Supplementary file 2: annotated R-script for lme-AIC/logLikelihood analysis for non-demographic article-level metrics

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If necessary, install the package nlme install.packages("nlme") Load the package: library(nlme) Upload data file for time since inception, number of papers per year nondemographic <- read.csv("Table S2_Pred pubs.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre> names(nondemographic) [1] "Journal" ## [2] "Predatory." ## [3] "Article.." [4] "Article.type" ## [5] "X..authors" [6] "Corresponding.author.nation.type" [7] "Other.author.nation.types....other.authors." ## [8] "Article.length....pgs." [9] "Time.sub.accept..days." ## [10] "Time.accept.pub..days." ## [11] "X..of.references" ## [12] "X..figs...tables" [13] "Statistics.reported." [14] "Statistics.appropriately.reported." [15] "Downloadable.PDF." lme and AIC/logLikelihood for effect of journal [random] and journal type [fixed] on the number of authors nondemo1.lme<-lme(X..authors~Predatory.,random=~1|Journal,data=nondemographic) anova(nondemo1.lme) ## numDF denDF F-value p-value 228 428.8831 <.0001 ## (Intercept) ## Predatory. 10 11.0192 0.0078 nondemo1.gls<-gls(X..authors~Predatory.,data=nondemographic) anova(nondemo1.lme,nondemo1.gls) ## Model df AIC BIC Test L.Ratio p-value logLik 4 994.8539 1008.743 -493.4270 ## nondemo1.lme 3 999.1325 1009.549 -496.5663 1 vs 2 6.278572 0.0122 ## nondemo1.gls

lme and AIC/logLikelihood for effect of journal [random] and journal type [fixed] on the length of articles

```
nondemo2.lme<-lme(Article.length....pgs.~Predatory.,random=~1|Journal,data=nondemographic)
anova(nondemo2.lme)
               numDF denDF
                              F-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                        228 208.01412 <.0001
                   1
## Predatory.
                   1
                        10 17.61223 0.0018
nondemo2.gls<-gls(Article.length...pgs.~Predatory.,data=nondemographic)
anova(nondemo2.lme,nondemo2.gls)
##
                Model df
                               AIC
                                        BIC
                                               logLik
                                                         Test L.Ratio p-value
                    1 4 1478.859 1492.748 -735.4293
## nondemo2.lme
                    2 3 1493.649 1504.065 -743.8243 1 vs 2 16.78991 <.0001
## nondemo2.gls
lme and AIC/logLikelihood for effect of journal [random] and journal type [fixed] on the number of references
nondemo3.lme<-lme(X..of.references~Predatory.,random=~1|Journal,data=nondemographic)
anova(nondemo3.lme)
               numDF denDF F-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                   1
                       228 923.2310 <.0001
## Predatory.
                        10 22.4203
                                       8e-04
                   1
nondemo3.gls<-gls(X..of.references~Predatory.,data=nondemographic)
anova(nondemo3.lme,nondemo3.gls)
                Model df
                                                                   L.Ratio
                               AIC
                                        BIC
                                               logLik
## nondemo3.lme
                    1 4 2162.908 2176.797 -1077.454
                    2 3 2160.908 2171.325 -1077.454 1 vs 2 2.155007e-07
## nondemo3.gls
##
                p-value
## nondemo3.lme
## nondemo3.gls 0.9996
lme and AIC/logLikelihood for effect of journal [random] and journal type [fixed] on the number of figures
and tables per article.
nondemo4.lme<-lme(X..figs...tables~Predatory.,random=~1|Journal,data=nondemographic,na.action='na.omit'
anova(nondemo4.lme)
##
               numDF denDF F-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                       207 487.0490 <.0001
                   1
                              1.3058 0.2798
## Predatory.
                         10
nondemo4.gls<-gls(X..figs...tables~Predatory.,data=nondemographic,na.action='na.omit')
anova(nondemo4.lme,nondemo4.gls)
                Model df
                               AIC
                                        BIC
                                               logLik
                                                         Test L.Ratio p-value
## nondemo4.lme
                    1 4 1202.448 1215.967 -597.2238
                    2 3 1201.499 1211.639 -597.7495 1 vs 2 1.051348 0.3052
## nondemo4.gls
lme and AIC/logLikelihood for effect of journal [random] and journal type [fixed] on the time from acceptance
to publication
nondemo5.lme<-lme(Time.sub.accept..days.~Predatory.,random=~1|Journal,data=nondemographic,na.action='na
anova(nondemo5.lme)
               numDF denDF F-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                       171 72.20690 <.0001
```

7 8.29146 0.0237

Predatory.

1

```
nondemo5.gls<-gls(Time.sub.accept..days.~Predatory.,data=nondemographic,na.action='na.omit')
anova(nondemo5.lme,nondemo5.gls)
##
                 Model df
                               AIC
                                         BIC
                                                logLik
                                                          Test L.Ratio p-value
## nondemo5.lme
                     1 4 2053.091 2065.818 -1022.545
## nondemo5.gls
                     2 3 2069.731 2079.276 -1031.865 1 vs 2 18.64016 <.0001
lme and AIC/logLikelihood for effect of journal [random] and journal type [fixed] on the time from submission
to acceptance
nondemo6.lme<-lme(Time.accept.pub..days.~Predatory.,random=~1|Journal,data=nondemographic,na.action='na
anova(nondemo6.lme)
##
               numDF denDF F-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                        171 8.430415 0.0042
                    1
                          7 0.025689 0.8772
## Predatory.
nondemo6.gls<-gls(Time.accept.pub..days.~Predatory.,data=nondemographic,na.action='na.omit')
anova(nondemo6.lme,nondemo6.gls)
                Model df
                               AIC
                                         BIC
                                                logLik
                                                          Test L.Ratio p-value
## nondemo6.lme
                     1 4 1726.690 1739.418 -859.3452
                     2 3 1809.035 1818.581 -901.5176 1 vs 2 84.34492 <.0001
## nondemo6.gls
Model df AIC BIC logLik Test L.Ratio p-value nondemo6.lme 1 4 1726.690 1739.418 -859.3452
nondemo<br/>6.gls 2 3 1809.035 1818.581 -901.5176 1 vs 2 84.34492 <<br/>.0001 \,
Upload data file for demographic proportions
demographic <- read.csv("TableS3_proportions.csv",stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre>
names(demographic)
## [1] "Predatory."
## [2] "Journal"
## [3] "X.a..Prop.developing.prim.authors"
## [4] "X.b..Prop.developing.corr.authors"
## [5] "X.c..Prop.developing.other.authors"
## [6] "X.d..Prop.statistics.reported"
## [7] "X.e..Prop.stats.adequate"
Arcsine transform the proportion data
demographic$arcProp.statistics.reported <- asin(demographic$X.d..Prop.statistics.reported)</pre>
demographic$arcProp.stats.adequate <- asin(demographic$X.e..Prop.stats.adequate)</pre>
lme and AIC/logLikelihood for effect of journal [random] and journal type [fixed] on proportion of article
reporting general statistical analyses
nondemo7.lme<-lme(arcProp.statistics.reported~Predatory.,random=~1|Journal,data=demographic)
anova(nondemo7.lme)
               numDF denDF
                              F-value p-value
                         10 184.78480 <.0001
## (Intercept)
                    1
## Predatory.
                         10 33.87698
                                         2e-04
nondemo7.gls<-gls(arcProp.statistics.reported~Predatory.,data=demographic)
anova(nondemo7.lme,nondemo7.gls)
##
                Model df
                                ATC
                                          BIC
                                                 logLik
                                                           Test
                                                                      L. Ratio
## nondemo7.lme
                     1 4 11.344608 12.55495 -1.672304
```

```
2 3 9.344608 10.25236 -1.672304 1 vs 2 3.552714e-15
## nondemo7.gls
##
                p-value
## nondemo7.lme
## nondemo7.gls
                       1
lme and AIC/logLikelihood for effect of journal [random] and journal type [fixed] on proportion of article
reporting details of statistical analyses
nondemo8.lme<-lme(arcProp.stats.adequate~Predatory.,random=~1|Journal,data=demographic)
anova(nondemo8.lme)
##
               numDF denDF F-value p-value
## (Intercept)
                    1
                         10 52.65127 <.0001
                         10 40.53909
                                       1e-04
## Predatory.
                    1
nondemo8.gls<-gls(arcProp.stats.adequate~Predatory.,data=demographic)</pre>
anova(nondemo8.lme, nondemo8.gls)
                Model df
##
                                         BIC
                                                 logLik
                                                           Test
                                                                     L.Ratio
## nondemo8.lme
                     1 4 8.653626 9.863966 -0.3268129
## nondemo8.gls
                     2 3 6.653626 7.561381 -0.3268129 1 vs 2 1.776357e-15
##
                p-value
## nondemo8.lme
## nondemo8.gls
                       1
```