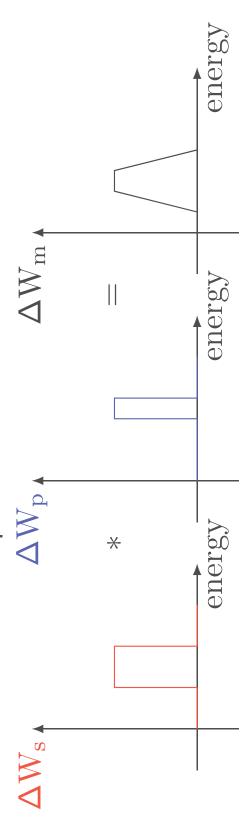
## How to increase resolving power numerically?

It is a deconvolution problem



Just need to inverse the problem with a Fourier transform

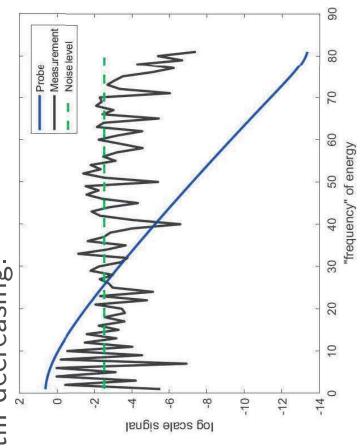
$$\Delta \mathrm{W_m} = \Delta \mathrm{W_s} * \Delta \mathrm{W_p}$$

$$\mathrm{FT}\left(\Delta\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{m}}\right)=\mathrm{FT}\left(\Delta\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{s}}\right) imes\mathrm{FT}\left(\Delta\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}\right)$$

$$\mathrm{FT}\left(\Delta\mathrm{W_s}
ight) = rac{\mathrm{FT}\left(\Delta\mathrm{W_m}
ight)}{\mathrm{FT}\left(\Delta\mathrm{W_p}
ight)}$$

## But ... it doesn't work

Measurements decrease until the noise level whereas the probe is still decreasing.



If you add some hypothesis (Band limited, edge values tends to 0, positivity, ...) it works:

- Wiener filtering
- Penalized Maximum Likelihood
- ▶ Joint Maximum A Posteriori