OSCILLATOR BANK		MIXER	VARIABLE F	ILTER BANK AMPLITUDE CORTEX		CLOCK	VOLUME OSCI OUT	
√ ≈ ∏n. ∴. 1 OSC 1 TYPE	AM RING 5	9 OSC 1 LEVEL	13	17			(26) TEMPO	ALL OSC LIFF HIPF ALL OSC MIXER LIPF HIPF VCA MOD 2 IN MOD 2 IN MOD 2 IN TIRL IN 36 OSC2 OUT 37 38 39 40 41 40 POWER OFF OUT MOD IN OUT ENVELOPE REV OUT DRUMS IN MOD IN
2	6	<u> </u>	(14)	(18)		ENVELOPE GENERATOR 1	27 ATTACK	(6) LFO (40) (47 GEN 1 ENVELOPE (48) PTCH IN (49) (60 GEN 2 FX MOD IN MO
OSC 1 PITCH	OSC 2 PITCH	OSC 2 LEVEL	RESONANCE	RESONANCE	LOW FREQ OSCILLATOR	3	V	IN OUT IN OUT TIME IN DRIFT OUT A E
(3)	7	ALL OSC FREQ MOD	MODULATION			23 E	DECAY	SAMPLE SB SB SB SB SB SB SB S
WAVE FORM	OUTPUT MODE	11)	(15)	(19)	21)	(4) b	<u> </u>	PITCH OUT (+) PITCH OUT (-) GATE OUT GATE /4 OUT DRUMS OUT RATE IN (6) (6) (8) (9) (7) (7)
MODULATION		MOD 1 AMT	MOD 1 AMT	MOD 1 AMT	MOD AMT	ATTACK 2	SUSTAIN	4 5 2
4	8	12	16	20	22	25	30	3 3 8 32 8 33 9 34 35 \$ accelerator
MOD AMT	MOD AMT	MOD 2 AMT	MOD 2 AMT	MOD 2 AMT	FREQUENCY	RELEASE	RELEASE	STEPS MELODY EVOLVE MEMORY DRUMS

OSCILLATOR BANK

- 1. OSC 1 TYPE Select from four oscillator types: Sines, Polyphonic, Aggressive, and Granular
- 2. OSC 1 PITCH Adjust the base frequency of Oscillator 1. For some sampling or granular oscillator wave forms, this may scrub through the buffer instead.
- 3. OSC 1 WAVE FORM Select from four different oscillators per OSC 1 TYPE, with mellower waves on the left and more jagged waves on the right. The wave forms are as follows:
 - Sines Sine, Decoupled Sine, Sine + Random Harmonic, Bump
 - Polyphonic Paraphonic Resonator, Chopped Sample, Pitched Sample, Pitched Sample 2
 - Aggressive Triangle, Sawtooth, Comb Filter Resonator, Reese
 - Granular Water, Percussion, Electrical 1, Electrical 2
- 4. OSC 1 MOD AMT Adjust depth of frequency modulation applied to Oscillator 1. If there is nothing connected to input 49, this is internally connected to DRIFT.
- 5. OSC 2 MOD Select from four methods of modulating Oscillator 2. Turn up 8 to hear the different modulation effects:
 - AM sine carrier ring-modulation
 - **FM** sine carrier linear frequency modulation
 - XFM bass-compensated sine carrier synced exponential frequency modulation
 - **RING** square carrier ring-modulation.
- 6. OSC 2 PITCH Adjust the base frequency of Oscillator 2.
- 7. OUTPUT MODE Choose between four output modes:
 - Clean No processing.
 - **Tape -** Inserts a tape simulation effect at the end of the audio signal chain.
 - Wavefolder Inserts a Buchla 259-inspired wavefolder in between the Mixer and the Variable Filter Bank. Different input levels lead to different tonal characteristics.
 - Fuzz Inserts a fuzz effect at the end of the audio signal chain.
- 8. OSC 2 MOD AMT Adjust depth of frequency modulation applied to Oscillator 1. If there is nothing connected to input 56, this is internally connected to OSC 1 OUT.

MIXER

- 9. OSC 1 LEVEL Adjust the level of Oscillator 1.
- 10. OSC 2 LEVEL Adjust the level of Oscillator 2.
- 11. ALL OSC FREQ MOD 1 AMT Adjust the depth of frequency modulation applied to Oscillators 1 & 2 simultaneously. If there is nothing connected to input 37, this is internally connected to LFO TRIANGLE OUT.
- 12. ALL OSC FREQ MOD 2 AMT Adjust the depth of frequency modulation applied to Oscillators 1 & 2 simultaneously. If there is nothing connected to input 38, this is internally connected to ENVELOPE GENERATOR 1 OUT.

VARIABLE FILTER BANK

- 13. HPF CUTOFF Adjust the cutoff frequency of the high pass filter.
- 14. RESONANCE Adjust the resonance of the high pass filter.
- 15. MOD 1 AMT Adjusts depth of frequency modulation applied to the high pass filter cutoff. If there is nothing connected to input 37, this is internally connected to LFO TRIANGLE OUT.
- 16. MOD 2 AMT Adjusts depth of frequency modulation applied to the high pass filter cutoff. If there is nothing connected to input 40, this is internally connected to ENVELOPE GENERATOR 2 OUT.
- 17. LPF CUTOFF Adjust the cutoff frequency of the low pass filter.
- 18. RESONANCE Adjust the resonance of the low pass filter.
- 19. MOD 1 AMT Adjusts depth of frequency modulation applied to the low pass filter cutoff. If there is nothing connected to input 37, this is internally connected to LFO TRIANGLE OUT.
- 20. MOD 2 AMT Adjusts depth of frequency modulation applied to the low pass filter cutoff. If there is nothing connected to input 39, this is internally connected to ENVELOPE GENERATOR 2 OUT.

LOW FREQ OSCILLATOR

- 21. LFO MOD AMT Adjust depth of frequency modulation applied to the LFO. If there is nothing connected to input 46, this is internally connected to SEQUENCER PITCH OUT (+).
- 22. FREQUENCY Adjusts the frequency of the LFO.

ENVELOPE GENERATOR 1

- 23. DELAY Delays the attack stage of envelope generator 1.
- 24. ATTACK Onset duration of envelope generator 1 to reach its maximum level after a gate signal is received (or a note is played).
- 25. RELEASE Duration of envelope generator 1 returning to zero after a gate signal is lost (or a note is let up).

CLOCK

26. **TEMPO** - Adjusts the tempo of the sequencer. At extreme tempos the drum machine and tape delay will take different clock divisions, allowing the perception of different subdivisions. **BUTTON + TEMPO - Adjust the rate of the tape delay.

ENVELOPE GENERATOR 2

- 27. ATTACK Onset duration of envelope generator 2 to reach its maximum level while a note is being played.
- 28. DECAY Falling duration of envelope generator 2 to reach its sustain level after the maximum level has been reached.
- 29. **SUSTAIN** Level at which envelope generator 2 remains after the decay stage while a note is played.
- 30. RELEASE Duration of envelope generator 2 returning to zero after a note is let up.

HARMONIC BROWNIAN MOTION SEQUENCER

- 31. STEPS Selects between (mostly) repeating sequences of length 3, 4, 5, or 8.
- 32. MELODY Controls the amount of melodic diversity. At low values, rhythmic diversity increases.

- 33. EVOLVE Biases of the evolution of sequences. Low values cause drum patterns to evolve more quickly, while high values cause synth lines to evolve faster. The center point causes both to evolve slowly and naturally.
- 34. MEMORY Selects between three memory banks to create musical form. Only the selected memory bank evolves, while the others maintain their current state. This can be used to create song sections that can be freely switched between, drops, or to reset the sequencer if things spin out of control during a live performance.
- 35. DRUMS Selects between different drum mute-mixes. Low values represent kick-focused mixes, and high values represent hi-hat-focused mixes. Center points contain the most active drum elements.
- ** **BUTTON + DRUMS** Adjust the DJ-style low pass/low shelf filter for the **DRUMS IN** input (48). Turning the knob to the left engages the low pass filter, and to the right engages a low shelf cut, removing sub bass

frequencies. There is a virtual "notch" in the center position where neither filter is engaged for ease of use and on-the-fly lofi, levels, and drops.

VOLUME

36. VOLUME - Adjusts master volume.

**BUTTON + VOLUME - Adjust the tape delay feedback amount.

**BUTTON + MOD WHEEL - Adjusts the tape delay FX send amount. At high values, the original signal fades away, like a wet/dry mix control. At low values, the dry signal does not lose level as delay is added.

PATCH BAY

- 37. ALL OSC LPF HPF MOD 1 IN Allows connection of an external modulation source to Oscillators 1 & 2, low pass filter cutoff, and high pass filter cutoff simultaneously. Modulation amounts to the three destinations are set by knobs 11, 15, and 19 respectively. If nothing is plugged in here, the LFO TRIANGLE OUT is available as the default modulation source.
- 38. ALL OSC MOD 2 IN Allows connection of an external modulation source to Oscillators 1 & 2 simultaneously. The modulation amount is set by knob 12. If nothing is plugged in here, ENVELOPE GENERATOR 1 OUT is available as the default modulation source.
- 39. MIXER OSC1 IN Allows connection of an external audio source into the oscillator mixer. Audio level can be set by knob 9. If nothing is plugged in here, OSCILLATOR 1 OUT is the default audio source.
- 40. LPF MOD 2 IN Allows connection of an external modulation source to the high pass filter cutoff. The modulation amount is set by knob 16. If nothing is plugged in here, ENVELOPE GENERATOR 2 OUT is available as the default modulation source.
- 41. HPF MOD 2 IN Allows connection of an external modulation source to the low pass filter cutoff. The modulation amount is set by knob 20. If nothing is plugged in here, ENVELOPE GENERATOR 2 OUT is available as the default modulation source.
- 42. VCA CONTROL IN Allows external modulation of the main VCA. This controls the level of the post-filter audio signal. If nothing is plugged in here, ENVELOPE GENERATOR 2 is available as the default modulation source.
- 43. OSC 1 OUT Outputs the audio signal from oscillator 1.
- 44. OSC 2 OUT Outputs the audio signal from oscillator 2.
- **45. LFO TRIANGLE OUT -** Outputs the LFO triangle waveform.
- 46. LFO MOD IN Allows connection of an external modulation source to the LFO frequency. The modulation amount is set by knob 21. If nothing is plugged in here, SEQUENCER PITCH OUT (+) is available as the default modulation source.

47.

- 48. ENVELOPER GENERATOR 1 OUT Outputs the unipolar modulation signal from envelope generator 1. Ranges from 0 to 1.
- 49. ENVELOPE GENERATOR 2 REV OUT Outputs the reversed unipolar modulation signal from envelope generator 2. Ranges from 1 to 0.
- **50. DRUMS IN** Allows connection of an external audio source at the end of the signal chain. Audio connected here will also be routed to the sidechain input of the master compressor. This input has its own DJ-style filter accessible via knob **35**.
- 51. OSC 1 MOD IN Allows connection of an external frequency modulation source to oscillator 1 exclusively. The modulation amount is set by knob 4. If nothing is plugged in here, **DRIFT OUT** is available as the default modulation source.
- 52. SAMPLE & HOLD CLOCK Allows connection of an external clock signal to the sample & hold circuit. If nothing is plugged in here, SEQUENCER GATE OUT is the default clock, which also fires when the keyboard is played.
- 53. ENVELOPE GENERATOR 1 REV OUT Outputs the reversed unipolar modulation signal from envelope generator 1. Ranges from 1 to 0.
- 54. PANEL VCA CONTROL IN Allows connection of an external modulation source to vary the level of signal passing through the panel VCA.
- 55. ENVELOPE GENERATOR 1 TRIG IN Triggers envelope generator 1 whenever it receives a signal that is greater than zero. Envelope generator 1 releases when it receives a signal less than or equal to zero. If nothing is plugged in here, SEQUENCER GATE OUT is the default trigger source, which also fires when the keyboard is played.
- 56. OSCILLATOR 2 PITCH IN Allows connection of an external frequency modulation source to oscillator 2.
- 57. FX MODULATION IN Allows connection of external modulation of the stereo tape delay time.

- 58. OSCILLATOR 2 MOD IN Allows connection of an external modulation source to oscillator 2 exclusively. The modulation type is set by knob 5. The modulation amount is set by knob 8. If nothing is plugged in here, OSCILLATOR 1 OUT is available as the default modulation source.
- 59. SAMPLE & HOLD IN Allows connection of an external signal to be sampled and held until the next tick of the clock. If nothing is plugged in here, white noise is available as the default modulation source.
- 60. SAMPLE & HOLD OUT Outputs the sampled and held modulation signal.
- 61. PANEL VCA IN Allows connection of audio or modulation signals to be modulated with the panel VCA.
- 62. PANEL VCA OUT Outputs the modulated signal from the panel VCA.
- 63. ENVELOPE GENERATOR 1 & 2 TIME IN Allows simultaneous modulation of the time parameters of envelope generators 1 & 2 with an external source. The parameters modulated are Attack, Decay, and Release.
- **64. DRIFT OUT** Outputs a slow smooth random modulation signal. Use this for subtle modulations.
- 65. MOD WHEEL OUT Outputs a constant modulation signal according to the position of the mod wheel (located next to the keyboard). Ranges from -1 to 1.
- 66. BUTTON OUT Outputs a constant modulation signal according to the button position. When the button is pushed, it outputs a 1. When it isn't, it outputs a 0.
- 67. SEQUENCER PITCH OUT (+) Outputs a modulation signal proportional to changes in pitch from either the sequencer or keyboard playing. When the sequencer is running, these values are sent to the pitches of oscillators 1 & 2 regardless of whether you plug something in here. Ranges from -1 to 1.
- 68. SEQUENCER PITCH OUT (-) Outputs a modulation signal inversely proportional to changes in pitch from either the sequencer or keyboard playing. Ranges from 1 to -1.
- 69. SEQUENCER GATE OUT For each note played on the keyboard or by the sequencer, this outputs a pulse. The pulse lasts the duration of the note played. Ranges from 0 to 1.
- 70. SEQUENCER GATE / 4 OUT For every fourth note played on the keyboard or by the sequencer, this outputs a pulse. The pulse lasts the duration of the note played. Ranges from 0 to 1.
- 71. SEQUENCER DRUMS OUT Outputs the audio signal from the internal drum machine.
- 72. SEQUENCER RATE IN Allows connection of an external modulation source to the sequencer rate clock divider. When nothing is plugged in here, the rate is 0. When a cable is patched in here and left unconnected on the other side (dummy-plugged), the rate is a constant 1.

BASIC SIGNAL FLOW

[NO MODULATION]

