# Containers, Singularity & Pitágoras

Miguel Portela<sup>1</sup> & Emma Szhao<sup>2</sup> & Gustavo Iglésias<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Universidade do Minho <sup>2</sup>Banco de Portugal

June 17, 2021

#### **Outline**

**Disclaimer**: this presentation represents only the experience and opinion of its authors.

- Context: sharing a dashboard
- Containers: particularly useful in data science
- Pitágoras
- Singularity
  - Definition file
  - Build a container
  - Using the container in Pitágoras' platform
- Take-away

# Example: share a dashboard

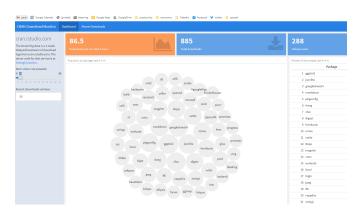


Figure 1: Flexdashboard example

#### Containers

- Package code and all its dependencies
- Lightweight and standardized piece of software
   Summarized by a definition file or image, which can be executed across many platforms
- Ideal solution to share a tool targetting a specific problem at hand
- Docker and Singularity are among the most used container systems
- Singularity images are particularly suited for data processing
- Outperforms Docker in access to host filesystem, networking, GPU computation, and security integration while optimizing reproducibility

#### Containers

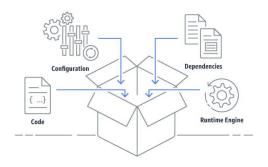


Figure 2: Container diagram

# Pitágoras

#### Modern Data Architecture - Data Science Lab

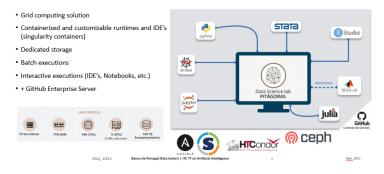


Figure 3: Pitágoras environment. © Guilherme de Sousa.

# Pitágoras

- How to get there



Figure 4: Pitágoras' icons.

- Sharing files with Pitágoras' infrastructure



Figure 5: Pitágoras' icons.

# Using Pitágoras: GUI

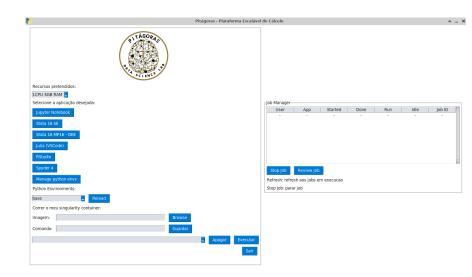


Figure 6: Pitágoras' Graphical User Interface.

# Using Singularity in Pitágoras

#### First steps in Pitágoras

Go to Applications and open the 'Terminal Emulator'



Figure 7: Pitágoras' terminal [@vipp].

- Move to folder /mnt/cephfs/colaborativo/SHARED-FOLDER
- Run the following two lines

```
export https_proxy=http://USER:
password@proxy.bportugal.pt:8080
export http_proxy=http://USER:
password@proxy.bportugal.pt:8080
```

### **Using Singularity**

Singularity bit-by-bit

- Build a container

singularity build --fakeroot BPLIM\_Dashboard.sif
BPLIM\_Dashboard.def

Connect to the infrastructure: condor\_submit -i



Figure 8: Pitágoras' condor terminal [@sipp].

- Launch the container: singularity shell bplim.sif
- Use Jupyter Lab inside the container: jupyter lab

### Using Pitágoras: GUI & containers



Figure 9: Pitágoras' Graphical User Interface + container.

#### Imagem:

/mnt/cephfs/colaborativo/DEE-BPLIM-Filial/
Dashboard/initial\_dataset/BPLIM\_dashboard.sif

 Comando: sh/mnt/cephfs/colaborativo/ DEE-BPLIM-Filial/containers/BPLIM\_dashboard.sh

# Take-away & Acknowledgments

#### Take-away:

- Identify which tasks should be containarized
- Define the minimal setup you need for the container
- Practice

#### Thank you:

- BPLIM Team
- Departamento de Sistemas e Tecnologias de Informação
- Guilherme de Sousa

#### Links

- Pitágoras: pitagoras-wiki.bportugal.pt
- Singularity, definition files: https://sylabs.io/guides/ 3.7/user-guide/definition\_files.html
- Sylabs: https://cloud.sylabs.io/home
- SingularityHub: https://singularityhub.github.io/
- Jupyter: https://jupyter.org/
- flexdashboard: https://pkgs.rstudio.com/flexdashboard/
- Examples used in the presentation:

https://github.com/reisportela/R\_plus\_RStudio/
tree/main/\_containers