r e D

Elefant unter Strom

von OldSql über NoSQL zu NewSQL?



Motivation

Moores Law is Broken processing can't scale-up rather out

Data is Growing





Relationale Datenbanken sind groß, alt, schwer und langamwie ein Elefant. Richtig gut können die eigen Elefanker

Michael Stonebreaker



Relationale Datenbanken Features

ACID

SQL

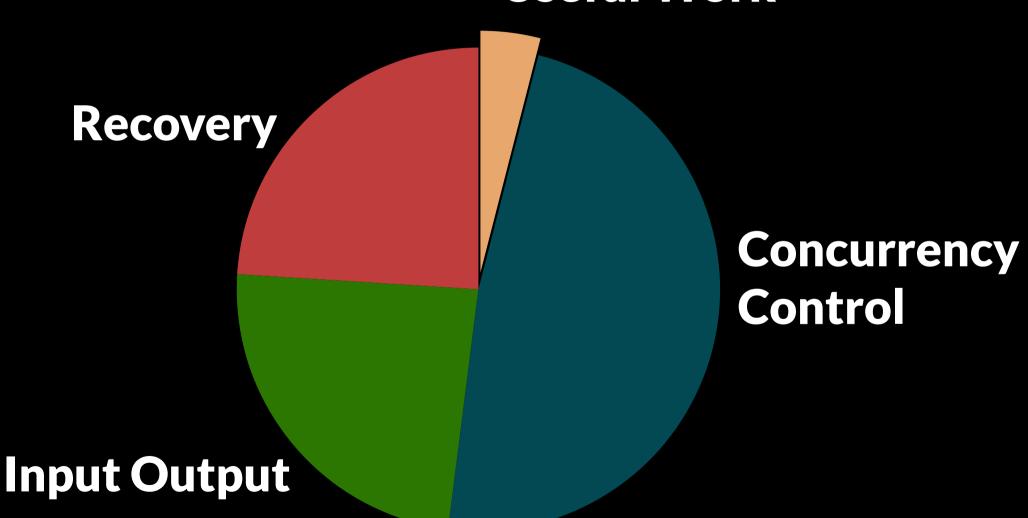
Scale-up

Fixed Schema

Relationale Datenbanken Performance









NoSQL to the rescue?



NoSQL Datenbanken Features

BASE

low-level Query Language

Scale-out

Flexible Schema



Basically Available

Soft state

Eventually consistent



Why ACID?

It's better to have programmers deal with performance problems of transactions, than coding around the lack of transactions.

Google Spanner



Why SQL?

no SQL no Standard high-level Language



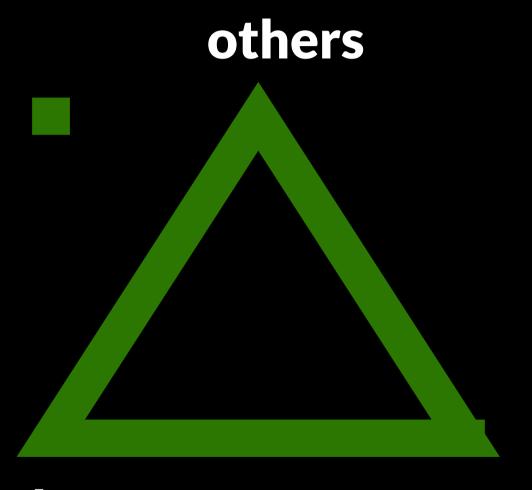
NoSQL

over

OldSQL?

Database World

Stonebreaker



Datawarehouse

OLTP



Introducing NewSQL

SQL

ACID

Scale-out

Fixed Schema



NewSQL = new Architecture

Single Thread, MVCC
Main Memory
Redundance

Locking
Disk
Recovery



NewSql Players











Introducing VoltDB



VoltDB Architecture

Main Memory
Shared Nothing
ACID
HA and Recovery



Getting Started

Create Database

```
$ voltdb create -d deployment.xml
```

Load Database Definition

```
$ sqlcmd
1> load classes procedures.jar;
2> file schema.sql
```

SQL and Stored Procedures



Schema Changes

DDL Statements



Live Schema Update

Unique Index or Remove Column



Save and Restore



SQL Stored Procedure

CREATE PROCEDURE lastX AS
SELECT TOP ? * FROM ACTIVITY
ORDER BY end ASC



Java Stored Procedure

```
LastXActivities extends VoltProcedure {
  VoltTable[] run(int x) {
    voltQueueSQL(
      "SELECT TOP ? * FROM ACTIVITY
                      ORDER BY act end ASC",
       X
    return voltExecuteSQL();
```



Async Stored Procedure

```
client.callProcedure(
  new Callback() { ... },
  "AddActivity",
  "Franz",
  "Ferkel",
  "uuid-3"
)
```



Transaktionen

ein SQL Statement eine Stored Procedure



Partitionen

replicated vs. partitioned Tables

PARTITION TABLE activity ON COLUMN project id

partitioned Stored Procedures

PARTITION PROCEDURE lastX
ON TABLE activity COLUMN project_id



Durability and Recovery

Snapshots

K-Safety

Replication

Command Logging



VoltDB Demo





DB Monitor

Admin

Schema

SQL Query

Help













▶ Show/Hide Graph

View Seconds

Display Preference

Show/Hide Data



Stored Procedures (Cluster)

Search Stored Procedures



Prev Page 1 of 1

| Stored Procedure | Invocations | Min Latency (ms) | Max Latency (ms) | Avg Latency (ms) | % Time of Execution |
|----------------------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| org.voltdb.sysprocs.SnapshotSave | 1 | 70.73 | 70.73 | 70.73 | 57 |
| org.voltdb.sysprocs.AdHoc_RW_MP | 2 | 25.49 | 25.49 | 25.49 | 41 |
| org.voltdb.sysprocs.AdHoc_RO_SP | 1 | 3.25 | 3.25 | 3.25 | 3 |



Search Database Tables



Prev Page 1 of 1

| Table | Row Count | Max Rows (per partition) | Min Rows (per partition) | Avg Rows (per partition) | Туре |
|----------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| ACTIVITY | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | REPLICATED |
| PROJECT | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | REPLICATED |

Help



DB Monitor

Admin

Schema

SQL Query

Overview

Schema

Procedures & SQL

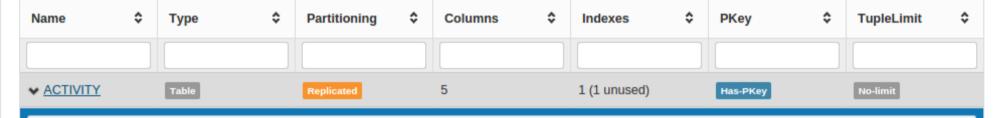
Size Worksheet

DDL Source

Refresh

Schema

Expand All



```
CREATE TABLE ACTIVITY (

ID varchar(36) NOT NULL,

DESCRIPTION varchar(4000),

ACT_START timestamp,

ACT_END timestamp,

PROJECT_ID integer NOT NULL,

UNIQUE (ID),

PRIMARY KEY (ID)
```

Read-only by procedures: LastXActivitiesJava, lastXactivities

| Index Name | Туре | Columns | Attributes |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------|---------------|
| > VOLTDB_AUTOGEN_IDX_PK_ACTIVITY_ID | BALANCED_TREE | ID | Unique Unused |



Table

Replicated

4

1 (1 unused)

Has-PKey

No-limit

Help



DB Monitor

Admin

Schema

SQL Query

Query Clear

Tables Views Stored Procedures

Views Stored Procedures

ACTIVITY

ID (varchar)

DESCRIPTION (varchar)

ACT_START (timestamp)

ACT_END (timestamp)

PROJECT_ID (integer)

select * from project order by id desc

Query Result

HTML

| ID | TITLE | DESCRIPTION | ACTIVE |
|--------|----------|-------------|--------|
| uuid-2 | LEO | null | null |
| uuid-1 | Humboldt | null | null |





DB Monitor

Admin

Schema

SQL Query

Export Overflow

Help



Advanced















Server ...

| 1 |
|---|
| |
| 1 |
| |
| + |
| |

| Server Settings | Cluster Settings |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| | 21212 |
| | 21211 |
| | 8080 |
| | 3021 |
| 127.0.0.1 | 7181 |
| | 0 |
| | |

| Directories | |
|--------------------|------------|
| Root (Destination) | voltdbroot |
| Snapshot | snapshots |
| | |

export_overflow



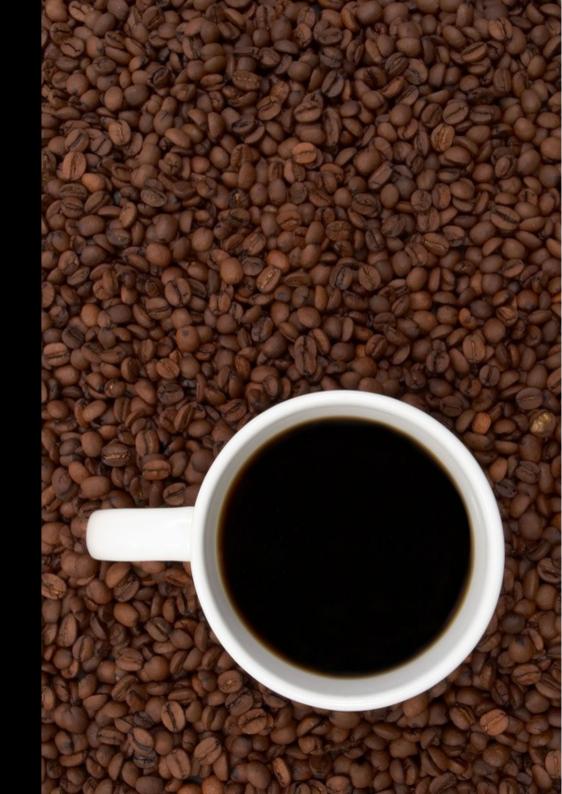
Wrap Up

NewSQL als dritter Weg
ACID and SQL can be fast
Choose your DB carefully

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Farben (siehe Farbschema)

Theme 1

Theme 2

Theme 3

Theme 4

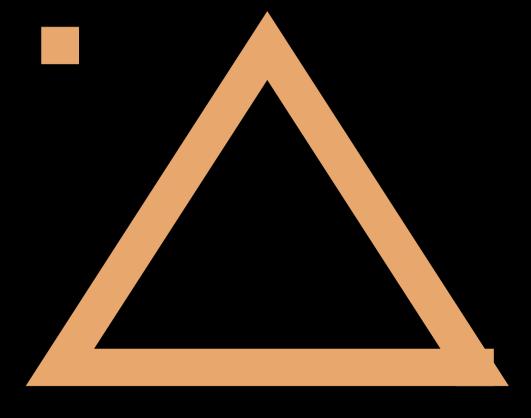
Theme 5

Theme 6



CAP Theorem

Consistency



Availability

Partition Tolerance