Rangified version of lexicographical_compare_three_way

Document #: P2022R0 Date: 2023-01-29

Project: Programming Language C++

Audience: SG9

LEWG

Reply-to: Ran Regev

<ran.regev@beyeonics.com>

1 Motivation and Scope

This document adds the wording for ranges::lexicographical compare three way

2 Design Decisions

- There is no reason to restrict the relation between the compared ranges in any way (e.g. three_way_comparable_with).
- The Comp function is restricted to return one of the comparison categories, and nothing else.
- functions built on top of ranges::lexicographical_compare_three_way such as (the yet to be defined) ranges::sort_three_way() should benefit from the additional information that can be found in the return value of ranges::lexicographical_compare_three_way and even use it to indicate the user that the function ended in a specific state. E.g. sort_three_way() may report that the resulted sorted range is either sorted from smallest to largest (or largest to smallest), all element are equal or even that the given range is unsortable.

3 Proposed Wording

3.1 Add to [algorithm.syn]

```
template<class InputIterator1, class InputIterator2>
  constexpr auto
   lexicographical compare three way(InputIterator1 b1, InputIterator1 e1,
                            InputIterator2 b2, InputIterator2 e2);
  template < typename T, typename... U>
  concept same-as-any-of = (std::same_as<T, U> or ...); // exposition only
  template<
     input iterator I1,
     input_iterator I2,
     class Comp,
     class Proj1,
     class Proj2
  using lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-t =
     invoke_result t<
        Comp,
        typename projected<I1, Proj1>::value_type,
        typename projected<I2, Proj2>::value type
     >; // exposition-only
```

```
constexpr bool is-lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-ordering =
     std::same-as-any-of<
        lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-t<
            I1, I2, Comp, Proj1, Proj2
        std::strong ordering, std::weak ordering, std::partial ordering>; //exposition-only
template<
  input iterator I1, sentinel for S1,
  input_iterator I2, sentinel_for S2,
  class Comp = compare_three_way,
  class Proj1 = identity,
   class Proj2 = identity
>
requires
   is-lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-ordering<
     I1, I2, Comp, Proj1, Proj2
constexpr auto
  ranges::lexicographical compare three way(
     I1 first1,
     S1 last1,
     I2 first2,
     S2 last2,
     Comp comp = \{\},\
     Proj1 proj1 = \{\},\
     Proj2 proj2 = \{\}
) -> common_comparison_category_t<
        decltype(
            comp(proj1(first1), proj2(first2))
        strong_ordering
   >;
template<
  ranges::input_range R1,
  ranges::input range R2,
  class Comp = compare_three_way,
  class Proj1 = identity,
  class Proj2 = identity
>
requires
  is-lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-ordering<
     iterator_t, iterator_t, Comp, Proj1, Proj2
   >
constexpr auto
  ranges::lexicographical_compare_three_way(
     R1&& r1,
     R2&& r2,
      Comp comp = \{\},\
     Proj1 proj1 = \{\},
     Proj2 proj2 = \{\}
) -> common_comparison_category_t<
```

```
decltype(
          comp(proj1(ranges::begin(r1)), proj2(ranges::begin(r2)))
),
    strong_ordering
>;
```

3.2 Add to §27.8.12 [alg.three.way]

```
template<class InputIterator1, class InputIterator2>
 constexpr auto
  lexicographical_compare_three_way(InputIterator1 b1, InputIterator1 e1,
                            InputIterator2 b2, InputIterator2 e2);
  template < typename T, typename... U>
  concept same-as-any-of = (std::same as<T, U> or ...); // exposition only
  template<
     input_iterator I1,
     input iterator I2,
     class Comp,
     class Proj1,
     class Proj2
  using lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-t =
     invoke\_result\_t <
        Comp,
        typename projected<I1, Proj1>::value_type,
        typename projected<I2, Proj2>::value_type
     >; // exposition-only
  constexpr bool is-lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-ordering =
        std::same-as-any-of<
           lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-t<
              I1, I2, Comp, Proj1, Proj2
           std::strong ordering, std::weak ordering, std::partial ordering>; //exposition-only
  template<
     input iterator I1, sentinel for S1,
     input iterator I2, sentinel for S2,
     class Comp = compare_three_way,
     class Proj1 = identity,
     class Proj2 = identity
  >
  requires
     is-lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-ordering<
        I1, I2, Comp, Proj1, Proj2
  constexpr auto
     ranges::lexicographical compare three way(
        I1 first1.
        S1 last1,
        I2 first2.
        S2 last2,
        Comp comp = \{\},\
```

```
Proj1 proj1 = \{\},
         Proj2 proj2 = \{\}
   ) -> common comparison category t<
            decltype(
               comp(proj1(first1), proj2(first2))
            strong ordering
       >;
   template<
      ranges::input_range R1,
      ranges::input_range R2,
      class Comp = compare three way,
      class Proj1 = identity,
      class Proj2 = identity
   >
   requires
      is-lexicographical-compare-three-way-result-ordering<
         iterator t, iterator t, Comp, Proj1, Proj2
      >
   constexpr auto
      ranges::lexicographical_compare_three_way(
         R1&& r1,
         R2&& r2,
         Comp comp = \{\},\
         Proj1 proj1 = \{\},\
         Proj2 proj2 = \{\}
   ) -> common_comparison_category_t<
            decltype(
               comp(proj1(ranges::begin(r1)), proj2(ranges::begin(r2)))
            strong ordering
       >;
— Let N be the minimum integer between distance(first1,s1) and distance(first2,s2).
   comp(proj1((first1 + n)), proj2((first2 + n))).
— Returns: E(i), where i is the smallest integer in [0, N) such that E(i) != 0 is true, or (distance(first1,s1)
   <=> distance(first2, s2) if no such integer exists.
```

4 Acknowledgements

1

2

3

```
Alex Dathskovsky <calebxyz@gmail.com>
Avi Korzac <Avi.Korzac@beyeonics.com>
Lee-or Saar <Leeor.Saar@beyeonics.com>
Mor Almalach <Mor.Elmaliach@beyeonics.com>
Yaron Meister <Yaron.Meister@beyeonics.com>
```

Complexity: At most N applications of comp, porj1, porj2. > :::