

# Algorithm Analysis

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## Results

Please find all results in the .txt files of the assignment submission.

### Task 7.6.1

#### Results

Log File Name	Total Events	Error Events	Critical Events	Process IDs Reporting Events
XUNHUA2023OFFIC_Setup_log.evtx	94	0	0	18412, 12536, ... 15492 (Truncated)
DESKTOP-KUHNMLA_Setup_log.evtx	366	0	0	3884, 1824, ... 2892 (Truncated)
XUNHUA2023OFFIC_System_log.evtx	29692	321	8	5412, 2780, ... 15484 (Truncated)
XUNHUA2023OFFIC_Security_log.evtx	22782	0	0	3596, 3632, ... 1416
DESKTOP-KUHNMLA_System_log.evtx	44357	249	8	5412, 5000, ... 9936 (Truncated)

Table 1: Statistical Analysis of Windows Log Files

Please note the results are captured by the 'log\_statistics.txt' file. This file will be uploaded alongside this PDF.

## Script

```
1 import Evtx.Evtx as evt
2 import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
3 import os
4 import concurrent.futures
5
6 class LogFileAnalyzer:
7     """
8     class for analyzing Windows log files.
9
10    Attributes:
11        Wheres_our_file (str): path to log file.
12        How_many_events (int): total number of events in log file.
13        ProcessIDs (set): set of unique process IDs found in log file.
14        Errors (int): number of error events in log file.
15        Criticals (int): number of critical events in log file.
16    """
```

```

17
18 def __init__(self, Wheres_our_file):
19     self.Wheres_our_file = Wheres_our_file
20     self.How_many_events = 0
21     self.ProcessIDs = set()
22     self.Errors = 0
23     self.Criticals = 0
24
25 def analyze(self):
26     """
27     Analyzes log file and processes record.
28
29     method reads log file using 'evtx' library and processes record.
30     """
31     with evtx.Evtx(self.Wheres_our_file) as log:
32         for record in log.records():
33             try:
34                 self.process_these_records(record.xml())
35             except Exception as e:
36                 # Log error and continue with next record
37                 print(f"Error processing record in {os.path.basename(self.
↪ Wheres_our_file)}: {e}")
38
39 def process_these_records(self, xml_content):
40     """
41     Processes XML of log records.
42
43     Args:
44         xml_content (str): XML content of log record.
45
46     This method extracts information from XML and updates attributes.
47     """
48     XML_records = ET.fromstring(xml_content)
49     self.How_many_events += 1
50     for elem in XML_records.iter():
51         if elem.tag.endswith('Level'):
52             if elem.text == '2': # ERROR
53                 self.Errors += 1
54             elif elem.text == '1': # CRITICAL
55                 self.Criticals += 1
56         if elem.tag.endswith('Execution'):
57             self.ProcessIDs.add(elem.attrib.get('ProcessID'))
58
59 def get_s0me_stats(self):
60     """
61     Returns some statistics about log file.
62
63     Returns:
64         dict: dictionary containing following statistics:
65             - 'file_name': name of log file.
66             - 'Total Events': total number of events in log file.
67             - 'Process IDs': set of unique process IDs found in log file.
68             - 'Error Events': number of error events in log file.
69             - 'Critical Events': number of critical events in log file.
70     """
71     return {
72         'file_name': os.path.basename(self.Wheres_our_file),
73         'Total Events': self.How_many_events,
74         'Process IDs': self.ProcessIDs,
75         'Error Events': self.Errors,
76         'Critical Events': self.Criticals
77     }
78
79 def analyze_this(evtx_file):
80     log_Wheres_our_file = os.path.join(Absolute_path, evtx_file)
81     analyzer = LogFileAnalyzer(log_Wheres_our_file)

```

```

82     analyzer.analyze()
83     return analyzer.get_s0me_stats()
84
85 Absolute_path = '/home/reinesaj99/Desktop/'
86 S0me_stats = '/home/reinesaj99/Desktop/log_statistics.txt'
87 EVTFiles = [f for f in os.listdir(Absolute_path) if f.endswith('.evtx')]
88
89 with concurrent.futures.ThreadPoolExecutor() as executor:
90     futures = {executor.submit(analyze_this, evtx_file): evtx_file for evtx_file in
    ↪ EVTFiles}
91     results = []
92     for future in concurrent.futures.as_completed(futures):
93         evtx_file = futures[future]
94         try:
95             result = future.result()
96             results.append(result)
97         except Exception as exc:
98             print(f'{evtx_file} generated an exception: {exc}')
99
100 with open(S0me_stats, 'w') as This_came_out:
101     for result in results:
102         This_came_out.write(f"Stats for {result['file_name']}: \n")
103         This_came_out.write(f"Total Events: {result['Total Events']} \n")
104         This_came_out.write(f"Process IDs: {'', '.join(map(str, result['Process IDs']))
    ↪ }) \n")
105         This_came_out.write(f"Error Events: {result['Error Events']} \n")
106         This_came_out.write(f"Critical Events: {result['Critical Events']} \n \n")
107
108 print(f"Statistics for .evtx filesm written to {S0me_stats}")

```

Listing 1: Code to analyze statistics of Windows log files.

## Task 7.6.2

### Results

Log File	List of Applications	# of Events for Each Application
auth.log	CRON, dbus-daemon, sshd, ...(Truncated)	3138, 15, 371, ...(Truncated)
kern.log	kernel	45663
syslog	CRON, ModemManager, NetworkManager, ...(Truncated)	1569, 30, 322, ... (Truncated)

Table 2: Analysis of Ubuntu Log Files

Please note the results are captured by the 'UbuntuLoggingResults.txt' file. This file will be uploaded along with this PDF.

### Script

```

1  import re
2  import os
3  from collections import defaultdict
4  from tabulate import tabulate
5
6  # Determine the directory of the current script
7  Where's_the_script = os.path.dirname(__file__)
8
9  # Log files to analyze
10 log_files = ['auth.log', 'kern.log', 'syslog']
11

```

```

12 # Regex pattern to capture the third "column" which may contain application names
13 Reg_for_apps = re.compile(r'\w{3}\s+\d{1,2}\s+\d{2}:\d{2}:\d{2}\s+\S+\s+([\w-]+)
    ↳ (?:\[\\d+\\])?:')
14 # Function to analyze a single log file
15 def analyze_these_logs(file_loc):
16     how_many_events = defaultdict(int)
17     with open(file_loc, 'r') as file:
18         for line in file:
19             match = Reg_for_apps.match(line)
20             if match:
21                 app_name = match.group(1)
22                 app_name = app_name.rstrip(':')
23                 how_many_events[app_name] += 1
24     return how_many_events
25
26 # Analyze each log file and collect results
27 results = []
28 for log_file in log_files:
29     file_loc = os.path.join(Wheres_the_script, log_file)
30     how_many_events = analyze_these_logs(file_loc)
31     applications = ', '.join(sorted(how_many_events.keys()))
32     events = ', '.join(str(how_many_events[app]) for app in sorted(how_many_events.
    ↳ keys()))
33     results.append([log_file, applications, events])
34
35 # Save the results to a .txt file
36 output_file_loc = os.path.join(Wheres_the_script, 'UbuntuLoggingResults.txt')
37 with open(output_file_loc, 'w') as output_file:
38     for result in results:
39         log_file = result[0]
40         applications = result[1]
41         events = result[2]
42         output_file.write(f"{log_file}:\n")
43         output_file.write(f"-*20+'\n')
44         output_file.write(f"Number of events per app:\n")
45         for app, event_count in zip(applications.split(', '), events.split(', ')):
46             output_file.write(f"{app}: {event_count}\n")
47         output_file.write('\n')
48
49 print(f"Results saved to {output_file_loc}")

```

Listing 2: Code to analyze statistics of Ubuntu log files.

## Task 7.6.3

### Results

List of IP Addresses	# of Events in Each Log File Respectively	Combined # of Events
52.167.144.55	1, -, -	5114
40.77.167.15	1, -, -	5114
134.126.120.54	5076, 7411, 7933	5114, 7504, 7942
...	...	...
146.190.129.170	24, -, 7	5114, -, 7942
...	...	...

Table 3: Statistical Analysis of Apache Log Files

Please note the results are captured by the result files for the Apache analysis. This file will be uploaded along with this PDF.

## Script

```
1 import os
2 import re
3 from collections import defaultdict
4
5 # Author: Abraham Reines
6 # Date: April 22, 2024
7
8 # Determine directory of current script
9 Wheres_that_script = os.path.dirname(__file__)
10 # Compute directory path for logs
11 Dir_loc = os.path.join(Wheres_that_script, '')
12
13 # Define a function to parse log file
14 def analyze_s0me_logs(Wheres_those_logs):
15     """
16     Parses Apache log file; compiles statistics for IP addresses and number of events.
17
18     Args:
19         Wheres_those_logs (str): path to log file.
20
21     Returns:
22         dict: dictionary with IP addresses as keys and a list of event counts as values.
23     """
24     How_many_IPs = defaultdict(lambda: [0, 0]) # Dictionary to store IP
25     total_events = 0
26
27     # Regex match IP addresses
28     RegexIPs = re.compile(r'^(\d+\.\d+\.\d+\.\d+)')
29
30     try:
31         with open(Wheres_those_logs, 'r', encoding='ISO-8859-1') as file:
32             for line in file:
33                 Found_match = RegexIPs.match(line)
34                 if Found_match:
35                     LocalizeIPs = Found_match.group(1)
36                     How_many_IPs[LocalizeIPs][0] += 1
37                     total_events += 1
38
39     # Update total event counts
40     for ip in How_many_IPs:
41         How_many_IPs[ip][1] = total_events
42
43     return How_many_IPs
44 except FileNotFoundError:
45     print(f"log file {Wheres_those_logs} was not found.")
46     return {}
47
48 def Show_results(How_many_IPs, Wheres_those_logs):
49     """
50     Displays results of log analysis
51
52     Args:
53         How_many_IPs (dict): containing IP event counts.
54         Wheres_those_logs (str): path to log file.
55     """
56     result_file_path = Wheres_those_logs.replace('.7', '_results.txt')
57     with open(result_file_path, 'w') as file:
58         file.write("{:<20} {:<40} {:<15}\n".format('List of IP Addresses', '# of events
59         ↳ in each log file respectively', 'Combined # of events'))
60         for ip, counts in How_many_IPs.items():
61             file.write("{:<20} {:<40} {:<15}\n".format(ip, counts[0], counts[1]))
62     print(f"Results saved to {result_file_path}")
63
64 # Path to log file
```

```

64 Files_with_logs = [file for file in os.listdir(Dir_loc) if file.endswith('.7')]
65 for log_file in Files_with_logs:
66     Wheres_those_logs = os.path.join(Dir_loc, log_file)
67     # Analyze log file and display results
68     How_many_IPs = analyze_s0me_logs(Wheres_those_logs)
69     Show_results(How_many_IPs, Wheres_those_logs)
70     print("Done!")

```

Listing 3: Code to analyze statistics of Apache log files.

## References

1. Real Python. (n.d.). *Speed Up Your Python Program With Concurrency*. Retrieved from <https://realpython.com>
2. Pascariu, C. (2022, September 13). *Log File Analysis with Python*. Pluralsight. Retrieved from <https://www.pluralsight.com>
3. Toptal®. (n.d.). *Python Multithreading Tutorial: Concurrency and Parallelism*. Retrieved from <https://www.toptal.com>
4. HuangYiwei. (2019, December 30). *concurrent-log*. PyPI. Retrieved from <https://pypi.org/project/concurrent-log/>

## Academic Integrity Pledge

*“This work complies with the JMU honor code. I did not give or receive unauthorized help on this assignment.”*