

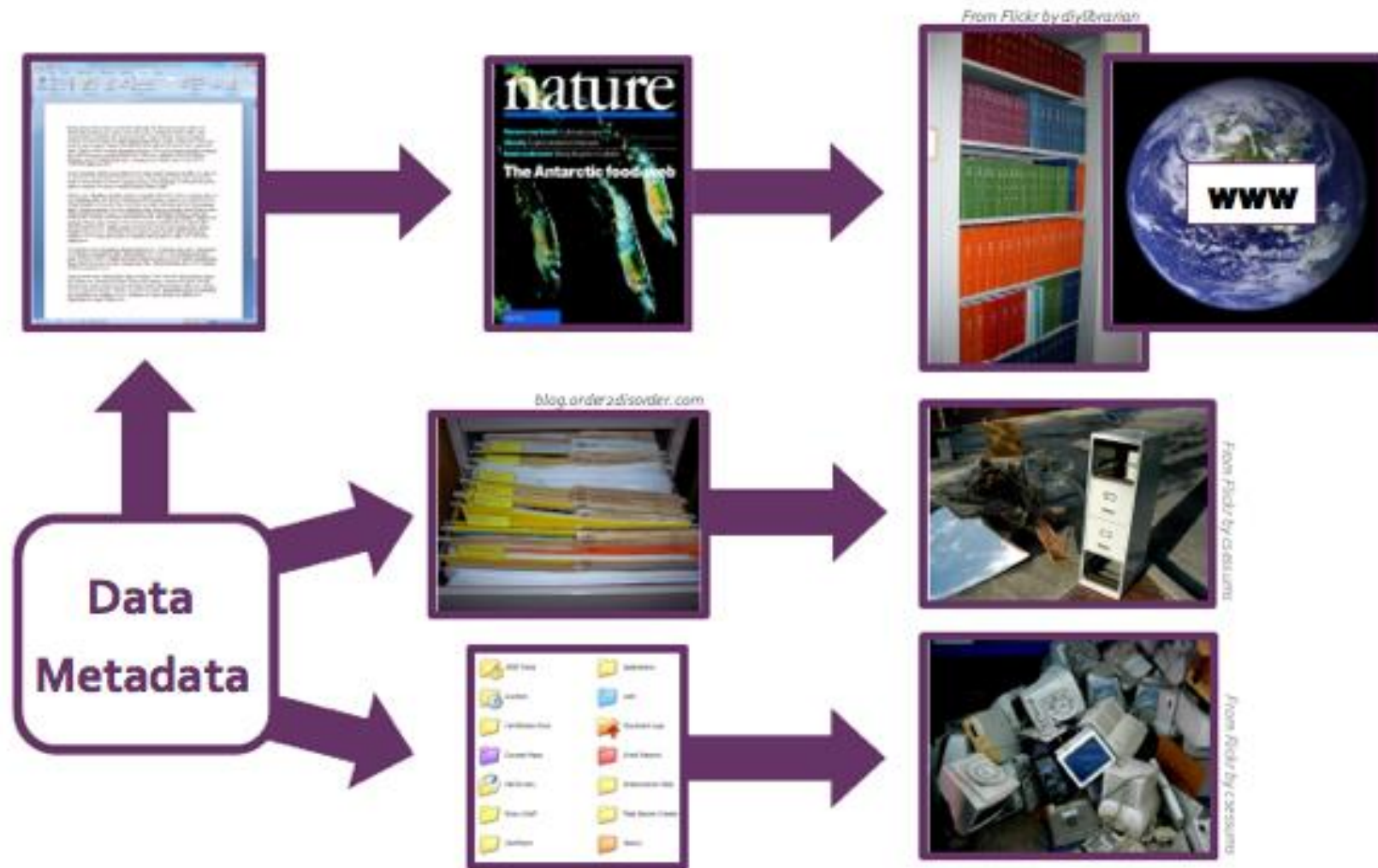


**Data Sharing  
Data Management Workshop  
May 2<sup>nd</sup> , 2017  
Gatineau, Quebec**



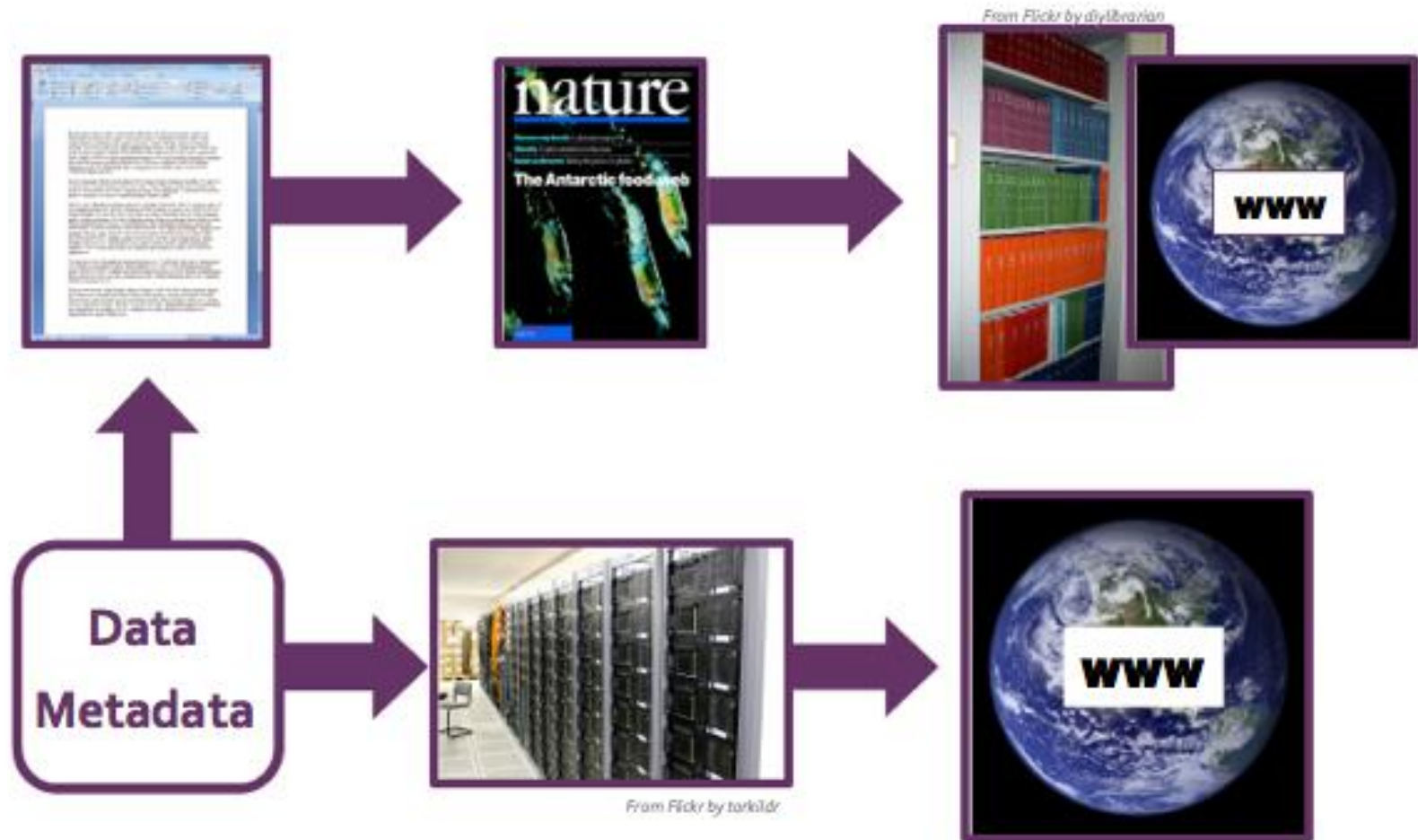
**CHONE**  
CANADIAN HEALTHY OCEANS NETWORK

# Where a majority of data end up now...



*Recreated from Klump et al. 2006*

# Imagine if data were more accessible....



# Open Access and Publically Accessible Data

- Increases the **impact** and **visibility** of research
- Promotes **innovation** and potential **new data uses**
- Leads to new **collaborations** between data users and creators
- Maximizes **transparency** and **accountability**
- Encourages **improvement** and **validation** of research methods
- **Reduces cost** of duplicating data collection
- Provides important resources for **education** and **training**
- **NSERC requirements**

# Data Sharing Stages

## Describe

document the data content, character and process with metadata

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## Deposit

store the data in a location from which it can be accessed

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## Preserve

select storage formats and media with long term use in mind

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## Discover

publish information about the data so that others can find it

# Data Sharing

All research data should be preserved in a **publicly accessible**, **secure** and **curated repository** for discovery and reuse by others.

[Dryad](#)

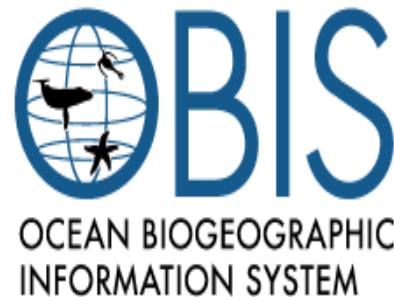
[Figshare](#)

[Biodiversity Data Journal](#)

[OBIS](#)

[GitHub](#)

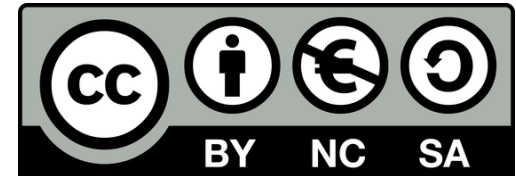
[Zenodo](#)



# Copyrights

## Why use an open license?

- Facilitate data sharing and discovery
- Increase visibility of your data
- Advance science and public knowledge



### Creative Commons Licenses:

**CC0** (not a license, but a waiver)

**CC BY** (Attribution)

**CC BY-ND** (Attribution-NoDerivs)

**CC BY-NC** (Attribution-NonCommercial)

**CC BY-SA** (Attribution-ShareAlike)

### Others:

- **Open Data Commons Open Database License (ODbL)**
- **MIT License** (for Software)



# Acknowledgements





All users of research data should acknowledge, through citation and any other practices or standards relevant to their discipline(s), the source(s) of the data they are using and respect the terms and conditions under which these data were accessed.

We recommend the following acknowledgement when presenting your CHONe research:





*“This research is sponsored by the NSERC Canadian Healthy Oceans Network and its Partners: Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada and INREST (representing the Port of Sept-Îles and City of Sept-Îles). (NETGP 468437-14, CHONe Project #.#.#)”*



# Concerns About Data Sharing

Concern	Solution
inappropriate use due to misunderstanding of research purpose or parameters	
security and confidentiality of sensitive data	
lack of acknowledgement / credit	
loss of advantage when competing for research dollars	

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# Concerns About Data Sharing

Concern	Solution
inappropriate use due to misunderstanding of research purpose or parameters	<b><i>Abstract, Purpose, Attributes, Methods</i></b> and <b><i>Supplemental Information</i></b> where needed
security and confidentiality of sensitive data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the metadata does <b>NOT</b> contain the data</li> <li><b><i>Use Constraints</i></b> specify who may access the data and how</li> </ul>
lack of acknowledgement / credit	specify a required <b>data citation</b> within the <i>Use Constraints</i>
loss data insight and competitive advantage when applying for research grants	<b>Open access</b> and <b>data discoverability</b> to promote research

# Concerns About Data Sharing

**Privacy laws**

**Sensitive data protection**

**Respect of traditional knowledge**

**Intellectual property laws**

# Solution!

## Privacy:

- Institutional ethics review processes  
e.g. Research Ethics Boards
- The rights and privacy of individuals who participate in research must be protected at all times.
- Data made available for broader use should be free of identifiers.  
e.g. anonymization/de-personalization of data.



Name	ID
Angela Grant	1
Megan Bailey	2
Lucia Fanning	3

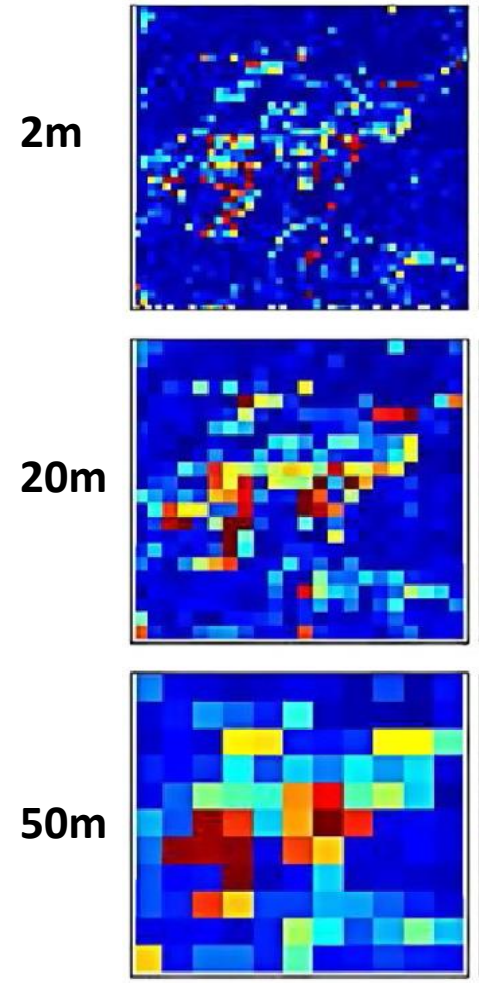
# Solution!

## Sensitive data:

i.e. Location of endangered species or harvest data

“data can be **embargoed** for a determined period of time or where possible, spatial and temporal **data aggregation methods**, e.g., the classification of fisheries data into a multi-class range (e.g., quantiles, equal interval breaks) may be applied to ensure protection of information prior to being shared publicly.”

## Abundance of Wolf Fish:





## Traditional Knowledge:

“In the context of research involving Indigenous knowledge, data management principles based on the concepts of **respect, reciprocity, and responsibility** should be observed. This includes **appropriate engagement** of Indigenous people, communities or organizations throughout the entire data lifecycle, **formal attribution of contributed knowledge**, establishment of **informed consent** for use of knowledge and derived products, and the maintenance of contributor control of data and information resources. Required institutional ethics review processes (i.e. Research Ethics Boards) will guide data management, however **Indigenous communities or organizations may have specific practices or requirements in place**. It is the responsibility of researchers to familiarize themselves with and adhere to these practices and requirements.”



## Intellectual Property:

"It may be necessary to **delay sharing** research data for a period of time, in cases whereby institutions or researchers are applying for **patents** or developing **new applications** based on that data."



# Well-Managed Data Can Result in Re-use, Integration, and New Science

Bird  
Observations



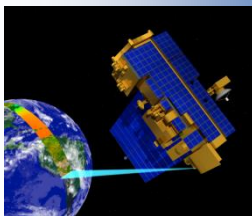
Land Cover



Meteorology



MODIS –  
Remote  
sensing data

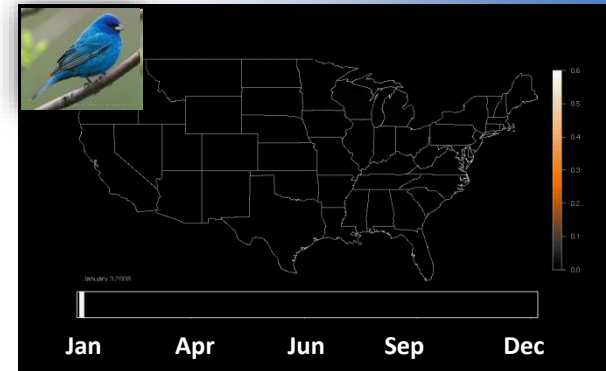


**Model:** Indigo Bunting  
locations during the year



$$F(X, s, t) = \frac{1}{n(s, t)} \sum_{i=1}^m f_i(X, s, t) I(s, t \in \theta_i)$$

## Model results Occurrence of Indigo Bunting



### Potential Uses-

- Examine patterns of migration
- Infer impacts of climate change
- Measure patterns of habitat usage
- Measure population trends

# Network Deliverables

Journal publications  
Technical/policy reports  
Books  
Theses  
Educational documents  
Technical/analytical frameworks  
New statistical/analytical techniques  
Maps (pdf, raster, shapefiles..)  
Models  
Code (R, Python..)  
Spreadsheets  
Samples  
Specimens  
Video, Audio and Photos

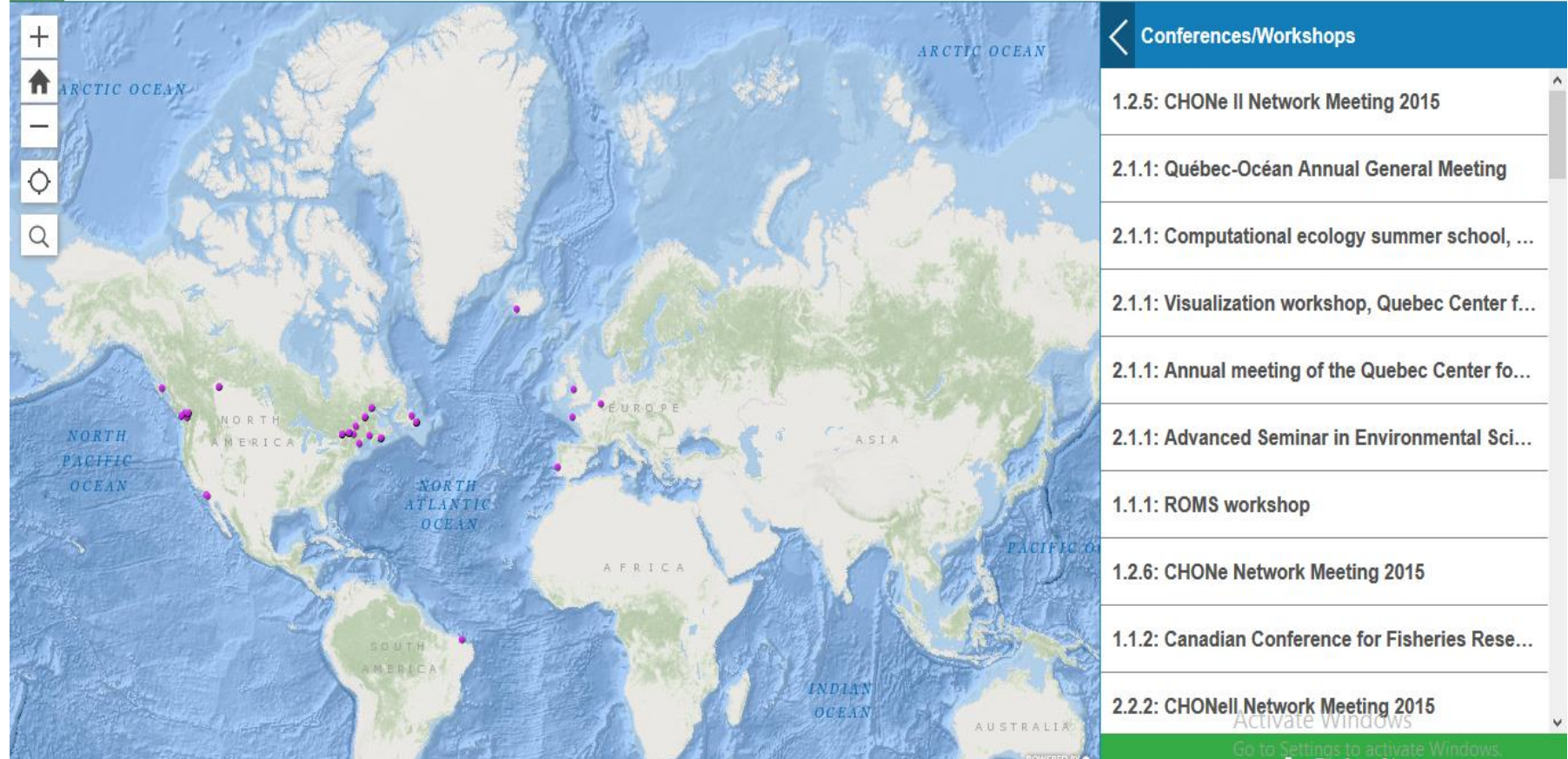
Partnership meetings  
Posters  
Presentations  
Public forums  
Podcasts, blogs and videos  
Participation in workshops and conferences  
and discussions  
Uptake of research by private enterprise  
Contribution to management and policy  
decisions  
Interviews with radio, tv or newspapers

# CHONe Research Reporter



CHONe Research Reporter

Angela Grant ▾ ?



<https://mun.maps.arcgis.com/apps/CrowdsourceReporter/index.html?appid=032ec4433b3e4e74bba51f4adecbbad9#>