CSCI 476

Final Exam Study Guide

Logistics

* Tuesday December 10th @ 2:00 – 3:50 PM
* One 8.5 x 11 (standard piece of paper, both sides) note sheet is allowed. Types or handwritten are both ok
* Final Exam is worth 15% of your final grade

The final exam will consist of 15ish short answer questions. These questions can be answered in 1-3 sentences.

For each attack/topic that we have discussed in the class, you should be able to define.

1. what the attack is
2. The goal of the attack is.
3. The attack methodology
4. The “vulnerability” (if there is one)
5. Existing countermeasure(s).

You won’t need to write any code, and you won’t need to write any Linux commands. You might need to look at some source code (python or C) and provide a user input payload.

1. **Threat Modeling**
   1. What is it? Purpose of threat modeling
   2. Threat modeling methods
   3. Given a software system, apply threat modeling to assess to risk/vulnerabilities of the system.
2. **SET-UID Programs and Environment Variables**
   1. What a Set-UID program is. What makes it special? Why do we need them?
   2. RUID vs EUID. What does a Set-UID program do to these values?
   3. chmod and chown (you wont need to write these commands, but you should know what these command do, and what 4755 means)
   4. System() vs exec() family. Why is system() considered unsafe?
   5. Attack vectors for SET-UID programs (Environment Variables, Untrusted user input, dynamic linking)
   6. System Calls, Environment Variables, fork()
   7. Principle of Isolation
3. **Shellshock Attack**
   1. From a high level, describe what this attack does, the attack methodology, and what the exploitable vulnerability is
   2. What are the two conditions needed to conduct a shellshock attack?
   3. What is a reverse shell? Why won’t a normal shell suffice?
4. **Buffer Overflow**
   1. From a high level, describe what this attack does, the attack methodology, and what the exploitable vulnerability is
   2. What is the stack? What data gets put on the stack?
   3. Esp vs ebp
   4. Why do we need a return address in the stack?
   5. What is the NOP operator? Why do we use it in a buffer overflow attack?
   6. What is shellcode? Why did we did we use shellcode rather than injecting our own C program?
   7. Countermeasures: ASLR, Dash, Stack-guard, Non-executable stack. How to bypass those countermeasures?
5. **SQL Injection**
   1. From a high level, describe what this attack does, the attack methodology, and what the exploitable vulnerability is
   2. Basic SQL Query (SELECT FROM WHERE)
   3. Given basic code that handles user input for an SQL query, construct a malicious payload
   4. Prepare() statements
6. **XSS Attack**
   1. From a high level, describe what this attack does, the attack methodology, and what the exploitable vulnerability is
   2. HTTP Request, HTTP Responses, URL
   3. Static vs Dynamic Web Content
   4. Process of using XSS to steal someone’s cookies
   5. From a high level, how we designed a self-propagating worm
   6. Countermeasures: Filtering, Encoding, CSP, CORS
7. **TCP Attacks**
   1. What is packet sniffing? How does an application “sniff” for packets?
   2. What is packet spoofing? What type of packets can we spoof?
   3. TCP Handshake
   4. TCP Flooding: From a high level, describe what this attack does, the attack methodology, and what the exploitable vulnerability is
   5. Countermeasures: SYN Cookies
   6. TCP Reset: From a high level, describe what this attack does, the attack methodology, and what the exploitable vulnerability is
   7. Why did we need the Sequence # in the TCP reset/TCP Hijacking attack?
   8. TCP Hijack: From a high level, describe what this attack does, the attack methodology, and what the exploitable vulnerability is
   9. Using TCP Hijack, what is the process for getting a root shell?
8. **DNS Attacks**
9. What is the DNS protocol?
10. How did we poison a DNS cache?
11. What is a DNS poisoning attack?
12. What is the motivation for doing a DNS poisoning attack?
13. How did we use packet spoofing to conduct our attack?
14. **Secret-Key Encryption**
    1. Basics of a crypto system (Plaintext, Cleartext, encryption, decryption, key)
    2. Substitution Cipher. What is it, how did we crack it?
    3. Block Ciphers
    4. Why is ECB considered unsafe? How do the other modes of encryption fix this?
    5. What is padding? When is padding used?
    6. What is an Initialization Vector? What are the three requirements that an IV should have?
15. **Hashing**
    1. What is a cryptographic hash function? What are the three important properties of a cryptographic hash function?
    2. How do you reverse a hash? *(this is a trick question)*
    3. Brute Force Attack and Dictionary Attacks
    4. Applications of hashing (Integrity, passwords, commits)
    5. What is a hash collision?
    6. Birthday Paradox and its relation to hash collisions?
    7. Motivation for generating a hash collision.
16. **Asymmetric Crypto**
    1. Difference between Asymmetric Crypto and Symmetric crypto
    2. What a public and private key are, when each one is used.
    3. What the Diffie Hellman Key Exchange is (high level why it is secure, and why it is difficult for a 3rd party to crack the secret)
    4. Limitations of RSA
    5. How Symmetric Crypto, Asymmetric crypto, and hashing work together
    6. Digital Signature (Creating and Verifying)