

# MLS Data Extraction Slash Command - Implementation Plan

**Date:** 2025-11-05 **Branch:** feature/enhance-valuation-variables  
**Purpose:** Extract enhanced MLS field set to structured CSV/Excel format for analysis

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Create a new slash command /Financial\_Analysis:extract-mls that extracts all 23 valuation variables plus broker comments from MLS PDF reports into a structured spreadsheet format (CSV or Excel).

**Key Benefits:** - Streamlines data entry for comparative analysis - Captures all enhanced variables (bay depth, lot size, HVAC, sprinklers, etc.) - Preserves broker comments for qualitative insights - Enables bulk import into valuation calculator - Professional Excel formatting for client delivery

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## SCOPE

### In Scope

- Extract all 23 valuation variables (9 core + 14 optional)
- Extract broker comments/remarks fields
- Support both CSV (simple) and Excel (formatted) output
- Handle multiple properties from single PDF (batch extraction)
- Robust parsing with fallback for missing fields
- Eastern Time timestamps for output filenames
- Save to Reports/ folder with standard naming convention

### Out of Scope (Phase 2)

- Automatic distance calculation (use existing /relative-valuation workflow)
  - Data validation/quality checks (assume clean MLS data)
  - Integration with CRM systems
  - Web scraping from MLS websites
  - Image extraction (photos, floor plans)
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## INPUT SPECIFICATION

### Command Syntax

```
/extract-mls <pdf-path> [--format=csv|excel] [--subject=<address>]
```

**Parameters:** - <pdf-path> (required): Path to MLS PDF report - - -  
 format (optional): Output format, default excel - csv: Plain CSV file - - -  
 excel: Formatted XLSX with headers, filters, column sizing - - -  
 subject (optional): Address of subject property to mark with `is_subject=true`

**Example:**

```
/extract-mls /path/to/Mississauga_100-400k_sf_for_lease.pdf --  
format=excel --subject="2550 Stanfield"
```

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## OUTPUT SPECIFICATION

### File Naming Convention

**Format:** YYYY-MM-DD\_HHMMSS\_mls\_extraction\_<market>.{csv|xlsx}  
 (Eastern Time)

**Example:** 2025-11-05\_183047\_mls\_extraction\_mississauga.csv

### Output Location

Reports/ folder (consistent with other financial analysis outputs)

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## FIELD MAPPING

### Core Variables (9 fields)

Column Name	Data Type	MLS Source Field	Example	Notes
address	String	Address	"2550 Stanfield Rd, Mississauga, ON L4Y 1S2, Canada"	Complete geocodable format
unit	String	Unit/Suite	"Opt 2"	Separate from address
available_sf	Integer	Area	186559	Rentable square footage
net.asking_rent	Float	\$/SF Net or Rent	13.95	Net asking rent per SF
tmi	Float	Addl Rent or T.M.I.	3.01	Additional rent/TMI per SF
year_built	Integer	Yr Blt	2020	Year constructed
clear_height_ft	Float	Clear Ht	34.0	Clear height in feet

pct_office_space	Float	% Office	0.03	Percentage (0.03 = 3%)
parking_ratio	Float	Parking/1000	1.0	Spaces per 1,000 SF
class	Integer	Class	2	A=1, B=2, C=3

## Existing Optional Variables (6 fields)

Column Name	Data Type	MLS Source Field	Example	Notes
shipping_doors_tl	Integer	Truck Level or Ship (TL)	16	Truck-level doors
shipping_doors_di	Integer	Drive-In or Ship (DI)	3	Drive-in doors
power_amps	Integer	Power	3000	Electrical service in amps
trailer_parking	Boolean	Trailer Pkg or Outside Pkg	true	Trailer parking available
secure_shipping	Boolean	Secure Ship	false	Secure/enclosed shipping
excess_land	Boolean	Excess Land	false	Additional developable land

## New Optional Variables (8 fields)

Column Name	Data Type	MLS Source Field	Example	Extraction Logic
bay_depth_ft	Float	Bay Size	55.0	Parse "55 x 52" → 55.0 (regex)
lot_size_acres	Float	Lot Irreg or Lot Size Area	11.112	Parse acres or convert sq ft
hvac_coverage	Integer	A/C	1	Y=1, Part=2, N=3 (ordinal)
sprinkler_type	Integer	Sprinklers + Client Remks	1	ESFR=1, Standard=2, None=3
building_age_years	Integer	Calculated	5	report_year - year_built
rail_access	Boolean	Rail	false	Y/N boolean

crane	Boolean	Crane	false	Y/N boolean
occupancy_status	Integer	Occup	1	Vacant=1, Tenant=2 (ordinal)

## Metadata & Comments (6 fields)

Column Name	Data Type	MLS Source Field	Example	Notes
availability_date	String	Avail	"Immediate"	Date or "Immediate"
days_on_market	Integer	DOM	119	Days on market
mls_number	String	ML# or MLS#	"C1234567"	MLS listing number
broker_name	String	List Off or Agent	"CBRE Limited"	Listing broker
client_remarks	Text	Client Remks	"ESFR sprinklers, new LED..."	Marketing description
is_subject	Boolean	Derived	true	Matched against - subject parameter

**Total Columns:** 32

## TECHNICAL APPROACH

### Workflow Architecture

**Claude Code Extraction Approach** (similar to /relative-valuation):

PDF → [Claude Code Extraction] → JSON → [Python Formatter] → Excel/CSV

### Why Claude Code for Extraction?

**Advantages over Python PDF parsing libraries (pdfplumber/markitdown):**

1. **Robust to format variations**
  - Different MLS providers use different layouts (CBRE, JLL, Cushman, Colliers)
  - Field names vary: "Addl Rent" vs "T.M.I." vs "OpEx"
  - LLM understands context and adapts automatically
2. **Intelligent parsing**
  - Interprets ambiguous data: "Part A/C" → partial HVAC coverage
  - Detects ESFR mentions in free-text "Client Remarks"
  - Converts units intelligently: "484,280 Sq Ft" → 11.112 acres
3. **Better error recovery**
  - Gracefully handles missing fields

- Can flag uncertain extractions
  - Works with scanned PDFs and complex layouts
4. **No brittle regex/parsing code**
- No maintenance burden when MLS formats change
  - Faster implementation (no complex parsing logic)
  - Higher quality output

## Technology Stack

**Phase 1: Claude Code Extraction (Slash Command)** - Claude Code reads PDF using Read tool - LLM extracts all 32 fields with contextual understanding - Outputs structured JSON to Reports/ folder  
**- Dependencies:** None (built into Claude Code)

**Phase 2: Python Excel Formatter** - Python openpyxl library for professional Excel formatting - Takes JSON input from Phase 1 - Applies formatting: - Header row: bold white text on dark blue background, frozen - Auto-filter enabled on all columns - Column width auto-sizing - Number formatting (currency for rent/TMI, percentages, integers) - Conditional formatting for `is_subject` row (yellow highlight) - Outputs CSV (simple) or XLSX (formatted) -

**Dependencies:** openpyxl only

## Extraction Strategy

### Step 1: Slash Command Invocation

```
/extract-mls /path/to/mls_report.pdf --format=excel --subject="2550 Stanfield"
```

### Step 2: Claude Code Extraction

1. Read PDF using Read tool
2. Identify all property listings in the document
3. For each property, extract all 32 fields:
  - Core variables (9): address, unit, SF, rent, TMI, etc.
  - Existing optional (6): shipping doors, power, trailer parking, etc.
  - New optional (8): bay depth, lot size, HVAC, sprinklers, etc.
  - Metadata (6): availability date, DOM, MLS#, broker, comments, `is_subject`
4. Apply intelligent parsing:
  - Bay depth: Extract from "55 x 52" → 55.0
  - Lot size: Convert "484,280 Sq Ft" → 11.112 acres
  - HVAC: Map "Y"→1, "Part"→2, "N"→3
  - Sprinklers: Check "Client Remks" for "ESFR" mention → 1
  - Building age: Calculate from report year
5. Mark subject property (fuzzy match against `--subject` parameter)
6. Write JSON to Reports/ with timestamp

### Step 3: Python Formatting (automatic, called by slash command)

```
import json
from openpyxl import Workbook

# Load JSON
with open(json_path) as f:
    data = json.load(f)

# Format to Excel or CSV based on --format flag
```

---

```

if format == 'excel':
    create_formatted_excel(data, output_path)
else:
    create_csv(data, output_path)

```

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## IMPLEMENTATION STEPS

### Phase 1: Command Setup (2 hours)

1. Create .claude/commands/Financial\_Analysis/extract-mls.md slash command
2. Define command workflow:
  - **Step 1:** Read PDF using Read tool
  - **Step 2:** Extract all 32 fields using Claude Code (LLM extraction)
  - **Step 3:** Create JSON output with all properties
  - **Step 4:** Call Python formatter to generate Excel/CSV
  - **Step 5:** Save outputs to Reports/ folder
3. Document extraction requirements and field mapping
4. Add command to README

### Phase 2: Claude Code Extraction Logic (4 hours)

5. Implement extraction prompt in slash command:
  - Provide field mapping table (32 fields)
  - Specify parsing rules:
    - Bay depth: Parse first number from “Bay Size” (e.g., “55 x 52” → 55.0)
    - Lot size: Extract acres or convert sq ft to acres ( $\div 43,560$ )
    - HVAC coverage: Map Y=1, Part=2, N=3
    - Sprinkler type: Check “Client Remks” for ESFR → 1, else Standard=2, None=3
    - Building age: Calculate from current year minus year\_built
    - Complete addresses: Format as “Street, City, ON PostalCode, Canada”
  - Subject property matching: Fuzzy match against -subject parameter
  - Error handling: Use NULL for missing fields, continue processing
6. Create JSON schema template:

```

{
  "report_metadata": {
    "analysis_date": "2025-11-05",
    "market": "Mississauga - Industrial",
    "report_generated_at": "2025-11-05T18:30:47-05:00",
    "subject_property": "2550 Stanfield Rd"
  },
  "properties": [
    {
      "address": "2550 Stanfield Rd, Mississauga, ON L4Y 1S2,
      Canada",
      "unit": "Opt 2",
      "available_sf": 186559,
      "net.asking_rent": 13.95,
      "tmi": 3.01,
      "year_built": 2020,
    }
  ]
}

```

```

        "clear_height_ft": 34.0,
        "pct_office_space": 0.03,
        "parking_ratio": 1.0,
        "class": 2,
        "shipping_doors_tl": 16,
        "shipping_doors_di": 3,
        "power_amps": 3000,
        "trailer_parking": false,
        "secure_shipping": false,
        "excess_land": false,
        "bay_depth_ft": null,
        "lot_size_acres": null,
        "hvac_coverage": 2,
        "sprinkler_type": 2,
        "building_age_years": 5,
        "rail_access": false,
        "crane": false,
        "occupancy_status": 1,
        "availability_date": "Immediate",
        "days_on_market": 45,
        "mls_number": "C1234567",
        "broker_name": "CBRE Limited",
        "client_remarks": "Partial A/C, standard sprinklers, excellent
access to 401/407",
        "is_subject": true
    }
]
}

```

### Phase 3: Python Output Formatting (3 hours)

7. Implement CSV writer
8. Implement Excel writer with formatting:

```

from openpyxl import Workbook
from openpyxl.styles import Font, PatternFill, Alignment
from openpyxl.utils import get_column_letter

# Create workbook
wb = Workbook()
ws = wb.active
ws.title = "MLS Extraction"

# Write headers
headers = ['address', 'unit', 'available_sf', ...]
ws.append(headers)

# Format header row
header_fill = PatternFill(start_color='366092',
end_color='366092', fill_type='solid')
header_font = Font(bold=True, color='FFFFFF')
for cell in ws[1]:
    cell.fill = header_fill
    cell.font = header_font

# Freeze header row
ws.freeze_panes = 'A2'

# Enable auto-filter

```

```

ws.auto_filter.ref = ws.dimensions

# Auto-size columns
for column in ws.columns:
    max_length = max(len(str(cell.value or '')) for cell in
column)

ws.column_dimensions[get_column_letter(column[0].column)].width =
max_length + 2

```

9. Add conditional formatting for subject property row:

```

from openpyxl.formatting.rule import Rule
from openpyxl.styles.differential import DifferentialStyle

# Highlight subject property in yellow
yellow_fill = PatternFill(start_color='FFFF00',
end_color='FFFF00', fill_type='solid')
# Apply to rows where is_subject = TRUE

```

## Phase 4: Integration & Testing (3 hours)

10. Create MLS\_Extractor/format\_mls.py Python script
11. Integrate script call into slash command workflow
12. Test end-to-end with Mississauga dataset (23 properties):
  - Claude Code extracts to JSON
  - Python formatter generates Excel/CSV
  - Validate all 32 fields extracted correctly
  - Verify subject property marked correctly
13. Test both CSV and Excel outputs
14. Validate Excel formatting (headers, filters, highlighting)
15. Cross-platform testing (Microsoft Excel, Google Sheets, LibreOffice)

## Phase 5: Documentation (2 hours)

16. Complete slash command documentation with examples
  17. Create MLS\_Extractor/README.md with usage guide
  18. Document field mapping table in MLS\_Extractor/FIELD\_MAPPING.md
  19. Add troubleshooting guide (common issues, solutions)
  20. Update .claude/commands/README.md to include /extract-mls
  21. Create example output files for reference
- 

## EXAMPLE OUTPUT

### CSV Format (first 3 rows)

```

address,unit,available_sf,net.asking_rent,tmi,year_built,clear_height
"2550 Stanfield Rd, Mississauga, ON L4Y 1S2, Canada",0pt
2,186559,13.95,3.01,2020,34.0,0.03,1.0,2,16,3,3000,False,False,False,
Limited,"Partial A/C, standard sprinklers, excellent access to
401/407",True
"795 Hazelhurst Rd, Mississauga, ON L5J 2Z6,
Canada",,215124,1.00,4.00,2021,36.0,0.05,1.2,1,34,2,2000,False,False,
2026,89,C7654321,JLL,"ESFR sprinklers, full A/C, deep 55' bays
ideal for racking",False

```

```
"560 Slate Dr, Mississauga, ON L5T 0A1,  
Canada",160485,1.00,0.00,2019,40.0,0.02,1.5,1,26,2,,True,False,False  
2025,119,C9876543,Cushman & Wakefield,"ESFR, 40' clear, trailer  
parking, large lot",False
```

## Excel Format

**Sheet Name:** MLS Extraction

**Header Row** (Row 1): Bold white text on dark blue background, frozen **Filters**: Enabled on all columns **Column Widths**: Auto-sized to content **Subject Row**: Yellow highlight background **Number Formatting**: - available\_sf: #,##0 (no decimals) - net.asking\_rent, tmi: \$#,##0.00 - clear\_height\_ft, bay\_depth\_ft: #,##0.0 - pct\_office\_space: 0.0% - parking\_ratio, lot\_size\_acres: #,##0.00

**Conditional Formatting**: - is\_subject = TRUE: Entire row highlighted in yellow

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## VALIDATION PLAN

### Test Case 1: Mississauga Dataset (23 properties)

**Input:** skillsdevdocs/Mississauga\_100-400k\_sf\_for\_lease.pdf  
**Expected:** 23 rows extracted, all 32 fields populated **Validation:** - All addresses in correct geocodable format - Bay depth parsed for properties with "Bay Size" field - Lot sizes converted to acres (including sq ft → acre conversion) - ESFR sprinklers detected from Client Remarks - Subject property (2550 Stanfield Opt 2) marked with is\_subject=true

### Test Case 2: Missing Data Handling

**Input:** Property with incomplete MLS data **Expected:** Empty cells or NULL values, no crash **Validation:** - Missing bay size → bay\_depth\_ft = NULL - Missing lot size → lot\_size\_acres = NULL - Missing A/C → hvac\_coverage = 3 (default to N)

### Test Case 3: CSV vs Excel Output

**Input:** Same PDF, generate both formats **Expected:** Identical data, different formatting **Validation:** - CSV: plain text, no formatting - Excel: formatted headers, filters, column sizing, subject highlight

### Test Case 4: Subject Property Matching

**Input:** --subject="2550 Stanfield" **Expected:** Only rows with "2550 Stanfield" in address get is\_subject=true **Validation:** - Fuzzy matching (partial address match) - Case-insensitive - Multiple units at same address handled correctly

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## ERROR HANDLING

## **Scenario 1: PDF Parsing Failure**

**Error:** PDF has unusual structure, tables not detected **Handling:** Log error, fall back to manual extraction prompt for user

## **Scenario 2: Missing Required Fields**

**Error:** Address or Available SF missing **Handling:** Skip row, log warning with property identifier

## **Scenario 3: Invalid Data Types**

**Error:** Clear height = "N/A" (expected float) **Handling:** Set to NULL, log warning, continue processing

## **Scenario 4: Output File Already Exists**

**Error:** Timestamp collision (same second) **Handling:** Append counter suffix: \_mls\_extraction\_mississauga\_1.xlsx

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# **INTEGRATION WITH EXISTING WORKFLOW**

## **Current Workflow**

1. User runs /relative-valuation command
2. Command extracts data and creates JSON input file
3. JSON fed to Python calculator
4. Calculator generates report

## **Enhanced Workflow with /extract-mls**

1. User runs /extract-mls to create Excel spreadsheet
2. User reviews/edits spreadsheet (manual QA step)
3. User converts Excel to JSON (new utility script or manual)
4. User runs /relative-valuation with JSON input (skip PDF extraction)
5. Calculator generates report

**Alternative:** Direct integration 1. /extract-mls generates both Excel (for review) AND JSON (for automation) 2. JSON automatically fed to distance calculator 3. User can run /relative-valuation immediately or review Excel first

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# **DEPENDENCIES**

## **Python Libraries**

- openpyxl - Excel file creation and formatting (only external dependency)
- Standard library: csv, json, datetime, zoneinfo

## Installation

```
pip install openpyxl
```

**Note:** No PDF parsing libraries required! Claude Code handles all PDF extraction using the Read tool and LLM understanding.

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## FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (Phase 2)

### 1. Data Validation Rules

- Flag properties with missing critical fields (address, SF, rent)
- Highlight outliers (rent >2x median, clear height <20 ft)
- Validate postal codes, phone numbers

### 2. Excel Charts & Pivot Tables

- Rent distribution histogram
- Clear height vs area scatter plot
- Property class breakdown pie chart
- Pre-configured pivot table for quick analysis

### 3. Multi-Sheet Workbooks

- Sheet 1: Raw data extraction
- Sheet 2: Summary statistics
- Sheet 3: Data quality report (missing fields, outliers)

### 4. CRM/MLS Integration

- Direct API integration with MLS systems (CREA, TREB)
- Automatic updates when listings change
- Historical price tracking

### 5. Batch Processing

- Process multiple PDFs in single command
  - Aggregate into master spreadsheet
  - Cross-market comparison (Mississauga vs Brampton vs Vaughan)
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## SUCCESS CRITERIA

### Functional Requirements

- Extract all 32 fields from MLS PDF
- Support CSV and Excel output formats
- Handle 20+ properties per PDF
- Robust parsing with 95%+ field accuracy
- Subject property identification
- Professional Excel formatting

### Performance Requirements

- ☐ Process 25-property PDF in <30 seconds
- ☐ File size <5 MB for 100 properties

## Quality Requirements

- ☐ Zero crashes on malformed PDFs (graceful degradation)
  - ☐ Field accuracy validated against manual extraction (spot check 10%)
  - ☐ Excel files open correctly in Microsoft Excel and Google Sheets
- 

## TIMELINE ESTIMATE

Phase	Tasks	Estimated Effort
Phase 1	Command setup, workflow definition	2 hours
Phase 2	Claude Code extraction prompt & JSON schema	4 hours
Phase 3	Python formatting (CSV + Excel)	3 hours
Phase 4	Integration, end-to-end testing	3 hours
Phase 5	Documentation, examples	2 hours
<b>Total</b>		<b>14 hours</b>

**Reduction from original 20-hour estimate:** No complex PDF parsing code to write, test, or maintain. Claude Code handles extraction with LLM intelligence.

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## RISKS & MITIGATION

### Risk 1: LLM Extraction Accuracy

**Impact:** Medium - Claude Code might misinterpret ambiguous fields  
**Mitigation:** - Provide detailed field mapping table in extraction prompt - Include examples for each field type - Test with diverse MLS formats (CBRE, JLL, Cushman, Colliers) - Validate against manual extraction (10% spot check) - User reviews Excel output before using for analysis

**Advantage over Python parsing:** LLM adapts to format variations automatically, whereas regex/parsing code breaks on unexpected formats.

### Risk 2: API Costs & Latency

**Impact:** Low - LLM extraction requires API calls  
**Mitigation:** - Typical MLS PDF (23 properties) = ~50K tokens = ~\$0.15 per extraction - Latency: ~30-60 seconds for 23 properties (acceptable for batch workflow) - Much cheaper than manual data entry (\$50-100/hour labor cost)

**Trade-off:** Higher per-extraction cost, but lower maintenance cost (no brittle parsing code to fix when MLS formats change).

### Risk 3: Excel Library Compatibility

**Impact:** Low - openpyxl may not support all Excel features

**Mitigation:** - Test in Microsoft Excel, LibreOffice Calc, Google Sheets

- Stick to basic formatting (fonts, colors, filters) - Avoid advanced features (macros, complex formulas)

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## DELIVERABLES

### Code

1. .claude/commands/Financial\_Analysis/extract-mls.md - Slash command with Claude Code extraction workflow
2. MLS\_Extractor/format\_mls.py - Python formatter for CSV/Excel output
3. MLS\_Extractor/json\_schema.json - JSON schema template for extraction

### Documentation

4. MLS\_Extractor/README.md - Usage guide and examples
5. MLS\_Extractor/FIELD\_MAPPING.md - Complete field reference (32 fields)
6. Updated .claude/commands/README.md - Add /extract-mls to command list
7. Example output files in Reports/ folder:
  - o \*\_mls\_extraction.json - Raw JSON from Claude extraction
  - o \*\_mls\_extraction.csv - CSV format
  - o \*\_mls\_extraction.xlsx - Formatted Excel

### Testing & Validation

8. End-to-end test with Mississauga dataset (23 properties)
  9. Validation report comparing Claude extraction vs manual extraction (10% spot check)
  10. Cross-platform Excel compatibility test results
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## NEXT STEPS

1.  Review and approve this implementation plan
2.  Create GitHub issue #11 to track development
3. Install dependencies: pip install openpyxl
4. Implement Phase 1 (slash command setup with extraction workflow)
5. Implement Phase 2 (Claude Code extraction prompt with field mapping)
6. Implement Phase 3 (Python Excel/CSV formatter)
7. Test end-to-end with Mississauga PDF (23 properties)
8. Validate extraction accuracy (spot check 10%)
9. Complete documentation and examples

10. Merge to main branch

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**END OF PLAN**