USER'S Manual

OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING COMP 2021

Comp Virtual File System (CVFS)

Prepared by: Johannes Christian Koeleman, Chekanov Trofim, Tang Kin Wah

November, 2024

Revision Sheet

Release No.	Date	Revision Description
Rev. 0	18/11/24	User's Manual Created
Rev. 1	20/11/24	Added advanced features (criteria and save/load)

USER'S MANUAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page #
1.0	GENERAL INFORMATION	1-1
1.1	System Overview	1-1
1.2	Acronyms and Abbreviations	1-1
2.0	SYSTEM SUMMARY	2-1
2.1	System Configuration	2-1
3.0	GETTING STARTED	3-1
3.1	Installation	3-1
4.0	COMMAND LIST AND EXAMPLES	
4.1	Disk Management	4-1
4.2	File and Directory Operations	4-1
4.3	Listing Files	4-1
4.4	Criteria Management	4-2
4.5	Save and Load Disk	4-2
5.0	TROUBLESHOOTING	5-1

1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 System Overview

The Comp Virtual File System (CVFS) is an in-memory virtual file system designed to provide functionality similar to real-world file systems. It allows users to:

- Manage virtual disks.
- Create and organize files and directories.
- Define and apply search criteria.
- Save and load virtual disks for persistence.

This document explains how to use CVFS commands effectively.

1.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

CVFS - Comp Virtual File System.

CLI – Command-Line Interface.

JDK – Java Development Kit.

JRE – Java Runtime Environment.

	2.0 System Summary
2.0	SYSTEM SUMMARY

2.0 SYSTEM SUMMARY

2.1 System Configuration

Platform: Java 9 or later required.

Components:

• Application.java: Main entry point for the CLI.

• model/*.java: Core classes for managing the virtual file system.

	3.0 Getting Started
3.0	GETTING STARTED

3.0 GETTING STARTED

3.1 Installation

Install Java JDK 9 or later.

USE command git clone https://github.com/regitxx/CVFSproject to locally install the project on your machine. The main file that combines everything is 'Applicaton.java' if you are using IDE you may just run by clicking the run button for the Application.java file OTHERWISE run this inside your projects terminal:

Compile the project:

```
javac -d out Application.java model/*.java
```

Run the CLI:

java -cp out hk.edu.polyu.comp.comp2021.cvfs.Application

		4.0 Using the Client Application
	4.0	USING THE CLIENT APPLICATION
User's Manual		

4.0 COMMAND LIST AND EXAMPLES

4.1 Disk Management

4.1.1 Create a New Disk

- Command: newDisk <diskSize>
- **Description**: Creates a virtual disk with the specified maximum size (in bytes).
- Example:

\$:No disk initialized > newDisk 15000 New disk created with size: 15000 bytes.

4.2 File and Directory Operations

4.2.1 Create a New Document

Command: newDoc <docName> <docType> <docContent>

Description: Creates a new document in the current directory. Supported types: txt, java, html, css.

Example:

\$:root > newDoc file1 txt Hello
Document 'file1' created successfully.

4.2.2 Create a New Directory

Command: newDir <dirName>

Description: Creates a new directory in the current directory.

Example:

\$:root > newDir folder

Directory 'folder' created successfully.

4.2.3 Delete a File or Directory

Command: delete <fileName>

Description: Deletes the specified file or directory from the current directory.

Example:

\$:root > delete file1
File 'file1' deleted successfully.

4.2.4 Rename a File or Directory

Command: rename <oldName> <newName>

Description: Renames the specified file or directory.

Example:

\$:root > rename folder newFolder

File 'folder' renamed to 'newFolder'.

4.2.4 Change Directory

Command: changeDir <dirName>

Description: Changes the current directory. Use . . to move to the parent directory.

Example:

\$:root > changeDir newFolder

Current directory: newFolder

4.3 Listing Files

4.3.1 List Files in the Current Directory

Command: list

Description: Lists all files and directories in the current directory

Example:

```
$:newFolder > list
Files in newFolder:
file1 (txt) - 46 bytes
Total files: 1, Total size: 46 bytes.
```

4.3.2 Recursively List Files

Command: rList

Description: Recursively lists all files and directories, showing their hierarchy.

Example:

```
$:root > rList
Files in root (recursive):
folder (directory) - 170 bytes
  file (txt) - 44 bytes
  folder1 (directory) - 86 bytes
  file1 (txt) - 46 bytes
Total files: 4, Total size: 170 bytes.
```

4.4 Criteria Management

4.4.1 Add a Simple Criterion

Command: newSimpleCri <criName> <attrName> <op> <val> **Description:** Adds a search criterion based on file attributes.

- Attributes: name, type, size.
- Operators:
 - For name: contains.
 - o For type: equals.
 - o **For** size: >, <, >=, <=, ==, !=.

Example:

\$:root > newSimpleCri lf size > 50
Simple criterion 'lf' created successfully.

4.4.2 IsDocument

Command: IsDocument

Description: Defines Criterion isDocument, can be used only once.

Example:

\$:root > IsDocument

Criterion 'IsDocument' defined successfully.

4.4.3 Add a Negation Criterion

Command: newNegation <criName1> <criName2>

Description: Creates a negation of an existing criterion.

Example:

\$:root > newNegation notDoc IsDocument
Negation criterion 'notDoc' created successfully.

\$:cat > newNegation notDoc IsDocument
Negation criterion 'notDoc' added successfully.

4.4.4 Add a Composite Criterion

Command: newBinaryCri <criName1> <criName3> <logicOp> <criName4>

Description: Combines two criteria using logical operators (&& or | |).

Example:

\$:root > newBinaryCri docAndLarge IsDocument && lf
Binary criterion 'docAndLarge' created successfully.

4.4.5 Search Files

Command: search <criName>

Description: Searches files in the current directory using a criterion.

Example:

```
$:root > search docAndLarge
```

Files in the working directory that satisfy 'docAndLarge':

Total files: 0, Total size: 0 bytes.

4.4.6 Recursively Search Files

Command: rSearch <criName>

Description: Recursively searches files using a criterion.

Example:

```
$:root > rSearch docAndLarge
```

Files in the working directory (recursive) that satisfy 'docAndLarge':

Total files: 0, Total size: 0 bytes.

4.4.7 Print All Criteria

Command: printAllCriteria

Description: Lists all defined criteria.

Example:

\$:root > printAllCriteria

Defined criteria:

notDoc: NOT (IsDocument)
IsDocument: IsDocument

lf: lf (size > 50)

docAndLarge: (IsDocument && lf (size > 50))

4.5 Save and Load Disk / QUIT

4.5.1 Save Disk

Command: save <path>

Description: Saves the virtual disk to the specified path.

Example:

4.5.2 Load Disk

Command: load <path>

Description: Loads the virtual disk from the specified path.

Example:

```
$:No disk initialized > load thisDisk

Disk loaded successfully from thisDisk

$:cat >
```

4.5.3

Command: quit

Description: Quits the program

Example:

\$:root > quit

Exiting CVFS. Goodbye!

	5.0 Using The Conversion Application
	5.0 TROUBLESHOOTING
User's Manual	

5.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

"Cannot find file or directory": Verify the name using list.

"Not enough space on the disk": Delete unused files or increase disk size.

"Error loading disk": Ensure the file exists and is a valid disk file.