## CS231 – Lab 1 – Numbering System

- 1. Find the value of these unsigned numbers, and convert them to binary representation
  - a.  $(12EFB35C)_{16} = (?)_2$
- 2. Use unsigned binary to decimal conversion for following binary numbers
  - a.  $(000111111)_2 = (?)_{10}$
  - b.  $(0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000\ 0001\ 1111)_2 = (?)_{10}$
- 3. Do the following decimal to binary conversion for unsigned numbers.
  - a. Convert  $(104)_{10}$  to 8 bit binary representation
  - b. Convert (140)<sub>10</sub> to 32 bit binary representation
- 4. Do the following conversion
  - a.  $(101111111011011000101010100)_2 = (?)_{16}$
- 5. Perform the arithmetic operation value of "-15 35" in 8-bit signed binary system.
- 6. Suppose:

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x = (1111 \ 1111 \ 1111 \ 1111 \ 1111 \ 1111 \ 1111 \ 1111 \ 1111 \ 11100)_2

y = (0011 \ 1011 \ 1001 \ 1010 \ 1000 \ 1010 \ 0000 \ 0000)_2
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- a. Is x bigger than y if using 32-bit unsigned binary system. Prove it.
- b. Is x bigger than y if using 32-bit signed binary system. Prove it and show your work.
- 7. Can you represent  $(128)_{10}$  as a signed 8-bit binary number? Explain

8.

- a. What is the largest value you can represent using 256 bit unsigned integer?
- b. What is the largest positive value you can represent using 256 bit signed integer?
- 9. What is 16 bits singed binary representation of
  - a. -26
  - b. -452

- 10. What is 8 bits singed binary representation of -43.
- 11. Suppose A=11001111 and B= 11000011. Do the following logical operation.
  - a. A AND B
  - b. A OR B
  - c. A XOR B
- 12. What is decimal representation of the following 8 bits signed binary numbers?
  - a. 10110101
  - b. 00101010
  - c. 11110000