However, all cars share similar features

All cars have:

- A color
- Wheels
- Engine
- Windshield
- Windows
- Seating
- Lights

All cars can:

- Accelerate
- Slow down
- Stop
- Turn







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Functionality/Behavior





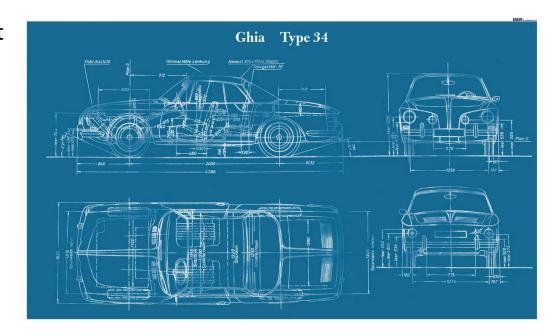


Attributes

If we can create a **blueprint** for a generic car, then we can use that blueprint to create many different cars

When we create a car using that blue print, we can specify the different **attributes** (color, # of seats, speed, etc)

When we create a car, we give the car access to different kinds of **behavior** (accelerating, stopping, turning, etc)

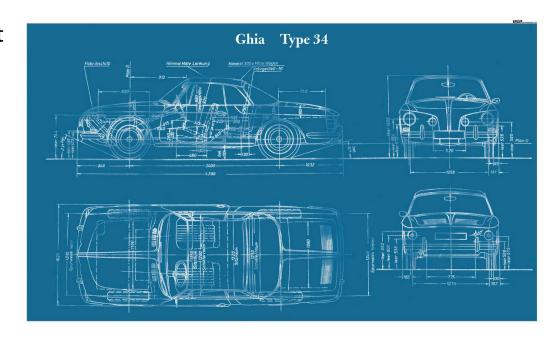


class

If we can create a **blueprint** for a generic car, then we can use that blueprint to create many different cars class

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When we create a car, we give the car access to different kinds of **behavior** (accelerating, stopping, turning, etc)



Student Example

Consider a college student at MSU...

What sort of attributes may a college student have?

- Name
- Major
- GPA
- Student ID Number
- Year (freshman, sophomore, junior, senior)

And much more





OOP in Python

Define classes using the class keyword

All class names should be capitalized

All classes need a constructor. A constructor is the method that will create the object

• Constructor will **always** be:

All methods need to go inside of the class

Reader methods: getName(), getMajor(), etc

Writer methods: setName(), setMajor(), etc





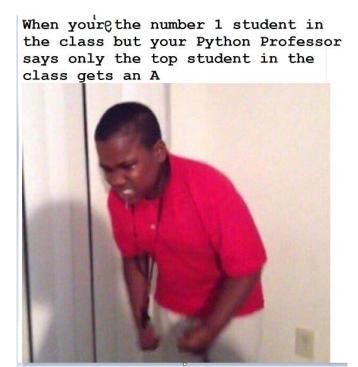
Announcements

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Today: More OOP



meme made by reese

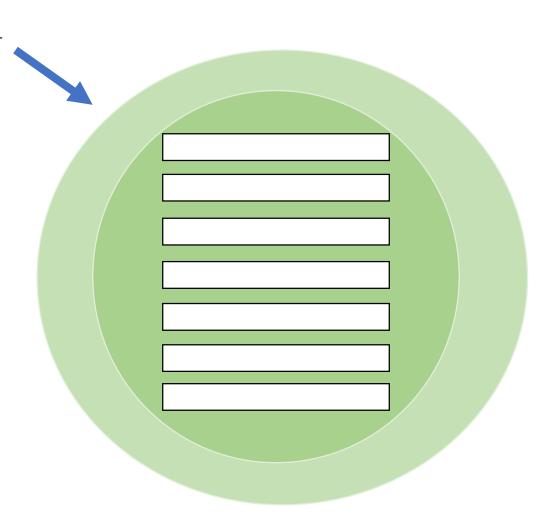
student1

We create and use objects using **classes**

```
student1 = Student("James", "Computer Science", "04293401", 4.0, "Junior")
```

We start off in our **constructor**

```
def __init__(self,name,major,student_id,gpa="Undefined",year="Freshman"):
    self.name = name
    self.major = major
    self.student_id = student_id
    self.gpa = gpa
    self.year = year
    self.champ_change = 0
    self.minor = "N/A"
```



student1

Student object

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```

name: "James"

major: "Computer Science"

student_id: "042293401"

GPA: 4.0

year: "Junior"

champ_change: 0

minor: "N/A"

student1 Student object

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name: "James"

major: "Computer Science"

student_id: "042293401"

GPA: 4.0

year: "Junior"

champ_change: 0

minor: "N/A"

print(student1)



< main Student object at 0x03242D78>

Object's Location in Memory

student1

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name: "James"

major: "Computer Science"

student id: "042293401"

GPA: 4.0

year: "Junior"

champ_change: 0

minor: "N/A"

Solution:

Overwrite what gets printed out using the __str__ method

print(student1)



< main .Student object at 0x03242D78>

Object's Location in Memory

student1

Student object

We create and use objects using **classes**

student1 = Student("James", "Computer Science", "04293401", 4.0, "Junior")

We start off in our **constructor**

Our objects also have functionality (methods)

calculateYearsLeft() name: "James" major: "Computer Science" getYear() student_id: "042293401" GPA: 4.0 year: "Junior" champ_change: 0 SetName() minor: "N/A" setMinor() setMajor()

print(student1.getName())

We create and use objects using classes

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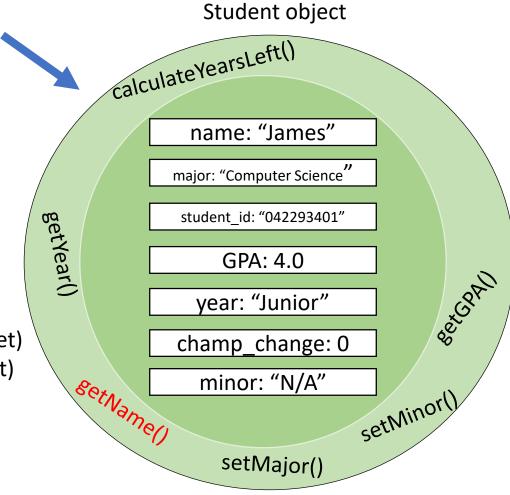
Reader Methods (get)

Writer Methods (set)

student1

```
def getName(self):
    return self.name
```

print(student1.getName())



We create and use objects using classes

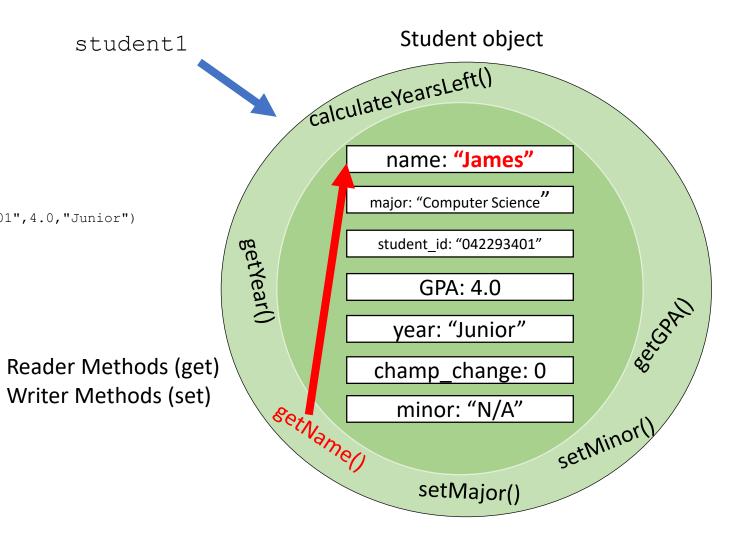
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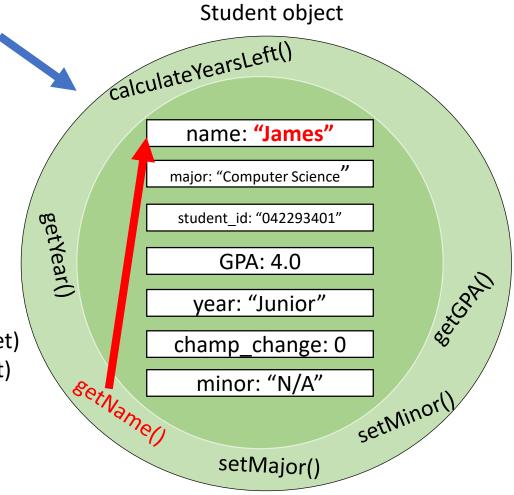
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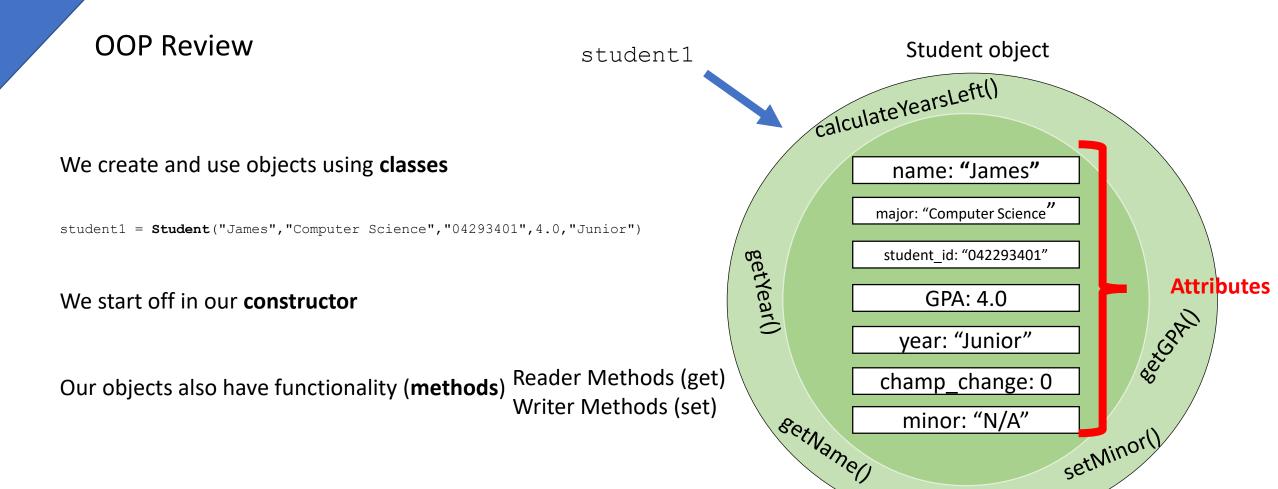
Reader Methods (get)

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def getName(self):
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setMajor()

We can find the attributes/states of the object by looking at the constructor

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student1 = Student("James", "Computer Science", "04293401", 4.0, "Junior")

We start off in our **constructor**

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Reader Methods (get)

Writer Methods (set)

We can find the attributes/states of the object by looking at the constructor

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Student object calculateYearsLeft() name: "James" major: "Computer Science" getYear() student id: "042293401" GPA: 4.0 year: "Junior" champ_change: 0 SetName() minor: "N/A" setMinor() setMajor()

OOP Example

Lets create a Python class that is going to represent a Pokemon

Each Pokemon has:

A number (ex. 1)

A Name (ex. Pikachu)

A type (ex. Electric)

Combat Points (ex. 443)

Write a function battle_pokemon that will take in two different pokemon. The function should determine who is the winner (whoever has the most CP)

Then, implement a Pokedex Class that will contain a list of all Pokemon created. Write a searchPokemon method that will search through the Pokedex for a specific Pokemon









OOP Example

Lets create a Python class using billionaires.csv that is going to represent information about Billionaires

Each Billionaire has a

Name

Company Name

Age

Gender

Worth in Billions

Location (Continent)

Lets write some functions that can

- Search for billionaires that make more money than a certain threshold
- Print out proportion of male vs female billionaires
- Print out number of Billionaires based on Continent