Kathmandu University

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Computer Graphics Lab Report 06

on

'3D Transformations and Projection Algorithms - Lab 06 Task'

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Question No. 1 Implement the following 3D transformations using the 3D shapes provided by Opengl:

- Translation
- Rotation
- Shearing
- Scaling

Answer:

```
import glfw
from OpenGL.GL import *
from OpenGL.GLUT import *
from OpenGL.GLU import *
import numpy as np
vertices = [
edges = [
```

```
[1, 2],
translation = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
scaling_factor = 1.0
rotation_axis = [1, 0, 0]
rotation_angle = 0
shearing factors = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
current_transformation = None
def draw_cube():
  glBegin(GL LINES)
  for edge in edges:
       for vertex in edge:
            glVertex3fv([v * scaling_factor for v in vertices[vertex]])  # Scale each
vertex
def apply_translation():
  glPushMatrix()
```

```
glTranslatef(translation[0], translation[1], translation[2])
  draw_cube()
  glPopMatrix()
def apply_scaling():
  glPushMatrix()
  glScalef(scaling factor, scaling factor, scaling factor)
  draw cube()
  glPopMatrix()
def apply rotation():
  glPushMatrix()
  glRotatef(rotation angle, *rotation axis)
  draw cube()
  glPopMatrix()
def apply shearing(axis):
  shearing_matrix = np.identity(4, dtype=np.float32)
  if axis == 'x':
       shearing_matrix[1, 0] = shearing_factors[0] # Shearing only along the x-axis
       shearing matrix[2, 1] = shearing factors[0] # Shearing only along the y-axis
       shearing_matrix[3, 2] = shearing_factors[0] # Shearing only along the z-axis
  glMultMatrixf(shearing_matrix)
  draw cube()
def display():
```

```
glLoadIdentity()
  if current transformation == 'translation':
      apply translation()
  elif current transformation == 'scaling':
      apply scaling()
      apply_rotation()
      apply shearing('y') # Change the axis here
  glFlush()
def key callback(window, key, scancode, action, mods):
                                  scaling_factor, rotation_angle, rotation_axis,
shearing_factors, current_transformation
      if current transformation == 'translation':
          translation[1] += 0.1
      if current transformation == 'translation':
          shearing factors[0] -= 0.1
      if current transformation == 'translation':
```

```
elif current_transformation == 'shearing':
          shearing_factors[0] += 0.1
      if current transformation == 'translation':
          translation[2] += 0.1
          scaling factor += 0.1
          scaling_factor -= 0.1
      if current transformation == 'rotation':
          rotation_angle += 15
      main menu(window)
def main menu(window):
```

```
print("1. Translation")
  print("2. Scaling")
  print("4. Shearing")
  print("5. Exit")
        print("Use arrow keys to translate the cube. Press 'W' and 'S' to move along
the Z-axis.")
      print("Press 'X', 'Y', or 'Z' to rotate around the respective axis.")
      glfw.set window should close(window, True)
      main_menu(window)
def main():
  window = glfw.create window(800, 600, "3D Transformations", None, None)
```

```
glfw.terminate()
  glfw.set_key_callback(window, key_callback)
  glEnable(GL DEPTH TEST)
  glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION)
  gluPerspective(45, 800 / 600, 0.1, 100.0)
  glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW)
  main menu(window)
      glfw.poll_events()
      display()
      glfw.swap_buffers(window)
  glfw.terminate()
if __name__ == "__main__":
#use arrow Keys for the translation movements explicitly
#use Z for scale up & X for scale down
#use X, Y, & Z for the required rotation
#use Left & Right arrow keys for shearing
```

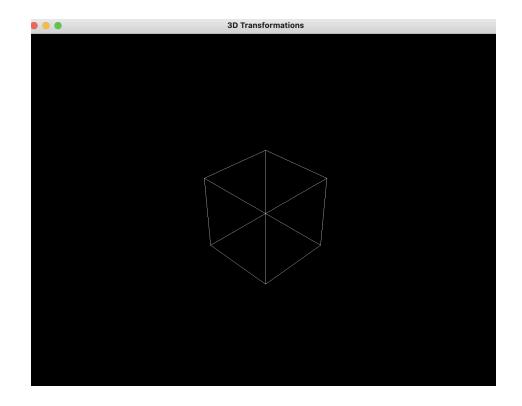
Inputs and Outputs:

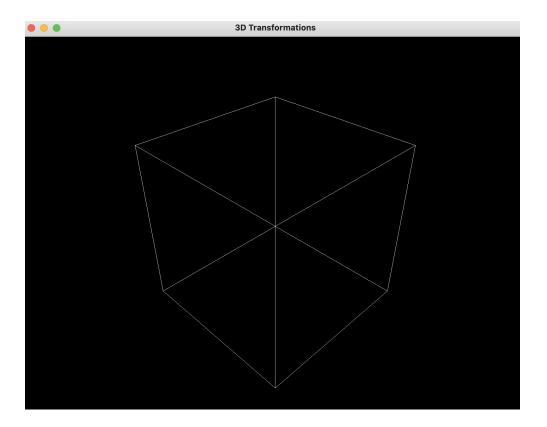
```
(base) reewajkhanal.rk10@RK10 LAB06 % python 3
d.py

Main Menu:
1. Translation
2. Scaling
3. Rotation
4. Shearing
5. Exit
Select a transformation (1-5): 1
Use arrow keys to translate the cube. Press 'W
' and 'S' to move along the Z-axis.
```

```
( base) reewajkhanal.rk10@RK10 LAB06 % python 3
d.py

Main Menu:
1. Translation
2. Scaling
3. Rotation
4. Shearing
5. Exit
Select a transformation (1-5): 2
Press 'Z' to increase and 'X' to decrease scaling.
```





Question No. 2 Implement the Perspective Projection

Answer:

```
import pygame
from pygame.locals import *
from OpenGL.GL import *
from OpenGL.GLU import *
import numpy as np
vertices = [
faces = [
```

```
(4, 5, 6, 7),
colors = [
def draw_cuboid():
      glBegin(GL_QUADS)
def draw_projection_plane():
  glBegin(GL QUADS)
```

```
glVertex3f(-2, -2, -5)
  glEnd()
def draw grid():
  glBegin(GL LINES)
      glVertex3f(i, -1, -10)
      glVertex3f(i, -1, 10)
      glVertex3f(-10, -1, i)
  glEnd()
  glBegin(GL LINES)
  glVertex3f(2, 0, 0)
  glBegin(GL_LINES)
  glVertex3f(0, 2, 0)
  glEnd()
```

```
glColor3fv((0, 0, 1)) \# Z axis in blue
  glBegin(GL LINES)
  glVertex3f(0, 0, 0)
  glVertex3f(0, 0, 2)
def perspective projection(fov):
  glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION) # Select the projection matrix
  glLoadIdentity() # Reset the projection matrix
  gluPerspective(fov, (800 / 600), 0.1, 50.0) # Set up a perspective projection
  glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW) # Select the modelview matrix
  glLoadIdentity() # Reset the modelview matrix
def main():
  pygame.init() # Initialize pygame
  display = (800, 600) # Set the display size
   pygame.display.set_mode(display, DOUBLEBUF | OPENGL) # Set the display mode to
double buffer and OpenGL
  shear = 0.0
  perspective projection(fov) # Apply the perspective projection
    glTranslatef(0, 0, -8) # Translate the scene to view both the object and
```

```
# Enable blending for transparency
   for event in pygame.event.get(): # Event handling
       if event.type == pygame.QUIT: # Exit condition
           pygame.quit() # Quit pygame
       if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
           if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT: # Rotate left
               rotation_y -= 5
           if event.key == pygame.K RIGHT: # Rotate right
           if event.key == pygame.K UP: # Rotate up
           if event.key == pygame.K_DOWN: # Rotate down
           if event.key == pygame.K_a: # Decrease FOV
               if fov < 10:
               perspective projection(fov)
           if event.key == pygame.K_d: # Increase FOV
               if fov > 120:
               perspective projection(fov)
           if event.key == pygame.K_s: # Scale down
```

```
if scale < 0.1:
              if event.key == pygame.K_w: # Scale up
              if event.key == pygame.K_q: # Shear left
              if event.key == pygame.K e: # Shear right
depth buffer
      glPushMatrix() # Save the current matrix
      glScalef(scale, scale, scale)
      shear_matrix = np.array([
      ], dtype=np.float32)
      glMultMatrixf(shear matrix.T)
      glRotatef(rotation_x, 1, 0, 0) # Apply rotation around the x-axis
```

```
glRotatef(rotation_y, 0, 1, 0) # Apply rotation around the y-axis

# Draw the cuboid

draw_cuboid()

glPopMatrix() # Restore the previous matrix

# Draw the projection plane

draw_projection_plane()

pygame.display.flip() # Swap the buffers

pygame.time.wait(10) # Wait for 10 milliseconds

main()
```

Inputs and Outputs:

```
O (base) reewajkhanal.rk10@RK10 LAB06 % python p
respproj\ IV.py
pygame 2.5.2 (SDL 2.28.3, Python 3.10.9)
Hello from the pygame community. https://www.p
ygame.org/contribute.html
```

