

Setting up ESPResSo *

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1 Introduction

ESPResSo is distributed as source code because this allows the user to disable features that are mutually exclusive or would otherwise decrease the performance unnecessarily. Users typically build a custom ESPResSo binary for a specific simulation, containing only the minimal set of features required for this application. This tutorial will guide you through this whole process from obtaining the source code of the development version, to configuring and building binaries, to compiling the documentation.

2 Getting the Source Code

2.1 Download the Source Code for the Development Version

For the development version, first clone the ESPResSo reposity from github by running

git clone https://github.com/espressomd/espresso.git

^{*}For ESPResSo 3.4-dev-4615-g5db05d407

in a terminal. This creates a local copy of the current ESPResSo repository in the folder espresso. Enter the newly create directory using

```
cd espresso
```

It is recommended to create a build directory with

```
mkdir build && cd build
```

that will contain all the data that is generated in the following. Next, run

```
cmake ..
```

to configure the build system.

2.2 Compiling ESPResSo

Now compile ESPResSo from within the build subfolder with the command

```
make -j 8
```

With the option -j you can specify how many threads are used for the make process which will speed up the compilation. It is good to know that you can maintain several build folders with different feature sets using the same ESPResSo source folder. They don't have to reside within the source directory. If you have installed the curses frontend to cmake you can see and modify the build options graphically by running

```
ccmake ..
```

before the make command. ESPResSo requires a number of external libraries depending on the feature set you plan to use. Most, if not all of these libraries will be available through your Linux distribution's repositories. If you manually install dependencies in a non-standard location, you have to specify this location with the ccmake command. If, for example, you plan to use GPU features and your cuda toolkit is not located under /usr/local/cuda, you will have to specify its location explicitly. Remember, after you changed configurations with ccmake, the new configuration set have to be built by using the make -j 8 command again. This produces an executable named pypresso in the build directory which can be run by

```
./pypresso
```

2.3 User's guide

You can build the ESPResSo manual called ESPResSo User's Guide by running

```
make ug
```

in the build directory. The User's Guide will be located under build/doc/ug/ug.pdf. It is an (almost) complete documentation covering all the features and commands available in ESPResSo. In addition, the User's Guide features some theoretical background information on some of the methods as well as references to the relevant literature.

2.4 Configuring features

After successfully running the cmake script, your build folder will contain a file myconfig-sample.hpp. Create a copy of this file called myconfig.hpp by executing

```
cp myconfig-sample.hpp myconfig.hpp
```

Then uncomment the respective lines in myconfig.hpp (by removing the leading slashes) to enable features your simulation requires. The User's Guide contains information about required features for every ESPResSo command. When you activate or deactivate features, you have to rebuild the binaries by running

```
make -j 8
```

in the build directory.