

UNIVERSITY OF CALOOCAN CITY COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT



Data Structure and Algorithm Laboratory Activity No. 1

Object-oriented Programming

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DSA UCC

I. Objectives

This laboratory activity aims to implement the principles and techniques in objectoriented programming specifically through:

- Identifying object-orientation design goals
- Identifying the relevance of design pattern to software development

II. Methods

- Software Development
 - o The design steps in object-oriented programming
 - Coding style and implementation using Python
 - Testing and Debugging
 - Reinforcement of below exercises
- A. Suppose you are on the design team for a new e-book reader. What are the primary classes and methods that the Python software for your reader will need? You should include an inheritance diagram for this code, but you do not need to write any actual code. Your software architecture should at least include ways for customers to buy new books, view their list of purchased books, and read their purchased books.
- B. Write a Python class, Polygons that has three instance variables of type str, int, and float, that respectively represent the name of the polygon, its number of sides, and its area. Your class must include a constructor method that initializes each variable to an appropriate value, and your class should include methods for setting the value of each type and retrieving the value of each type.

III. Results

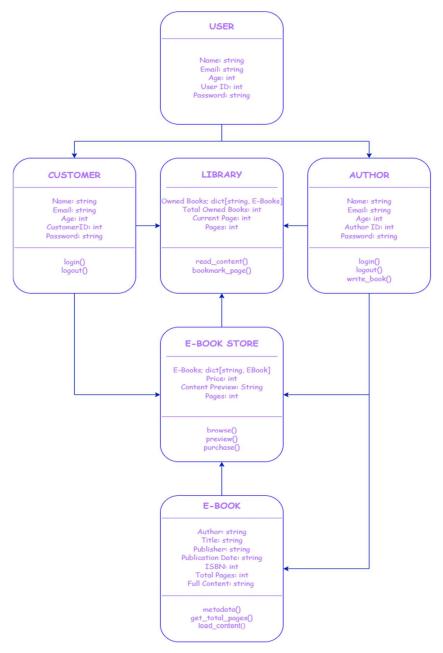


Figure 1 Image of diagram

This diagram shows an e-book system where authors write books and add them to the store. Customers buy books from the store and keep them in their library, where they can read and bookmark them. Each e-book has details like title, author, and content.

```
class Polygons:
        def __init__(self, name, sides, area):
            self.name = name
            self.sides = sides
            self.area = area
        def set name(self, name):
            self.name = name
        def set_sides(self, sides):
            self.sides = sides
        def set area(self, area):
            self.area = area
        def get_name(self):
            return self.name
        def get_sides(self):
            return self.sides
        def get_area(self):
            return self.area
    poly = Polygons("Triangle", 3, 15.5)
    print("Name:", poly.get_name())
    print("Sides:", poly.get_sides())
    print("Area:", poly.get_area())
    poly.set_name("Square")
    poly.set_sides(4)
    poly.set_area(25.0)
    print("Updated Name:", poly.get_name())
    print("Updated Sides:", poly.get_sides())
    print("Updated Area:", poly.get_area())

→ Name: Triangle

    Sides: 3
    Area: 15.5
    Updated Name: Square
    Updated Sides: 4
    Updated Area: 25.0
```

Figure 2 Screenshot of program

The program creates a class Polygons with three attributes: name (string), sides (integer), and area (float). The constructor sets these values when an object is created. The class also has setter methods to update each attribute and getter methods to access them.

IV. Conclusion

This activity applied object-oriented programming by making a class with attributes and methods. It showed how OOP helps organize code and how design patterns make programs easier to understand and maintain.

References

[1] Co Arthur O.. "University of Caloocan City Computer Engineering Department Honor Code," UCC-CpE Departmental Policies, 2020.