

ETH Time Series Project Price Forecast 2023

April 12, 2022

```
[5]: import yfinance as yf
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
from datetime import datetime
from datetime import timedelta
import plotly.graph_objects as go
from fbprophet import Prophet
from fbprophet.plot import plot_plotly, plot_components_plotly
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
pd.options.display.float_format = '{:,.2f}'.format
```

```
[8]: #downloading ETH historical data from yahoo finance with yfinance library
today = datetime.today().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
start_date = '2016-01-01'

eth_df = yf.download('ETH-USD', start_date, today)
eth_df.tail()
```

```
[*****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed
```

```
[8]:
```

	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume
Date						
2022-04-08	\$3,233.27	\$3,301.61	\$3,179.14	\$3,192.07	\$3,192.07	17557050669
2022-04-09	\$3,191.98	\$3,261.96	\$3,187.47	\$3,261.92	\$3,261.92	9908112156
2022-04-10	\$3,261.29	\$3,303.00	\$3,211.87	\$3,211.87	\$3,211.87	10427054790
2022-04-11	\$3,209.58	\$3,214.46	\$2,962.76	\$2,981.05	\$2,981.05	21891804831
2022-04-12	\$2,987.16	\$3,076.92	\$2,960.05	\$3,023.27	\$3,023.27	20259698688

1 Exploratory Data Analysis

```
[9]: eth_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 1616 entries, 2017-11-09 to 2022-04-12
Data columns (total 6 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
#  :      ...
```

```

---  -----  -----  -----
0    Open      1616 non-null  float64
1    High      1616 non-null  float64
2    Low       1616 non-null  float64
3    Close     1616 non-null  float64
4    Adj Close 1616 non-null  float64
5    Volume    1616 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(1)
memory usage: 88.4 KB

```

```
[10]: #check if we have any NAs
eth_df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[10]: Open      0
      High      0
      Low       0
      Close     0
      Adj Close  0
      Volume    0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[11]: #check columns in a dataframe
eth_df.columns
```

```
[11]: Index(['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Adj Close', 'Volume'], dtype='object')
```

```
[12]: #adding date column to the df/reindexing
eth_df.reset_index(inplace=True)

eth_df.columns
```

```
[12]: Index(['Date', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Adj Close', 'Volume'],
dtype='object')
```

```
[16]: #we only need 2 columns for our forecasting prophet model
df = eth_df[['Date', 'Open']]

new_names = {
    'Date': 'ds',
    'Open': 'y',
}

df.rename(columns=new_names, inplace = True)
```

```
[17]: #check if data is ready for prophet
df.tail()
```

```
[17]:
```

	ds	y
1611	2022-04-08	\$3,233.27
1612	2022-04-09	\$3,191.98
1613	2022-04-10	\$3,261.29
1614	2022-04-11	\$3,209.58
1615	2022-04-12	\$2,987.16

```
[18]: #plot the open price
x = df['ds']
y = df['y']

fig = go.Figure()

fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=x, y=y))

#Set title
fig.update_layout(
    title_text = 'Time series plot of Ethereum Open Price')
```

2 Prophet model

```
[20]: #fitting data into the Prophet model

m = Prophet(
    seasonality_mode='multiplicative'
)

m.fit(df)
```

INFO:fbprophet:Disabling daily seasonality. Run prophet with daily_seasonality=True to override this.

```
[20]: <fbprophet.forecaster.Prophet at 0x16a66261c10>
```

```
[21]: #now we can create an entire years worth of date data for our prophet model to
      →make predictions
future = m.make_future_dataframe(periods=365)
future.tail()
```

```
[21]:
```

	ds
1976	2023-04-08
1977	2023-04-09
1978	2023-04-10
1979	2023-04-11
1980	2023-04-12

3 Model Predictions

```
[22]: forecast = m.predict(future)
forecast[['ds', 'yhat', 'yhat_lower', 'yhat_upper']].tail()
#one year in advance
```

```
[22]:
```

	ds	yhat	yhat_lower	yhat_upper
1976	2023-04-08	\$3,795.84	\$2,235.47	\$5,274.51
1977	2023-04-09	\$3,793.83	\$2,271.73	\$5,215.67
1978	2023-04-10	\$3,784.79	\$2,274.64	\$5,246.04
1979	2023-04-11	\$3,769.76	\$2,263.95	\$5,204.02
1980	2023-04-12	\$3,775.60	\$2,237.83	\$5,215.04

```
[23]: #prediction for the next day
next_day = (datetime.today() + timedelta(days=1)).strftime('%Y-%m-%d')

#next day is 4/13/2022
forecast[forecast['ds'] == next_day]['yhat'].item()
```

```
[23]: 3055.09070239782
```

4 Forecast Plots

```
[25]: plot_plotly(m, forecast)
```

5 Forecast Components

```
[26]: #other components of our forecast model include trend, yearly, and weekly
      ↪ visualiation diagrams
plot_components_plotly(m,forecast)
```

```
[ ]: Our model tells us that:
      1. There will be an upward trend for the price of Ethereum
      2. The price of ETH is lowest in July and April on a Saturday.
      3. ETH is most expensive around November and May on a Thursday.
```