To prove: The Laplacian operator is rotationally invariant

Show that for any image f:

$$f_{xx} + f_{yy} = f_{uu} + f_{vv}$$

where, $u = x\cos\theta - y\sin\theta$ and $v = x\sin\theta + y\cos\theta$

L.H.S.

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \cos\theta$$
, $\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = \sin\theta$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u}cos\theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}sin\theta$$

$$f_{xx} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\frac{\partial f}{\partial u} cos\theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} sin\theta) = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial u} cos\theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial v} sin\theta$$

We know that partial derivatives can be exchanged, thus $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial u} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial x}$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial u} cos\theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial v} sin\theta = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial x} cos\theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v \partial x} sin\theta = cos\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial u} (\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}) + sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial v} (\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}) \dots$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u}cos\theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}sin\theta \dots = cos\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial u}(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}cos\theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}sin\theta) + sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial v}(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}cos\theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}sin\theta)$$

$$=\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2}cos^2\theta+\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u\partial v}sin\theta cos\theta+\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v\partial u}cos\theta sin\theta+\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2}sin^2\theta$$

$$=\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} cos^2 \theta + 2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial v} cos\theta sin\theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} sin^2 \theta$$

$$\rightarrow f_{xx} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} cos^2 \theta + 2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial v} cos\theta sin\theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} sin^2 \theta$$

Similarly for f_{yy}

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\sin\theta$$
, $\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = \cos\theta$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}sin\theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}cos\theta$$

$$f_{yy} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (-\frac{\partial f}{\partial u} sin\theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} cos\theta) = -\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial u} sin\theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial v} cos\theta$$

$$=-\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial y} sin\theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v \partial y} cos\theta = -sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial u} (\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}) + cos\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial v} (\frac{\partial f}{\partial y})$$

$$=-sin\theta\frac{\partial}{\partial u}(-\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}sin\theta+\frac{\partial f}{\partial v}cos\theta)+cos\theta\frac{\partial}{\partial v}(-\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}sin\theta+\frac{\partial f}{\partial v}cos\theta)$$

$$\begin{split} &= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} sin^2 \theta - \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial v} sin \theta cos \theta - \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v \partial u} cos \theta sin \theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} cos^2 \theta \\ &= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} sin^2 \theta - 2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial v} cos \theta sin \theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} cos^2 \theta \\ &\to f_{yy} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} sin^2 \theta - 2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial v} cos \theta sin \theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} cos^2 \theta \\ &f_{xx} + f_{yy} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} cos^2 \theta + 2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial v} cos \theta sin \theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} sin^2 \theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} sin^2 \theta - 2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u \partial v} cos \theta sin \theta + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} cos^2 \theta \\ &= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} (cos^2 \theta + sin^2 \theta) + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} (cos^2 \theta + sin^2 \theta) \dots cos^2 \theta + sin^2 \theta = 1 \dots = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial u^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial v^2} = f_{uu} + f_{vv} \\ &\text{R.H.S.} \to f_{uu} + f_{vv} \end{split}$$

Therefore, L.H.S. = R.H.S.

Hence Proved