## ONGOING SEDATION GUIDELINE FOR THE INTUBATED PATIENT Richmond Agitation and Sedation Scale Ongoing Sedation/ Pain control for Intubated violent, immediate danger to staff Pulls or removes tube(s) or catheter(s); aggressive Patient Frequent non-purposeful movement, fights ventilator Anxious, apprehensive but movements not aggressive Alert & calm Not fully alert, but has sustained awakening to voice (eye opening & contact ≥ 10 sec) Briefly awakens to voice (eye opening & contact < 10 If BP < 90 systolic or Moderate sedation | Movement or eye-opening to voice (but no eye contact) MAP < 60 mmHg, **MEDICAL PATIENT** TRAUMA PATIENT Deep sedation No response to voice, but movement or eye opening to Turn off Propofol -5 Unarousable No response to voice or physical stimulation Source: Pain Manag Nurs © 2009 W.B. Saunders See Larger RASS Score on Back Fluid resuscitation and blood products without using vasopressors (see Blood Administration Fluid resusitation as needed. Start Levophed at 0.01 mcg/kg/min or Dopamine at 5 mcg/ Consider permissive hypotension unless a head kg min orfor goal of BP systolic > 90 or MAP > 65 Ketamine 1-2 mg/kg IV x1 if patient agitated and sedation required Is BP > 90 Systolic Is BP <90 Systolic If BP systolic < 110 mmHg, turn off Propofol</li> If systolic BP > 120 mmHg, keep Propofol infusing (max 50 mcg/kg/min). Start Fentanyl at 50 mcg/kg/min and Versed at 2.5 Start Fentanyl infusion as well at 50 mcg/hr and titrate as tolerated. mg/hr ② ③ • If not on Propofol, start Fentanyl at 50 mcg/kg/min and Versed at 2.5 mg/hr Titrate infusions up as needed and give IVP doses Titrate infusions as needed and give IVP doses of Versed and Fentanyl as needed. of Versed and Fentanyl as BP tolerates.

- 1. Only start levophed infusion if adequate fluids/ blood given. If actively bleeding, ensure blood products being given
- 2. Max. infusion dose of Fentanyl is 400 mcg/hr and Versed 15 mg /hr (usually max dose only required in ETOH withdrawal and hyperdynamic states such as burns).
- 3. Sedate as needed to a RASS score of -3 or lower. Use Zemuron only for agitation but ensure adequate sedation if Zemuron used.
- 4. Propofol has anticonvulsant properties so can be beneficial in the patient with seizures.

Richmond Agitation and Sedation Scale (RASS)	
Combative	violent, immediate danger to staff
Very Agitated	Pulls or removes tube(s) or catheter(s); aggressive
Agitated	Frequent non-purposeful movement, fights ventilator
Restless	Anxious, apprehensive but movements not aggressive or vigorous
Alert & calm	
Drowsy	Not fully alert, but has sustained awakening to voice (eye opening & contact ≥ 10 sec)
Light sedation	Briefly awakens to voice (eye opening & contact < 10 sec)
Moderate sedation	Movement or eye-opening to voice (but no eye contact)
Deep sedation	No response to voice, but movement or eye opening to physical stimulation
Unarousable	No response to voice or physical stimulation