CSCI 232: Data Structures and Algorithms

Graphs (Traversal and Searching)

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Announcements

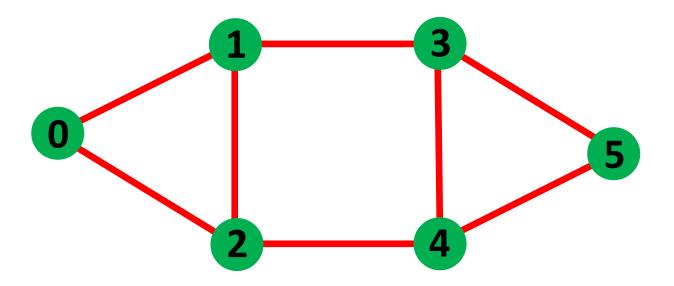
Lab 7 due tomorrow

No class next week (spring break)

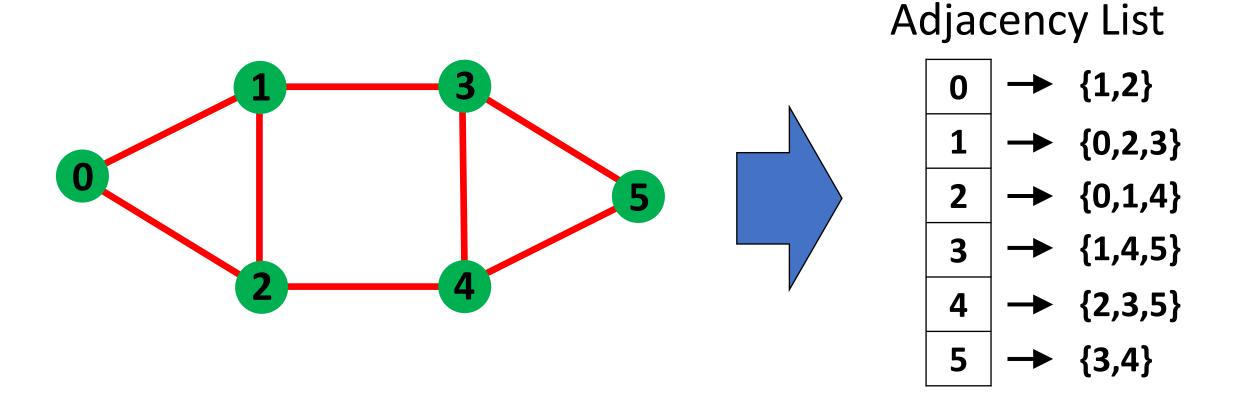
Graphs

$$G = (V, E)$$

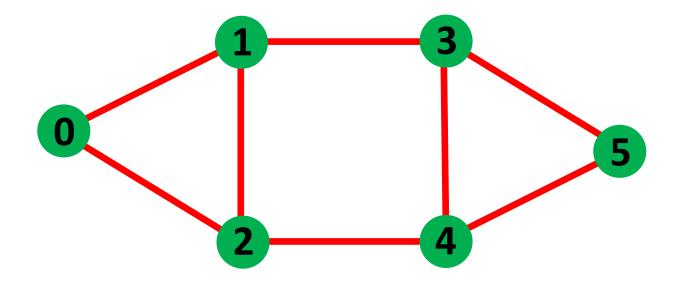
TREE	GRAPH
There exists a hierarchical structure, and the top node is called the root node.	The concept of hierarchy leading to a unique root node does not apply here.
Is an acyclic graph.	Cycles can exist.
Must be a connected graph.	Isn't necessarily a connected graph.
Data representation is similar to a tree, with concepts like branches, roots, and leaf nodes.	Data representation is similar to a network
Applications: decision trees, implementing heaps to find max/min numbers, sorting.	Applications: Finding shortest path, navigation, route optimization.



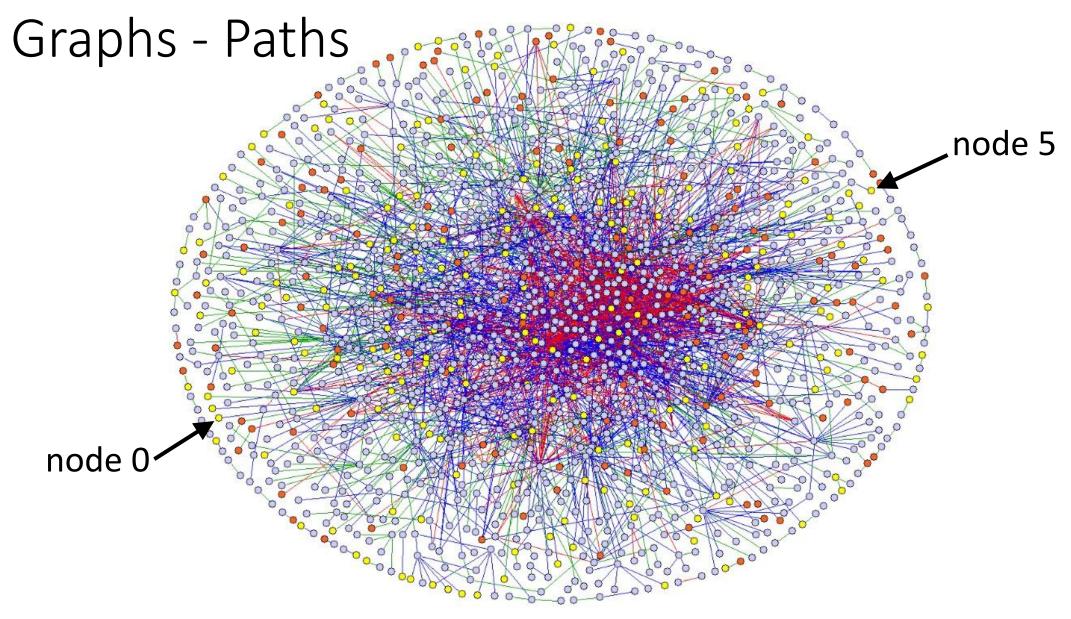
Graphs



Graphs - Paths

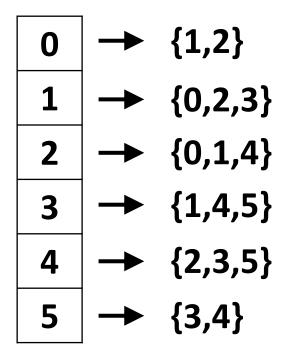


Is there a path from node 0 to node 5?



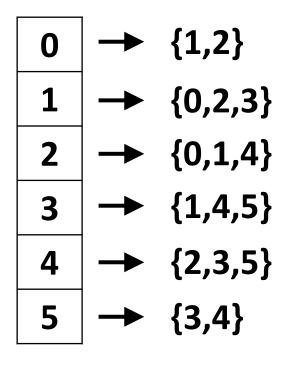
Is there a path from node 0 to node 5?

Graphs - Paths



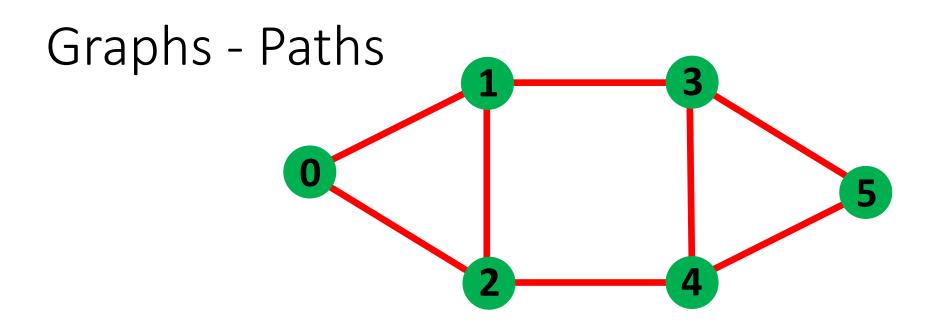
Is there a path from node 0 to node 5?

Graphs - Paths

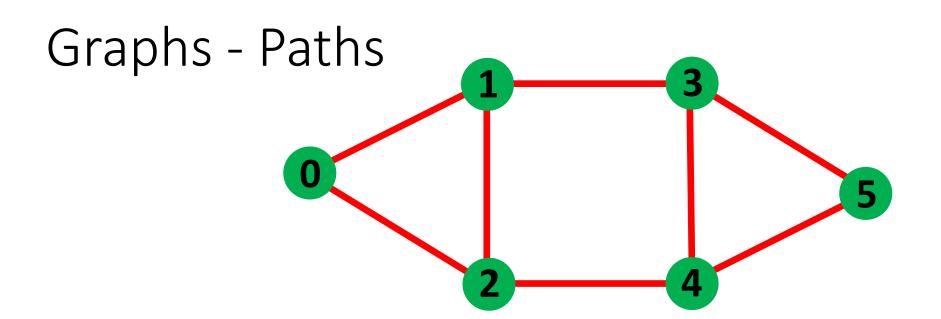


We need a better process than "eyeballing it" for finding paths.

Is there a path from node 0 to node 5?



What is a **generalizable** process to see if there is a path from node 0 to node 5?



What is a **generalizable** process to see if there is a path from node 0 to node 5?

Start at node 0.

Go to each neighbor.

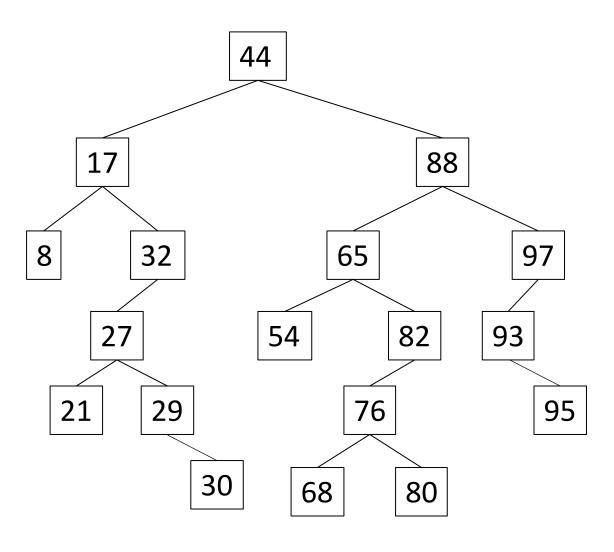
Check each neighbor's neighbor.

Check each neighbor's neighbor's neighbor....

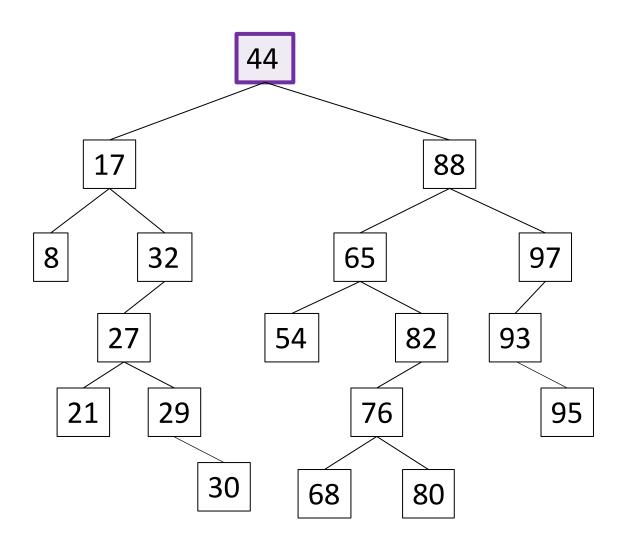
```
public void depthFirst(Node n) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```

Recursion:

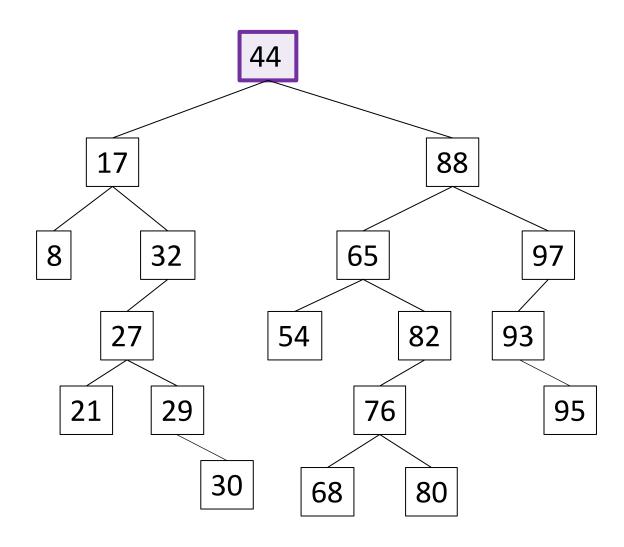
- Calling a method from inside itself.
- Solve the problem by solving identical smaller problems.
- What is the "smaller problem"?
 - Process the left side, then process the right side.



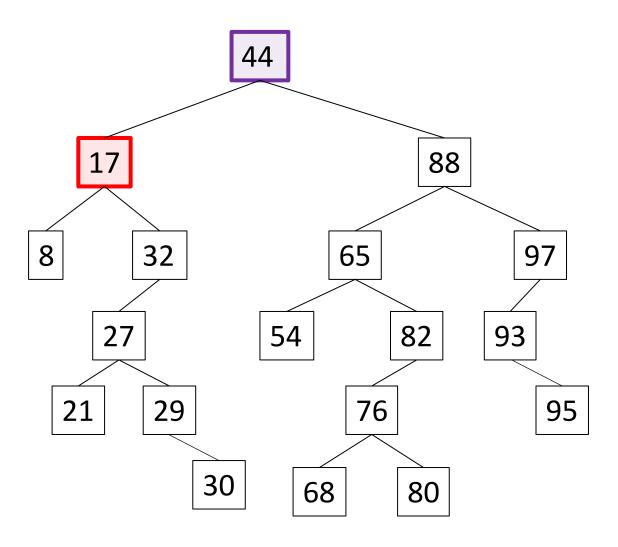
```
public void depthFirst(44) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```



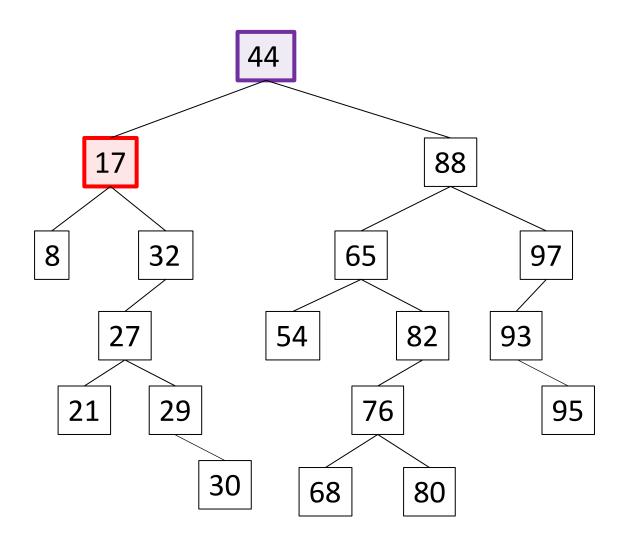
```
public void depthFirst(44) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```



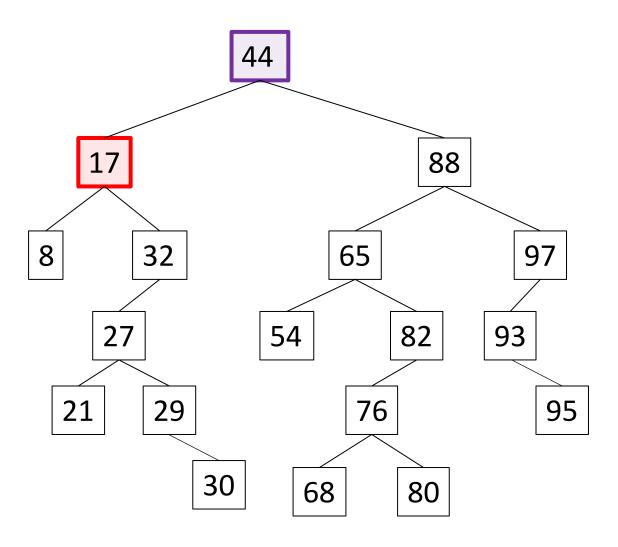
```
public void depthFirst(44) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
     public void depthFirst(17) {
         if (n != null) {
              System.out.println(n.getValue());
              depthFirst(n.getLeft());
              depthFirst(n.getRight());
```



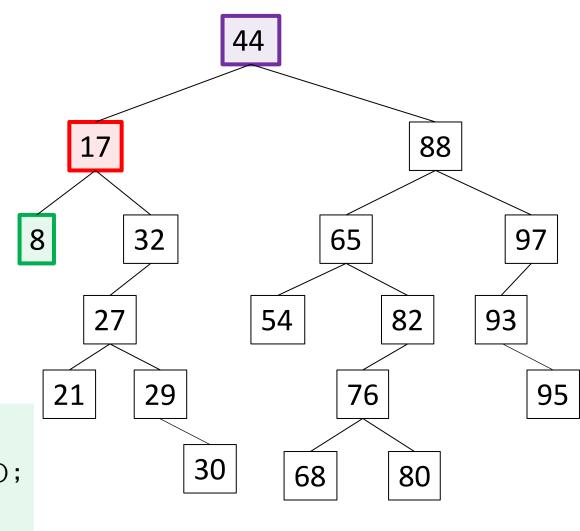
```
public void depthFirst(44) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
     public void depthFirst(17) {
         if (n != null) {
              System.out.println(n.getValue());
              depthFirst(n.getLeft());
              depthFirst(n.getRight());
```



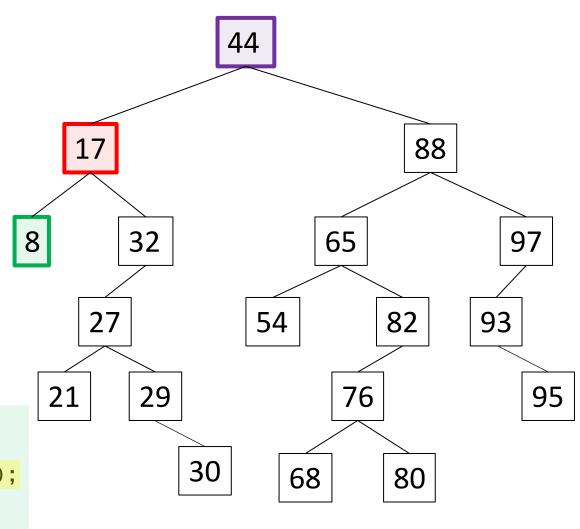
```
public void depthFirst(44) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
     public void depthFirst(17) {
         if (n != null) {
              System.out.println(n.getValue());
              depthFirst(n.getLeft());
              depthFirst(n.getRight());
```



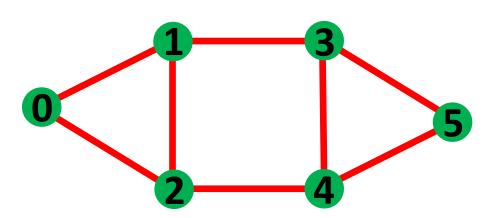
```
public void depthFirst(44) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
       depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
     public void depthFirst(17) {
         if (n != null) {
              System.out.println(n.getValue());
              depthFirst(n.getLeft());
              depthFirst(n.getRight());
           public void depthFirst(8) {
               if (n != null) {
                   System.out.println(n.getValue());
                   depthFirst(n.getLeft());
                   depthFirst(n.getRight());
```



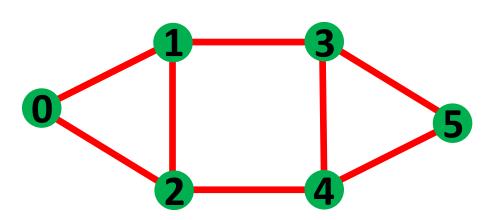
```
public void depthFirst(44) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
       depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
     public void depthFirst(17) {
         if (n != null) {
              System.out.println(n.getValue());
              depthFirst(n.getLeft());
              depthFirst(n.getRight());
           public void depthFirst(8) {
               if (n != null) {
                   System.out.println(n.getValue());
                   depthFirst(n.getLeft());
                   depthFirst(n.getRight());
```



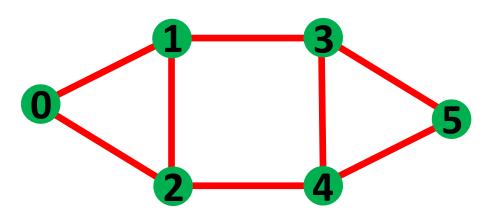
```
public void depthFirst(Node n) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```



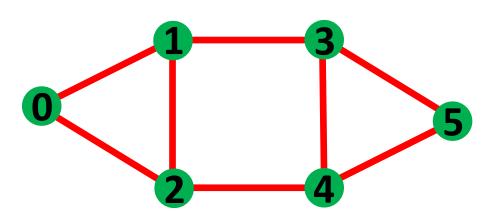
```
public void depthFirst(Node n) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```



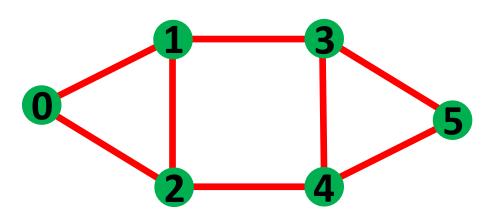
```
public void depthFirst(Node n) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```



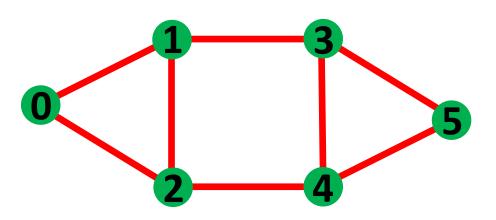
```
public void depthFirst(Node n) {
    if (n != null) {
       System.out.println(n.getValue());
       depthFirst(n.getLeft());
       depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```



```
public void depthFirst(Node n) {
    if (n != null) {
       System.out.println(n.getValue());
       depthFirst(n.getLeft());
       depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```

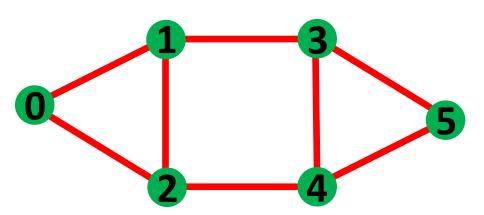


```
public void depthFirst(Node n) {
    if (n != null) {
       System.out.println(n.getValue());
       depthFirst(n.getLeft());
       depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
}
```



```
public void depthFirst(Node n) {
    if (n != null) {
        System.out.println(n.getValue());
        depthFirst(n.getLeft());
        depthFirst(n.getRight());
    }
} for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
    depthFirst(neighbor);
}
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
    }
}
```



```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n) depthFirst(neighbor);
    }
}
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(0)
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(0)
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```

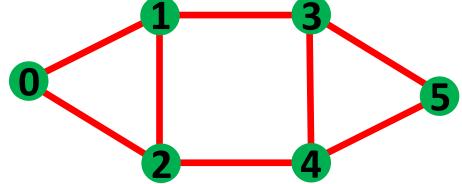
```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```

Run-time Stack

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
```

Run-time Stack

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```



Run-time Stack

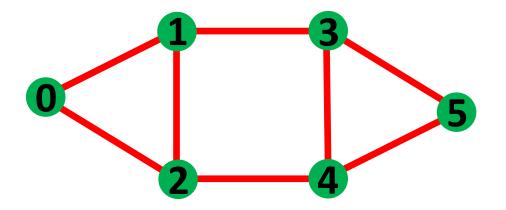
depthFirst(1)

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                               Output
   depthFirst(1)<sub>I</sub>
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
```

Run-time Stack

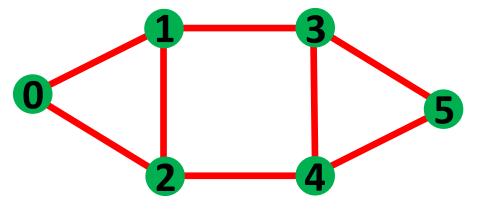
```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
   depthFirst(0)
                               Output
   depthFirst(1)<sub>1</sub>
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
                            0
   depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
   depthFirst(0)
  depthFirst(1)<sub>1</sub>
                      STACK OVERFLOW
  depthFirst(0)
                           ERROR
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
   depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
```



```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
```

Where is the problem?



Run-time Stack

depthFirst(1)

```
What neighbors should we call depthFirst() on?
```

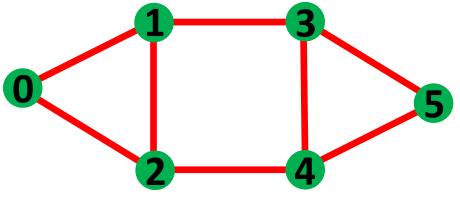
```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
```

Run-time Stack

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor):
     }
}
Output
```

What neighbors should we call depthFirst() on?

Neighbors that have not already been visited.



Run-time Stack

depthFirst(1)

```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor):
    }
}
```

Output

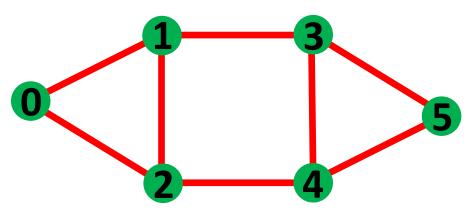
depthFirst(1)
depthFirst(0)

Run-time Stack

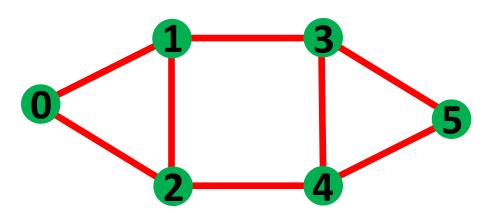
What neighbors should we call depthFirst() on?

Neighbors that have not already been visited.

How can we do that



```
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
    }
}
```



```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        depthFirst(neighbor);
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(4)
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(4)
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(3)
  depthFirst(4)
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(3)
  depthFirst(4)
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(5)
  depthFirst(3)
  depthFirst(4)
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(5)
  depthFirst(3)
  depthFirst(4)
                           3
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(3)
  depthFirst(4)
                           3
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(4)
                           3
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
                           3
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbor
        if (!visited[neighbor])
            depthFirst(neight
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(5)
  depthFirst(3)
  depthFirst(4)
                           3
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(3)
  depthFirst(4)
                           3
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(4)
                           3
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
                           3
  depthFirst(2)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
                           3
  depthFirst(6)
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
                           3
  depthFirst(6)
                           5
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
   visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
                           5
  depthFirst(1)
  depthFirst(0)
  Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   depthFirst(0)
   Run-time Stack
```

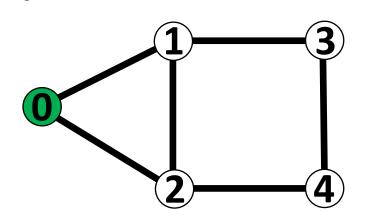
```
private boolean visited[] = new boolean[getNumVertices()];
public void depthFirst(int n) {
    System.out.println(n);
    visited[n] = true;
    for (int neighbor : getNeighbors(n)) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            depthFirst(neighbor);
                              Output
   Run-time Stack
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
public boolean reachable(int endVertex) {
   return visited[endVertex];
```

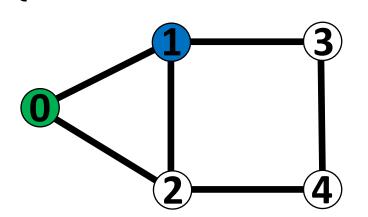
```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                              How do we get actual
                                              paths between vertices
public boolean reachable(int endVertex) {
   return visited[endVertex];
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
```

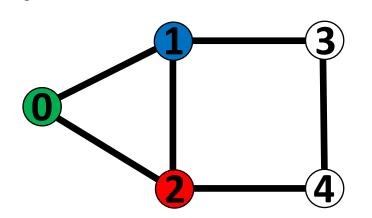
```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
         depthFirst(0
```



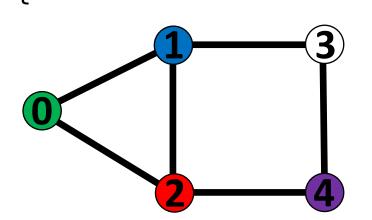
```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
         depthFirst(1)
         depthFirst(0)
```



```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
         depthFirst(2)
         depthFirst(1)
         depthFirst(0)
```



```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
         depthFirst(4)
         depthFirst(2)
         depthFirst(1)
         depthFirst(0)
```



```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
        depthFirst(3)
                                 Was a path identified when determining
        depthFirst(4)
                                 that 0 and 3 are connected?
         depthFirst(2)
```

Run-time Stack

depthFirst(1)

depthFirst(0)

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
        depthFirst(3)
                                 Was a path identified when determining
        depthFirst(4)
                                 that 0 and 3 are connected?
         depthFirst(2)
         depthFirst(1)
                                        YES!
         depthFirst(0)
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 Was a path identified when determining
                                 that 0 and 3 are connected?
                                        YES!
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 Was a path identified when determining
                                 that 0 and 3 are connected?
         depthFirst(1)
                                        YES!
         depthFirst(0)
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 Was a path identified when determining
                                 that 0 and 3 are connected?
         depthFirst(2)
         depthFirst(1)
                                        YES!
         depthFirst(0)
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 Was a path identified when determining
         depthFirst(4)
                                 that 0 and 3 are connected?
         depthFirst(2)
         depthFirst(1)
                                        YES!
         depthFirst(0)
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
        depthFirst(3)
                                 Was a path identified when determining
        depthFirst(4)
                                 that 0 and 3 are connected?
         depthFirst(2)
         depthFirst(1)
                                        YES!
         depthFirst(0)
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
        depthFirst(3)
                                 Was a path identified when determining
        depthFirst(4)
                                 that 0 and 3 are connected?
         depthFirst(2)
         depthFirst(1)
                                        YES!
         depthFirst(0)
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 What else was identified?
         depthFirst(4)
         depthFirst(2)
         depthFirst(1)
         depthFirst(0)
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
        dfs(graph, neighbor);
       depthFirst(3)
                                 What else was identified?
        depthFirst(4)
        depthFirst(2)
                                       A path from 0 to everything
        depthFirst(1)
```

connected to 0!

Run-time Stack

depthFirst(0)

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```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 What else was identified?
```

A path from 0 to everything connected to 0!

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 What else was identified?
```

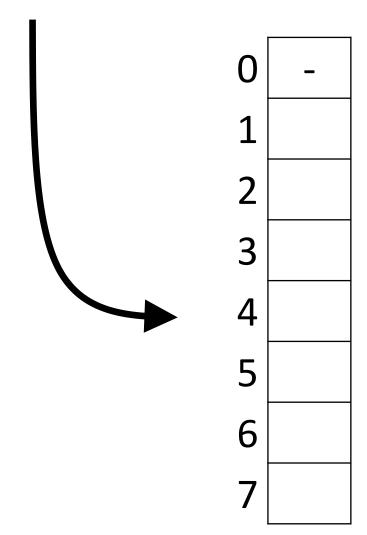
A path from 0 to everything connected to 0!

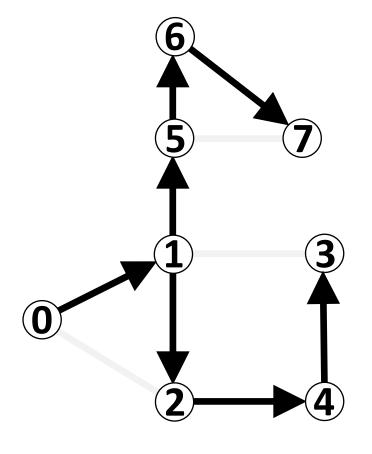
```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
  visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
        dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 How can we store/compute these paths?
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
  visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                 How can we store/compute these paths?
                                       What if, for each vertex, we stored
```

the previous vertex?

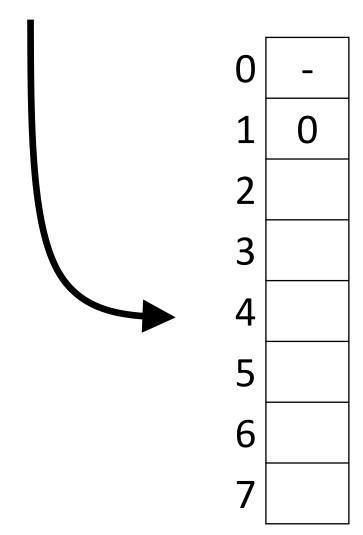
int[] previousVertex

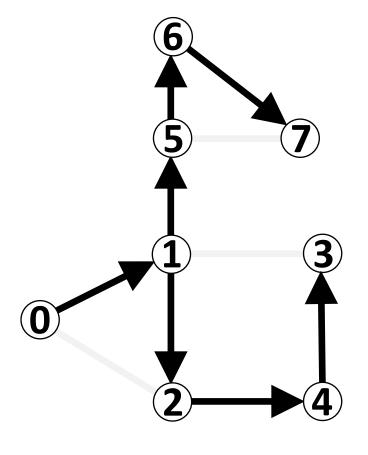




How can we store/compute these paths?

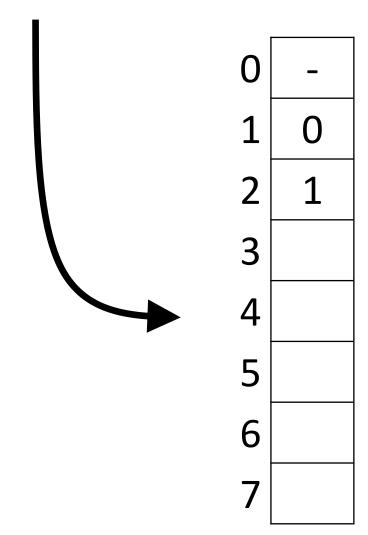
int[] previousVertex

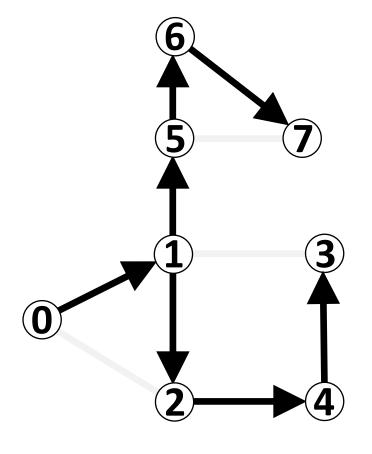




How can we store/compute these paths?

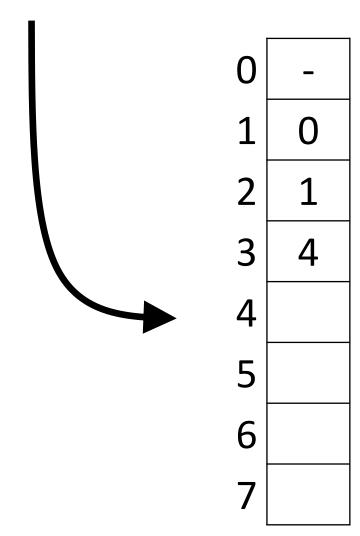
int[] previousVertex

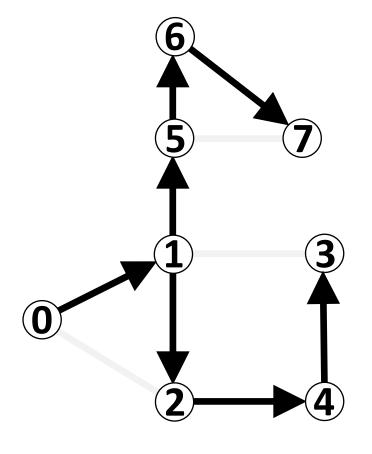




How can we store/compute these paths?

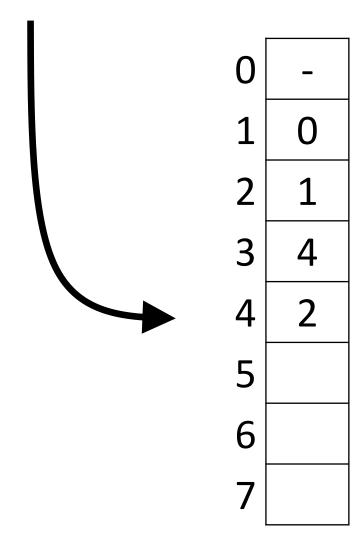
int[] previousVertex

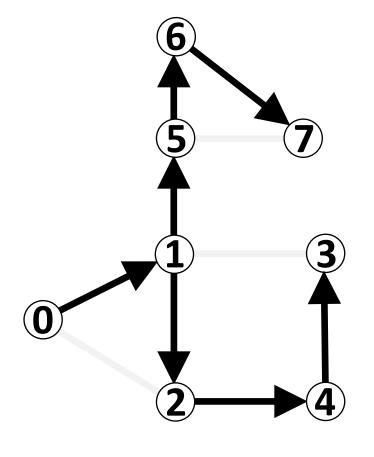




How can we store/compute these paths?

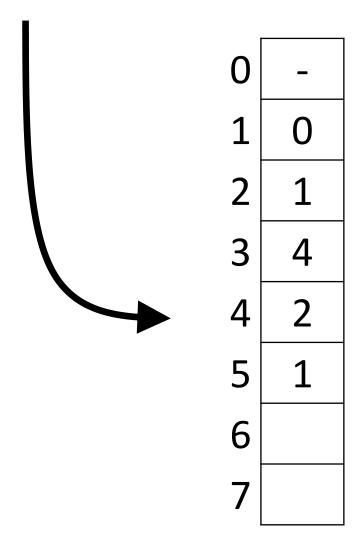
int[] previousVertex

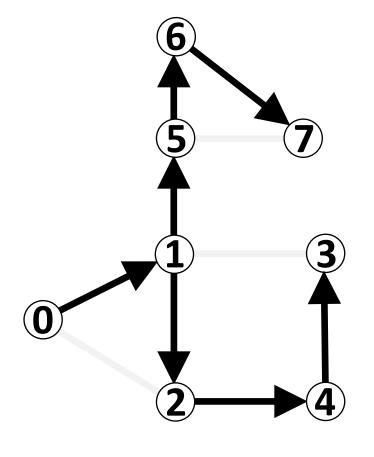




How can we store/compute these paths?

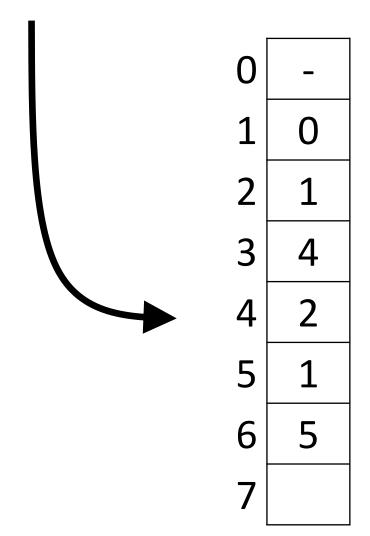
int[] previousVertex

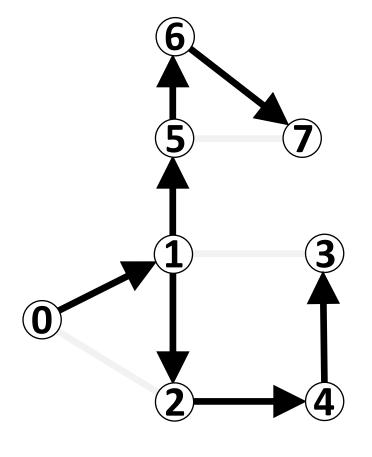




How can we store/compute these paths?

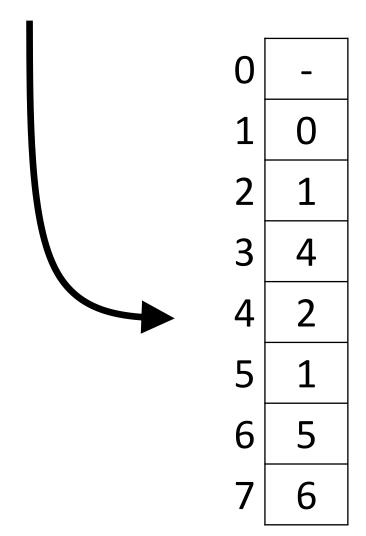
int[] previousVertex

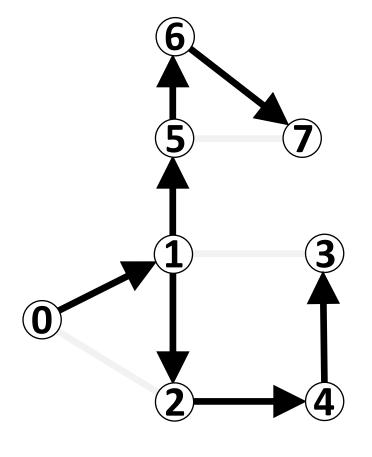




How can we store/compute these paths?

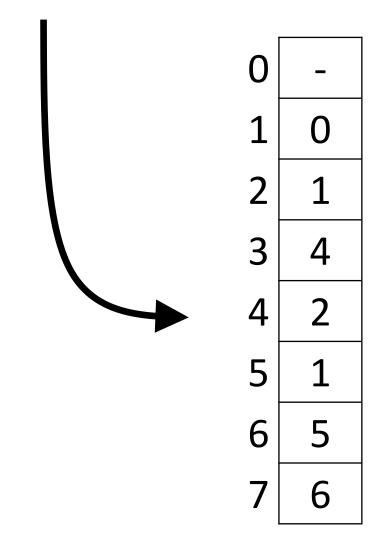
int[] previousVertex

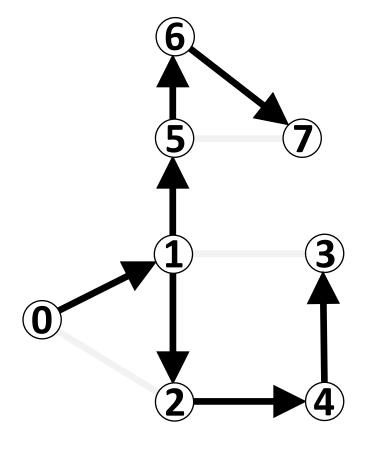




How can we store/compute these paths?

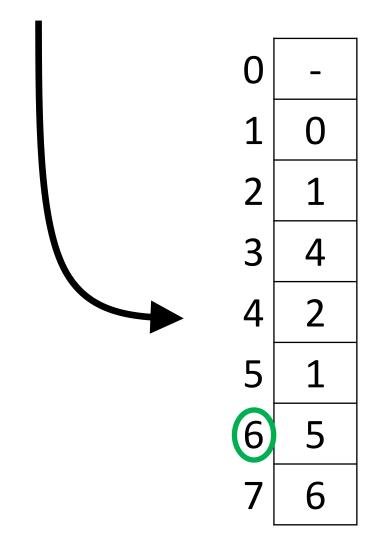
int[] previousVertex

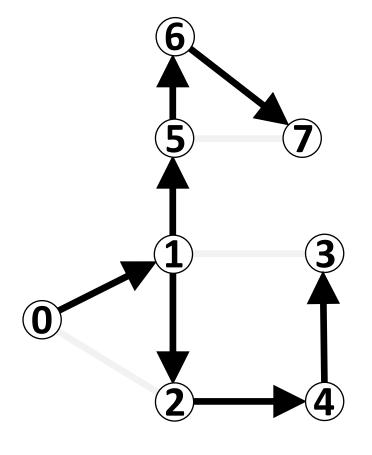




How do we determine the path from 0 to 6?

int[] previousVertex

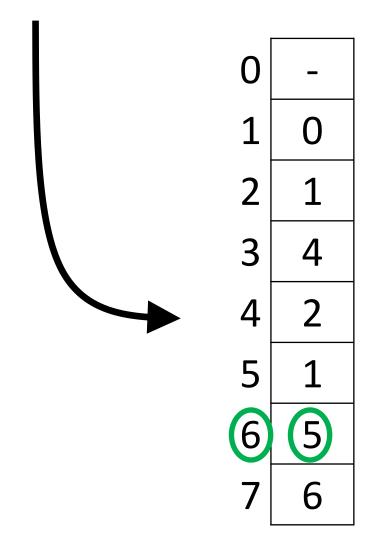


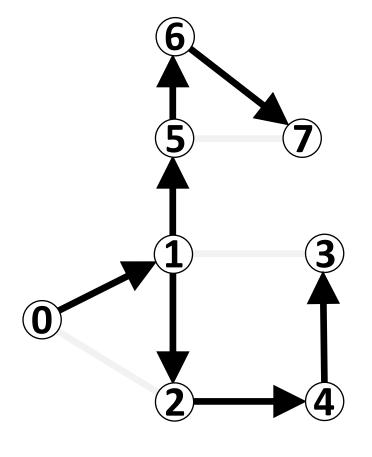


How do we determine the path from 0 to 6?

Start at vertex 6.

int[] previousVertex

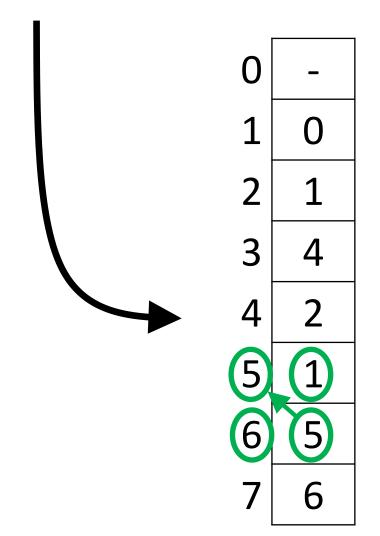


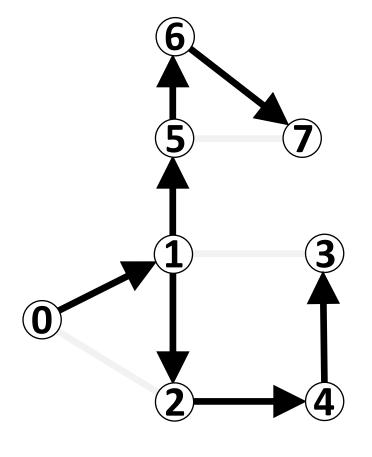


How do we determine the path from 0 to 6?

Start at vertex 6. Find its previous vertex.

int[] previousVertex

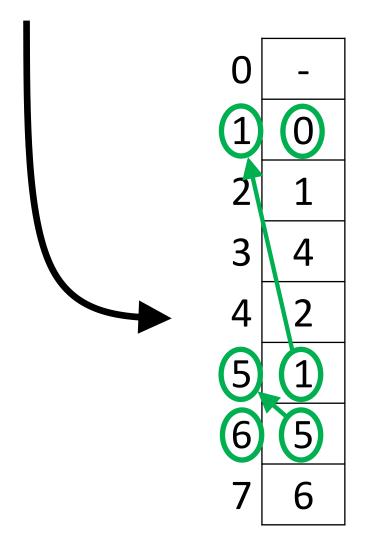


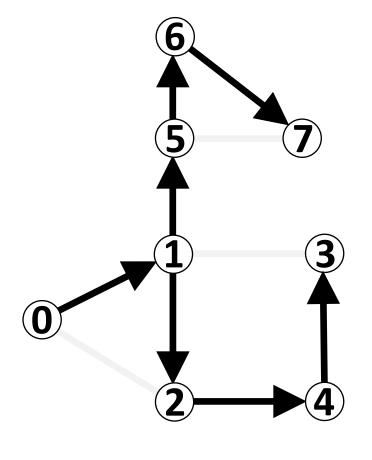


How do we determine the path from 0 to 6?

Start at vertex 6. Find its previous vertex. Find its previous vertex

int[] previousVertex

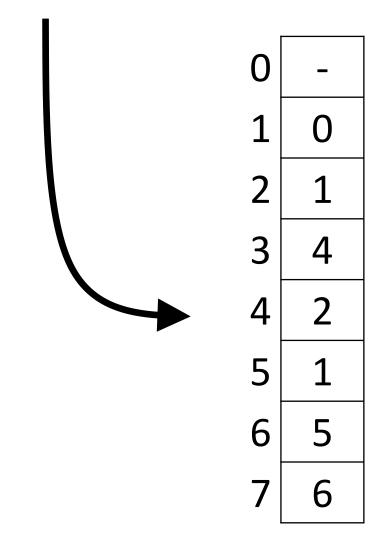


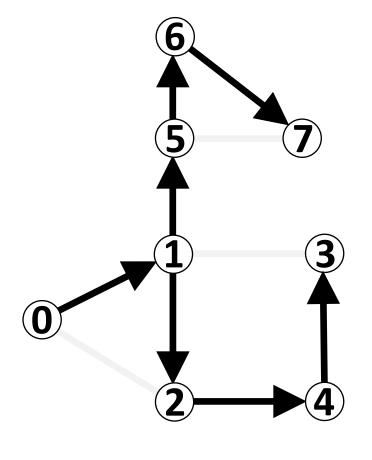


How do we determine the path from 0 to 6?

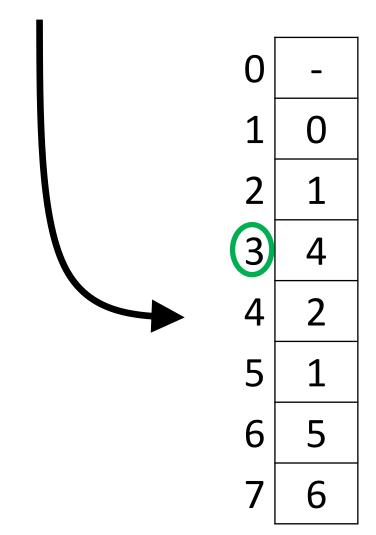
Start at vertex 6. Find its previous vertex. Find its previous vertex... until we get back to the start (0).

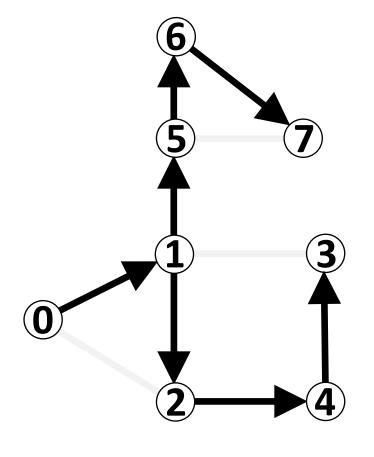
int[] previousVertex



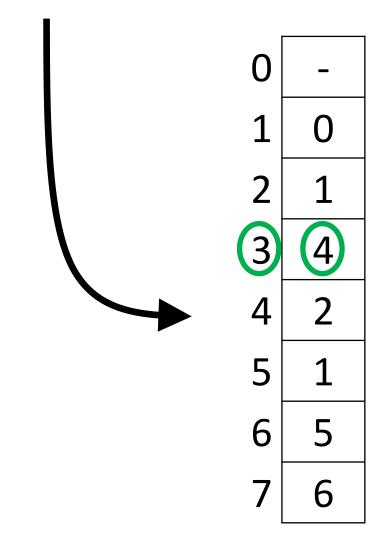


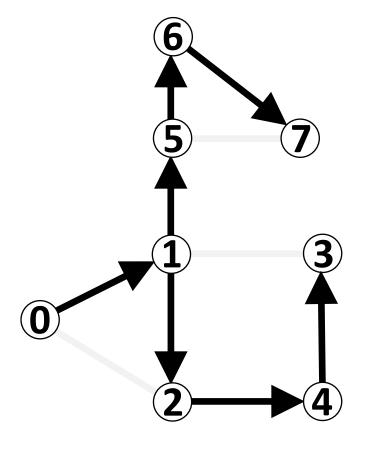
int[] previousVertex



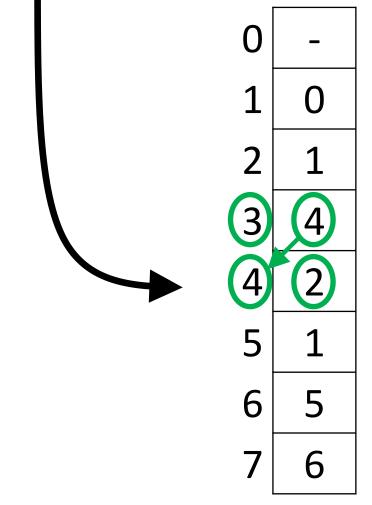


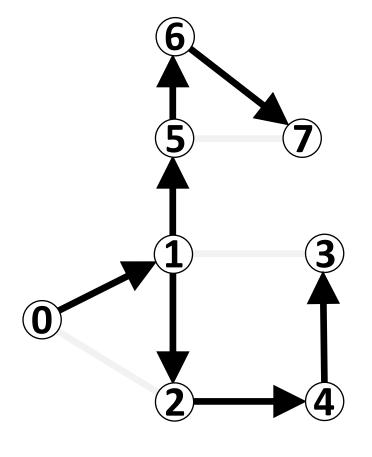
int[] previousVertex



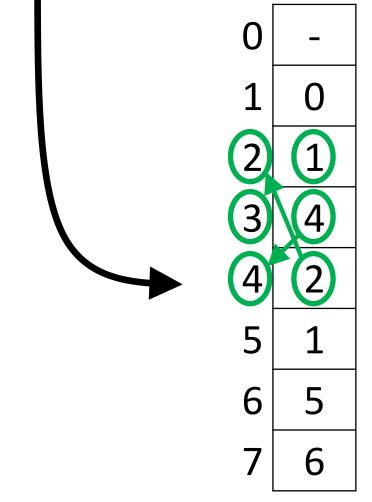


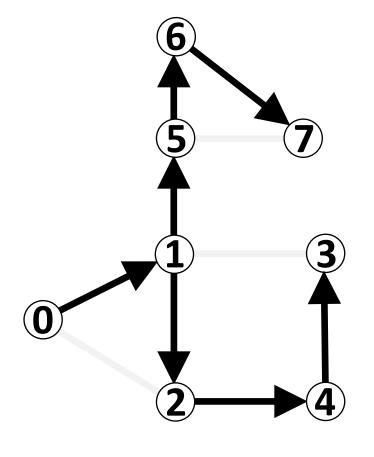
int[] previousVertex



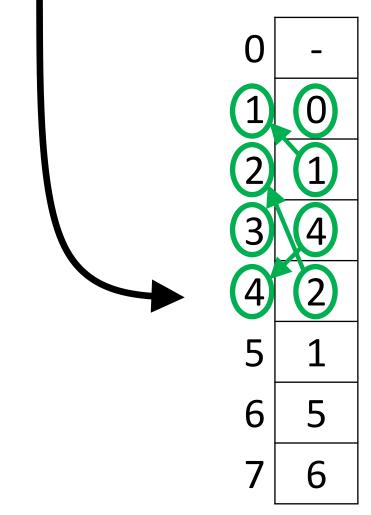


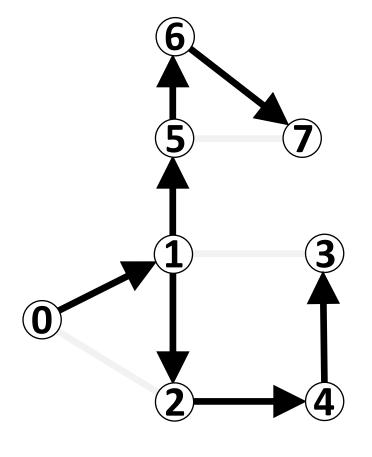
int[] previousVertex





int[] previousVertex



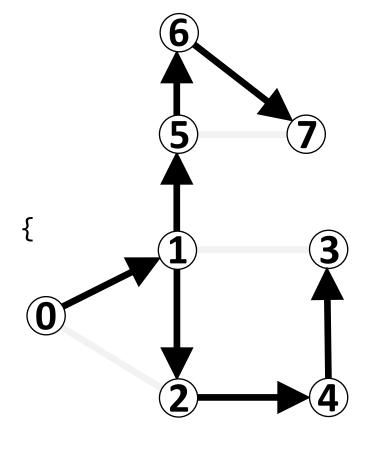


```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
```

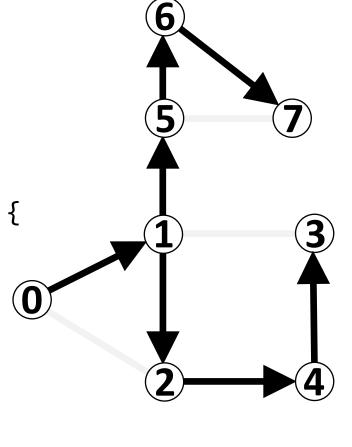
- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
private boolean[] visited;
private int[] previousVertex;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
  previousVertex = new int[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
```



- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

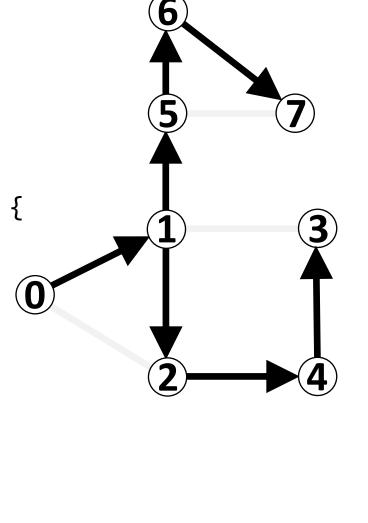
```
private boolean[] visited;
private int[] previousVertex;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
  previousVertex = new int[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         previousVertex[?????] = ?????;
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
```



- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

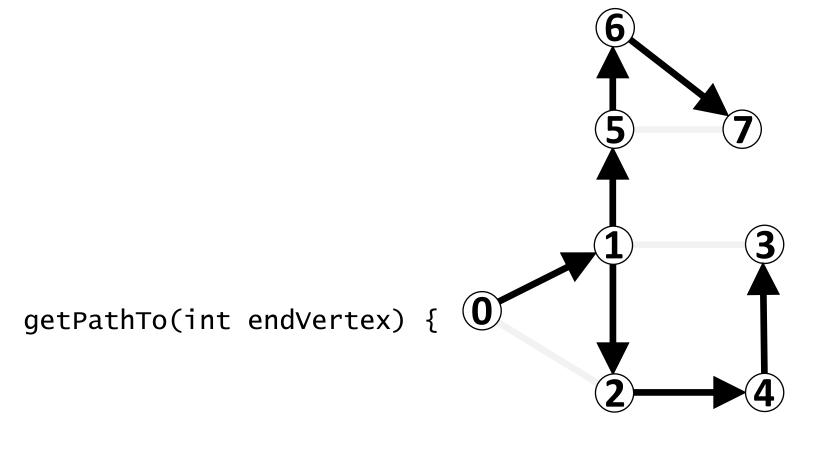
```
private boolean[] visited;
private int[] previousVertex;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   previousVertex = new int[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         previousVertex[vertex] = neighbor;
                                               What do we need to do in the code?
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                                 1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
                                                 2 – Populate previous Vertex
                                                 3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)
```

```
private boolean[] visited;
private int[] previousVertex;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
  previousVertex = new int[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         previousVertex[neighbor] = vertex;
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
```



- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)





- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
getPathTo(int endVertex) {
public
              ???
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
   } else {
```

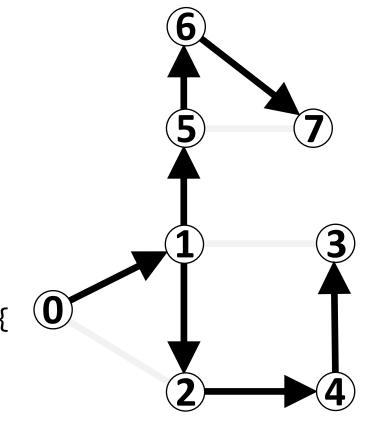
- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
getPathTo(int endVertex) {
public
              ???
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
```

- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
public ??? getPathTo(int endVertex) {
  if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
    return null;
  } else {
     ?? path = ??
```

- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

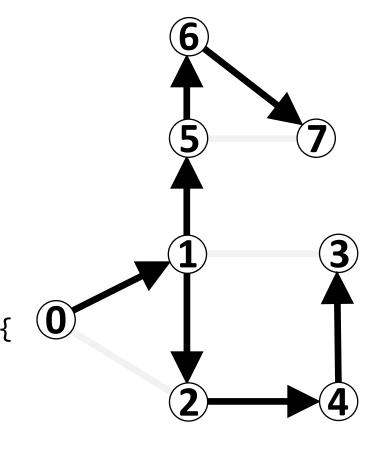


What do we need to do in the code?

1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex

- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
```



- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = ??
                                                What do we need to do in the code?
                                                   1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
                                                   2 – Populate previous Vertex
```

3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)

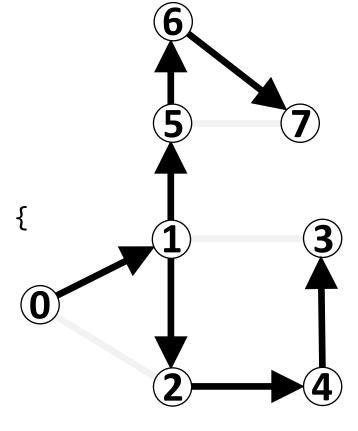
```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = endVertex; v ??
                                                What do we need to do in the code?
                                                  1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
                                                  2 – Populate previous Vertex
```

3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = endVertex; v != startVertex;
                                                What do we need to do in the code?
                                                  1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
                                                  2 – Populate previous Vertex
```

3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
private boolean[] visited;
private int[] previousVertex;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
  previousVertex = new int[graph.getNumVertices()];
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
  visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
     if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         previousVertex[neighbor] = vertex;
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
```



- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

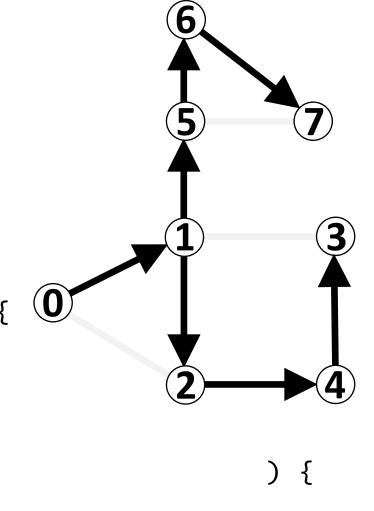
```
private boolean[] visited;
private int[] previousVertex;
private int startVertex;
public DepthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   previousVertex = new int[graph.getNumVertices()];
   this.startVertex = startVertex;
   dfs(graph, startVertex);
private void dfs(Graph graph, int vertex) {
   visited[vertex] = true;
   for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
                                               What do we need to do in the code?
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         previousVertex[neighbor] = vertex;
                                                 1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
         dfs(graph, neighbor);
                                                 2 – Populate previous Vertex
                                                 3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)
                                                                              135
```

```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = endVertex; v != startVertex;
                                                What do we need to do in the code?
                                                  1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
                                                  2 – Populate previous Vertex
```

3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
private int[] previousVertex;
```

```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = endVertex; v != startVertex; v ??
```



- 1 Create/Initialize previousVertex
- 2 Populate previous Vertex
- 3 getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
private int[] previousVertex;
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = endVertex; v != startVertex; v = previousVertex[v]) {
                                               What do we need to do in the code?
                                                 1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
```

2 – Populate previous Vertex

3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = endVertex; v != startVertex; v = previousVertex[v]) {
         path.add(v);
                                                What do we need to do in the code?
                                                  1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
                                                  2 – Populate previous Vertex
```

3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = endVertex; v != startVertex; v = previousVertex[v]) {
         path.addFirst(v);
                                                What do we need to do in the code?
                                                  1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
                                                  2 – Populate previous Vertex
```

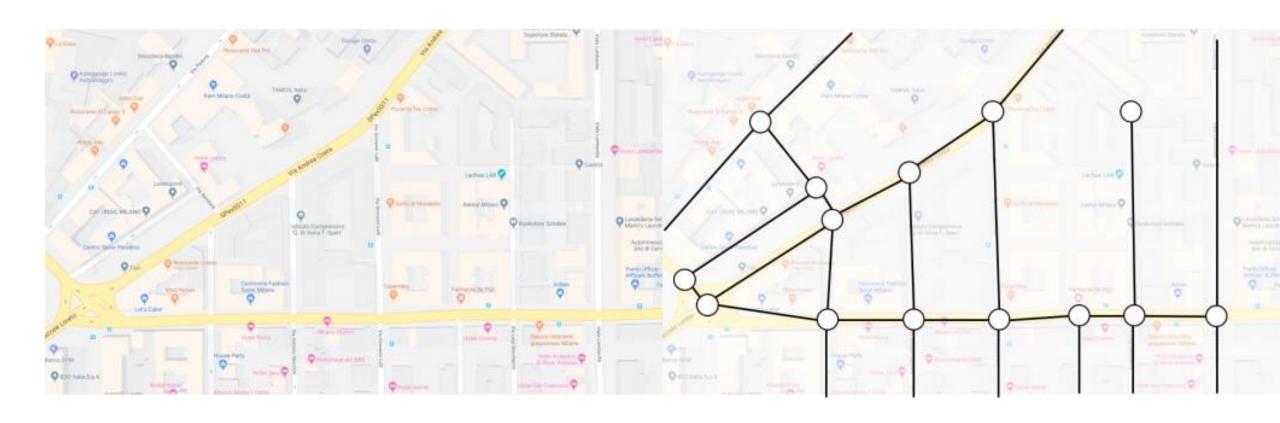
3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)

```
public LinkedList<Integer> getPathTo(int endVertex) {
   if (!reachable(endVertex)) {
      return null;
   } else {
      LinkedList<Integer> path = new LinkedList<>();
      for (int v = endVertex; v != startVertex; v = previousVertex[v]) {
         path.addFirst(v);
                                                What do we need to do in the code?
      path.addFirst(startVertex);
                                                  1 – Create/Initialize previousVertex
      return path;
                                                  2 – Populate previous Vertex
                                                   3 - getPathTo(int endVertex)
                                                                                141
```

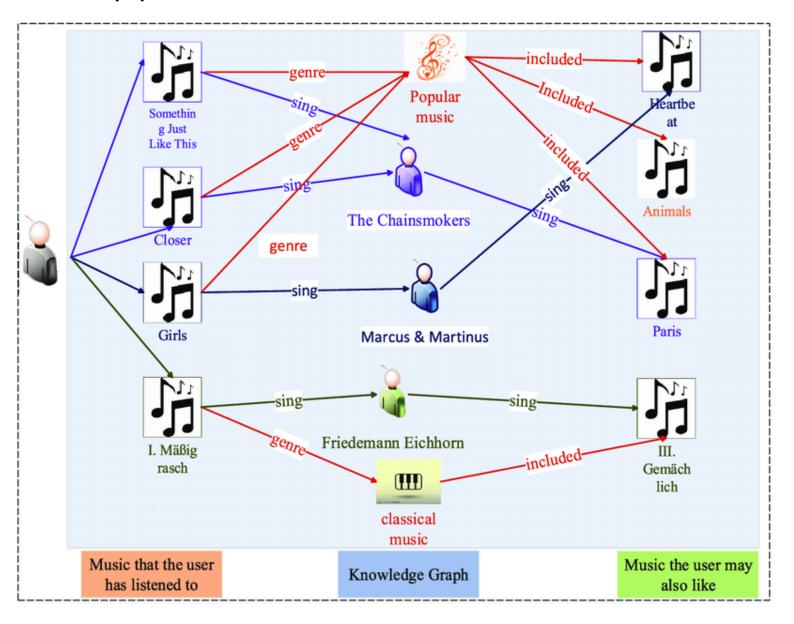
Graphs - Breadth First Search

```
private boolean[] visited;
public BreadthFirstSearch(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   visited = new boolean[graph.getNumVertices()];
   bfs(graph, startVertex);
private void bfs(Graph graph, int startVertex) {
   Queue<Integer> queue = new Queue<>();
   visited[startVertex] = true;
   queue.enqueue(startVertex);
   while (!queue.isEmpty()) {
      int vertex = queue.dequeue();
      for (int neighbor : graph.getNeighbors(vertex)) {
         if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            visited[neighbor] = true;
            queue.enqueue(neighbor);
```

Graphs – More Applications



Graphs – More Applications



Montana State University

文A 23 languages ∨

Article Talk Read Edit View history Tools ✓

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Coordinates: 45°40′06″N 111°03′00″W

"Montana State" redirects here. For the U.S. state, see Montana.

This article is about the main campus in Bozeman. For other campuses, see Montana State University (disambiguation).

Montana State University (MSU) is a public land-grant research university in Bozeman, Montana. It is the state's largest university. MSU offers baccalaureate degrees in 60 fields, master's degrees in 68 fields, and doctoral degrees in 35 fields through its nine colleges. More than 16,700 students attended MSU in the fall 2019, taught by 796 full-time and 547 part-time faculty. In the Carnegie Classification, MSU is placed among "R1: Doctoral Universities – Very high research activity", one of only two universities to receive this distinction with a "very high undergraduate" enrollment profile. The university had research expenditures of \$129.6 million in 2017.

Located on the south side of Bozeman, the university's 1,170 acres (470 ha) campus is the largest in the state. The university's main campus in Bozeman is home to KUSM television, KGLT radio, and the Museum of the Rockies. MSU provides outreach services to citizens and communities statewide through its agricultural experiment station and 60 county and reservation extension offices. The elevation of the campus is 4,900 feet (1,500 m) above sea level.^[10]

History [edit]

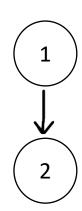
Montana State University



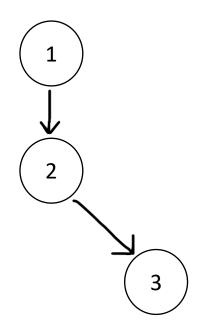
```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid;
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high)
           mid = (low + high)/2;
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                 low = mid + 1;
           else return mid;
     return -1;
```

```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid; 7
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high)
           mid = (low + high)/2;
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                 low = mid + 1;
           else return mid;
     return -1;
```

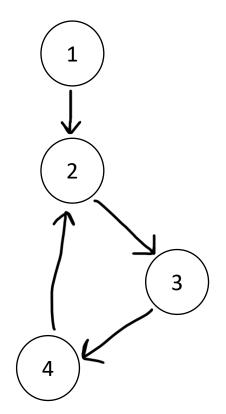
```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid; 7
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high) 2
           mid = (low + high)/2;
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                 low = mid + 1;
           else return mid;
     return -1;
```



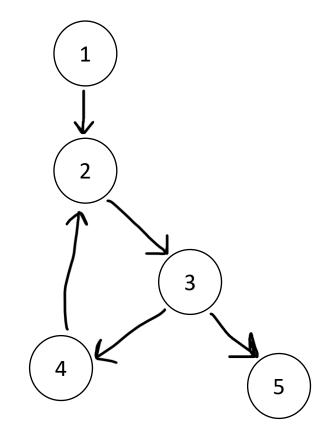
```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid; 7
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high) 2
           mid = (low + high)/2; 73
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                 low = mid + 1;
           else return mid;
     return -1;
```



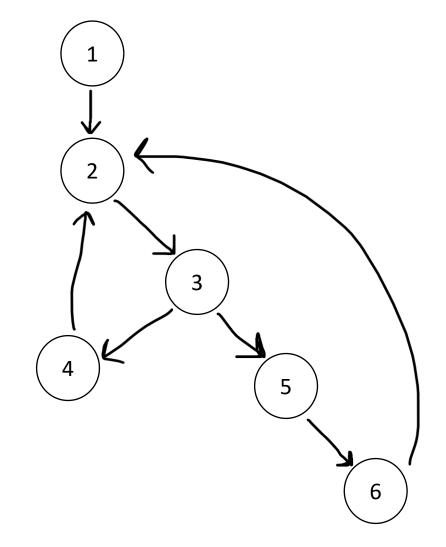
```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid; 7
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high) 2
           mid = (low + high)/2;
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                 low = mid + 1;
           else return mid;
     return -1;
```



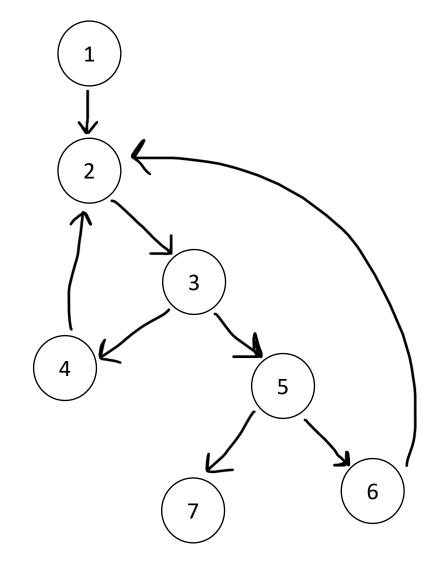
```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid; 7
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high) 2
           mid = (low + high)/2;
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                low = mid + 1;
           else return mid;
     return -1;
```



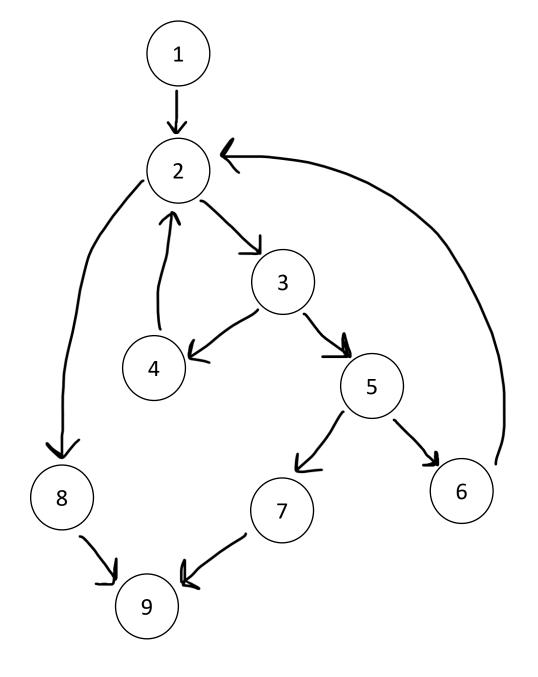
```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid; 7
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high) 2
           mid = (low + high)/2;
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                low = mid + 1;
           else return mid;
     return -1;
```



```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid; 7
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high) 2
           mid = (low + high)/2;
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                low = mid + 1; ]6
           else return mid;
     return -1;
```



```
Source Program:
int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n)
     int low, high, mid; 7
     low = 0;
     high = n - 1;
     while (low <= high) 2
           mid = (low + high)/2;
           if (x < v[mid])
                high = mid - 1;
           else if (x > v[mid])
                low = mid + 1; ]6
           else return mid;
     return -1;78
```



Source Program: int binsearch(int x, int v[], int n) int low, high, mid; low = 0;high = n - 1;while (low <= high) 2 mid = (low + high)/2;if (x < v[mid])high = mid - 1; | 4 $5 \mid else if (x > v[mid])$ low = mid + 1; | 67 | else return mid; return -1; | 8

Control Flow Graph (CFG)

