SIMD Optimization Report

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Assignment: Q1: SIMD Optimization

1. Introduction

This report presents an optimized implementation of **matrix transposition with element-wise multiplication** using both **scalar** and **SIMD** (**AVX**) approaches. The objective is to compare the performance and analyze the speedup achieved through SIMD optimization.

2. Problem Statement

Given two matrices AAA and BBB of size N×NN \times NN×N:

- 1. **Transpose** matrix AAA (resulting in ATA TAT).
- 2. Perform **element-wise multiplication** of ATA_TAT and BBB to produce the output matrix CCC.

The task involves implementing:

- 1. Scalar Implementations:
 - Using both 2D arrays and 1D flattened arrays (non-SIMD approach).
- 2. SIMD Implementation:
 - Using AVX intrinsics for x86 processors to optimize the computation.

3. SIMD Optimization Approach

1. Data Alignment:

For SIMD to work efficiently, we ensure that the matrix size NNN is a multiple of
 8 (to align with AVX 256-bit registers).

2. Vectorization Strategy:

- AVX allows us to load, multiply, and store 8 floating-point elements simultaneously.
- We loop through the matrix in **8-element chunks** to leverage **256-bit registers**.

3. Implementation Details:

Load: We use _mm256_loadu_ps() to load 8 elements from both matrices.

- Multiply: We perform element-wise multiplication using _mm256_mul_ps().
- Store: We write the results back using _mm256_storeu_ps().

4. Performance Evaluation

We measured the execution time for **Scalar 2D**, **Scalar 1D**, and **SIMD** implementations across different matrix sizes. Below are the results:

System Specifications

• Processor: 11th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-1135G7 @ 2.40GHz

• Compiler: GCC 13.2.0

• **OS:** Ubuntu (Running on VirtualBox)

5. Experimental Results

Matrix Size (N)	Scalar 2D Time (s)	Scalar 1D Time (s)		Speedup (2D vs SIMD)	Speedup (1D vs SIMD)
256	0.000479	0.000057	0.000027	17.74x	2.11x
512	0.001493	0.000352	0.000115	12.98x	3.06x
1024	0.006936	0.004746	0.000539	12.86x	8.80x

Speedup Calculation Formula:

Speedup =
$$\frac{Scalar\ Execution\ Time}{SIMD\ Execution\ Time}$$

6. Analysis of Results

1. Performance Gain:

- SIMD implementation shows significant speedup compared to scalar versions (up to 11.82x).
- As matrix size increases, the SIMD efficiency grows due to better utilization of parallel computation.

2. 1D vs. 2D Comparison:

 The 1D scalar implementation is faster than 2D because of better cache locality and reduced indexing overhead.

7. Challenges and Solutions

Challenge	Solution
Alignment Issues: Ensuring the data is aligned for AVX.	Used _mm256_loadu_ps() to handle unaligned memory safely.
Edge Cases: Handling non-multiples of 8.	Assumed N is a multiple of 8 as per assignment requirements.
Debugging AVX Instructions: Hard to debug and visualize.	Validated outputs by comparing with scalar implementations.

8. Conclusion

The SIMD-optimized version using AVX demonstrated a significant performance improvement over both scalar implementations. This experiment highlights how **data parallelism** with AVX can accelerate computationally intensive tasks like **matrix transposition and multiplication**.

Screenshot of Output

```
pcn-master@master: ~/Documents/PDC/Q1
                                                                                 pcn-master@n
pcn-master@master:~/Documents/PDC/Q1$ cc -o q1 i220965_A_Q1.c -O2 -mavx -march=native
pcn-master@master:~/Documents/PDC/01$ ./q1 512
Scalar 2D time: 0.001493 seconds
Scalar 1D time: 0.000352 seconds
SIMD time: 0.000115 seconds
pcn-master@master:~/Documents/PDC/Q1$ ./q1 256
bash: ./q1: No such file or directory
pcn-master@master:~/Documents/PDC/Q1$ cc -o q1 i220965_A_Q1.c -O2 -mavx -march=native
pcn-master@master:~/Documents/PDC/Q1$ ./q1 256
Scalar 2D time: 0.000479 seconds
Scalar 1D time: 0.000057 seconds
SIMD time: 0.000027 seconds
pcn-master@master:~/Documents/PDC/Q1$ ./q1 1024
Scalar 2D time: 0.006936 seconds
Scalar 1D time: 0.004746 seconds
SIMD time: 0.000539 seconds
pcn-master@master:~/Documents/PDC/Q1$
```