## Implementation Summary

My implementation of the HTTP proxy server uses a sequential approach to handling the web requests between user and server. The proxy acts like a middleman, accepting connections from users and forwarding the request to the server.

# **Connection Handling**

- -The Proxy listens on port 48062 in my test
- -Using a socket interface it accepts the users connections request
- All connections are handled sequentially in a loop

# Request Processing

- -Parses the inputted HTTP requests to extract the method
- -Converts HTTP/1.1 to HTTP/1.0 for compatibility
- -Implements proper Header handling

### **Server Communication**

- -Establishes a connection to the targeted web servers
- -Forwards the modified requests to the servers
- -Takes the servers responses and relays them to the user

# **Testing Results**

- -When using Curl, it successfully retrieved local content (HTML and the cougar image) which shows handling of basic HTTP requests
- -When testing NetCat (nc -l 48064) its showed proper GET request syntax and correct header implementations.
- -When using FireFox the localhost displayed the image and posted successfully
- -Some websites like google loaded properly
- -Some websites like wiki.com failed to load

# **Analysis**

Most modern websites cannot be accessed using the proxy due to

- -Proxy only implementing HTTP protocol
- -Most modern websites redirect HTTPS
- -Needing HTTP/1.1 instead of /1.0
- -Complex features like multiple simultaneous connections
- -Complex redirect chains

#### Conclusion

Due to the limitation of HTTP/1.0 most modern day websites are inaccessible because of the complex features HTTP/1.1 adds, Only simple HTTP requests work properly demonstrating core network concepts, while also showing the limitation and evolution of web development with HTTP/1.0 and /1.1