

# A robot model of compass cue calibration in the insect brain

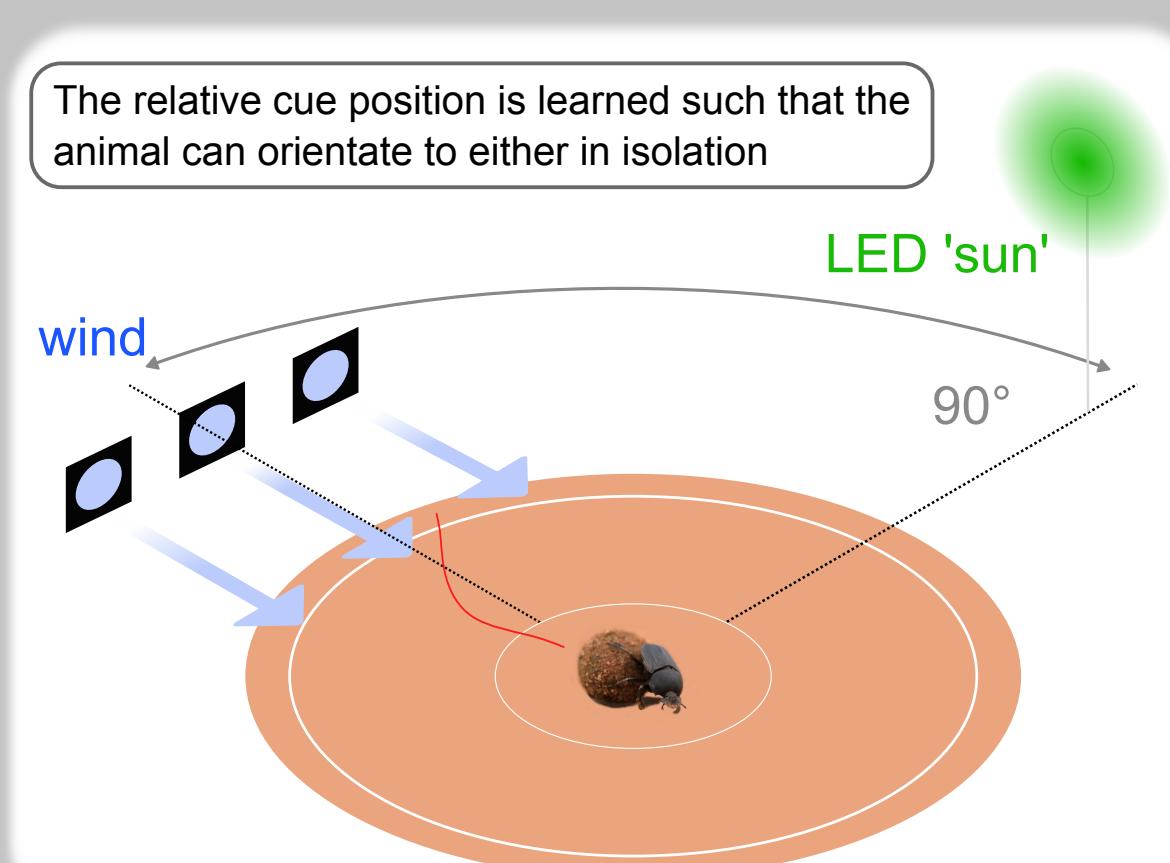
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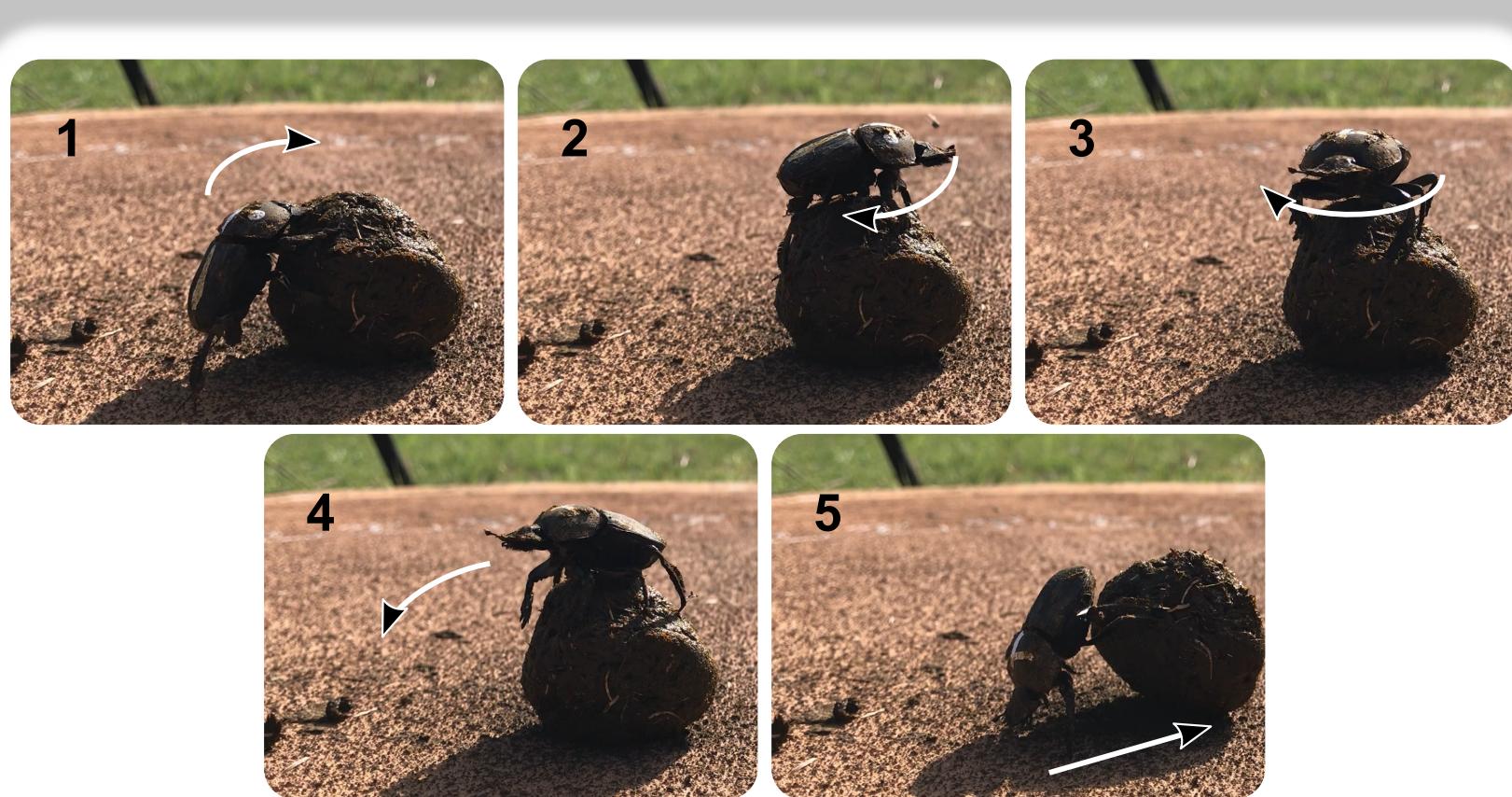
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## Motivation

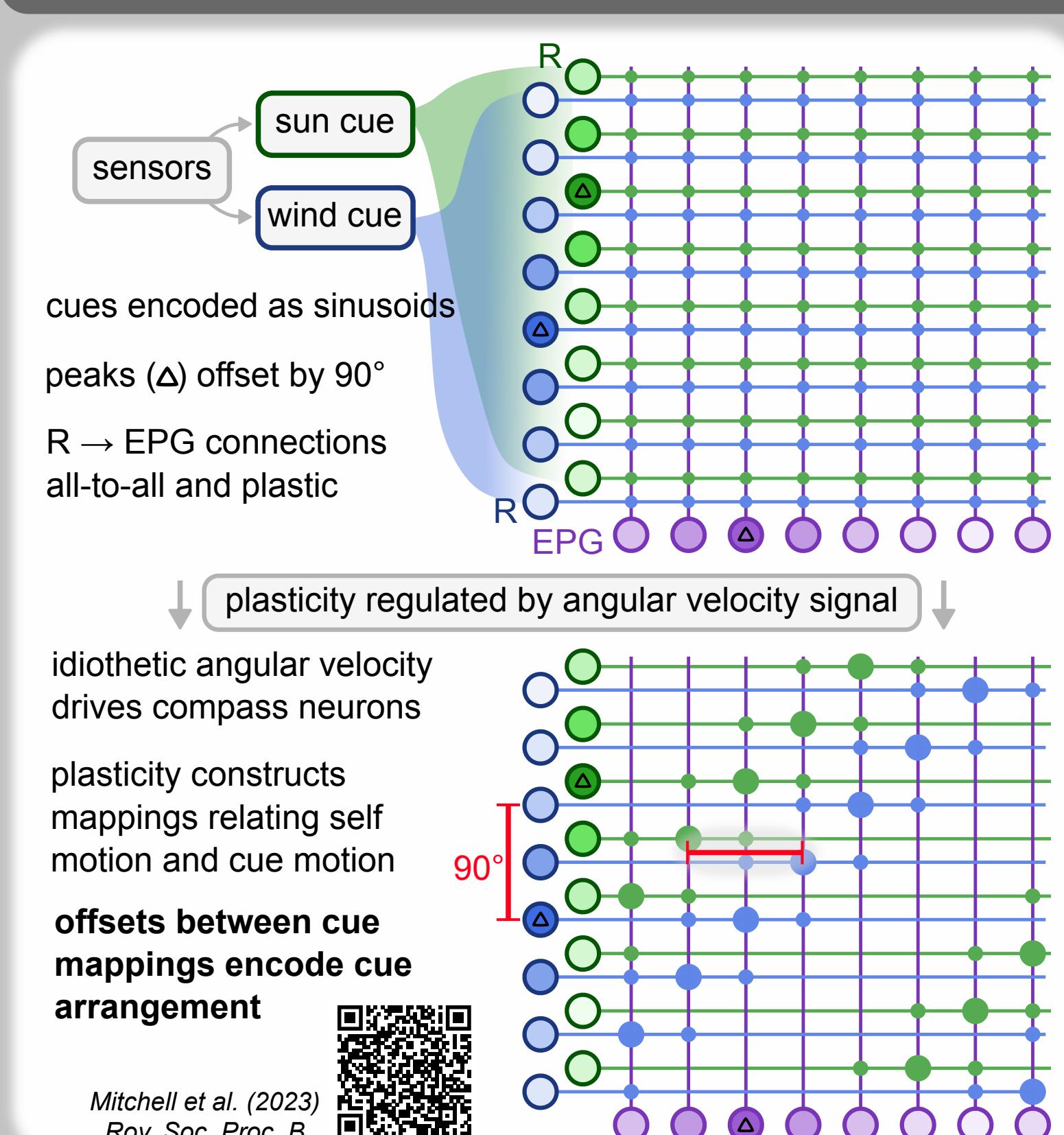
Dung beetles learn the spatial arrangement of available orientation cues



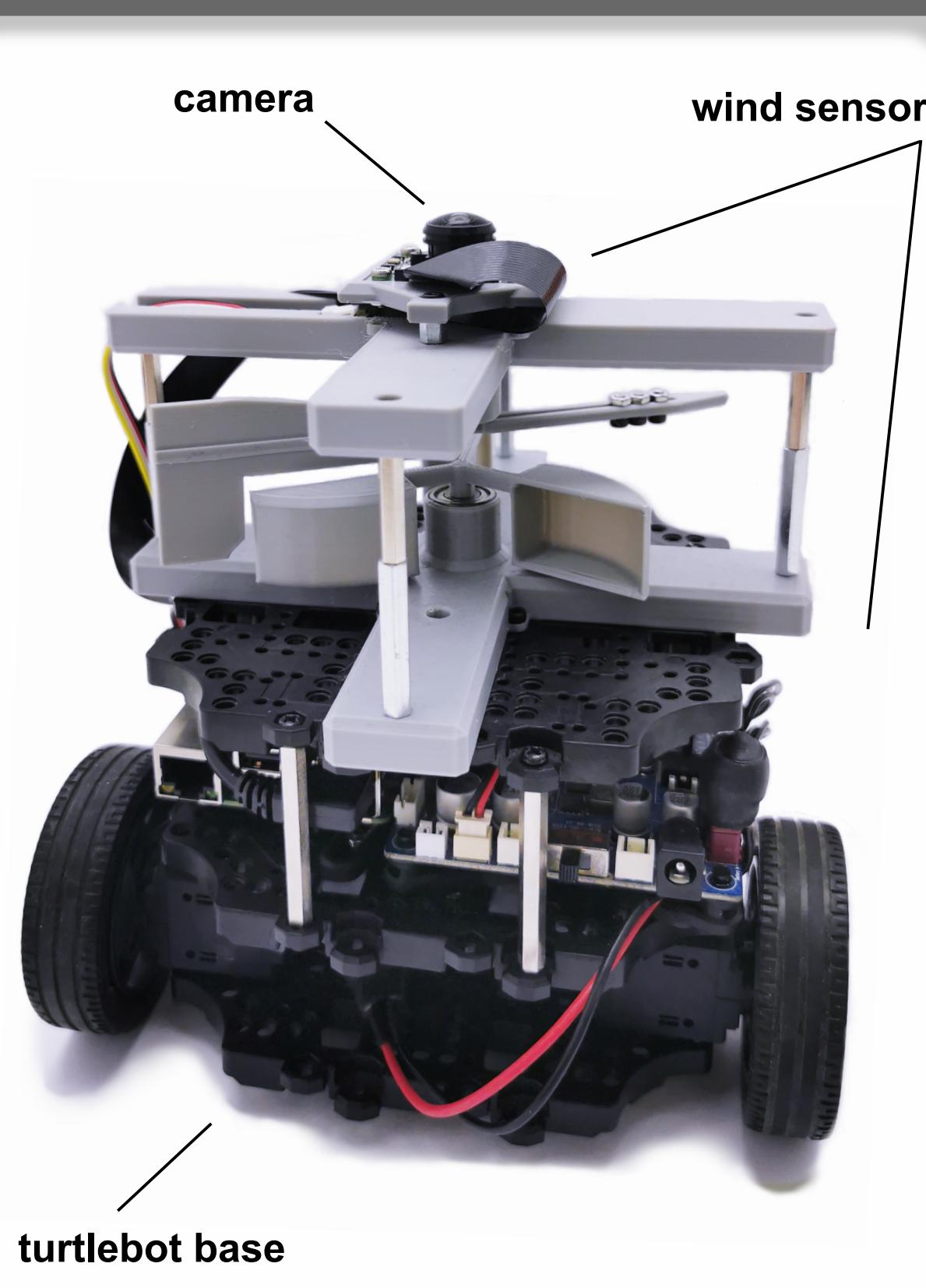
Behavioural evidence indicates this learning takes place during the dung beetle 'dance'



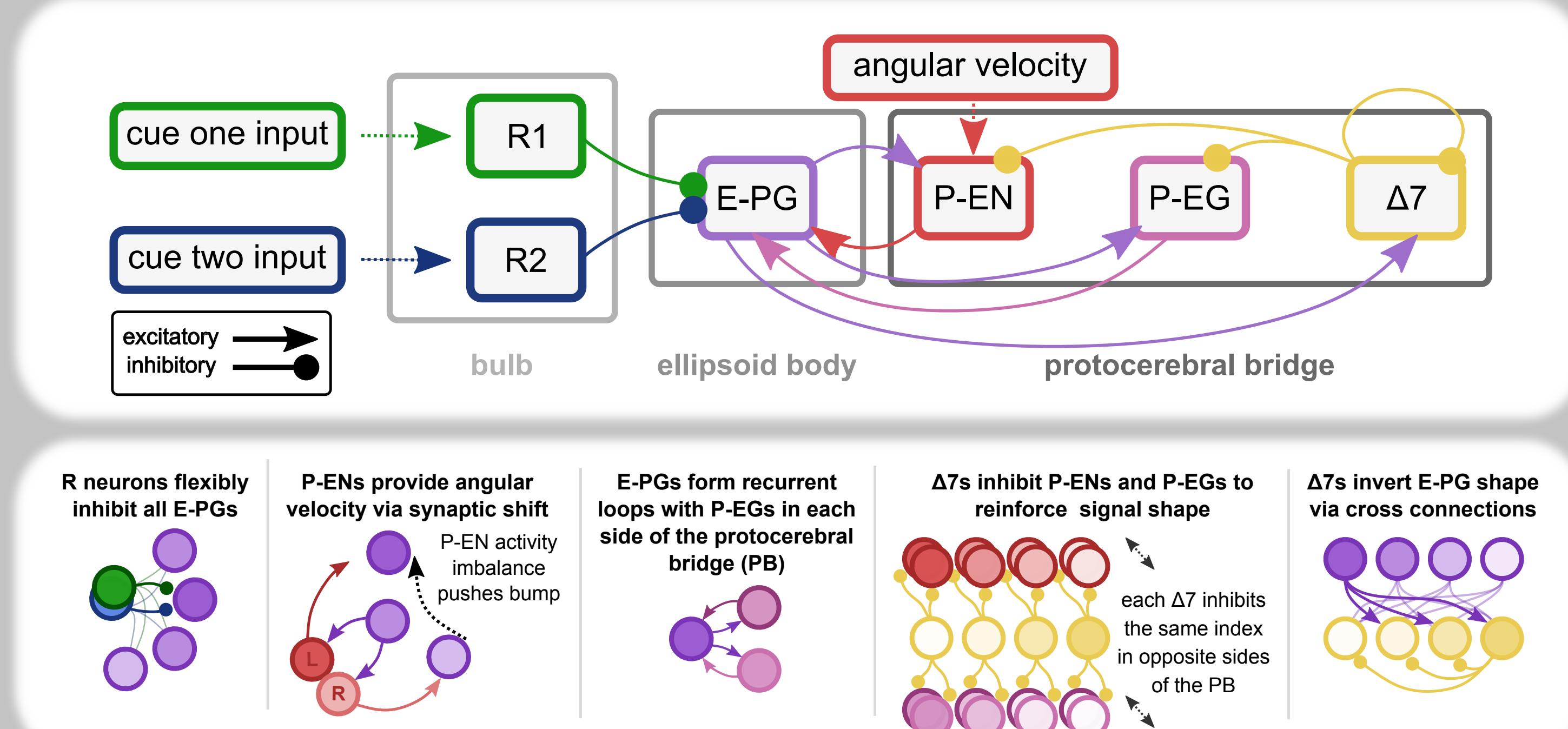
Our neural cue integration model can learn cue arrangements in simulation



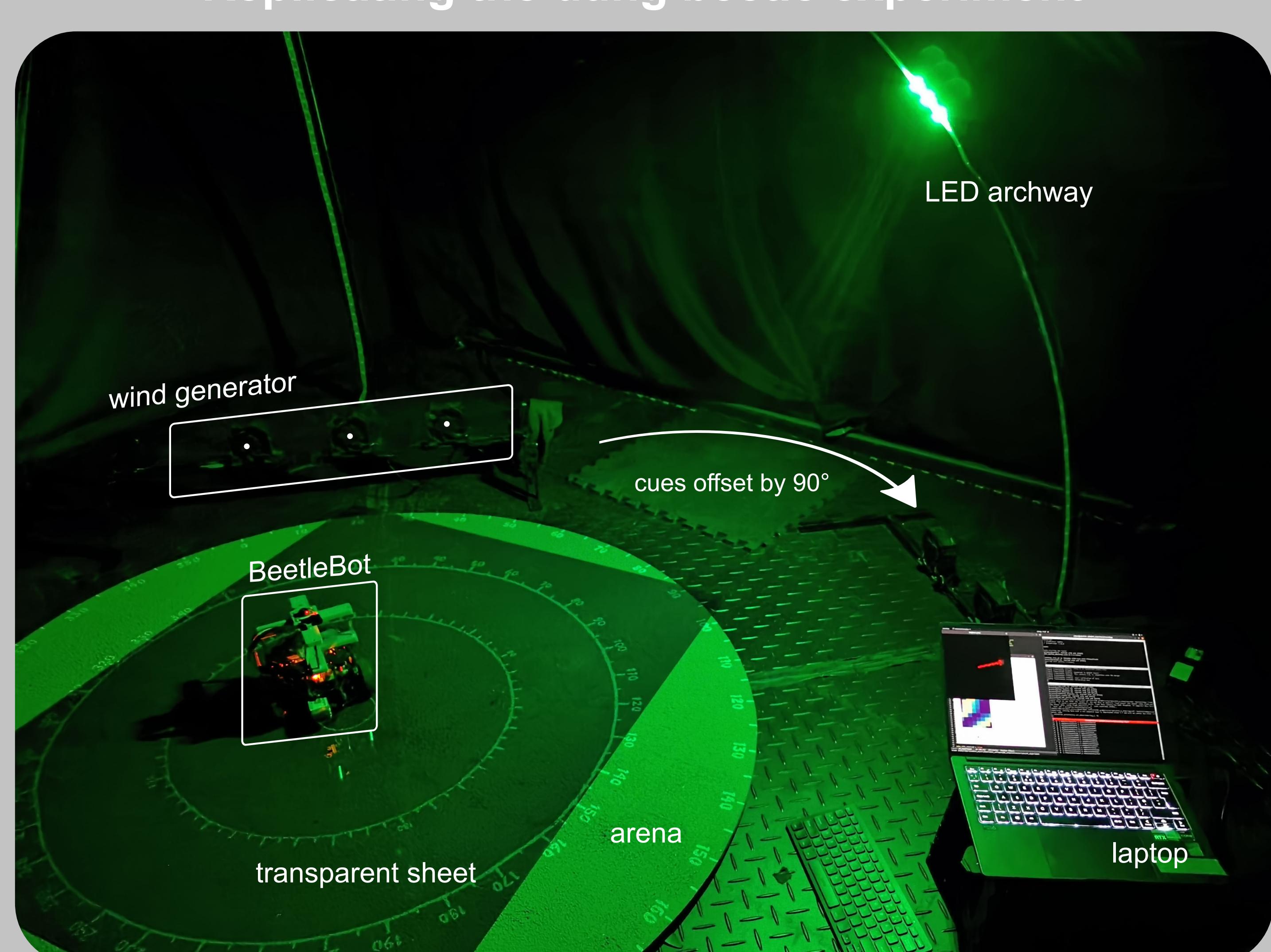
We placed the model on a robot to see if it can work in the real world



## Model



## Replicating the dung beetle experiment



## Relevant review articles



Central complex anatomy

Yvette Fisher, Flexible navigational computations in the Drosophila central complex. *Curr. Op. Neurobiol.* (2022).

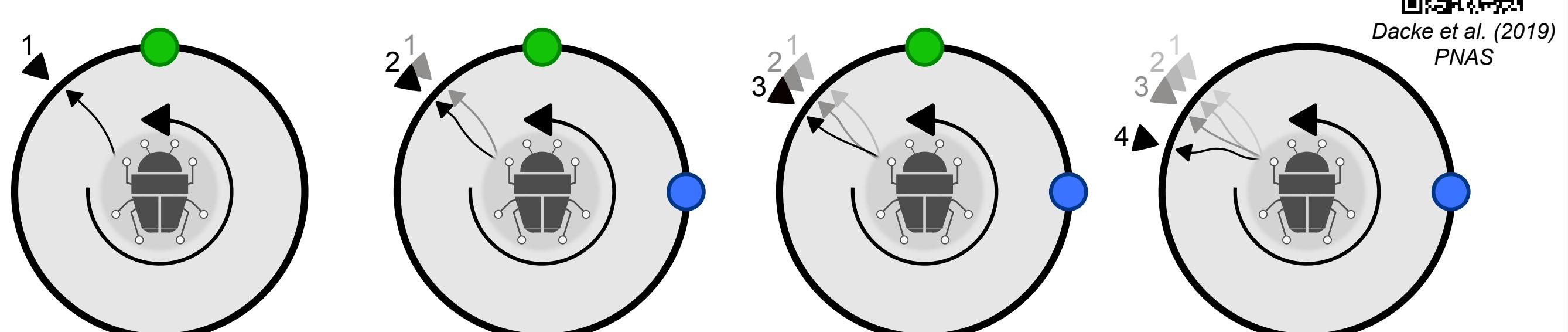


Dung beetle behaviour

Marie Dacke et al. How Dung Beetles Steer Straight. *Annu. Rev. Entomol.* (2021)

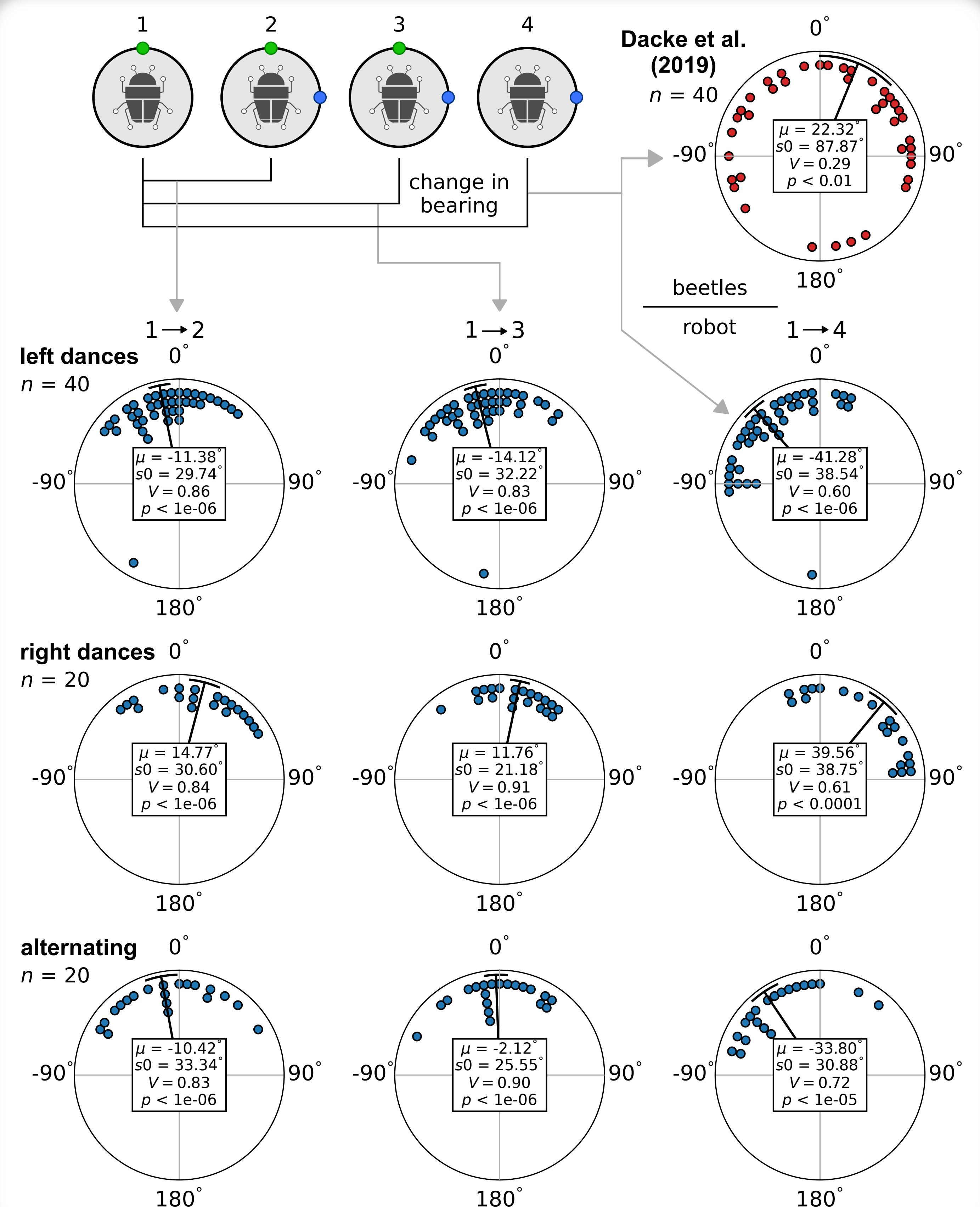
## Assay

Same assay used in dung beetles by Dacke et al. (2019), *PNAS*. Allow BeetleBot to 'dance' and exit arena four times.



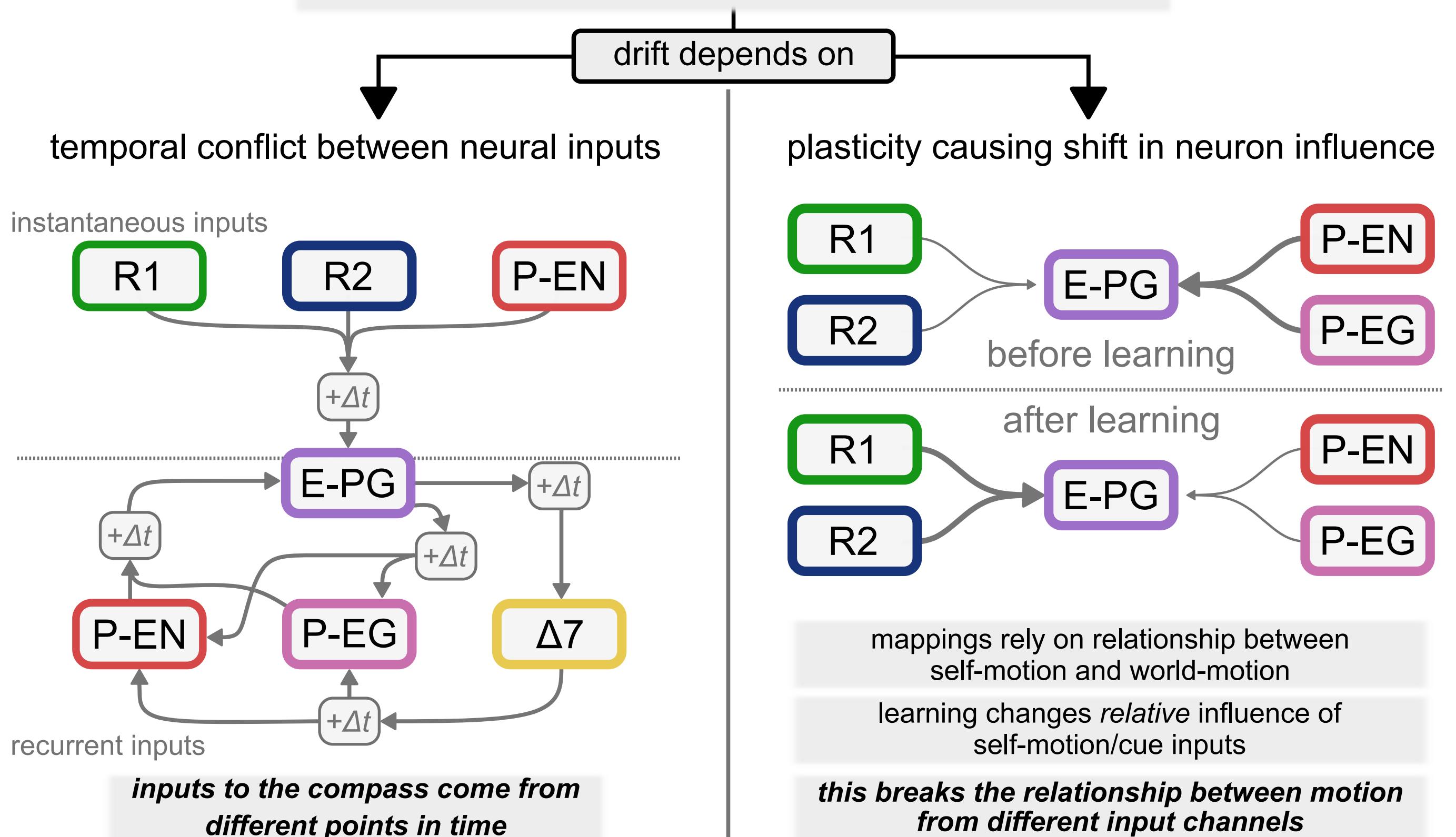
Exits are compared to see how consistently the robot keeps its bearing. If the bearing is consistent, the robot has learned the spatial relationship of the cues.

## Robot results



## Conclusions

The model works (statistically) **but** the robot drifts. Why?



*It is not clear if or how the real brain would regulate these interactions!*