

GUI emWin Start Guide

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Support Chips:

N9H3x Series

Support Platforms:

Non-OS



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1. Introduction

1.1. Introduction

emWin is a graphic library with graphical user interface (GUI). It is designed to provide an efficient, processor- and display controller-independent graphical user interface (GUI) for any application that operates with a graphical display.



Figure 1.1-1 emWin runs on N9H3xx series.



2. Start emWin

2.1. Step 1: Open project

"emWin_SimpleDemo" is a sample code to demonstrate the emWin GUI system. It contains a frame window, four buttons, a text and a text editor.

We can click button by touch and check the result that shown on the text editor.

Here is the project path and structure:

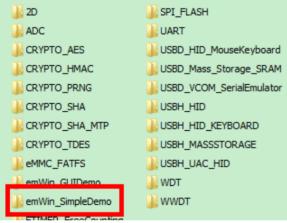


Figure 2.1-1 "emWin_SimpleDemo" sample path.

The scope of BSP is in the blue part.

The scope of emWin is in the red part. (tslib is a third-party open source that modified for BSP)

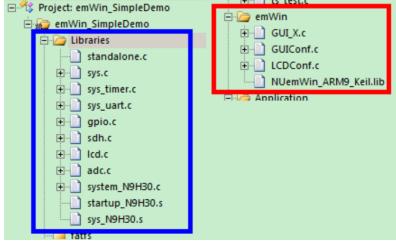


Figure 2.1-2 "emWin_SimpleDemo" project structure.



2.2. Step 2: BSP Initilization

Initialize N9H3xx series non-OS BSP to utilize the device system, e.g., Uart debug port, display output panel, vendor filesystem and resistor-type touch screen.

BSP initization descripted in $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc hemWin_SimpleDemo}\mbox{\sc main.c.}}$

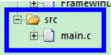


Figure 2.2-1 BSP initialization on main.c.

```
int main (void)
OS TimeMS = 0;
sysSetTimerReferenceClock(TIMERO, 12000000);
/* 1000 ticks/per sec ==> 1tick/1ms */
sysStartTimer(TIMERO, 1000, PERIODIC MODE);
sysSetTimerEvent(TIMERO, 1, (PVOID)TMRO IRQHandler);
sysSetLocalInterrupt(ENABLE IRQ);
LCD initial();
#ifdef GUI SUPPORT TOUCH
Init_TouchPanel();
GUI Init();
ts calibrate(LCD_XSIZE, LCD_YSIZE);
ts TestMain(LCD XSIZE, LCD YSIZE);
g_enable_Touch = 1;
#endif
MainTask();
while (1);
```



2.3. Step 3: emWin Initilization

To utilize emWin, we need to initialize emWin. GUI_Init() will start emWin GUI system.

\emWin_SimpleDemo\main.c:

```
GUI_Init();
CreateFramewin();
while (1) {GUI_Delay(500);}
```

2.4. Step 4: Build

To start working with the application, we need to utilize Keil MDK to build the project.

Press [F7] to compile the application or click "Rebuild".

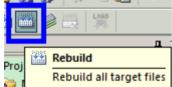


Figure 2.4-1 Build project.

2.5. Step 5: Download and run

Press CTRL + [F5] to download the application and start a debug session. After downloaded, it will halt at main() and we should see the similar screenshow below.

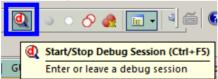


Figure 2.5-1 Download and run application.



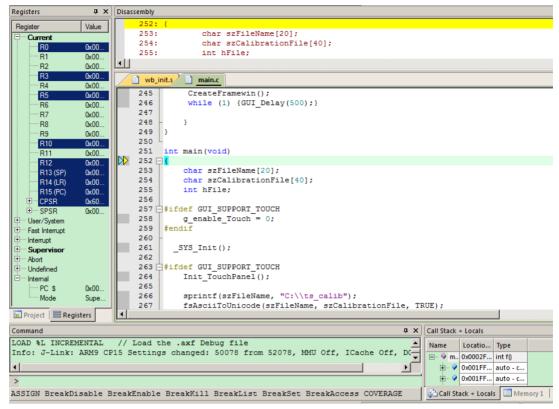


Figure 2.5-2 Debug session.

2.6. Touch screen

To use resistor-type touch screen, we can use tslib, a third-part open source library that modified for BSP.

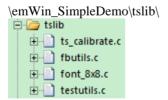


Figure 2.6-1 tslib, a third-party open source library.



3. Start emWin GUIBuilder

3.1. Step 1: Create widget

To create widget, we can use windows tool "GUIBuilder" to generate to a source file.

\ThirdParty\emWin\Tool\GUIBuilder.exe:

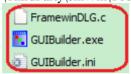


Figure 3.1-1 emWin GUIBuilder.

After execute "File" → "Save...", we can get the source file called "FramewinDLG.c".

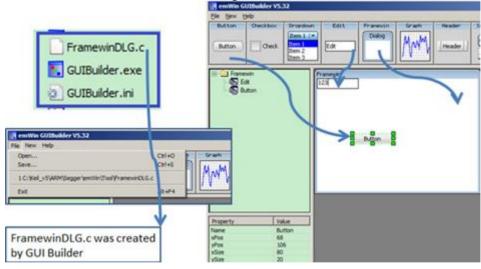


Figure 3.1-2 emWin GUIBuilder can generate a GUI layout and source file.



3.2. Step 2: Handle widget event

In "FramewinDLG.c", we can add code to utilize widget event, e.g., initialization, button click, release and change the content data of text editor.

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sf Win_SimpleDemo}\mbox{\sf Application}\mbox{\sf FramewinDLG.c:}}$

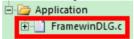


Figure 3.2-1 emWin GUI application source file.

```
switch (pMsg->MsgId) {
case WM INIT DIALOG:
// Initialization of 'Edit'
11
value = 123;
sprintf(sBuf,"%d ", value);
hItem = WM GetDialogItem(pMsg->hWin, ID EDIT 0);
EDIT_SetText(hItem, sBuf);
// USER START (Optionally insert additional code for further widget
initialization)
// USER END
break;
case WM_NOTIFY_PARENT:
Id = WM GetId(pMsg->hWinSrc);
NCode = pMsg->Data.v;
switch(Id) {
case ID BUTTON 0: // Notifications sent by '+ 1'
switch (NCode) {
case WM NOTIFICATION CLICKED:
// USER START (Optionally insert code for reacting on notification message)
// USER END
sysprintf("clicked\n");
case WM NOTIFICATION RELEASED:
// USER START (Optionally insert code for reacting on notification message)
value += 1;
sprintf(sBuf,"%d ", value);
```



```
hItem = WM_GetDialogItem(pMsg->hWin, ID_EDIT_0);
EDIT_SetText(hItem, sBuf);
sysprintf("released\n");
// USER END
break;
```



4. How to change display panel

4.1. Step 1: emWin display

emWin LCDConf.h defines resolution of the display panel.

\ThirdParty\emWin\Config\LCDConf.c and .h:

```
emWin

GUI_X.c

GUIConf.c

LCDConf.c

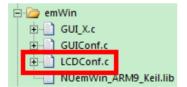
NUemWin_ARM9_Keil.lib
```

Figure 4.1-1 emWin display define.

Modify the "XSIZE_PHYS" and "YSIZE_PHYS" to fit the request LCD panel.

```
#ifndef LCDCONF_H
#define LCDCONF_H

#define XSIZE_PHYS 800
#define YSIZE_PHYS 480
```



Figure~4.1-2~emWin~display~source~code.

In LCDConf.c, we need to assign frame buffer address, e.g., Sync-type LCD 800x480, the frame buffer size in RGB565 is 800x480x2=750KB.

```
/* assign BSP display frame buffer address to emWin */
LCD_SetVRAMAddrEx(0, (void *)g_VAFrameBuf);
```



4.2. Step 2: BSP display

BSP lcd.c defines the library of display device.

\emWin_SimpleDemo\Libraries\lcd.c and lcd.h

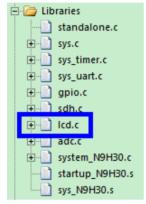


Figure 4.2-1 BSP display source code.



5. Revision History

Version	Date	Description
V1.00.001	Mar. 30, 2018	Created



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